## Programming for Data Analytics – Lab 3



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The following is a solution to question 1 (ii)
def powerV1(base, power):
  print ("The value of ",base, " raised to the power of ", power, " is: ",base**power)
def main():
  base = int(input("Please enter a base number"))
  power = int(input("Please enter a power"))
  powerV1(base, power)
main()
The following is a solution to question 1 (iii)
def powerV1(base, power):
  return base**power
def main():
  base = int(input("Please enter a base number"))
  power = int(input("Please enter a power"))
  result = powerV1(base, power)
  print ("The value of ",base, " raised to the power of ", power, " is: ",result)
main()
```

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The following is a solution to question 2
def add(num1, num2):
  return num1+num2
def subtract(num1, num2):
  return num1-num2
def multiply(num1, num2):
  return num1*num2
def divide(num1, num2):
  return num1/num2
def main():
  exitCalc = False
  while exitCalc==False:
     num1 = int(input("Please enter number 1: - "))
     num2 = int(input ("Please enter number 2: - "))
     option = int(input("Do you want to: \n 1. Add \n 2. Subtract \n 3. Multiply \n 4.
Divide:"))
     if option == 1:
       result = add(num1, num2)
     elif option ==2:
       result = subtract(num1, num2)
     elif option ==3:
       result = multiply(num1, num2)
     else:
       result = divide(num1, num2)
     print ("Result is ", result)
     exit = input("Do you want to exit y/n")
     if exit == 'y':
       exitCalc = True
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main()

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The following is a solution to question 2
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def printReverseTriangle(limit):
    for num in range(1, limit+1):
        for spaces in range (limit-num):
            print " ",
            for numbers in range(num):
                 print num,
                 print ""

def main():
            limit = input("Enter upper limit of numbers")
                 printReverseTriangle(limit)
```