

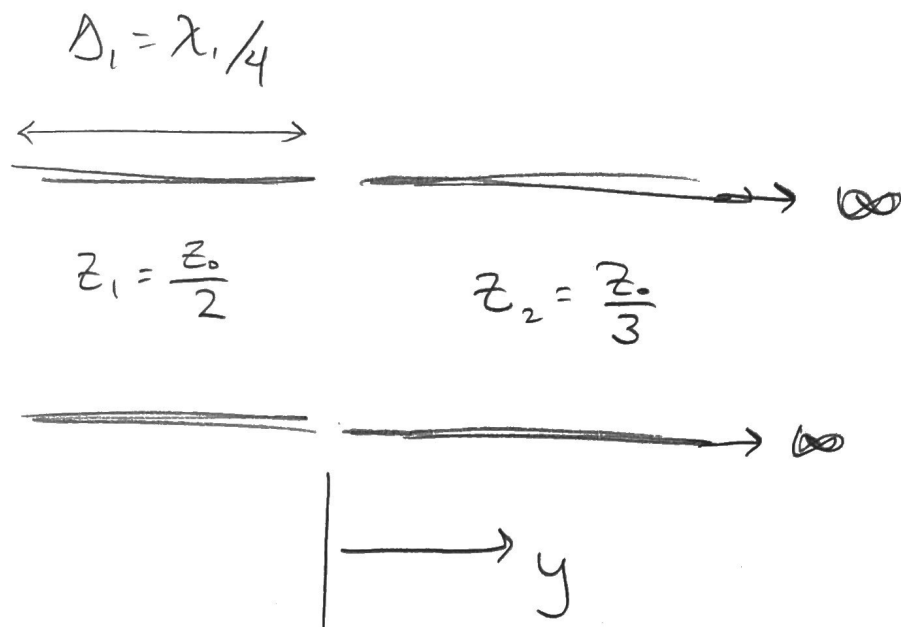
10.1) 1)

Matthew Jackson

PHYS 513

HW # 10

November 30



10.1.1.1) What is $\tilde{p}_0(0)$?

Remember
$$z_n(y) = z_n \frac{1 + \tilde{p}_n(y)}{1 - \tilde{p}_n(y)}$$

at boundary

$$z_1 \left[\frac{1 + \tilde{p}_1(0)}{1 - \tilde{p}_1(0)} \right] = z_2 \left[\frac{1 + \tilde{p}_2(0)}{1 - \tilde{p}_2(0)} \right]$$

$\tilde{p}_2(0) = \tilde{p}_2 = 0$ because there is no reflected wave

$$z_1 \left[\frac{1 + \tilde{p}_1(0)}{1 - \tilde{p}_1(0)} \right] = z_2$$

$$z_1(1 + \tilde{p}_1(0)) = z_2(1 - \tilde{p}_1(0))$$

$$(z_1 + z_2) \tilde{p}_1(0) = z_2 - z_1$$

$$\tilde{p}_1(0) = \frac{z_2 - z_1}{z_1 + z_2} = \frac{z_1 \left(\frac{z_2}{z_1} - 1 \right)}{z_1 \left(\frac{z_2}{z_1} + 1 \right)}$$

$$\tilde{p}_1(0) = \frac{\frac{2}{3}}{\frac{2}{2}} - 1 \rightarrow \frac{2}{3} - 1$$

$$\frac{\frac{2}{3}}{\frac{2}{2}} + 1 \rightarrow \frac{2}{3} + 1$$

$$\tilde{p}_1(0) = \frac{-1/3}{5/3}$$

$$\tilde{p}_1(0) = -1/5$$

10.1.1.2) find $z_1(-\lambda/4)$

$$z_n(y) = z_n \left[\frac{1 + \tilde{p}_n(y)}{1 - \tilde{p}_n(y)} \right] \quad \text{and} \quad \tilde{p}_n(y) = \tilde{p}_0 e^{2j\beta y}$$

$$\tilde{p}_0(0) = \tilde{p}_0$$

$$\tilde{p}_0(-\lambda/4) = \tilde{p}_0(0) e^{2j\beta(-\lambda/4)} \quad \beta = 2\pi/\lambda$$

$$= -\frac{1}{5} e^{2j(2\pi/\lambda)(-\lambda/4)}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{5} e^{-j\pi} \quad e^{-j\pi} = -1$$

$$\tilde{p}_0(-\lambda/4) = \frac{1}{5}$$

$$\tilde{z}_1(-\lambda/4) = z_1 \left[\frac{1 + \tilde{p}_1(-\lambda/4)}{1 - \tilde{p}_1(-\lambda/4)} \right]$$

$$= \frac{z_0}{2} \left[\frac{1 + 1/5}{1 - 1/5} \right] \rightarrow \begin{matrix} 6/5 \\ 4/5 \end{matrix}$$

$$= \frac{z_0}{2} \frac{6}{4}$$

$$\tilde{z}_1(-\lambda/4) = \frac{3 \cdot z_0}{4}$$

10.1.2.1) Find r & x from $z_2(0)/z_1(0)$

$$\frac{z_2(0)}{z_1(0)} = \frac{\cancel{z_0}/3}{\cancel{z_0}/2} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{z_2(0)}{z_1(0)} = \frac{2}{3} + 0j$$

$$\boxed{r = 2/3, x = 0}$$

10.1.2.2) Reference slide 2 in
HW10 - Smith Charts.pptx

$$\boxed{P_1(0) = +1/5}$$

10.1.2.3) Reference slide 3 in
HW10 - Smith Charts.pptx

$$\frac{z_2}{z_1} = 1.5$$

$$10.1.2.4) \boxed{r = 1.5, x = 0}$$

$$10.1.2.5) \boxed{z(-\lambda/4) = 1.5 \cdot z_0/2 = \frac{3}{4} z_0}$$