

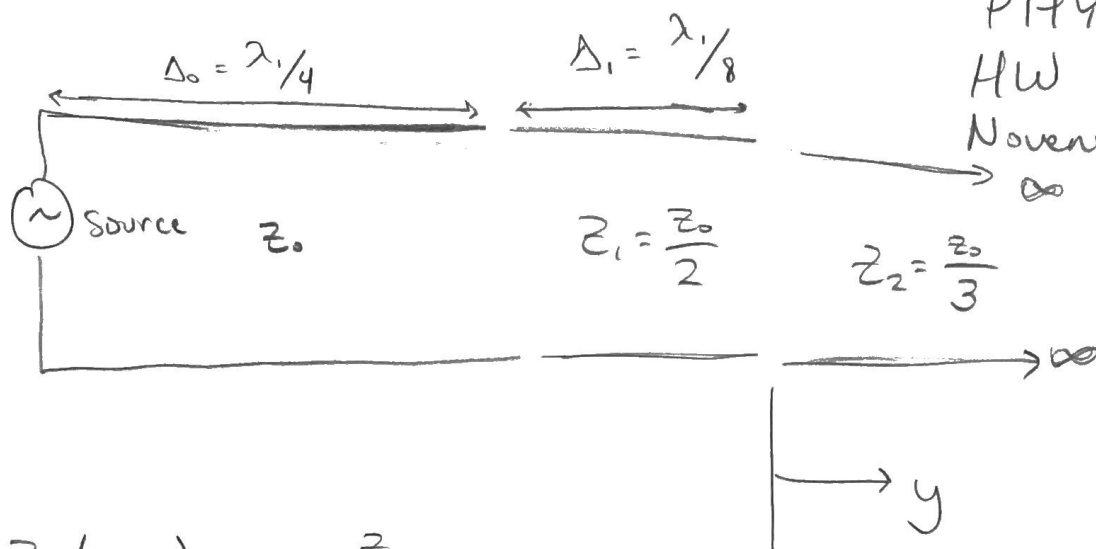
10,3)

Matthew Jackson

PHY 513

HW #10

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$$z_2(y > 0) = z_2 = \frac{z_0}{3}$$

$$z_n(0) = z_2 = z_1 \frac{1 + \tilde{\rho}_1(0)}{1 - \tilde{\rho}_1(0)}$$

$$z_2(1 - \tilde{\rho}_1(0)) = z_1(1 + \tilde{\rho}_1(0))$$

$$z_2 - z_1 = (z_2 + z_1) \tilde{\rho}_1(0)$$

$$\tilde{\rho}_1(0) = \frac{z_2 - z_1}{(z_2 + z_1)} = \frac{z_2/z_1 - 1}{z_2/z_1 + 1}$$

$$\tilde{\rho}_1(0) = \frac{\frac{z_0/3}{z_0/2} - 1}{\frac{z_0/3}{z_0/2} + 1} \rightarrow \frac{\frac{2}{3} - 1}{\frac{2}{3} + 1}$$

$$\tilde{\rho}_1(0) = -\frac{1}{5} \quad (\text{Also see slide 8})$$

$$\tilde{p}_1\left(-\frac{\lambda_1}{8}\right) = \tilde{p}_1(0) e^{2j\beta\left(-\frac{\lambda_1}{8}\right)} \quad \beta = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda_1}$$

$$\tilde{p}_1\left(-\frac{\lambda_1}{8}\right) = -\frac{1}{5} e^{4\pi j \frac{1}{\lambda_1} \left(-\frac{\lambda_1}{8}\right)}$$

$$\tilde{p}_1\left(-\frac{\lambda_1}{8}\right) = -\frac{1}{5} e^{-\frac{\pi}{2}j} \quad e^{-\frac{\pi}{2}j} = -j$$

$$\tilde{p}_1\left(-\frac{\lambda_1}{8}\right) = \frac{1}{5} j \quad (\text{Also see slide 9})$$

$$z_n\left(-\frac{\lambda_1}{8}\right) = z_0 \frac{1 + \tilde{p}_1\left(-\frac{\lambda_1}{8}\right)}{1 - \tilde{p}_1\left(-\frac{\lambda_1}{8}\right)} = z_1 \left[\frac{1 + \tilde{p}_1\left(-\frac{\lambda_1}{8}\right)}{1 - \tilde{p}_1\left(-\frac{\lambda_1}{8}\right)} \right]$$

$$z_0 \left[\frac{1 + \tilde{p}_1\left(-\frac{\lambda_1}{8}\right)}{1 - \tilde{p}_1\left(-\frac{\lambda_1}{8}\right)} \right] = z_1 \gamma$$

$$z_0 (1 + \tilde{p}_1\left(-\frac{\lambda_1}{8}\right)) = z_1 \gamma (1 - \tilde{p}_1\left(-\frac{\lambda_1}{8}\right))$$

$$(z_0 + \gamma z_1) \tilde{p}_1\left(-\frac{\lambda_1}{8}\right) = z_1 \gamma - z_0$$

$$\tilde{p}_1\left(-\frac{\lambda_1}{8}\right) = \frac{z_1 \gamma - z_0}{z_1 \gamma + z_0} \rightarrow \frac{\frac{z_1 \gamma}{z_0} - 1}{\frac{z_1 \gamma}{z_0} + 1}$$

$$\frac{z_1 \gamma}{z_0} \rightarrow r + xj$$

$$\gamma = \left[\frac{1 + \tilde{\rho}_1(-\lambda/8)}{1 - \tilde{\rho}_1(-\lambda/8)} \right]$$

$$\frac{z_1}{z_0} \left[\frac{1 + \tilde{\rho}_1(-\lambda/8)}{1 - \tilde{\rho}_1(-\lambda/8)} \right] = r + xj$$

$$\frac{z_0}{z_0} \left[\frac{1 + \frac{1}{5}j}{1 - \frac{1}{5}j} \right] = r + xj$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{(1 + 1/5j)(1 + 1/5j)}{(1 - 1/5j)(1 + 1/5j)} \right] \rightarrow \begin{matrix} 1^2 + 1/5j + 1/5j + (1/5j)^2 \\ 1^2 + \cancel{1/5j} - \cancel{1/5j} - (1/5j)^2 \end{matrix}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{\frac{25}{25} - \frac{1}{25} + \frac{2}{5}j}{1^2 + 1/25} \right] \rightarrow \frac{\frac{24}{25} + \frac{10}{25}j}{\frac{26}{25}}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \frac{24 + 10j}{26}$$

$$\frac{12 + 5j}{26} = r + xj$$

$$r = \frac{6}{13} \quad x = \frac{5}{26}$$

see smith chart slide 10

$$r = 0.462 \quad x = 0.192$$

$$\tilde{\rho}_0(-\lambda_1/8) = .39 \angle 153 \quad (\text{from Smith chart slide 10})$$

$$\tilde{\rho}_0(-\lambda_1/8 - \lambda_0/4) = 0.39 e^{j \frac{153\pi}{180}} e^{-2j \frac{\pi}{2}(-\frac{\lambda_0}{4})}$$

$$\tilde{\rho}_0(-\lambda_1/8 - \lambda_0/4) = 0.39 e^{j(\frac{153\pi}{180} - \pi)}$$

(see Smith chart slide 11)

$$Z_0(-\lambda_1/8 - \lambda_0/4) = Z_0 \left[\frac{1 + \tilde{\rho}_0(-\lambda_1/8 - \lambda_0/4)}{1 - \tilde{\rho}_0(-\lambda_1/8 - \lambda_0/4)} \right]$$

$$Z_0(-\lambda_1/8 - \lambda_0/4) = [1.85 - 0.77j] Z_0$$

(from Smith chart slide 11)

→ logic for this step here

$$\tilde{\rho}_0(y) = \rho_0(0) e^{2j\beta y} \rightarrow \tilde{\rho}_0(y_1 + y_2) = \rho_0(0) e^{j\beta(y_1 + y_2)}$$

$$\tilde{\rho}_0(y_1 + y_2) = \left[\rho_0(0) e^{j\beta(y_1)} \right] e^{j\beta(y_2)}$$

$$\tilde{\rho}_0(y_1 + y_2) = \rho_0(y_1) e^{j\beta(y_2)}$$