Table: Sales

```
#-----+
| Column Name | Type |
#-----+
| sale_date | date |
| fruit | enum |
| sold_num | int |
#-----+
(sale_date,fruit) is the primary key for this table.
This table contains the sales of "apples" and "oranges" sold each day.
```

Write an SQL query to report the difference between number of apples and oranges sold each day.

Return the result table **ordered** by sale_date in format ('YYYY-MM-DD').

The query result format is in the following example:

```
Sales table:
+----+
| sale_date | fruit | sold_num
+----+
| 2020-05-01 | apples | 10
| 2020-05-01 | oranges | 8
| 2020-05-02 | apples
                  | 15
| 2020-05-02 | oranges
                  | 15
| 2020-05-03 | apples
                  20
| 2020-05-03 | oranges
                   0
| 2020-05-04 | apples
                   | 15
| 2020-05-04 | oranges
                   | 16
```

```
Result table:

+-----+

| sale_date | diff | |

+-----+

| 2020-05-01 | 2 | |

| 2020-05-02 | 0 | |

| 2020-05-03 | 20 | |

| 2020-05-04 | -1 | |

+-----+

Day 2020-05-01, 10 apples and 8 oranges were sold (Difference 10 - 8 = 2).

Day 2020-05-02, 15 apples and 15 oranges were sold (Difference 15 - 15 = 0).

Day 2020-05-03, 20 apples and 0 oranges were sold (Difference 20 - 0 = 20).
```

Day 2020-05-04, 15 apples and 16 oranges were sold (Difference 15 - 16 = -1).