

TensorFlow™ with LIBXSMM

Getting Started

This document is an early recipe for building and running TensorFlow with LIBXSMM. The amount of covered code paths as well as the performance of these code paths will be improved as the integration progresses. This means that executing TensorFlow for any real workload (or benchmark) beside of the cases shown below **may not use LIBXSMM at all** (same is/remains true for any system without Intel AVX2 instruction set extension). Relying on the master revision of TensorFlow is perfectly fine since the integration work is merged on a frequent basis. However, to capture the latest revision of the integration one may rely on:

```
git clone https://github.com/benoitsteiner/tensorflow-xsmm.git
wget https://github.com/hfp/libxsmm/archive/master.zip
sha256sum libxsmm-master.zip
```

To try LIBXSMM's master revision, the file `tensorflow/workspace.bzl` can be adjusted by using the SHA256 sum from above:

```
native.new_http_archive(
    name = "libxsmm_archive",
    urls = [
        "https://github.com/hfp/libxsmm/archive/master.zip",
    ],
    sha256 = "<sha256sum libxsmm-master.zip>",
    strip_prefix = "libxsmm-master",
    build_file = str(Label("//third_party:libxsmm.BUILD")),
)
```

LIBXSMM does not impose to build for a specific code path, and always exploits the most suitable instruction set extension for JIT-enabled code paths. However, LIBXSMM may also use non-JIT code paths which are CPUID-dispatched when the static code path has lower capabilities. This only works when using GCC 4.9 (or later) or the Intel Compiler. If TensorFlow does not match the highest possible CPU target (`march=native`), a performance penalty is possible. With recent Bazel versions, a non-default compiler can be source'd just normally i.e., added the the `PATH` environment. Beside of the regular TF-prerequisites, nothing else is needed to use TensorFlow with LIBXSMM.

```
cd /path/to/tensorflow-xsmm
./configure
```

When behind a HTTP-proxy, the environment variables should carry `https://` or `http://`:

```
export https_proxy=https://proxy.domain.com:912
export http_proxy=http://proxy.domain.com:911
```

In general, if the build step of any of the Bazel commands goes wrong, `-s --verbose_failures` can be added to the command line (`-s` shows the full command of each of the build steps). The flags `--define tensorflow_xsmm=1`, `--define eigen_xsmm=1`, and `--define tensorflow_xsmm_backward=1` are not actually needed for all the cases, but are supplied for consistency.

More important, one line of below target flags should be added to Bazel's build line:

- AVX2/HSW/BDW: `--copt=-mfma --copt=-mavx2`
- AVX-512/SKX: `--copt=-mfma --copt=-mavx512f --copt=-mavx512cd --copt=-mavx512bw --copt=-mavx512vl --copt=-mavx512dq`
(in the past `--copt=-mavx512dq` caused additional issues; see note below)
- AVX-512/KNL: `--copt=-mfma --copt=-mavx512f --copt=-mavx512cd --copt=-mavx512pf --copt=-mavx512er`

NOTE: TensorFlow or specifically Eigen's pack-math may run into issues when targeted to AVX-512, hence should limit the code to Intel AVX2 instructions (`--copt=-mfma --copt=-mavx2`). This should not imply a significant performance penalty since all hotspots should be based on JIT-generated code (CPUID-dispatched). As a side-note (this is often missed in AVX2 vs. AVX-512 comparisons), AVX2 code can use twice as many registers (32) on AVX-512 capable systems (if instructions are EVEX encoded, which is practically always the case).

For AVX-512 in general, GCC 5.x (or higher) should be used (see section Non-default Compiler). LIBXSMM supports Intel AVX2 as the baseline code path for all JIT-generated DNN-code (SMM domain also supports AVX). For Intel AVX-512 (on top of AVX2), the foundational instructions are sufficient in many cases, but for the sparse domain the Core-flavor is a prerequisite ("Skylake server" or SKX), and VNNI/QFMA instructions are honored on Intel Xeon Phi code-named "Knights Mill" (KNM).

Generally, please follow the guide to build TensorFlow from the sources. Bazel command lines (like below) can be extended to build an optimized target (default: `-c opt`), or they can be extended to include debug symbols (per `-c dbg`, which is usually combined with `--copt=-O0`). Please invoke the following commands to build the pip-package (Python wheel):

```
bazel build --copt=-O2 --copt=-fopenmp-simd --copt=-DLIBXSMM_OPENMP_SIMD --linkopt=-pthread \
  --define tensorflow_xsmm=1 --define tensorflow_xsmm_convolutions=1 --define tensorflow_xsmm_backward
  <line-of-target-flags-from-above> \
  //tensorflow/tools/pip_package:build_pip_package

bazel-bin/tensorflow/tools/pip_package/build_pip_package /tmp/tensorflow_pkg
```

The new Python TensorFlow wheel can be installed by the following command (use `sudo -H` in front to elevate your permissions, or add `--user` to install locally for the current user rather than in a system-wide fashion):

```
pip install \
  --proxy proxy.domain.com:912 \
  -I /tmp/tensorflow_pkg/<package-name-build-above.whl>
```

Benchmarks

This document is an early recipe for building and running TensorFlow with LIBXSMM. Please do not expect any performance advantage (at this point) when comparing to TensorFlow without LIBXSMM!

TensorFlow Model Repository

This section may help to quickly setup models from the TensorFlow repository. Care must be taken to ensure that the model in question uses the NHWC-format, which is assumed by LIBXSMM. In most (if not all) cases this is not the default, and the model must be adjusted.

```
git clone https://github.com/tensorflow/models.git tensorflow-models
cd /path/to/tensorflow-xsmm
ln -s /path/to/tensorflow-models tensorflow/models
```

```
bazel build --copt=-O2 --copt=-fopenmp-simd --copt=-DLIBXSMM_OPENMP_SIMD --linkopt=-pthread \
  --define tensorflow_xsmm=1 --define tensorflow_xsmm_convolutions=1 --define tensorflow_xsmm_backward
  <line-of-target-flags-from-above> \
  //tensorflow/models/tutorials/image/alexnet:alexnet_benchmark
```

The above command may be combined with `//tensorflow/tools/pip_package:build_pip_package` to build TF as well. Please remember, the TF wheel needs to be only installed if the model runs outside of TF's source tree. To run the "Alexnet" benchmark:

```
LIBXSMM_VERBOSE=2 \
bazel-bin/tensorflow/models/tutorials/image/alexnet/alexnet_benchmark \
  --batch_size=256 2>&1 \
| tee output_alexnet.log
```

Convnet Benchmarks

The section helps to quickly setup benchmarks for Alexnet, Overfeat, VGG, and Googlenet v1. Recently, the original Convnet benchmark **stopped working with current TensorFlow**: please rely on TensorFlow model repository (previous section).

```
git clone https://github.com/soumith/convnet-benchmarks.git
cd /path/to/tensorflow-xsmm
mkdir -p tensorflow/models
ln -s /path/to/convnet-benchmarks/tensorflow tensorflow/models/convnetbenchmarks
```

```
bazel build --copt=-O2 --copt=-fopenmp-simd --copt=-DLIBXSMM_OPENMP_SIMD --linkopt=-pthread \
  --define tensorflow_xsmm=1 --define tensorflow_xsmm_convolutions=1 --define tensorflow_xsmm_backward
  <line-of-target-flags-from-above> \
  //tensorflow/models/convnetbenchmarks:benchmark_alexnet \
  //tensorflow/models/convnetbenchmarks:benchmark_overfeat \
  //tensorflow/models/convnetbenchmarks:benchmark_vgg \
  //tensorflow/models/convnetbenchmarks:benchmark_googlenet
```

The above command may be combined with `//tensorflow/tools/pip_package:build_pip_package` to build TF as well. Please note, the wheel needs to be only installed if the model runs outside of TF's source tree. To run the "Alexnet" benchmark:

```
LIBXSMM_VERBOSE=2 \
bazel-bin/tensorflow/models/convnetbenchmarks/benchmark_alexnet \
--data_format=NHWC --forward_only=true --batch_size=256 2>&1 \
| tee output_alexnet.log
```

Performance Profiling

To gain insight into performance bottlenecks, one might source the Intel VTune Amplifier and run:

```
amplxe-cl -r result -data-limit 0 \
--collect advanced-hotspots -knob collection-detail=stack-sampling -- \
bazel-bin/tensorflow/models/convnetbenchmarks/benchmark_alexnet \
--data_format=NHWC --forward_only=true --batch_size=64 --num_batches=50
```

To get named JIT-kernels, one may add the following flags to Bazel's build line (Intel VTune Amplifier 2018):

```
--copt=-DLIBXSMM_VTUNE=2 --linkopt=${VTUNE_AMPLIFIER_2018_DIR}/lib64/libjitprofiling.a
```

To get named JIT-kernels, one may add the following flags to Bazel's build line (Intel VTune Amplifier 2017):

```
--copt=-DLIBXSMM_VTUNE=2 --linkopt=${VTUNE_AMPLIFIER_XE_2017_DIR}/lib64/libjitprofiling.a
```

Regression Tests

There are two aspects of LIBXSMM enabled within TensorFlow: (1) sparse CNN, and (2) CNN. To build and test the sparse routines:

```
bazel build --copt=-O2 --copt=-fopenmp-simd --copt=-DLIBXSMM_OPENMP_SIMD --linkopt=-pthread \
--define tensorflow_xsmm=1 --define tensorflow_xsmm_convolutions=1 --define tensorflow_xsmm_backward \
<line-of-target-flags-from-above> \
//tensorflow/core/kernels:sparse_matmul_op_test
```

```
bazel-bin/tensorflow/core/kernels/sparse_matmul_op_test --benchmarks=all
bazel-bin/tensorflow/core/kernels/sparse_matmul_op_test
```

```
bazel run --copt=-O2 --copt=-fopenmp-simd --copt=-DLIBXSMM_OPENMP_SIMD --linkopt=-pthread \
--define tensorflow_xsmm=1 --define tensorflow_xsmm_convolutions=1 --define tensorflow_xsmm_backward \
<line-of-target-flags-from-above> \
//tensorflow/python/kernel_tests:sparse_matmul_op_test
```

To build and test the regular CNN routines (note that below `bazel run...` may be deadlocking during the test):

```
bazel build --copt=-O2 --copt=-fopenmp-simd --copt=-DLIBXSMM_OPENMP_SIMD --linkopt=-pthread \
--define tensorflow_xsmm=1 --define tensorflow_xsmm_convolutions=1 --define tensorflow_xsmm_backward \
<line-of-target-flags-from-above> \
//tensorflow/core/kernels:conv_ops_test
```

```
bazel-bin/tensorflow/core/kernels/conv_ops_test
```

```
bazel run --copt=-O2 --copt=-fopenmp-simd --copt=-DLIBXSMM_OPENMP_SIMD --linkopt=-pthread \
--define tensorflow_xsmm=1 --define tensorflow_xsmm_convolutions=1 --define tensorflow_xsmm_backward \
<line-of-target-flags-from-above> \
//tensorflow/python/kernel_tests:conv_ops_test
```

Running Inception-v3 inference on the ImageNet dataset

Please follow the instructions at the following link to download and preprocess the Inception-v3 dataset: The relevant part of the instructions are duplicated below for convenience.

```
# location of where to place the ImageNet data
DATA_DIR=$HOME/imagenet-data

# build the preprocessing script.
cd tensorflow-models/inception
bazel build //inception:download_and_preprocess_imagenet

# run it
bazel-bin/inception/download_and_preprocess_imagenet "${DATA_DIR}"
```

The final line of the output script should read something like this, note the number of images:

```
2016-02-17 14:30:17.287989: Finished writing all 1281167 images in data set.
```

Please download models/slim from this link. Please download the pretrained weights for Inception-v3 from here. Please setup the environment variables as follows:

```
export CHECKPOINT_FILE= location of downloaded inception-v3 pretrained weights
export DATASET_DIR=$DATA_DIR
```

Please modify the file eval_image_classifier.py in models/slim so that inter_op_parallelism_threads is set to 1 since TensorFlow/libxsmm does not support concurrent evaluations of subgraphs currently.

```
slim.evaluation.evaluate_once(
    master=FLAGS.master,
    checkpoint_path=checkpoint_path,
    logdir=FLAGS.eval_dir,
    num_evals=num_batches,
    eval_op=list(names_to_updates.values()),
    variables_to_restore=variables_to_restore,
    session_config= tf.ConfigProto(inter_op_parallelism_threads=1))
```

Run inference on ImageNet as follows:

```
python eval_image_classifier.py \
    --alsologtostderr \
    --checkpoint_path=${CHECKPOINT_FILE} \
    --dataset_dir=${DATASET_DIR} \
    --dataset_name=imagenet \
    --dataset_split_name=validation \
    --model_name=inception_v3
```

Please verify recall and accuracy as follows:

```
2017-07-13 21:21:27.438050: I tensorflow/core/kernels/logging_ops.cc:79] eval/Recall_5 [0.93945813]
2017-07-13 21:21:27.438104: I tensorflow/core/kernels/logging_ops.cc:79] eval/Accuracy [0.77981138]
```