IR Assignment 4: Structured Guided Browsing and Hypertext Model



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1 Overview

This project implements **Structured Guided Browsing** and **Hypertext Navigation** for a directory of documents using Flask (Python) and Bootstrap (HTML/CSS/JS). It enables hierarchical browsing of text documents with embedded hyperlinks, enhancing navigation and information retrieval.

2 Features

- **Directory Structure Traversal**: Dynamically reads text documents organized in nested folders.
- **Keyword-Based Hyperlinks**: Automatically generates hyperlinks to relevant documents based on shared keywords.
- **Dynamic UI**: Displays hierarchical documents with collapsible sections and intuitive navigation.
- **Bootstrap Integration**: Responsive UI for better usability.

3 Project Structure

The project files are organized as follows:

```
project-root/
  templates/
     index.html
     document.html
  app.py
  scripts.py
  requirements.txt
  Famous Landmarks Around the World/
     Chapter 1 - Monuments/
12
         The Eiffel Tower.txt
13
         Statue of Liberty.txt
14
     Chapter 2 - Nature/
          Niagara Falls.txt
16
          Mount Everest.txt
17
```

4 DFD Diagram

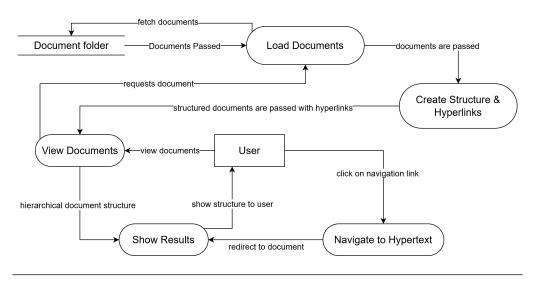


FIGURE 1: DFD - Level 0

5 Code Explanation

5.1 scripts.py

• readDirectoryStructure (rootDir): Recursively reads the directory and loads all .txt files into a nested dictionary representing the file hierarchy.

```
def readDirectoryStructure(rootDir):
      Reads the directory structure and returns a dictionary
      representing the hierarchy and content of the .txt
     files.
      hierarchy = {}
      # Traverse the directory structure
      for root, dirs, files in os.walk(rootDir):
           # Skip the root directory itself, focus on files
10
          if root == rootDir:
              continue
12
          # Build the path relative to the root directory
          pathParts = os.path.relpath(root, rootDir).split(os
     .sep)
           # Find the parent node
          parent = hierarchy
```

```
for part in pathParts:
18
               parent = parent.setdefault(part, {})
19
20
           # Add content for each text file
21
           for file in files:
22
               if file.endswith('.txt'):
23
                    # Read file content
24
                    with open(os.path.join(root, file), 'r') as
25
       f:
                        content = f.read()
26
27
                    # Store content with the filename as the
28
      key
                    parent[file.replace('.txt', '')] = content
29
       return hierarchy
31
```

• addHyperlinksToContent (content, currentFilePath, fileStructure): Searches for keywords in the document content and dynamically adds hyperlinks to related documents based on the index map.

```
def addHyperlinksToContent(content, currentFilePath
     , fileStructure):
      Modify the content to add hyperlinks to other documents
      based on keywords found in the text.
      # print(fileStructure['Chapter 1 - Monuments']['The
     Eiffel Tower'], 'fileStructure')
      # Extract words or terms that are used as document
     names in the structure
      def extractTitles(structure, prefix = ''):
          for name, substructure in structure.items():
10
               if isinstance(substructure, dict):
11
                   splittedContent = filterImportantWords(name
12
     )
                   for word in splittedContent:
13
                       addInIndexMap(word, '#' + prefix + name
14
     )
```

```
15
                   extractTitles(substructure, prefix + name +
16
       ' / ' )
               elif isinstance(substructure, str):
17
                   splittedAndFilteredList =
18
     filterImportantWords(substructure)
                   for word in splittedAndFilteredList:
19
                        addInIndexMap(word, prefix + name)
20
21
      extractTitles(fileStructure)
22
23
      # for key, value in indexMap.items():
24
             print(key, ' => ', value)
25
26
       # Create hyperlinks for the titles in the content
      for word in filterImportantWords(content):
           if word in indexMap:
               docs = indexMap[word][:]
30
               docs.remove(currentFilePath)
31
               if len(docs):
                   hyperLink = f'/document/{docs[0]}' if docs
33
      [0].count('#') == 0 else f'/{docs[0]}'
                   content = re.sub(r'\b' + re.escape(word) +
34
     r'\b', f'<a href="{hyperLink}">{word}</a>', content)
35
      return content
```

5.2 app.py

• Routes:

- / Home page displaying the document hierarchy.
- /document/<path: doc_path> Displays the content of a document with hyperlinks dynamically added.

```
from flask import Flask, render_template, jsonify
import os
from scripts import readDirectoryStructure,
addHyperlinksToContent
```

```
app = Flask(__name___)
          # Directory path where your text files are stored
          rootDirectory = 'Famous Landmarks Around the World'
          # Read the directory structure
10
          fileStructure = readDirectoryStructure(
11
     rootDirectory)
12
          @app.route('/')
13
          def home():
14
               return render_template('index.html', structure=
15
     fileStructure)
16
          @app.route('/document/<path:doc_path>')
17
          def document(doc_path):
               # Traverse the structure based on the doc_path
19
     to find content
               docParts = doc_path.split('/')
               doc = fileStructure
21
               for part in docParts:
                   doc = doc.get(part, {})
               # Add hyperlinks to the document content
               content = addHyperlinksToContent(doc, '/'.join(
     docParts), fileStructure)
               # return render_template('document.html', title
     =docParts[-1], content=content)
               return render_template('document.html', chapter
     =docParts[0], title=docParts[-1], content=content)
          if __name__ == '__main__':
               app.run (debug=True)
32
33
```

• **fileStructure**: A nested dictionary generated by readDirectoryStructure().

6 How It Works

1. **Directory Reading**: The program scans the directory Famous Landmarks Around the World and loads all .txt files into a dictionary.

- 2. **Keyword Indexing**: Filters meaningful words from document names and content. Keywords are mapped to document paths.
- 3. **Hyperlink Generation**: For each document, keywords are used to dynamically embed hyperlinks to related documents.
- 4. **Dynamic UI**: The home page displays the document structure, while document pages show content with embedded hyperlinks.

7 Example Workflow

- 1. **Home Page** (/): Displays a list of chapters and documents under collapsible headings.
- 2. **Document View** (/document/<path>): Displays the content of selected documents, with hyperlinks for navigation to related documents.

8 Key Components

File	Description
app.py	Main Flask app handling routing and templates.
scripts.py	Helper functions for reading, filtering, and hyperlinking.
index.html	Home page displaying document hierarchy.
document.html	Displays document content with hyperlinks.
Famous Landmarks/	Directory containing text documents.

9 Future Enhancements

- Add **search functionality** for keyword-based document retrieval.
- Include **highlighting** of keywords in document content.
- Implement **pagination** for lengthy documents.