

#### Clinical trial results:

# Open label, single arm safety prospective cohort study of dabigatran

# etexilate for secondary prevention of venous thromboembolism in children from 0 to less than 18 years

#### **Summary**

EudraCT number	2014-000583-18
Trial protocol	ES FI AT GR IT LT CZ BE SK SE BG FR HU DK DE
Global end of trial date	19 November 2019
Results information	
Result version number	v1 (current)
This version publication date	23 May 2020
First version publication date	23 May 2020

#### **Trial information**

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Sponsor protocol code	1160.108
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#### **Additional study identifiers**

ISRCTN number	-
ClinicalTrials.gov id (NCT number)	NCT02197416
WHO universal trial number (UTN)	-

Notes:

#### **Sponsors**

Sponsor organisation name	Boehringer Ingelheim
Sponsor organisation address	Binger Strasse 173, Ingelheim am Rhein, Germany, 55216
Public contact	Boehringer Ingelheim Call Center, Boehringer Ingelheim, +1 8002430127, clintriage.rdg@boehringer-ingelheim.com
Scientific contact	Boehringer Ingelheim Call Center, Boehringer Ingelheim, +1 8002430127, clintriage.rdg@boehringer-ingelheim.com

Notes:

#### Paediatric regulatory details

Is trial part of an agreed paediatric investigation plan (PIP)	Yes
EMA paediatric investigation plan number(s)	EMEA-000081-PIP01-11
Does article 45 of REGULATION (EC) No 1901/2006 apply to this trial?	No
Does article 46 of REGULATION (EC) No 1901/2006 apply to this trial?	Yes

Notes:

#### Results analysis stage

Analysis stage	Final
Date of interim/final analysis	18 December 2019
Is this the analysis of the primary completion data?	Yes
Primary completion date	16 October 2019
Global end of trial reached?	Yes
Global end of trial date	19 November 2019
Was the trial ended prematurely?	No

Notes:

#### General information about the trial

Main objective of the trial:

The main objective of this paediatric prospective cohort trial is to assess the safety of dabigatran etexilate for secondary prevention of venous thromboembolism in children from 0 to less than 18 years of age.

#### Protection of trial subjects:

Only subjects that met all the study inclusion and none of the exclusion criteria were to be entered in the study. All subjects were free to withdraw from the clinical trial at any time for any reason given. Close monitoring of all subjects was adhered to throughout the trial conduct. Rescue medication was allowed for all patients as required.

Evidence for comparator: -  Actual start date of recruitment	Background therapy: -	
Actual start date of recruitment 12 May 2015	ence for comparator: -	
	al start date of recruitment 1	12 May 2015
Long term follow-up planned No	term follow-up planned	No
Independent data monitoring committee Yes (IDMC) involvement?	•	Yes

Notes:

Population of trial subjects	
Subjects enrolled per country	
Country: Number of subjects enrolled	Taiwan: 1
Country: Number of subjects enrolled	Thailand: 2
Country: Number of subjects enrolled	Czech Republic: 24
Country: Number of subjects enrolled	Hungary: 7
Country: Number of subjects enrolled	Lithuania: 5
Country: Number of subjects enrolled	Russian Federation: 59
Country: Number of subjects enrolled	Turkey: 17
Country: Number of subjects enrolled	Ukraine: 5
Country: Number of subjects enrolled	Brazil: 6
Country: Number of subjects enrolled	Mexico: 3
Country: Number of subjects enrolled	Canada: 17
Country: Number of subjects enrolled	United States: 29
Country: Number of subjects enrolled	Austria: 6
Country: Number of subjects enrolled	Belgium: 4
Country: Number of subjects enrolled	Denmark: 2
Country: Number of subjects enrolled	France: 1
Country: Number of subjects enrolled	Germany: 12
Country: Number of subjects enrolled	Italy: 16
Country: Number of subjects enrolled	Norway: 6
Country: Number of subjects enrolled	Sweden: 3
Country: Number of subjects enrolled	Switzerland: 3

Country: Number of subjects enrolled	Israel: 3
Worldwide total number of subjects	231
EEA total number of subjects	86

Notes:

Subjects enrolled per age group	
In utero	0
Preterm newborn - gestational age < 37 wk	0
Newborns (0-27 days)	0
Infants and toddlers (28 days-23 months)	12
Children (2-11 years)	45
Adolescents (12-17 years)	174
Adults (18-64 years)	0
From 65 to 84 years	0
85 years and over	0

#### **Subject disposition**

#### Recruitment

#### Recruitment details:

This open label, single arm prospective cohort study was designed to assess the safety of dabigatran etexilate (DE) for secondary prevention of paediatric venous thromboembolism (VTE) with 12-month (365 days) treatment period followed by 28 days end of treatment follow-up. Results of participants were reported via 3 mutually exclusive age groups.

#### **Pre-assignment**

#### Screening details:

All subjects were screened for eligibility prior to participation in the trial. Subjects attended a specialist site which ensured that they (the subjects) strictly met all inclusion and none of the exclusion criteria. 1 enrolled subject was withdrawn before treated due to unable to swallow the capsules.

Period 1		
Period 1 title	Overall Study (overall period)	
Is this the baseline period?	Yes	
Allocation method	Non-randomised - controlled	
Blinding used	Not blinded	
Arms		
Are arms mutually exclusive?	Yes	
Arm title	dabigatran etexilate (0 to < 2 years)	

#### Arm description:

Single oral dose of dabigatran etexilate (DE) oral liquid formulation (OLF) ranging from 6.25 milligram(mg) to 143.75mg was administrated twice daily in the morning and evening for participants aged less than 12 months. Single oral dose of DE pellets ranging from 20mg to 330mg was administrated twice daily in the morning and evening for participants aged less than 8 years. Dosage of DE was adjusted by age and weight of participants intending to achieve trough plasma dabigatran concentrations between 50 and <250 nanogram(ng)/mL. The DE dose limit was 22.2 mg/kilogram (kg)/day. The maximal DE single dose was 330 mg. This arm includes participants aged between 0 to <2

Arm type	Experimental
Investigational medicinal product name	Dabigatran etexilate pellets
Investigational medicinal product code	
Other name	
Pharmaceutical forms	Granules
Routes of administration	Oral use

#### Dosage and administration details:

Single oral dose of DE pellets ranging from 20mg to 330mg was administrated twice daily in the morning and evening for participants aged less than 8 years. Dosage of DE was adjusted by age and weight of participants. Granules stands for pellets.

Investigational medicinal product name	Dabigatran etexilate oral liquid formulation
Investigational medicinal product code	
Other name	
Pharmaceutical forms	Oral liquid
Routes of administration	Oral use

#### Dosage and administration details:

Single oral dose of dabigatran etexilate (DE) oral liquid formulation (OLF) ranging from 6.25 milligram(mg) to 143.75mg was administrated twice daily in the morning and evening for participants aged less than 12 months .Dosage of DE was adjusted by age and weight of participants.

Arm title	dabigatran etexilate (2 to <12 years)

#### Arm description:

Single oral dose of DE pellets ranging from 20mg to 330mg was administrated twice daily in the morning and evening for participants aged less than 8 years and who cannot take capsules between 8 to <12 years. Single oral dose of DE capsule ranging from 50 mg to 330mg was administrated twice daily in the morning and evening for participants aged at least 8 years. Dosage of DE was adjusted by age

and weight of participants intending to achieve trough plasma dabigatran concentrations between 50 and <250 ng/mL. The DE dose limit was 22.2 mg/kg/day. The maximal DE single dose was 330 mg. This arm includes participants aged between 2 to <12 years.

Arm type	Experimental
Investigational medicinal product name	Dabigatran etexilate capsules
Investigational medicinal product code	
Other name	
Pharmaceutical forms	Capsule
Routes of administration	Oral use

#### Dosage and administration details:

Single oral dose of DE capsule ranging from 50 mg to 330mg was administrated twice daily in the morning and evening for participants aged at least 8 years. Dosage of DE was adjusted by age and weight of participants

Investigational medicinal product name	Dabigatran etexilate pellets
Investigational medicinal product code	
Other name	
Pharmaceutical forms	Granules
Routes of administration	Oral use

#### Dosage and administration details:

Single oral dose of DE pellets ranging from 20mg to 330mg was administrated twice daily in the morning and evening for participants aged less than 8 years and who cannot take capsules between 8 to <12 years. Dosage of DE was adjusted by age and weight of participants. Granules stands for pellets.

Arm title	dabigatran etexilate (12 to <18 years)
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#### Arm description:

Single oral dose of DE capsule ranging from 50 mg to 330mg was administrated twice daily in the morning and evening for participants aged at least 8 years. Dosage of DE was adjusted by age and weight of participants intending to achieve trough plasma dabigatran concentrations between 50 and <250 ng/mL. The DE dose limit was 22.2 mg/kg/day. The maximal DE single dose was 330 mg. This arm includes participants aged between 12 to <18 years.

Arm type	Experimental
Investigational medicinal product name	Dabigatran etexilate capsules
Investigational medicinal product code	
Other name	
Pharmaceutical forms	Capsule
Routes of administration	Oral use

#### Dosage and administration details:

Single oral dose of DE capsule ranging from 50 mg to 330mg was administrated twice daily in the morning and evening for participants aged at least 8 years. Dosage of DE was adjusted by age and weight of participants.

Number of subjects in period 1[1]	dabigatran etexilate (0 to < 2 years)	dabigatran etexilate (2 to <12 years)	dabigatran etexilate (12 to <18 years)
Started	9	43	161
Completed	8	39	153
Not completed	1	4	8
Protocol deviation	1	-	1
Adverse event, non-fatal	-	-	1
Other reasons	-	2	5
Consent withdrawn by subject	-	2	1

#### Notes:

[1] - The number of subjects reported to be in the baseline period are not the same as the worldwide number enrolled in the trial. It is expected that these numbers will be the same.

Justification: The enrolled set included all patients with signed informed consent. The enrolled set was used for disposition summaries. The baseline characteristic were reported on the entered set including all patients with signed informed consent who were eligible to enter the trial, regardless whether they took trial medication.

#### **Baseline characteristics**

#### Reporting groups

Daniel Aller and Anna Carlotte Land	dabigatran etexilate (0 to < 2 years)
Reporting aroun title	Idanidatran eteyliate (I) to < / Vears)
Reporting group title	fundiguitari etextiate (0 to 1 2 years)

#### Reporting group description:

Single oral dose of dabigatran etexilate (DE) oral liquid formulation (OLF) ranging from 6.25 milligram(mg) to 143.75mg was administrated twice daily in the morning and evening for participants aged less than 12 months. Single oral dose of DE pellets ranging from 20mg to 330mg was administrated twice daily in the morning and evening for participants aged less than 8 years. Dosage of DE was adjusted by age and weight of participants intending to achieve trough plasma dabigatran concentrations between 50 and <250 nanogram(ng)/mL. The DE dose limit was 22.2 mg/kilogram (kg)/day. The maximal DE single dose was 330 mg. This arm includes participants aged between 0 to <2

Reporting group title dabigatran etexilate (2 to <12 years)

#### Reporting group description:

Single oral dose of DE pellets ranging from 20mg to 330mg was administrated twice daily in the morning and evening for participants aged less than 8 years and who cannot take capsules between 8 to <12 years. Single oral dose of DE capsule ranging from 50 mg to 330mg was administrated twice daily in the morning and evening for participants aged at least 8 years. Dosage of DE was adjusted by age and weight of participants intending to achieve trough plasma dabigatran concentrations between 50 and <250 ng/mL. The DE dose limit was 22.2 mg/kg/day. The maximal DE single dose was 330 mg. This arm includes participants aged between 2 to <12 years.

Reporting group title	dabigatran etexilate (12 to <18 years)
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#### Reporting group description:

Single oral dose of DE capsule ranging from 50 mg to 330mg was administrated twice daily in the morning and evening for participants aged at least 8 years. Dosage of DE was adjusted by age and weight of participants intending to achieve trough plasma dabigatran concentrations between 50 and <250 ng/mL. The DE dose limit was 22.2 mg/kg/day. The maximal DE single dose was 330 mg. This arm includes participants aged between 12 to <18 years.

Reporting group values	dabigatran etexilate (0 to < 2 years)	dabigatran etexilate (2 to <12 years)	dabigatran etexilate (12 to <18 years)	
Number of subjects	9	43	161	
Age categorical				
The treated set (TS) included all patients who were dispensed trial medication and were documented to have taken at least one dose of investigational treatment.				
Units: Subjects				
In utero	0	0	0	
Preterm newborn infants (gestational age < 37 wks)	0	0	0	
Newborns (0-27 days)	0	0	0	
Infants and toddlers (28 days-23 months)	9	0	0	
Children (2-11 years)	0	43	0	
Adolescents (12-17 years)	0	0	161	
Adults (18-64 years)	0	0	0	
From 65-84 years	0	0	0	
85 years and over	0	0	0	
Age Continuous				
The treated set (TS) included all patients were documented to have taken at least				
Units: years				
arithmetic mean	0.6	6.8	15.1	
standard deviation	± 0.5	± 3.1	± 1.6	

Sex: Female, Male				
The treated set (TS) included all patients who were dispensed trial medication and were documented to have taken at least one dose of investigational treatment.				
Units: Participants				
Female	4	22	70	
Male	5	21	91	
Race (NIH/OMB)				
	The treated set (TS) included all patients who were dispensed trial medication and			
were documented to have taken at least	one dose of investiga	tional treatment.		
Units: Subjects				
American Indian or Alaska Native	0	0	0	
Asian	0	1	6	
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	0	0	0	
Black or African American	0	4	4	
White	8	37	149	
More than one race	1	1	1	
Unknown or Not Reported	0	0	1	
Ethnicity (NIH/OMB)				
The treated set (TS) included all patients who were dispensed trial medication and were documented to have taken at least one dose of investigational treatment.				
Units: Subjects				
Hispanic or Latino	0	2	7	
Not Hispanic or Latino	9	41	153	
Unknown or Not Reported	0	0	1	
	T	1		
Reporting group values	Total			
Number of subjects	213			
Age categorical				
The treated set (TS) included all patients were documented to have taken at least				
Units: Subjects				
In utero	0			
Preterm newborn infants (gestational age < 37 wks)	0			
Newborns (0-27 days)	0			
Infants and toddlers (28 days-23 months)	9			
Children (2-11 years)	43			
Adolescents (12-17 years)	161			
Adults (18-64 years)	0			
From 65-84 years	0			
85 years and over	0			
Age Continuous				
The treated set (TS) included all patients who were dispensed trial medication and				
The treated set (TS) included all patients	s who were dispensed			
The treated set (TS) included all patients were documented to have taken at least	s who were dispensed			
The treated set (TS) included all patients were documented to have taken at least Units: years	s who were dispensed			
The treated set (TS) included all patients were documented to have taken at least Units: years  arithmetic mean	s who were dispensed			
The treated set (TS) included all patients were documented to have taken at least Units: years  arithmetic mean standard deviation	s who were dispensed			
The treated set (TS) included all patients were documented to have taken at least Units: years     arithmetic mean     standard deviation  Sex: Female, Male  The treated set (TS) included all patients	s who were dispensed one dose of investiga	trial medication and		
The treated set (TS) included all patients were documented to have taken at least Units: years     arithmetic mean     standard deviation  Sex: Female, Male  The treated set (TS) included all patients were documented to have taken at least	s who were dispensed one dose of investiga	trial medication and		
The treated set (TS) included all patients were documented to have taken at least Units: years     arithmetic mean     standard deviation  Sex: Female, Male  The treated set (TS) included all patients	s who were dispensed one dose of investiga	trial medication and		

Male	117	

Race (NIH/OMB)				
The treated set (TS) included all patients who were dispensed trial medication and were documented to have taken at least one dose of investigational treatment.				
Units: Subjects				
American Indian or Alaska Native	0			
Asian	7			
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	0			
Black or African American	8			
White	194			
More than one race	3			
Unknown or Not Reported	1			
Ethnicity (NIH/OMB)				
The treated set (TS) included all patients were documented to have taken at least				
Units: Subjects				
Hispanic or Latino	9			
Not Hispanic or Latino	203			
Unknown or Not Reported	1			

#### **End points**

#### **End points reporting groups**

Reporting group title	dabigatran etexilate (0 to < 2 years)

#### Reporting group description:

Single oral dose of dabigatran etexilate (DE) oral liquid formulation (OLF) ranging from 6.25 milligram(mg) to 143.75mg was administrated twice daily in the morning and evening for participants aged less than 12 months. Single oral dose of DE pellets ranging from 20mg to 330mg was administrated twice daily in the morning and evening for participants aged less than 8 years. Dosage of DE was adjusted by age and weight of participants intending to achieve trough plasma dabigatran concentrations between 50 and <250 nanogram(ng)/mL. The DE dose limit was 22.2 mg/kilogram (kg)/day. The maximal DE single dose was 330 mg. This arm includes participants aged between 0 to <2

Reporting group title dabigatran etexilate (2 to <12 years)

#### Reporting group description:

Single oral dose of DE pellets ranging from 20mg to 330mg was administrated twice daily in the morning and evening for participants aged less than 8 years and who cannot take capsules between 8 to <12 years. Single oral dose of DE capsule ranging from 50 mg to 330mg was administrated twice daily in the morning and evening for participants aged at least 8 years. Dosage of DE was adjusted by age and weight of participants intending to achieve trough plasma dabigatran concentrations between 50 and <250 ng/mL. The DE dose limit was 22.2 mg/kg/day. The maximal DE single dose was 330 mg. This arm includes participants aged between 2 to <12 years.

Reporting group title dabigatran etexilate (12 to <18 years)

#### Reporting group description:

Single oral dose of DE capsule ranging from 50 mg to 330mg was administrated twice daily in the morning and evening for participants aged at least 8 years. Dosage of DE was adjusted by age and weight of participants intending to achieve trough plasma dabigatran concentrations between 50 and <250 ng/mL. The DE dose limit was 22.2 mg/kg/day. The maximal DE single dose was 330 mg. This arm includes participants aged between 12 to <18 years.

### Primary: Event-free probability of recurrence of venous thromboembolism (VTE) at 6 and 12 months

End point title	Event-free probability of recurrence of venous
	thromboembolism (VTE) at 6 and 12 months <sup>[1]</sup>

#### End point description:

The event-free probability of first recurrence of VTE were provided by Kaplan-Meier estimation with its 95% confidence intervals (CIs) at 6 and 12 months.

Patients who did not experience recurrent VTE at the time of analysis, dropped out from the trial early, were lost to follow-up, or had died from non-VTE related cause were considered as non-events and censored. On treatment period was from first DE administration to 3 days of residual effect period after last DE administration. The treated set (TS) included all patients who were dispensed trial medication and

were documented to have taken at least one dose of investigational treatment. The treated set was used to assess safety endpoints

End point type Primary

#### End point timeframe:

At month 6 (Week 26) and 12 (Week 52) of on treatment period

#### Notes:

[1] - No statistical analyses have been specified for this primary end point. It is expected there is at least one statistical analysis for each primary end point.

Justification: This endpoint was evaluated only descriptively. Thus, no statistical hypothesis were tested.

End point values	dabigatran etexilate (0 to < 2 years)	dabigatran etexilate (2 to <12 years)	dabigatran etexilate (12 to <18 years)	
Subject group type	Reporting group	Reporting group	Reporting group	
Number of subjects analysed	9	43	161	
Units: Probability				
number (confidence interval 95%)				
6 months	1.000 (1.000 to 1.000)	1.000 (1.000 to 1.000)	0.979 (0.937 to 0.993)	
12 months	1.000 (1.000 to 1.000)	1.000 (1.000 to 1.000)	0.979 (0.937 to 0.993)	

#### Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

### Primary: Event-free probability of major or minor (including Clinically relevant non-major (CRNM)) bleeding events at 6 and 12 months

Event-free probability of major or minor (including Clinically
relevant non-major (CRNM)) bleeding events at 6 and 12 months <sup>[2]</sup>
Inionais:

#### End point description:

The event-free probability of major or minor (including CRNM) bleeding event were provided by Kaplan-Meier estimation with its 95% confidence intervals (CIs) at 6 and 12 months.

Patients who did not experience major or minor (including CRNM) bleeding event at the time of analysis, dropped out from the trial early, were lost to follow-up, or had died from non-bleeding related cause were considered as non-events and censored. On treatment period was from first DE administration to 3 days of residual effect period after last DE administration. The treated set (TS) included all patients who were dispensed trial medication and were documented to have taken at least one dose of investigational treatment.

End point type	Primary
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#### End point timeframe:

At month 6 (Week 26) and month 12 (Week 52) of on treatment period

#### Notes:

[2] - No statistical analyses have been specified for this primary end point. It is expected there is at least one statistical analysis for each primary end point.

Justification: This endpoint was evaluated only descriptively. Thus, no statistical hypothesis were tested.

End point values	dabigatran etexilate (0 to < 2 years)	dabigatran etexilate (2 to <12 years)	dabigatran etexilate (12 to <18 years)	
Subject group type	Reporting group	Reporting group	Reporting group	
Number of subjects analysed	9	43	161	
Units: Probability				
number (confidence interval 95%)				
6 months	0.889 (0.433 to 0.984)	0.894 (0.706 to 0.965)	0.753 (0.675 to 0.815)	
12 months	0.889 (0.433 to 0.984)	0.831 (0.592 to 0.936)	0.691 (0.603 to 0.763)	

#### Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

### Primary: Event-free probability of mortality overall and related to thrombotic or thromboembolic events at 6 and 12 months

End point title	Event-free probability of mortality overall and related to
	thrombotic or thromboembolic events at 6 and 12 months <sup>[3]</sup>

#### End point description:

The event-free probability of mortality overall and related to thrombotic or thromboembolic events were provided by Kaplan-Meier estimation with its 95% confidence intervals (CIs) at 6 and 12 months. Patients who did not experience mortality overall and related to thrombotic or thromboembolic events at the time of analysis, dropped out from the trial early, were lost to follow-up, were considered as non-events and censored. On treatment period was from first DE administration to 3 days of residual effect period after last DE administration. The treated set (TS) included all patients who were dispensed trial medication and were documented to have taken at least one dose of investigational treatment.

End point type	Primary

End point timeframe:

At month 6 (Week 26) and 12 (Week 52) of on treatment period

#### Notes:

[3] - No statistical analyses have been specified for this primary end point. It is expected there is at least one statistical analysis for each primary end point.

Justification: This endpoint was evaluated only descriptively. Thus, no statistical hypothesis were tested.

End point values	dabigatran etexilate (0 to < 2 years)	dabigatran etexilate (2 to <12 years)	dabigatran etexilate (12 to <18 years)	
Subject group type	Reporting group	Reporting group	Reporting group	
Number of subjects analysed	9	43	161	
Units: Probability				
number (confidence interval 95%)				
6 months	1.000 (1.000 to 1.000)	1.000 (1.000 to 1.000)	1.000 (1.000 to 1.000)	
12 months	1.000 (1.000 to 1.000)	1.000 (1.000 to 1.000)	1.000 (1.000 to 1.000)	

#### Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

### Secondary: Event-free probability of occurrence of post-thrombotic syndrome (PTS) at 6 and 12 months

End point title	Event-free probability of occurrence of post-thrombotic
	syndrome (PTS) at 6 and 12 months

#### End point description:

The event-free probability of PTS were provided by Kaplan-Meier estimation with its 95% confidence intervals (CIs) at 6 and 12 months. Patients who did not experience PTS at the time of analysis, dropped out from the trial early, were lost to follow-up, or had died from non-PTS related cause were considered as non-events and censored. On treatment period was from first DE administration to 3 days of residual effect period after last DE administration. The treated set (TS) included all patients who were dispensed trial medication and

were documented to have taken at least one dose of investigational treatment.

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End point type	Secondary
End point timeframe:	
At month 6 (Week 26) and 12 (Week 52) of on treatment period	

End point values	dabigatran etexilate (0 to < 2 years)	dabigatran etexilate (2 to <12 years)	dabigatran etexilate (12 to <18 years)	
Subject group type	Reporting group	Reporting group	Reporting group	
Number of subjects analysed	9	43	161	
Units: Probability				
number (confidence interval 95%)				
6 months	1.000 (1.000 to 1.000)	1.000 (1.000 to 1.000)	0.979 (0.935 to 0.993)	
12 months	1.000 (1.000 to 1.000)	1.000 (1.000 to 1.000)	0.979 (0.935 to 0.993)	

#### Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

## Secondary: Percentage of participants with dabigatran etexilate (DE) dose adjustments during on treatment period

End point title	Percentage of participants with dabigatran etexilate (DE) dose
	adjustments during on treatment period

End point description:

On treatment period was from first DE administration to 3 days of residual effect period after last DE administration. The treated set (TS) included all patients who were dispensed trial medication and were documented to have taken at least one dose of investigational treatment.

End point type	Secondary
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End point timeframe:

From first DE administration to 3 days of residual effect period after last DE administration, up to 52 weeks+ 3 days

End point values	dabigatran etexilate (0 to < 2 years)	dabigatran etexilate (2 to <12 years)	dabigatran etexilate (12 to <18 years)	
Subject group type	Reporting group	Reporting group	Reporting group	
Number of subjects analysed	9	43	161	
Units: Percentage of participants				
number (not applicable)	66.7	39.5	21.1	

#### Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

## Secondary: Central measurement of Activated partial thromboplastin time (aPTT) at Visit 3 (after at least six consecutive dabigatran etexilate (DE) doses)

End point title	Central measurement of Activated partial thromboplastin time
	(aPTT) at Visit 3 (after at least six consecutive dabigatran
	etexilate (DE) doses)

End point description:

The pharmacodynamics (PD) set (PDS) included all treated patients who provided at least one evaluable

PD observation and had no protocol deviations relevant to the evaluation of PD endpoints. Only those with non-missing endpoint values were included in this analysis.

End point type	Secondary
End point timeframe:	
At Visit 3 (day 4 after first dose of trial medication)	

End point values	dabigatran etexilate (0 to < 2 years)	dabigatran etexilate (2 to <12 years)	dabigatran etexilate (12 to <18 years)	
Subject group type	Reporting group	Reporting group	Reporting group	
Number of subjects analysed	8	23	105	
Units: Second (s)				
arithmetic mean (standard deviation)	46.6 (± 18.1)	57.1 (± 70.4)	56.8 (± 64.6)	

#### Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

# Secondary: Central measurement of Activated partial thromboplastin time (aPTT) at post-titration (after at least 3 days following any dabigatran etexilate (DE) dose adjustment)

End point title	Central measurement of Activated partial thromboplastin time
	(aPTT) at post-titration (after at least 3 days following any
	dabigatran etexilate (DE) dose adjustment)

#### End point description:

The pharmacodynamics (PD) set (PDS) included all treated patients who provided at least one evaluable PD observation and had no protocol deviations relevant to the evaluation of PD endpoints. Only those with non-missing endpoint values were included in this analysis.

End point type	Secondary

#### End point timeframe:

Pharmacodynamics (PD) samples were collected from first dose of trial medication at day 1 and day 4, 22, 43, 85, 127, 183, 239, and 295 until last dose at day 365 and at post-titration (at least 3 days after dose adjustment) if needed, up to 365 days.

End point values	dabigatran etexilate (0 to < 2 years)	dabigatran etexilate (2 to <12 years)	dabigatran etexilate (12 to <18 years)	
Subject group type	Reporting group	Reporting group	Reporting group	
Number of subjects analysed	6	16	31	
Units: Second (s)				
arithmetic mean (standard deviation)	49.1 (± 26.8)	57.3 (± 23.9)	59.0 (± 80.8)	

#### Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

### Secondary: Central measurement of Ecarin clotting time (ECT) at Visit 3 (after at least six consecutive dabigatran etexilate (DE) doses)

End point title	Central measurement of Ecarin clotting time (ECT) at Visit 3
	(after at least six consecutive dabigatran etexilate (DE) doses)

#### End point description:

The pharmacodynamics (PD) set (PDS) included all treated patients who provided at least one evaluable PD observation and had no protocol deviations relevant to the evaluation of PD endpoints. Only those with non-missing endpoint values were included in this analysis.

End point type	Secondary
Life point type	occondar,

#### End point timeframe:

At Visit 3 (day 4 after first dose of trial medication)

End point values	dabigatran etexilate (0 to < 2 years)	dabigatran etexilate (2 to <12 years)	dabigatran etexilate (12 to <18 years)	
Subject group type	Reporting group	Reporting group	Reporting group	
Number of subjects analysed	8	24	105	
Units: Second (s)				
arithmetic mean (standard deviation)	52.7 (± 17.6)	64.3 (± 55.7)	69.5 (± 30.3)	

#### Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

## Secondary: Central measurement of Ecarin clotting time (ECT) at post-titration (after at least 3 days following any dabigatran etexilate (DE) dose adjustment)

End point title	Central measurement of Ecarin clotting time (ECT) at post-
	titration (after at least 3 days following any dabigatran
	etexilate (DE) dose adjustment)

#### End point description:

The pharmacodynamics (PD) set (PDS) included all treated patients who provided at least one evaluable PD observation and had no protocol deviations relevant to the evaluation of PD endpoints. Only those with non-missing endpoint values were included in this analysis.

End point type	Secondary
' ''	l ,

#### End point timeframe:

PD samples were collected from first dose of trial medication at day 1 and day 4, 22, 43, 85, 127, 183, 239, and 295 until last dose at day 365 and at post-titration (at least 3 days after dose adjustment) if needed, up to 365 days.

End point values	dabigatran etexilate (0 to < 2 years)	dabigatran etexilate (2 to <12 years)	dabigatran etexilate (12 to <18 years)	
Subject group type	Reporting group	Reporting group	Reporting group	
Number of subjects analysed	6	16	32	
Units: Second (s)				
arithmetic mean (standard deviation)	53.3 (± 19.4)	66.6 (± 23.6)	69.2 (± 28.7)	

#### Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

### Secondary: Central measurement of Diluted thrombin time (dTT) at Visit 3 (after at least six consecutive dabigatran etexilate (DE) doses)

End point title	Central measurement of Diluted thrombin time (dTT) at Visit 3
	(after at least six consecutive dabigatran etexilate (DE) doses)

End point description:

The pharmacodynamics (PD) set (PDS) included all treated patients who provided at least one evaluable PD observation and had no protocol deviations relevant to the evaluation of PD endpoints. Only those with non-missing endpoint values were included in this analysis.

End point type	Secondary
End naint timeframe.	

End point timeframe:

At Visit 3 (day 4 after first dose of trial medication)

End point values	dabigatran etexilate (0 to < 2 years)	dabigatran etexilate (2 to <12 years)	dabigatran etexilate (12 to <18 years)	
Subject group type	Reporting group	Reporting group	Reporting group	
Number of subjects analysed	8	17	64	
Units: Second (s)				
arithmetic mean (standard deviation)	37.9 (± 19.5)	40.5 (± 14.6)	45.3 (± 17.4)	

#### Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

### Secondary: Central measurement of Diluted thrombin time (dTT) at post-titration (after at least 3 days following any dabigatran etexilate (DE) dose adjustment)

End point title	Central measurement of Diluted thrombin time (dTT) at post-
	titration (after at least 3 days following any dabigatran
	etexilate (DE) dose adjustment)

End point description:

The pharmacodynamics (PD) set (PDS) included all treated patients who provided at least one evaluable PD observation and had no protocol deviations relevant to the evaluation of PD endpoints. Only those with non-missing endpoint values were included in this analysis.

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End point timeframe:

dTT values were collected at day 4, 22, 43, 85, 127, 183, 239, and 295 until last dose at day 365 and at post-titration (at least 3 days after dose adjustment) if needed, up to 365 days.

End point values	dabigatran etexilate (0 to < 2 years)	dabigatran etexilate (2 to <12 years)	dabigatran etexilate (12 to <18 years)	
Subject group type	Reporting group	Reporting group	Reporting group	
Number of subjects analysed	6	12	26	
Units: Second (s)				
arithmetic mean (standard deviation)	40.0 (± 24.3)	46.0 (± 18.6)	43.4 (± 17.7)	

### Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

#### Adverse events

#### **Adverse events information**

Timeframe for reporting adverse events:

From first dose until end of trial + 28 days of follow-up, up to 52 weeks+28 days for all cause death. From first dose until last dose of study drug + 3 days of residual effect period, up to 52 weeks + 3 days for other adverse events.

Adverse event reporting additional description:

The treated set (TS) included all patients who were dispensed trial medication and had taken at least 1 dose of investigational treatment, which was used to assess safety endpoints. The adverse events were reported with single arm align with the study design.

Assessment type	Systematic	
Dictionary used		
Dictionary name	MedDRA	
Dictionary version	22.1	
Reporting groups		
Reporting group title	Dabigatran etexilate	

Reporting group description:

Single oral dose of dabigatran etexilate (DE) oral liquid formulation (OLF) ranging from 6.25 milligram(mg) to 143.75 mg was administrated twice daily in the morning and evening for participants aged less than 12 months.

Single oral dose of DE pellets ranging from 20mg to 330mg was administrated twice daily in the morning and evening for participants aged less than 8 years.

Single oral dose of DE capsule ranging from 50 mg to 330mg was administrated twice daily in the morning and evening for participants aged at least 8 years.

Dosage of DE was adjusted by age and weight of participants intending to achieve trough plasma dabigatran concentrations between 50 and <250 ng/mL. The DE dose limit was 22.2 mg/kg/day. The maximal DE single dose was 330 mg.

Serious adverse events	Dabigatran etexilate
Total subjects affected by serious adverse events	
subjects affected / exposed	30 / 213 (14.08%)
number of deaths (all causes)	1
number of deaths resulting from adverse events	0
Vascular disorders	
Bleeding varicose vein	
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 213 (0.47%)
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	1 / 1
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0
Deep vein thrombosis	
subjects affected / exposed	2 / 213 (0.94%)
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 2
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0
Haematoma	
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 213 (0.47%)

0 / 1		
0 / 0		
1 / 213 (0.47%)		
0 / 1		
0 / 0		
1 / 213 (0.47%)		
0 / 1		
0 / 0		
1 / 213 (0.47%)		
0 / 1		
0 / 0		
1 / 213 (0.47%)		
0 / 1		
0 / 0		
1 / 213 (0.47%)		
0 / 1		
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1 / 213 (0.47%)		
0 / 1		
0 / 0		
1 / 213 (0.47%)		
0 / 1		
	0 / 0  1 / 213 (0.47%) 0 / 1  0 / 0  1 / 213 (0.47%) 0 / 1  0 / 0  1 / 213 (0.47%) 0 / 1  0 / 0  1 / 213 (0.47%) 0 / 1  0 / 0  1 / 213 (0.47%) 0 / 1  0 / 0  1 / 213 (0.47%) 0 / 1  0 / 0  1 / 213 (0.47%) 0 / 1	0/0  1/213 (0.47%) 0/1  0/0  1/213 (0.47%) 0/1  0/0  1/213 (0.47%) 0/1  0/0  1/213 (0.47%) 0/1  0/0  1/213 (0.47%) 0/1  0/0  1/213 (0.47%) 0/1  0/0  1/213 (0.47%) 0/1  0/0

Post-traumatic stress disorder	1	<b> </b>
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 213 (0.47%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	
Reproductive system and breast disorders		
Pelvic adhesions		
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 213 (0.47%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0/0	
Menstrual disorder		
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 213 (0.47%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	
Injury, poisoning and procedural complications Fall		
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 213 (0.47%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0/0	
Animal bite		
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 213 (0.47%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0/0	
Metal poisoning		
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 213 (0.47%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	
Post procedural haematoma	1	
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 213 (0.47%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0/0	
Road traffic accident	I	
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 213 (0.47%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	

1	1	I	I
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0		
Investigations			
Alanine aminotransferase increased			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 213 (0.47%)		
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1		
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0		
Blood bilirubin increased			[
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 213 (0.47%)		
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1		
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0		
Hepatic enzyme increased	1		ĺ
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 213 (0.47%)		
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0/1		
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0		
Cardiac disorders			
Atrial flutter			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 213 (0.47%)		
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1		
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0		
Cardiac failure			İ
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 213 (0.47%)		
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0/1		
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0/0		
Myocarditis			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 213 (0.47%)		
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1		
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0		
Pericardial effusion		' 	1 
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 212 /0 470/		
	1 / 213 (0.47%)		
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1		
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0/0		
Ventricular pre-excitation			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 213 (0.47%)		
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1		

Congenital, familial and genetic disorders Congenital anomaly subjects affected / exposed occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all o/ 0  Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders Haemoptysis subjects affected / exposed occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all o/ 0  Pleural effusion subjects affected / exposed occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all o/ 0  Sleep apnoea syndrome subjects affected / exposed occurrences causally related to treatment / all o/ 0  Sleep apnoea syndrome subjects affected / exposed occurrences causally related to treatment / all o/ 0  Nervous system disorders Headache subjects affected / exposed occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all o/ 0  Nervous system disorders Headache subjects affected / exposed occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all o/ 0  Migraine subjects affected / exposed occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all occurrences affected / exposed occurrences causally related to treatment / all occurrences affected / exposed occurrences affected / exposed occurrences causally related to treatment / all occurrences affected / exposed occurrences affected occurrences affected occurrences affected occurrences affected occurrences	deaths causally related to treatment / all	0/0		
Congenital anomaly subjects affected / exposed 0ccurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all of treatment / all 0ccurrences causally related to 0	Congenital, familial and genetic	0 / 0		
subjects affected / exposed occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatmen				
occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all o/ 0  Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders Haemoptysis subjects affected / exposed occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all o/ 0  Pleural effusion subjects affected / exposed occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to death causally related to	· ·	1 / 213 (0.47%)		
deaths causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related t				
disorders Haemoptysis subjects affected / exposed occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all	deaths causally related to	0 / 0		
subjects affected / exposed occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all  Pleural effusion subjects affected / exposed occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all				
occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all of treatment / al	Haemoptysis			
treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all  Pleural effusion subjects affected / exposed occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all	subjects affected / exposed	1 / 213 (0.47%)		
treatment / all		1/1		
subjects affected / exposed occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all  Sleep apnoea syndrome subjects affected / exposed occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all		0 / 0		
occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all 0 / 0  Sleep apnoea syndrome subjects affected / exposed 0 / 1 / 213 (0.47%) occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all 0 / 0  Nervous system disorders Headache subjects affected / exposed 0 / 1 / 213 (0.47%) occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all 0 / 0  Migraine subjects affected / exposed 1 / 213 (0.47%) occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all 0 / 0  Gastrointestinal disorders Abdominal pain upper subjects affected / exposed 1 / 213 (0.47%) occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all	Pleural effusion			
treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all  Sleep apnoea syndrome subjects affected / exposed occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all  Nervous system disorders Headache subjects affected / exposed occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all	subjects affected / exposed	1 / 213 (0.47%)		
Sleep apnoea syndrome subjects affected / exposed		0 / 1		
subjects affected / exposed  occurrences causally related to treatment / all  deaths causally related to treatment / all  Nervous system disorders  Headache subjects affected / exposed  occurrences causally related to treatment / all  deaths causally related to treatment / all		0 / 0		
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treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all  Nervous system disorders Headache subjects affected / exposed occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all  Migraine subjects affected / exposed occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all  Gastrointestinal disorders Abdominal pain upper subjects affected / exposed occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all	subjects affected / exposed	1 / 213 (0.47%)		
Treatment / all		0 / 1		
Headache subjects affected / exposed  occurrences causally related to treatment / all  deaths causally related to treatment / all  Migraine subjects affected / exposed  occurrences causally related to treatment / all  deaths causally related to treatment / all  deaths causally related to treatment / all  deaths causally related to treatment / all  Gastrointestinal disorders  Abdominal pain upper subjects affected / exposed  occurrences causally related to treatment / all  deaths causally related to treatment / all  deaths causally related to treatment / all  deaths causally related to treatment / all  occurrences causally related to treatment / all		0/0		
subjects affected / exposed  occurrences causally related to treatment / all  deaths causally related to treatment / all  Migraine subjects affected / exposed  occurrences causally related to treatment / all  deaths causally related to treatment / all  deaths causally related to treatment / all  deaths causally related to treatment / all  Gastrointestinal disorders  Abdominal pain upper subjects affected / exposed  occurrences causally related to treatment / all  deaths causally related to treatment / all  o / 0	Nervous system disorders			
occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all 0 / 0  Migraine subjects affected / exposed 1 / 213 (0.47%) occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all 0 / 0  Gastrointestinal disorders Abdominal pain upper subjects affected / exposed occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all 0 / 1 cocurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all 0 / 0	Headache			
treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all  Migraine subjects affected / exposed  occurrences causally related to treatment / all  deaths causally related to treatment / all  deaths causally related to treatment / all  Gastrointestinal disorders  Abdominal pain upper subjects affected / exposed  occurrences causally related to treatment / all  deaths causally related to treatment / all  deaths causally related to treatment / all  deaths causally related to treatment / all  o / 0	subjects affected / exposed	1 / 213 (0.47%)		
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subjects affected / exposed  occurrences causally related to treatment / all  deaths causally related to treatment / all  Gastrointestinal disorders  Abdominal pain upper  subjects affected / exposed  occurrences causally related to treatment / all  deaths causally related to treatment / all  deaths causally related to treatment / all  of 1  1 / 213 (0.47%)  0 / 0  1 / 213 (0.47%)  0 / 1  0 / 1		0 / 0		
subjects affected / exposed  occurrences causally related to treatment / all  deaths causally related to treatment / all  Gastrointestinal disorders  Abdominal pain upper  subjects affected / exposed  occurrences causally related to treatment / all  deaths causally related to treatment / all  deaths causally related to treatment / all  of 1  1 / 213 (0.47%)  0 / 0  1 / 213 (0.47%)  0 / 1  0 / 1	Migraine	1	1	
treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all  Gastrointestinal disorders Abdominal pain upper subjects affected / exposed  occurrences causally related to treatment / all  deaths causally related to treatment / all  deaths causally related to treatment / all  0 / 0		1 / 213 (0.47%)		
deaths causally related to treatment / all 0 / 0  Gastrointestinal disorders Abdominal pain upper subjects affected / exposed 1 / 213 (0.47%) occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all 0 / 0				
Abdominal pain upper subjects affected / exposed 1 / 213 (0.47%)  occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all 0 / 0	deaths causally related to	0 / 0		
subjects affected / exposed 1 / 213 (0.47%)  occurrences causally related to treatment / all 0 / 1  deaths causally related to treatment / all 0 / 0	Gastrointestinal disorders			
occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all 0 / 0	Abdominal pain upper			
treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all 0 / 0	subjects affected / exposed	1 / 213 (0.47%)		
treatment / all 0 / 0		0 / 1		
Gastritis		0/0		
	Gastritis	1		

subjects affected / exposed	1 / 213 (0.47%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	1/1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	
Intestinal perforation		
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 213 (0.47%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	
Hepatobiliary disorders		
Hepatic vein stenosis		
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 213 (0.47%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	
Renal and urinary disorders		
Lupus nephritis		
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 213 (0.47%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	
Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders		
disorders Pain in extremity		
disorders	1 / 213 (0.47%)	
disorders Pain in extremity	1 / 213 (0.47%) 0 / 1	
disorders  Pain in extremity  subjects affected / exposed  occurrences causally related to		
disorders Pain in extremity subjects affected / exposed occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to	0/1	
disorders Pain in extremity subjects affected / exposed occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all  Infections and infestations Cellulitis	0/1	
disorders Pain in extremity subjects affected / exposed occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all Infections and infestations	0/1	
disorders Pain in extremity subjects affected / exposed occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all  Infections and infestations Cellulitis	0/1	
disorders Pain in extremity subjects affected / exposed occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all  Infections and infestations Cellulitis subjects affected / exposed occurrences causally related to	0 / 1	
disorders Pain in extremity subjects affected / exposed  occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all  Infections and infestations Cellulitis subjects affected / exposed occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to	0 / 1 0 / 0 1 / 213 (0.47%) 0 / 1	
disorders Pain in extremity subjects affected / exposed  occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all  Infections and infestations Cellulitis subjects affected / exposed occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1 0 / 0 1 / 213 (0.47%) 0 / 1	
disorders Pain in extremity subjects affected / exposed occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all  Infections and infestations Cellulitis subjects affected / exposed occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all Catheter site infection	0 / 1 0 / 0 1 / 213 (0.47%) 0 / 1	
disorders Pain in extremity subjects affected / exposed  occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all  Infections and infestations Cellulitis subjects affected / exposed  occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all  Catheter site infection subjects affected / exposed occurrences causally related to	0 / 1 0 / 0 1 / 213 (0.47%) 0 / 1 0 / 0 1 / 213 (0.47%)	
disorders Pain in extremity subjects affected / exposed  occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all  Infections and infestations Cellulitis subjects affected / exposed  occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all  Catheter site infection subjects affected / exposed  occurrences causally related to treatment / all  deaths causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to	0 / 1 0 / 0 1 / 213 (0.47%) 0 / 1 0 / 0 1 / 213 (0.47%) 0 / 1	
disorders Pain in extremity subjects affected / exposed  occurrences causally related to treatment / all  deaths causally related to treatment / all  Infections and infestations Cellulitis subjects affected / exposed  occurrences causally related to treatment / all  deaths causally related to treatment / all  Catheter site infection subjects affected / exposed  occurrences causally related to treatment / all  deaths causally related to treatment / all  deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1 0 / 0 1 / 213 (0.47%) 0 / 1 0 / 0 1 / 213 (0.47%) 0 / 1	
disorders Pain in extremity subjects affected / exposed  occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all  Infections and infestations Cellulitis subjects affected / exposed occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all  Catheter site infection subjects affected / exposed occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all Encephalitis	0 / 1 0 / 0 1 / 213 (0.47%) 0 / 0 1 / 213 (0.47%) 0 / 1 0 / 0	

1	1	•
deaths causally related to treatment / all Gastroenteritis	0 / 0	
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 213 (0.47%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	
Pneumonia		
subjects affected / exposed	2 / 213 (0.94%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 2	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	
Pulpitis dental		
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 213 (0.47%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	
Viral upper respiratory tract infection		
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 213 (0.47%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	
Tonsillitis		
subjects affected / exposed	2 / 213 (0.94%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 2	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	

Frequency threshold for reporting non-serious adverse events: 5 %

Non-serious adverse events	Dabigatran etexilate	
Total subjects affected by non-serious adverse events		
subjects affected / exposed	113 / 213 (53.05%)	
Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders		
Cough		
subjects affected / exposed	14 / 213 (6.57%)	
occurrences (all)	17	
Epistaxis		
subjects affected / exposed	14 / 213 (6.57%)	
occurrences (all)	17	

Nervous system disorders			
Headache			
subjects affected / exposed	34 / 213 (15.96%)		
occurrences (all)	54		
General disorders and administration			
site conditions			
Pyrexia			
subjects affected / exposed	15 / 213 (7.04%)		
occurrences (all)	20		
Gastrointestinal disorders			
Diarrhoea			
subjects affected / exposed	15 / 213 (7.04%)		
occurrences (all)	21		
Abdominal pain upper			
subjects affected / exposed	13 / 213 (6.10%)		
occurrences (all)	13		
Dyspepsia			
subjects affected / exposed	15 / 213 (7.04%)		
occurrences (all)	18		
Nausea			
subjects affected / exposed	17 / 213 (7.98%)		
occurrences (all)	25		
Van itin a			
Vomiting subjects affected / exposed	45 ( 040 ( 7 0 40) )		
	15 / 213 (7.04%)		
occurrences (all)	17		
Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders			
Alopecia			
subjects affected / exposed	11 / 213 (5.16%)		
occurrences (all)	13		
Musculoskeletal and connective tissue			
disorders  Arthralgia			
subjects affected / exposed	11 / 212 /5 160/\		
	11 / 213 (5.16%)		
occurrences (all)	14		
Pain in extremity			
subjects affected / exposed	13 / 213 (6.10%)		
occurrences (all)	17		
Infections and infestations			
!	1	1	ı

Nasopharyngitis subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	34 / 213 (15.96%) 54	
Upper respiratory tract infection subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	14 / 213 (6.57%) 14	

### Substantial protocol amendments (globally)

Were there any global substantial amendments to the protocol? Yes

Date	Amendment
02 October 2014	With Global Amendment 1, recruitment of patients with a body weight >40 kg was temporarily suspended. It was projected that, because of the performed capping of the maximum single starting dose at 220 mg, a considerable proportion of patients with a body weight >40 kg will have dabigatran plasma levels falling below 50 ng/mL. Of note, with Global Amendment 2 (see below) a two times daily regimen using actual calculated dosages (according to Hayton equation) was implemented instead of capped dosages.
28 January 2015	A twice daily dosing regimen using actual calculated dosages (according to Hayton equation) was implemented. This dosing regimen also included the additional safeguard of up- or down-titration to achieve a trough plasma level of 50 to <250 ng/mL. The temporary suspension of recruitment of patients with a body weight >40 kg was terminated. It was explained that the maximal daily dose level does neither exceed a daily dose level of 22.2 mg/kg nor a single dose of 330 mg, resulting in a maximal daily dose of 660 mg in the higher age/body weight group. With this amendment, only one dose adjustment was allowed. Consequently, patients not reaching the target trough plasma concentrations after one dose adjustment were to discontinue DE and were to receive subsequently SoC at the investigator's discretion. The extent of up-titration was modified from initially 85 - 100% to 15 -100% to not exceed maximum daily dosages based on acceptable toxicology limits. Dosing and dose adjustment nomograms were incorporated in Appendix 10.4 of the CTP. It was clarified that patients aged 6 months to <8 years and those who cannot take capsule were to receive pellets while patients aged 0 to <6 months and those who cannot take pellets at an age of 6 to <12 months were to receive OLF. For clarification, it was added to inclusion criterion 2 that patients who were switched from DE to the SoC arm during the treatment phase of trial 1160.106 for any reason were not eligible for this trial. An additional exclusion criterion was introduced: Patients in age group 0 to <2 years with gestational age at birth <37 weeks or with a body weight lower than the 3rd percentile (according to the WHO Child growth standards) were not to be entered in the trial.  It was clarified that use of a specific reversal agent to counteract the antithrombotic activity of DE is allowed as soon as available in a framework of clinical investigation.
27 November 2015	The up-titration dosing nomograms for capsules and pellets were updated. It was stated that the dosing nomograms for the OLF will be revised as well in light of the errors identified for the capsule and pellet nomograms and to reflect the acceptable daily intake of tartaric acid. It was defined that this revision will be done before opening the youngest age group (0 to <2 years).

#### 16 March 2016

The assessment of acceptability of all age-appropriate formulations (capsules, pellets, OLF)

was added. Randomisation in a 1:1 ratio to an OLF with either a flavoured or an unflavoured

solvent for reconstitution was introduced.

A summary of the Phase I bioavailability trial 1160.194 was added to provide background

information on the interchangeability of the different DE formulations. Information on the

Phase IIa trial 1160.89 was updated.

In the inclusion criteria, it was added that a temporary interruption of the anticoagulant

therapy for the index VTE event or prior to the start of secondary VTE prophylaxis was

acceptable, if one of the defined pre-requisites was met. In the exclusion criteria, it was

clarified that central venous line insertion is not considered a major surgery and that patients

with a history of asymptomatic petechial or microbleeds are eligible for the trial. The

threshold when to remove patients from the trial because of low eGFR was decreased to

<50 mL/min/1.73 m<sup>2</sup>. The threshold for inclusion into the trial remained at ≥80 mL/min/1.73 m<sup>2</sup>. A precise definition of the eGFR Schwarz formula was added.

The 150 mg DE capsule was introduced to reduce the number of capsules taken by a patient

at a single time point. The derived DE target doses based on Hayton calculations for

newborns aged <1 month and with a body weight <3 kg were added. Dose adjustment step ranges for up-titration were corrected to 10-100% and for downtitration

to 25-50% to reflect the respective dosing nomograms. The dosing nomograms for the OLF were updated.

It was explained that as soon as a clinical trial with a specific reversal agent in paediatric

patients is initiated, eligible patients from trial 1160.108 can be entered in this trial and

receive the reversal agent. Cross reporting of laboratory results between trials is then allowed

to limit the blood volume required for analysis.

#### In the section on sample size, it was clarified that recruitment can be kept open 30 November 2016 after 100 patients have been recruited. The final results of the completed Phase IIa PK/PD trials 1160.89 and 1160.105, which were relevant for the patients to be included in second age group (2 to<12 years) and in the youngest age group (0 to <2 years), were provided. To reflect the sequential introduction of age-appropriate formulations (and OLF in particular), it was clarified that patients in age group 2 to <12 years are to be entered and treated considering the availability of the age-appropriate DE formulations. The 60 lma and 70 mg strengths, which were not planned to be used in the trial, were removed from the dosing nomograms for DE pellets. The eGFR threshold for exclusion from the trial was changed to <60 mL/min/1.73m^2 for patients aged 12 to <18 years. For patients aged 0 to <12 years, the eGFR threshold for exclusion from the trial remained unchanged at <80 mL/min/1.73m^2. It was clarified that patients with a heart valve prosthesis requiring anticoagulation are not to be included in the trial. The analysis set for PK analyses was defined; it was specified that this analysis set will also be used for PK/PD analyses. It was defined that multiple PK/PD and safety interim analyses for any of the age groups may be considered. It was clarified that interim analyses based on selected or partial clinical trial data may be conducted for regulatory purposes. It was added that all deaths are to be considered as non-events for occurrence of PTS and therefore are to be censored. The recommendation to use a proton pump inhibitor such as pantoprazole in case development of gastrointestinal symptoms was replaced by the recommendation to use a proton pump inhibitor according to the local standard of care in accordance with local labelling recommendations.

19 January 2018 A

Active meningitis, encephalitis, and intracranial abscess at Visit 2 were added as exclusion

criteria. Furthermore, patients who developed active meningitis, encephalitis, or intracranial

abscess were to be discontinued from the trial medication.

10 September 2018	The option to administer pellets was expanded to patients <6 months of age. It was explained that the use of OLF is preferred over pellets in patients <12 months of age, provided that OLF supplies are available to the site. The time window from Visit 1 (screening) to Visit 2 (first administration of trial medication) was expanded to 14 days to facilitate screening procedures. It was clarified that the discontinuation from trial medication is required if a drug-related SAE occurred. Accordingly, the option to re-start DE after a major bleeding event was deleted. Reaching steady state of the currently assigned DE formulation (i.e. at least 6 consecutive DE doses taken) was introduced as a prerequisite for considering a switch to another formulation. It was deleted that the primary analysis can only be conducted after all patients have completed the 12-month evaluation or otherwise dropped out from the trial. The requirement not to publish any trial data prior to the finalisation of CTRs was deleted. The definition of the PD endpoints was modified: PD assessments at Visit 3 (after at least 6 consecutive DE doses) and after at least 3 days following any DE dose adjustment were to be considered instead of PD assessments at Visit 4. It was clarified that the PD sample Aliquot 1, if not needed for DE concentration measurement guiding dose adjustment, can be used for the central analysis of PD and PK based on dTT (Anti-Factor IIa activity), aPTT and/or ECT.  An explanation was added that the secondary endpoint of 'number of DE dose adjustments during the treatment period' is equivalent to the number of patients with DE adjustments during the treatment period since only one dose adjustment was allowed per patient.
07 February 2019	The eGFR threshold in exclusion criterion 2 was lowered to <50 mL/min/1.73m^2 for all patients, irrespective of their age.

Notes:

### Interruptions (globally)

Were there any global interruptions to the trial? No

#### **Limitations and caveats**

None reported