ODSC: Data Visualization with ggplot2

Part 1: Thinking with graphs

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Resources



Links:

- Conference Website
- Website
- <u>Part 1</u>
- <u>Part 2</u>

Materials:

- RStudio.Cloud
- Github Repo

Outline



Part 1

Exploratory data analysis

• What is it, who does it, and why it's important

A Bayesian mindset

Priors → new information → posteriors

The grammar of graphics

• Layers, aesthetics, and geoms

Part 2

Build labels first

• Set expectations

Exercises & solutions

• RStudio.Cloud

Creating graphs

 Building graphs layer-by-layer, global vs. local mapping, visual encodings

Applying the grammar

 Mapping vs. setting aesthetics, combining layers, facets



PART 1

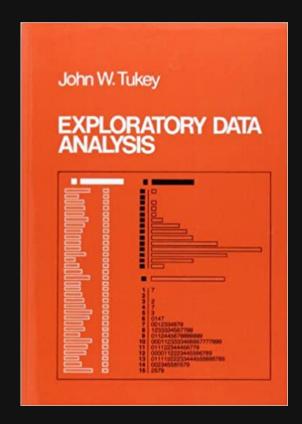


Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)

"EDA"



"Exploratory Data Visualization" first coined by American mathematician John Tukey in 1977



What is EDA?



John T. Behrens, Principles and Procedures of Exploratory Data Analysis:

Emphasis on substantive understanding of data

- i.e. "what is going on here?"

Iterative process with a focus on graphic representations of data

What is EDA?



John T. Behrens, <u>Principles and Procedures of Exploratory Data Analysis</u>:

- Includes subset analyses, skepticism, and flexibility
- The role of the data analyst is to listen to the data in as many ways as possible until a plausible "story" of the data is apparent

Who does EDA?



John Tukey, <u>Exploratory Data Analysis</u>:

A detective investigating a crime needs both tools and understanding.

If he has no fingerprint powder, he will fail to find fingerprints on most surfaces.

If he does not understand where the criminal is likely to have put his fingers, he will not look in the right places.

Equally, the analyst of data needs both tool and understanding.

EDA is a 'state of mind'



Hadley Wickham, R for Data Science:

More than anything, EDA is a state of mind.

During the initial phases of EDA you should feel free to investigate every idea that occurs to you. Some of these ideas will pan out, and some will be dead ends.

As your exploration continues, you will home in on a few particularly productive areas that you'll eventually write up and communicate to others.

Why is EDA important?



"Data are becoming the new raw material of business" - Craig Mundie, CEO at Microsoft

"Data is the oil of the digital era" - The Economist



Why is EDA important?



Data are complex:

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             ms":"file=chartdata_new.json", "class":"com.orgmanager.dala.za."
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```

It's hard to derive insight from data in it's raw form!

EDA is a means of visualizing complexity



- It's hard to make sense of a dataset or database with millions of rows and thousands of columns
- Fortunately, humans are excellent at seeing patterns:



Superior pattern processing is the essence of the evolved human brain

REVIEW article

Front. Neurosci., 22 August 2014 | https://doi.org/10.3389/fnins.2014.00265

Superior pattern processing is the essence of the evolved human brain - Frontiers in Neuroscience

What do you need?



Tools = R, RStudio, Adobe, sketch pad, text editor (Atom, Sublime Text, Vim)

Understanding = ...experience and feedback





What we thought we knew (what we expect)



New information (what we see)



What we think now (what we've learned)



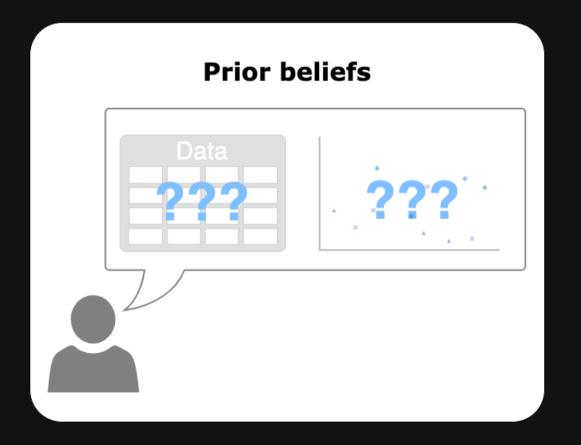
We all have implicit beliefs ('priors') about the world

When we encounter new data or information, our priors get updated

These updated beliefs ('posteriors') depend on our implicit beliefs and our perceptions of the new information

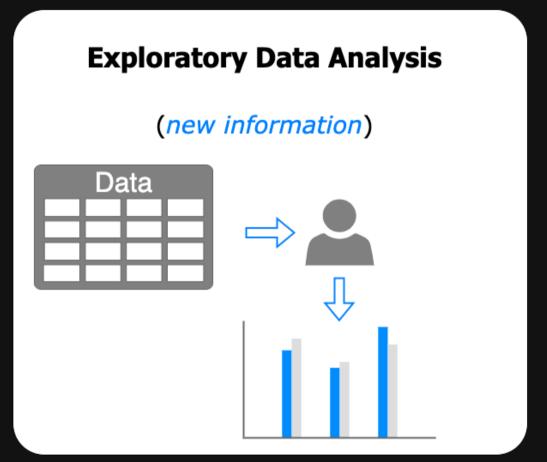


Before EDA, we start with expectations and/or assumptions about the data



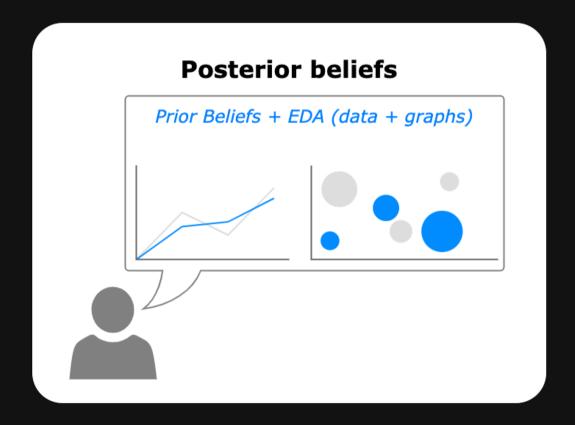


During EDA, we observe new information that either confirms or contradicts our prior beliefs





After EDA, we have a new set of beliefs which account for the observed data



EDA is systematic, technical creativity



The 'exploration' stems from:

- 1) articulating our prior beliefs,
- 2) having clear ideas for what we expect to see, and
- 3) accurately describing our discoveries



A Grammar Of Graphics

ggplot2: grammar & syntax



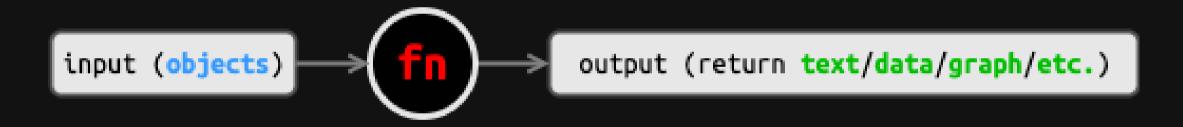
Grammar: the system of rules for any given language

Syntax: the form, structure and order for constructing statements

ggplot2: the benefits of grammar & syntax



"objects are like the R language's nouns, and functions (fn) are like verbs"



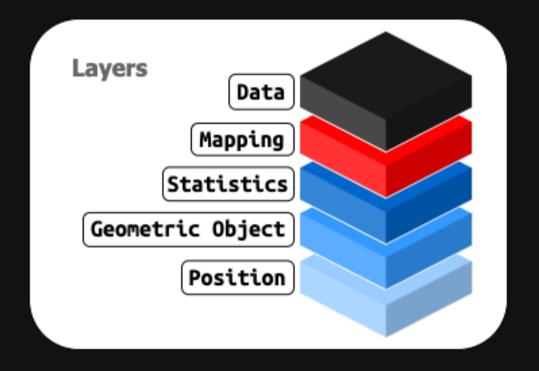
functions do things to objects

ggplot2: a layered language for graphs



ggplot2 is comprised of layers

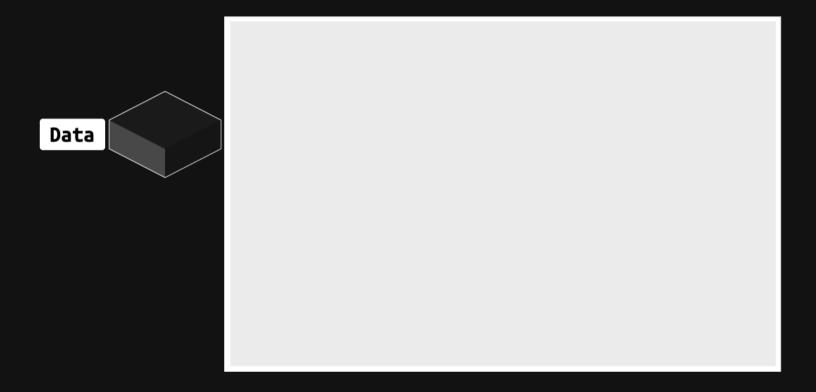
- Data
- Mapping
- Statistics
- Geometric objects
- Position adjustments



ggplot2: data



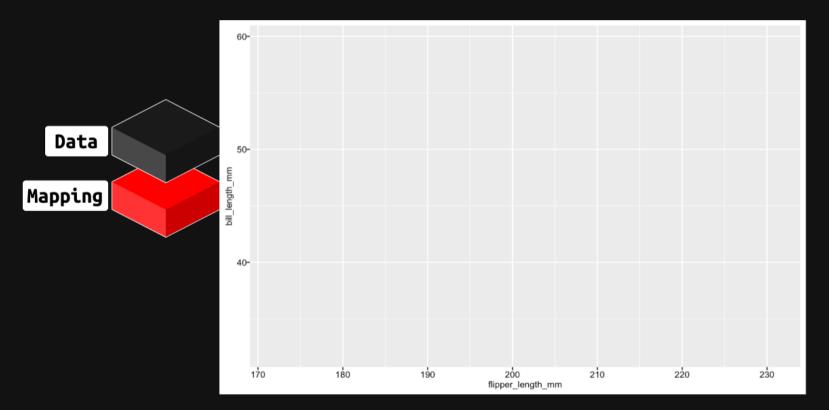
The data layer consists of a rectangular object (like a spreadsheet) with columns and rows



ggplot2: mapping



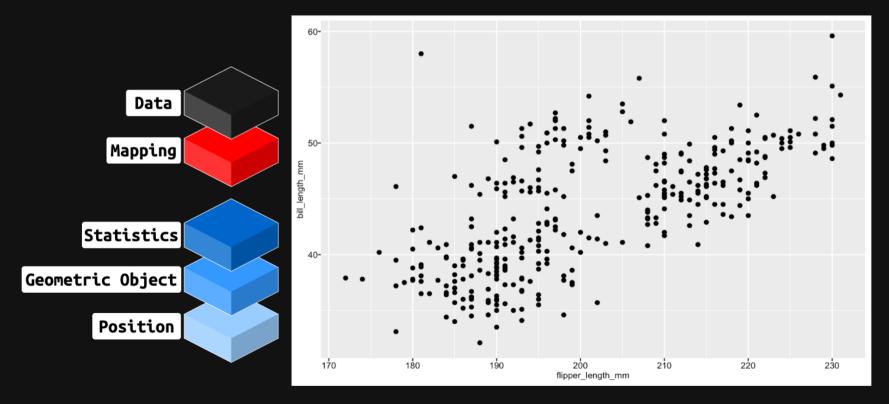
The mapping layer assigns columns (variables) from the data to a visual property (i.e. graph 'aesthetic')



ggplot2: geoms



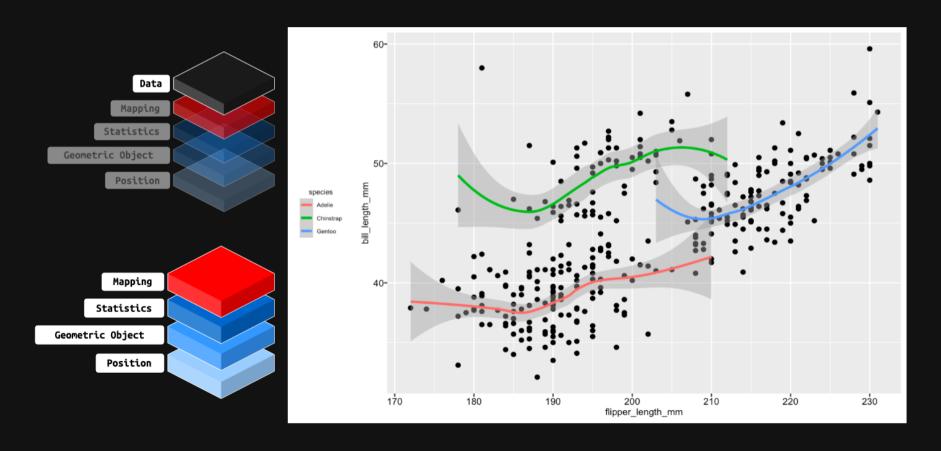
geom_*() functions include statistical transformations, shapes, and position adjustments for how to 'draw' the data on the graph



ggplot2: layers



We can have multiple layers (data, mappings, geoms) in a single graph





Language is a system for

"making infinite use of finite means." - Wilhelm von Humboldt

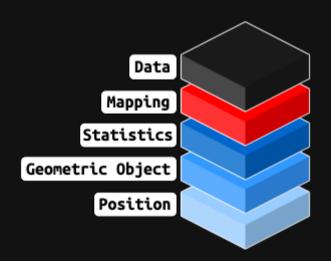
With a finite number of objects & functions, we can combine ggplot2s grammar and syntax to create an infinite number of graphs!



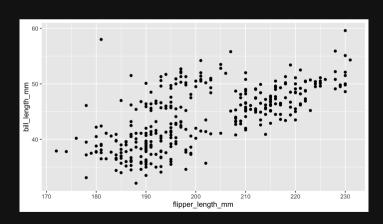
We can build graphs layer-by-layer

code

layer



graph

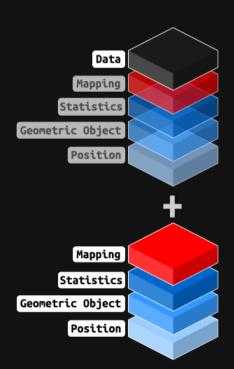




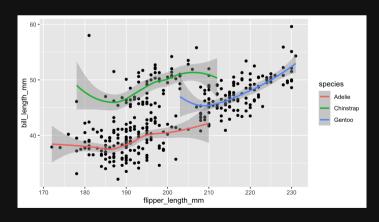
New layers can 'inherit' data from previous layers (or include their own data)

code

layer



graph

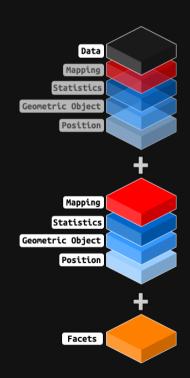




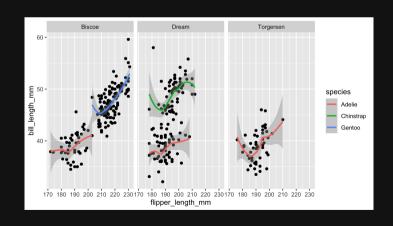
Additional functions for facets, themes, etc.

code

layer



graph

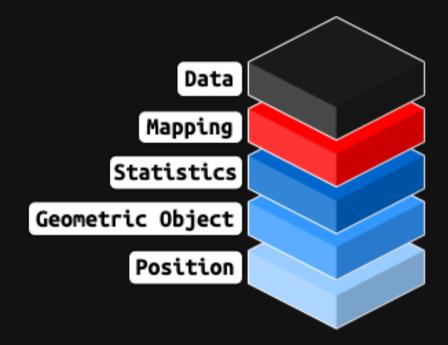


ggplot2: templates



Basic Template: Data, aesthetic mappings, geom

```
ggplot(data = <DATA>) +
    geom_*(mapping = aes(<AESTHETIC MAPPINGS>))
```

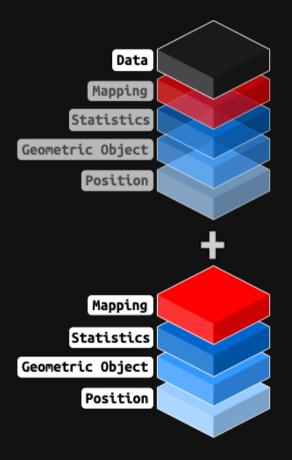


ggplot2: templates



Template + 1 Layer: More geoms and aesthetic mappings

```
ggplot(data = <DATA>) +
    geom_*(mapping = aes(<AESTHETIC MAPPINGS>)) +
    geom_*(mapping = aes(<AESTHETIC MAPPINGS>))
```

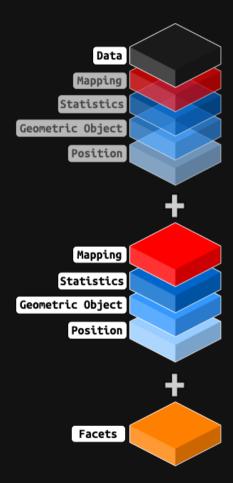


ggplot2: templates



Template + 2 Layers: Faceting

```
ggplot(data = <DATA>) +
    geom_*(mapping = aes(<AESTHETIC MAPPINGS>)) +
    geom_*(mapping = aes(<AESTHETIC MAPPINGS>)) +
    facet_*
```



templates = infinitely extensible!



Themes

Don't forget labels!

```
ggplot(data = <DATA>) +
    geom_*(mapping = aes(<AESTHETIC MAPPINGS>)) +
    geom_*(mapping = aes(<AESTHETIC MAPPINGS>)) +
    facet_* +
    theme_*
```

```
ggplot(data = <DATA>) +
    geom_*(mapping = aes(<AESTHETIC MAPPINGS>)) +
    geom_*(mapping = aes(<AESTHETIC MAPPINGS>)) +
    facet_* +
    theme_* +
    <LABELS>
```



Next up: Part 2!