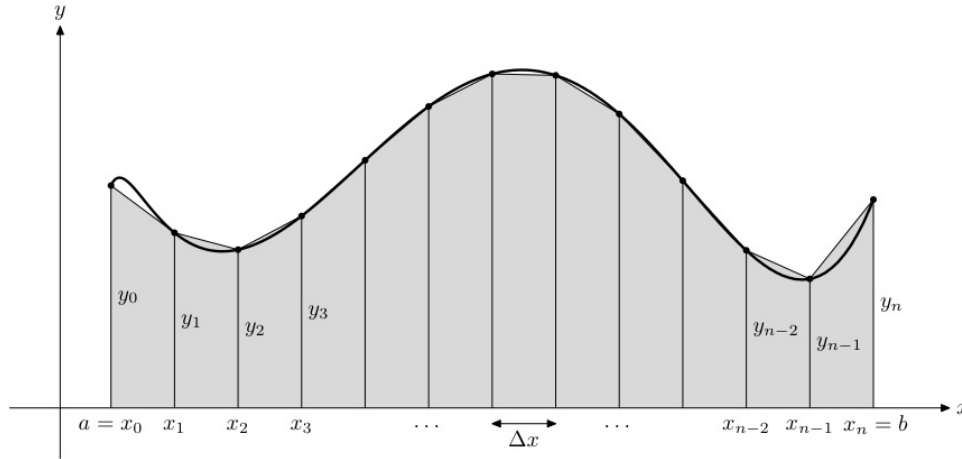


# EECE.2160: ECE Application Programming

## Programming Assignment #5: Integral Approximation with Functions

Figures



**Figure 1:** Demonstration of trapezoidal method

In the figure, the range  $[a, b]$  has been divided into  $n$  different trapezoids, each of which has the same base,  $\Delta x = (b - a)/n$ . Recall that a trapezoid with base  $b$  and sides  $h_1$  and  $h_2$  has area:

$$0.5 \times b \times (h_1 + h_2)$$

Therefore, the area of trapezoid number  $k$  ( $1 \leq k \leq n$ ) from the figure above is:

$$0.5 \times \Delta x \times (y_{k-1} + y_k) = 0.5 \times \Delta x \times (f(x_{k-1}) + f(x_k))$$

To find the total area under the curve—and therefore the approximate integral—sum the areas of all trapezoids:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area} &= 0.5 \times \Delta x \times (y_0 + y_1) + 0.5 \times \Delta x \times (y_1 + y_2) + \cdots + 0.5 \times \Delta x \times (y_{n-1} + y_n) \\ &= 0.5 \times \Delta x \times (y_0 + y_1 + y_1 + y_2 + \cdots + y_{n-1} + y_n) \\ &= 0.5 \times \Delta x \times (y_0 + 2y_1 + 2y_2 + \cdots + 2y_{n-1} + y_n) \\ &= \mathbf{0.5 \times \Delta x \times \left( y_0 + 2 \sum_{k=1}^{n-1} y_k + y_n \right)} \approx \int_a^b f(x) dx \end{aligned}$$

Your integral function will use the equation shown in bold above to approximate the integral, given the endpoints of the interval  $[a, b]$  and the number of trapezoids,  $n$ .