

## Homework 3

*Handed Out: September 21, 2017**Due: October 03, 2017 11:59 pm*

## 1 General Instructions

- This assignment is due at 11:59 PM on the due date. We will be using Sakai (<https://sakailogin.nd.edu/portal/site/FA17-CSE-40647-CX-01>) for collecting this assignment. Contact TA if you face technical difficulties in submitting the assignment. We shall NOT accept any late submission!
- The homework MUST be submitted in pdf format. Handwritten answers are not acceptable. Name your pdf file as YourNetid-HW3.pdf
- You need to explain the logic of your answer/result for every question. A result/answer without any explanation will not receive any point.
- It is OK to discuss the problems with the TA and your classmates, however, it is NOT OK to work together or share code. Plagiarism is an academic violation to copy, to include text from other sources, including online sources, without proper citation. To get a better idea of what constitutes plagiarism, consult the Honor code on academic integrity violations, including examples, and recommended penalties. There is a zero tolerance policy on academic integrity violations. Any student found to be violating this code will be subject to disciplinary action.
- Please use Piazza if you have questions about the homework. Also feel free to send TA emails and come to office hours.

## 2 Question 1 (40 points)

A database has 10 transactions. Let  $min\_sup = 2$ .

trans_id	items
1	{a, b }
2	{b, c, d }
3	{a, c, d, e }
4	{a, d, e }
5	{a, b, c }
6	{a, b, c, d }
7	{a }
8	{a, b, c }
9	{a, b, d }
10	{b, c, e }

1. (20') Please use Apriori Algorithm to find all frequent patterns and their counts. (Note: Please list frequent patterns and their counts step by step. Only results are not acceptable )
2. (20') Please use FP-growth Algorithm to find all frequent patterns and their counts. (Note: You will need to draw the FP-Tree and list frequent patterns and their counts step by step. Only results are not acceptable.)

### 3 Question 2 (20 points)

The definitions of two measures, *lift* and *cosine*, look rather similar as shown below,

$$lift(A, B) = \frac{s(A \cup B)}{s(A) \times s(B)}$$

$$cosine(A, B) = \frac{s(A \cup B)}{\sqrt{s(A) \times s(B)}}$$

where  $s(A)$  is the *relative* support of itemset  $A$ . Explain why one of these two measures is *null-invariant* but the other is not.

### 4 Question 3 (20 points)

A database has 4 transactions. Let  $min\_sup = 2$ .

trans_id	items
1	{A, C, F, G}
2	{A, B, C, F}
3	{A, B, C, D, F}
4	{B, D, E}

Please choose the closed patterns from the following patterns. (Note: Briefly describe your idea on how to decide which is closed pattern and which is not.)

- Pattern 1: {D}
- Pattern 2: {A, B, C, F}
- Pattern 3: {B, F}
- Pattern 4: {B, D}
- Pattern 5: {A, C, F}

## 5 Question 4 (20 points)

A sequence database has 3 sequences. Items in the same parenthesis means they were got together in one event. Let  $min\_sup = 2$ .

sequence_id	sequence
1	(AB)C(FG)G
2	(AD)CB(ABF)
3	AB(FG)

Please choose the sequential patterns from the following patterns. (Note: Briefly describe your idea on how to decide which is sequential pattern and which is not.)

- Pattern 1: ACF
- Pattern 2: (FG)B
- Pattern 3: (FG)
- Pattern 4: B(FG)
- Pattern 5: GF