

Homework 1

Handed Out: January 18, 2018

Due: February 6, 2018 11:59 pm

- This assignment is due at **11:59 PM** on the due date. Contact TA if you have technical difficulties in submitting it on **Sakai**. We shall NOT accept any late submission!
- Homework must be submitted in ZIP format (including .pdf and .py). Name your ZIP file as **YourNetid-HWx.zip**. Handwritten answers must be scanned into PDF.
 - YourNetid-HWx.zip
 - YourNetid-HWx.pdf
 - YourNetid-HWx-Qy.py
 - ... (and any supplementary materials)
- Please use **Piazza** if you have any question about the homework.

Data set

Suppose we have $N = 1,000$ students who have taken both *Math* and *Data Science* classes. We sample $n = 9$ of them and list their names (fake as NBA player's names), *Math* scores, and *Data Science* scores as below. We will do some data processing in this homework on this sample data set. Good luck!

Student name	Math score	Data Science score
Giannis Antetokounmpo	82	84
Kobe Bryant	98	97
Stephen Curry	83	83
Kevin Durant	95	97
Joel Embiid	76	87
Markelle Fultz	71	73
Manu Ginobili	81	83
James Harden	85	87
Brandon Ingram	76	83

1 Data Description (25 points)

1. Calculate *mean*, *median*, and *mode* of *Data Science* scores.
2. Calculate *variance* and *standard deviation* of *Data Science* scores.
3. We denote the i -th student's *Data Science* score as x_i ($1 \leq i \leq n$), denote the *mean* of these n scores as μ , and denote the *variance* as v . Suppose we sample one more student "Michael Jordan" whose *Data Science* score is x_{n+1} . Now we denote the new

mean (of the $n + 1$ students' *Data Science* scores) as μ' and the new variance as v' . Please write down the function

$$\mu' = f(\mu, n, x_{n+1}) \quad (1)$$

and the function

$$v' = g(v, \mu, n, x_{n+1}) \quad (2)$$

to incrementally calculate μ' and v' . Note that none of x_i ($1 \leq i \leq n$) or μ' is allowed to be used in the functions as input variable. You may assume $x_{n+1} = 100$ and use the given data points to verify if your functions are correct or not.

2 Data Visualization (35 points)

Use Python to generate the following two plots with the sample data set:

1. Q-Q plot. The X-axis is *Math* score. The Y-axis is *Data Science* score. Add a proper dashed line to answer the question: Which course is easier for the students, *Math* or *Data Science*?
2. Scatter plot. The X-axis is *Math* score. The Y-axis is *Data Science* score. Draw a *linear regression* dashed line to answer the question: Which student is more likely to be an outlier (farthest from the line)?

Please submit your code as **YourNetid-HW1-Q2.py**. Attach your figures and write down your answers in the PDF.

3 Data Reduction (35 points)

Suppose the matrix X (size: $n \times n$) below is the adjacency matrix of student-student social graph: $X_{i,j}$ is "1" if the two students are the same ($i = j$) or connected; "0" if they are different ($i \neq j$) and not connected. We consider the $n = 9$ students as data objects (rows) and as features (columns) themselves.

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
Antetokounmpo	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0
Bryant	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0
Curry	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0
Durant	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0
Embiid	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1
Fultz	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1
Ginobili	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0
Harden	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0
Ingram	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1

Use Python to call a Singular Value Decomposition (SVD) package and calculate *left singular vector* \mathbf{U} (size: $n \times k$) and *singular values* λ_i ($i = 1 \dots k$) where the number of singular values k is set as 2. The goal is to reduce the number of features from n to k .

Please submit your code as **YourNetid-HW1-Q3.py**. Write down in the PDF \mathbf{U} , λ_i , and your observations on the two new features: Can you find the two student clusters?

4 Course Project: Teaming (5 points)

Who is/are your project partner(s)? List their names. Note that the number of names can only be 1–3. Please refer to the project policy: **The students may work in team of 2–4 (minimum 2 members are required) for the class project.**