run_classifier

January 14, 2020

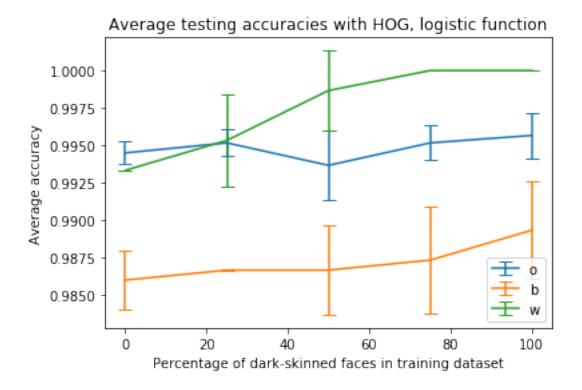
```
In [1]: from test_face_classifier import test_face_classifier_l
        from test_face_classifier import test_face_classifier_rf
        from get_testing_data import get_testing_data
        from get_hog_images import get_hog_images
        import numpy as np
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import scipy.stats as stats
In [2]: # save hog descriptors for testing data as csv
        # descriptors, classes, races = get_testing_data(300, 9)
        # np.savetxt("hog_descriptors.csv", descriptors, delimiter=",")
        # np.savetxt("hog_races.csv", races, delimiter=",")
In [7]: # Run classifier over num trials and return average testing accuracies and false posit
        # training with normal nonfaces, random forest
        def run_classifier(num_trials, num_training, classifier):
            all_overall = np.zeros([5, num_trials])
            all_white = np.zeros([5, num_trials])
            all_black = np.zeros([5, num_trials])
            all_falsepos = np.zeros([5, num_trials])
            for i in range(num_trials):
                print("trial " + str(i))
                overall_acc = np.zeros(5)
                white_acc = np.zeros(5)
                black_acc = np.zeros(5)
                false_pos = np.zeros(5)
                overall, white, black, falsepos = classifier(num_training, 300, 9, 'train_0',
                overall_acc[0] = overall
                white_acc[0] = white
                black_acc[0] = black
                false_pos[0] = falsepos
                overall, white, black, falsepos = classifier(num_training, 300, 9, 'train_25',
                overall_acc[1] = overall
                white_acc[1] = white
                black_acc[1] = black
                false_pos[1] = falsepos
                overall, white, black, falsepos = classifier(num_training, 300, 9, 'train_50',
                overall_acc[2] = overall
```

```
false_pos[2] = falsepos
                overall, white, black, falsepos = classifier(num_training, 300, 9, 'train_75',
                overall acc[3] = overall
                white_acc[3] = white
                black_acc[3] = black
                false_pos[3] = falsepos
                overall, white, black, falsepos = classifier(num_training, 300, 9, 'train_100'
                overall_acc[4] = overall
                white_acc[4] = white
                black_acc[4] = black
                false_pos[4] = falsepos
                # set datasets
                all_overall[:, i] = overall_acc
                all_white[:, i] = white_acc
                all_black[:, i] = black_acc
                all_falsepos[:, i] = falsepos
            return (all_overall, all_white, all_black, all_falsepos)
In [8]: # get plot for average accuracies
        def plot_accuracies(all_overall, all_white, all_black):
            x = [0, 25, 50, 75, 100]
            # stddev
            std_o = np.std(all_overall, axis=1)
            std_w = np.std(all_white, axis=1)
            std_b = np.std(all_black, axis=1)
            print(std_w)
            # average
            avg_o = np.average(all_overall, axis=1)
            avg_w = np.average(all_white, axis=1)
            avg_b = np.average(all_black, axis=1)
            # plot
            f, ax = plt.subplots()
            ax.errorbar(x, avg_o, std_o, label='o', capsize=5)
            ax.errorbar(x, avg_b, std_b, label='b', capsize=5)
            ax.errorbar(x, avg_w, std_w, label='w', capsize=5)
            return ax
0.1 Logistic
In [12]: # run logistic classifier with 10 trials
         all_overall_1, all_white_1, all_black_1, all_falsepos_1 = run_classifier(10, 4020, teals)
trial 0
trial 1
```

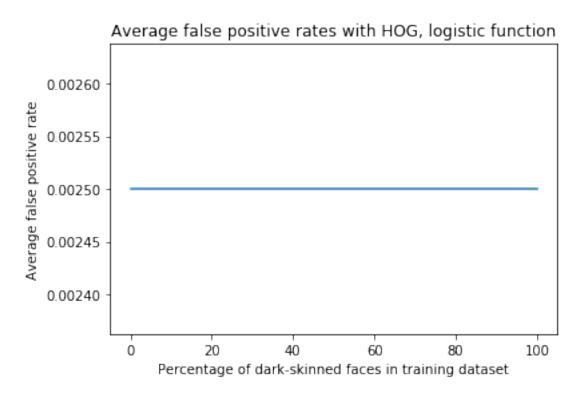
white_acc[2] = white black_acc[2] = black

```
trial 2
trial 3
trial 4
trial 5
trial 6
trial 7
trial 8
trial 9
```

[1.11022302e-16 3.05505046e-03 2.66666667e-03 0.00000000e+00 0.00000000e+00]



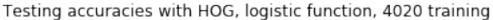
```
x = [0, 25, 50, 75, 100]
plt.plot(x, avg_fp_l)
plt.title("Average false positive rates with HOG, logistic function")
plt.xlabel("Percentage of dark-skinned faces in training dataset")
plt.ylabel("Average false positive rate")
plt.savefig('hog_falsepos_logistic.png', dpi=300)
plt.show()
```

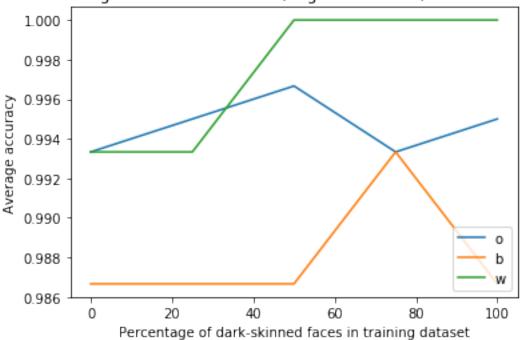


```
In [12]: # # training with harder nonfaces
         # overall_acc = np.zeros(5)
         # white acc = np.zeros(5)
         # black_acc = np.zeros(5)
         # false_pos = np.zeros(5)
         # overall, white, black, falsepos = test_face_classifier_l(300, 300, 9, 'train_0', 'h
         # overall_acc[0] = overall
         # white_acc[0] = white
         \# black\_acc[0] = black
         # false_pos[0] = falsepos
         # overall, white, black, falsepos = test_face_classifier_l(300, 300, 9, 'train_25', '
         # overall_acc[1] = overall
         # white_acc[1] = white
         \# black\_acc[1] = black
         # false_pos[1] = falsepos
         # overall, white, black, falsepos = test_face_classifier_l(300, 300, 9, 'train_50', '
```

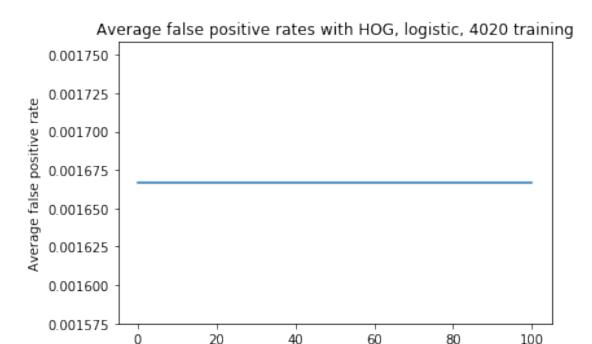
```
# overall_acc[2] = overall
         # white_acc[2] = white
         \# black\_acc[2] = black
         # false_pos[2] = falsepos
         # overall, white, black, falsepos = test_face_classifier_l(300, 300, 9, 'train_75', '
         # overall_acc[3] = overall
         # white_acc[3] = white
         \# black\_acc[3] = black
         # false_pos[3] = falsepos
         # overall, white, black, falsepos = test_face_classifier_l(300, 300, 9, 'train_100',
         # overall_acc[4] = overall
         # white_acc[4] = white
         \# black\_acc[4] = black
         # false_pos[4] = falsepos
In [13]: # # graph
         # x = [0, 25, 50, 75, 100]
         # plt.plot(x, overall_acc, label='overall')
         # plt.plot(x, white_acc, label='light-skinned')
         # plt.plot(x, black_acc, label='dark-skinned')
         # plt.legend(loc="lower right")
         # plt.title("Average accuracies with HOG, logistic function, hard nonfaces")
         # plt.xlabel("Percentage of dark-skinned faces in training dataset")
         # plt.ylabel("Average accuracy")
         # plt.show()
In [14]: # # plot average false positive rates
         # x = [0, 25, 50, 75, 100]
         # plt.plot(x, avg_falsepos)
         # plt.title("Average false positive rates with HOG, logistic function, hard nonfaces"
         # plt.xlabel("Percentage of dark-skinned faces in training dataset")
         # plt.ylabel("Average false positive rate")
         # plt.show()
In [10]: # train with 4020 examples
         avg_overall_1, avg_white_1, avg_black_1, avg_falsepos_1 = run_classifier(1, 4020, tes
trial 0
In [21]: # plot accuracies
        x = [0, 25, 50, 75, 100]
         plt.plot(x, avg_overall_1, label='o')
         plt.plot(x, avg_black_l, label='b')
         plt.plot(x, avg_white_l, label='w')
         plt.legend(loc="lower right")
        plt.title("Testing accuracies with HOG, logistic function, 4020 training")
         plt.xlabel("Percentage of dark-skinned faces in training dataset")
         plt.ylabel("Average accuracy")
```

```
plt.savefig('hog_4020_logistic.png', dpi=300)
plt.show()
```





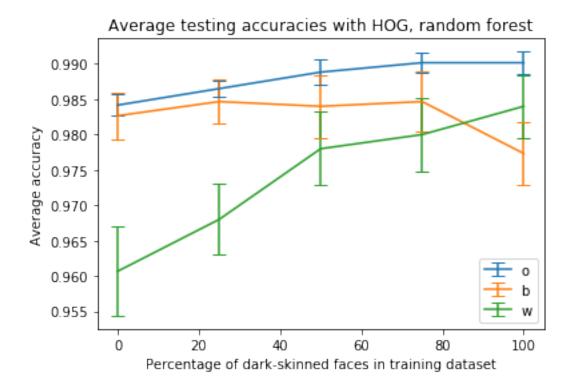
```
In [19]: # plot false positive rates
    x = [0, 25, 50, 75, 100]
    plt.plot(x, avg_falsepos_l)
    plt.title("Average false positive rates with HOG, logistic, 4020 training")
    plt.xlabel("Percentage of dark-skinned faces in training dataset")
    plt.ylabel("Average false positive rate")
    plt.savefig('hog_4020_falsepos_logistic.png', dpi=300)
    plt.show()
```



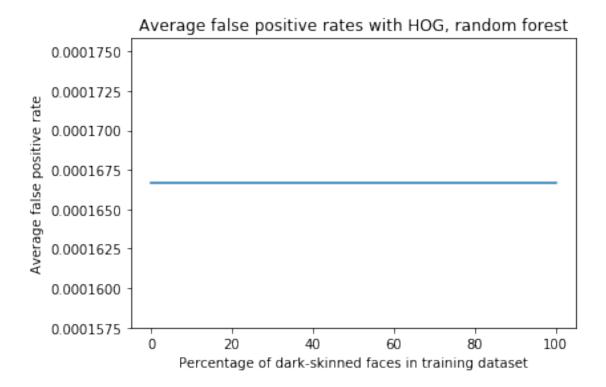
0.2 Random forest

```
In [9]: # run random forest classifier with 10 trials
        all_overall_rf, all_white_rf, all_black_rf, all_falsepos_rf = run_classifier(10, 4020,
trial 0
trial 1
trial 2
trial 3
trial 4
trial 5
trial 6
trial 7
trial 8
trial 9
In [10]: plot = plot_accuracies(all_overall_rf, all_white_rf, all_black_rf)
         plt.legend(loc="lower right")
         plt.title("Average testing accuracies with HOG, random forest")
         plt.xlabel("Percentage of dark-skinned faces in training dataset")
         plt.ylabel("Average accuracy")
         plt.savefig('hog_avg_rf.png', dpi=300)
         plt.show()
```

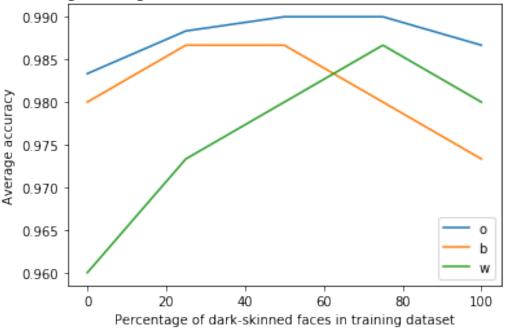
Percentage of dark-skinned faces in training dataset



```
In [11]: # plot false positive rates
    x = [0, 25, 50, 75, 100]
    avg_fp_rf = np.average(all_falsepos_rf, axis=1)
    std_fp_rf = np.std(all_falsepos_rf, axis=1)
    plt.plot(x, avg_fp_rf)
    #plt.errorbar(x, avg_fp_rf, std_fp_rf)
    plt.title("Average false positive rates with HOG, random forest")
    plt.xlabel("Percentage of dark-skinned faces in training dataset")
    plt.ylabel("Average false positive rate")
    plt.savefig('hog_falsepos_rf.png', dpi=300)
    plt.show()
```

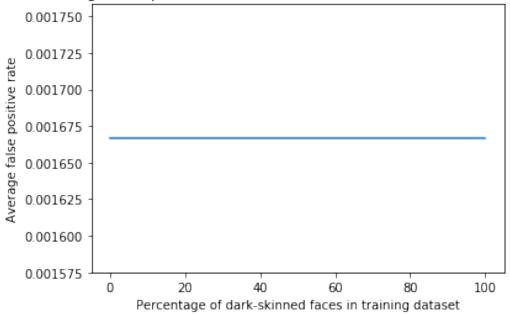






```
In [32]: # plot false positive rates
    x = [0, 25, 50, 75, 100]
    plt.plot(x, avg_falsepos_rf)
    plt.title("Average false positive rates with HOG, random forest, 4020 training")
    plt.xlabel("Percentage of dark-skinned faces in training dataset")
    plt.ylabel("Average false positive rate")
    plt.show()
```

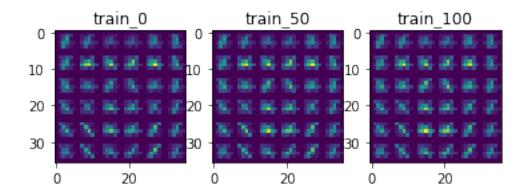


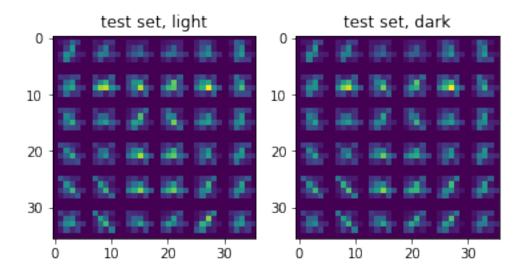


0.2.1 Compare top hog features

```
In [5]: def get_avg_image(images):
            # average hog images together and display
            avg_image = np.zeros([36, 36])
            num_images = images.shape[0]
            for image in images:
                for i, row in enumerate(image):
                    avg_image[i, :] = np.add(avg_image[i, :], row)
            avg_image = avg_image / num_images
            return avg_image
In [2]: # 0%
       hog_images_0, _ = get_hog_images(4020, 9, 'train_0')
In [3]: # 50%
        # 0%
        hog_images_50, _ = get_hog_images(4020, 9, 'train_50')
In [4]: # 100%
        hog_images_100, _ = get_hog_images(4020, 9, 'train_100')
In [6]: f, axarr = plt.subplots(1,3)
        axarr[0].imshow(get_avg_image(hog_images_0))
        axarr[0].set_title("train_0")
        axarr[1].imshow(get_avg_image(hog_images_50))
```

```
axarr[1].set_title("train_50")
axarr[2].imshow(get_avg_image(hog_images_100))
axarr[2].set_title("train_100")
f.savefig('avg_hog_features_train.png', dpi=300)
```





In []: