Project 5 Report ECE 5600

Nathan Tipton A01207112 Partner: Erik Sargent

Dec 1, 2017

1 Objective

The purpose of this project is to familiarize ourselves with the User Datagram Protocol (UDP). We will also implement IP fragmentation and defragmentation to break up larger packets that are greater than the max packet size.

2 Results

We implemented the IP fragmentation and defragmentation in our code. This allows larger packets to be broken up and sent via UDP. Figure 1 shows a wireshark screenshot of our code working with UDP echo and IP fragmentation.

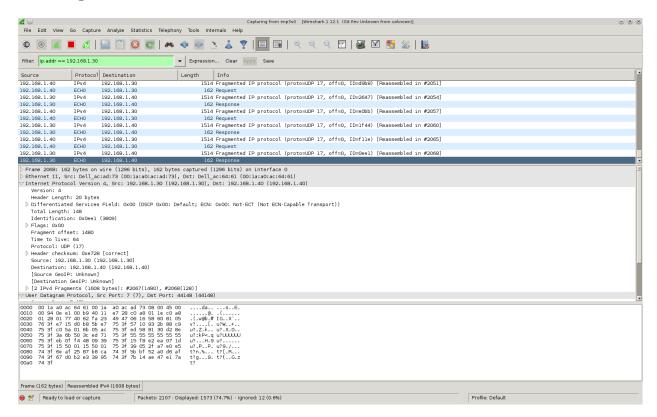


Figure 1: Wireshark screenshot of fragmentation and UDP echo

2.1 UDP Packet headers

REQUEST1

0000 00 1a a0 ac ad 73 00 1a a0 ac 64 61 08 00 45 00 0010 00 94 64 e9 00 b9 40 11 91 20 c0 a8 01 28 c0 a8 0020 01 1e 40 62 01 77 fa 23 76 3f 06 16 58 60 81 05

RESPONSE1

0000 00 1a a0 ac 64 61 00 1a a0 ac ad 73 08 00 45 00 0010 00 94 9b 16 00 b9 40 11 5a f3 c0 a8 01 1e c0 a8 0020 01 28 01 77 40 62 fa 23 49 47 06 16 58 60 81 05

REQUEST2

 $0000\ 00\ 1a\ a0\ ac\ ad\ 73\ 00\ 1a\ a0\ ac\ 64\ 61\ 08\ 00\ 45\ 00$ 0010 00 94 6e 38 00 b9 40 11 87 d1 c0 a8 01 28 c0 a8 0020 01 1e 40 62 01 77 fa 23 76 3f 06 16 58 60 81 05

RESPONSE2

0000 00 1a a0 ac 64 61 00 1a a0 ac ad 73 08 00 45 00 0010 00 94 91 c7 00 b9 40 11 64 42 c0 a8 01 1e c0 a8 0020 01 28 01 77 40 62 fa 23 49 47 06 16 58 60 81 05

3 Conclusion

UDP is a connectionless service. Packets of data, datagrams, are sent to ports on the computer. There is a destination port and source port. Sending to port 7 will use the UDP echo.

4 Appendix

i

```
#include "util.h"
#include "chksum.h"
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
#include <string>
#include <time.h>
#include <vector>
#include <array>
#include <fstream>
                           // gives us access to the raw network // message queue for the IP protocol stack
frameio net;
message_queue ip_queue;
message queue arp queue; // message queue for the ARP protocol stack
struct ether_frame
                           // handy template for 802.3/DIX frames
    octet dst_mac[6];
                               destination MAC address
    octet src_mac[6];
                               source MAC address
                               protocol (or length)
    octet prot[2];
    octet data[1500];
                            // payload
};
```

```
{\tt class\ ARP\_Table}
              public:
                           octet ip_addr[4];
                           octet mac_addr[6];
                           time_t timer;
                           ARP\_Table(octet\ ip[4],\ octet\ mac[6]) {
                                        memcpy(ip_addr, ip, 4);
                                        memcpy(mac addr, mac, 6);
                                         time(&timer);
                                         //std::cout << "Timer value: " << timer << std::endl;
                                         //\operatorname{printf}("Cached\ IP:\ \%d.\%d.\%d.\%d\n",\ ip\_addr[0],\ ip\_addr[1],\ ip\_addr[2],\ ip\_addr[2],
             [3]);
                                          //\operatorname{printf}("\operatorname{Cached}\operatorname{MAC}: \%x.\%x.\%x.\%x.\%x.\%n", \operatorname{mac\_addr}[0], \operatorname{mac\_addr}[1], \operatorname{mac\_addr}[2],
             mac_addr[3]);
                           };
                           bool is_ip(octet ip[4]) {
                                         // \overline{\mathrm{printf}} ( \text{"Cached IP: } \%d.\%d.\%d.\%d.\%d. \text{"n", ip\_addr}[0] , \text{ ip\_addr}[1] , \text{ ip\_addr}[2] , \text
             [3]);
                                        \label{eq:continuous_problem} [\,2\,]\;,\;\; \mathrm{mac\_addr}\,[\,3\,]\;,\;\; \mathrm{mac\_addr}\,[\,4\,]\;,\;\; \mathrm{mac\_addr}\,[\,5\,]\,)\;;
                                         for (int i = 0; i < 4; i++) {
                                                      if (ip_addr[i] != ip[i]) {
                                                                    return false;
                                         return true;
                           }
};
std::vector<ARP_Table>cache_table;
octet_local_addr[4];
        This thread sits around and receives frames from the network.
// When it gets one, it dispatches it to the proper protocol stack.
void *protocol_loop(void *arg)
             ether_frame buf;
              while (1)
                           int n = net.recv frame(&buf, sizeof(buf));
                           if ( n < 42 ) continue; // bad frame! switch ( buf.prot[0]<<8 | buf.prot[1] )
                                         case 0x800:
                                                      ip queue.send(PACKET, buf.data,n);
                                                      break;
                                         case 0x806:
                                                      arp_queue.send(PACKET, buf.data,n);
                                                      break;
                           }
             }
struct Arr {
              octet buf[1500];
             Arr(octet *b) {
                          memcpy(buf, b, 1500);
};
//
```

```
// Toy function to print something interesting when an IP frame arrives
void *ip_protocol_loop(void *arg)
    octet buf[1500];
    event_kind event;
    int \overline{timer} no = 1;
    const octet *local mac = net.get mac();
    std::vector<Arr> bufs;
    // for fun, fire a timer each time we get a frame
    while (1)
        ip_queue.recv(&event, buf, sizeof(buf));
        // UDP
        if (buf[9] = 0x11) {
             Arr arr (buf);
             bufs.push_back(arr);
             printf("flags: %x\n", buf[6] >> 5);
             // std::cout << "Received UDP packet to port " << ((buf[22] << 8) | buf[23]) <<
    std :: endl;
               More data
             if ((buf[6] >> 5) = 0x01) {
                 std::cout << "Waiting for more data" << std::endl;
             // \text{else if (buf[23]} = 7)  {
             if ((buf[6] >> 5) = 0x00) {
 std::cout << "No longer waiting for data" << std::endl;
                 printf("Target packet id: %x %x\n", buf[4], buf[5]);
                 bool port confirmed = false;
                 \  \  \, \text{for (int $\overline{i}$ = 0; i < bufs.size(); i++) } \, \{
                     if (bufs[i].buf[23] == 7)
                         port_confirmed = true;
                 if (!port_confirmed) {
                     std::cout << "Data was not being sent to port 7" << std::endl;
                     continue;
                 std::cout << "Transmit everything, buf size: " << bufs.size() << std::endl;
                 for (int i = 0; i < bufs.size(); i++) {
                     if (bufs[i].buf[4] != buf[4] || bufs[i].buf[5] != buf[5]) {
                         printf("ID Doesn't match %x %x\n", bufs[i].buf[4], bufs[i].buf[5]);
                         continue;
                     }
                     std::cout << "Sending packet" << std::endl;
                     octet *buf = bufs[i].buf;
                     ether frame frame;
                     frame.prot[0] = 0x08;
                     frame.prot [1] = 0 \times 00;
                     bool found = false;
                     for (int i = 0; i < cache_table.size(); i++) {
                         ARP_Table target = cache_table[i];
                          if (cache_table[i].is_ip(&buf[12])) {
                              found = true;
                              for (int i = 0; i < 6; i++)
                                  frame.dst_mac[i] = target.mac_addr[i];
```

```
frame.src_mac[i] = local_mac[i];
          }
     }
if (!found) {
     std::cout << "ARP entry not found" << std::endl;
     continue:
}
 \begin{array}{l} memcpy(\&frame.data[0]\,,\;\&buf[0]\,,\;10)\,;\\ printf("\,buf[0]:\;\%\!x\,,\;data[0]:\;\%\!x\,\backslash n"\,,\;buf[0]\,,\;frame.data[0])\,; \end{array} 
// Identification
frame.data[4] = \text{buf}[4];
frame.data[5] = \text{buf}[5];
for (int i = 0; i < 4; i++)
{
     // Sender's IP
     frame.data[12 + i] = local_addr[i];
     // Target IP
     frame.data[16 + i] = buf[12 + i];
}
int hc = chksum(frame.data, 10, 0);
hc = chksum(\&frame.data[12], 8, hc);
hc = ^{\sim}hc;
// Checksum
frame.data[10] = (hc >> 8) & 0xFF;
frame.data[11] = hc & 0xFF;
// UDP Specific
// Source port
frame. data[20] = buf[22];
frame. data[21] = buf[23];
// Destination port
frame.data[22] = buf[20];
frame.data[23] = buf[21];
// Length
frame. data [24] = buf [24];
frame. data [25] = buf [25];
memcpy(&frame.data[28], &buf[28], 1472);
int dc = chksum(\&frame.data[12], 8, 0);
frame.data[8] = 0x00;
dc = chksum(\&frame.data[8], 2, dc);
frame.data[8] = 0x40;
\begin{array}{lll} dc \, = \, chksum(\&frame.\,data\,[\,2\,4\,]\,\,, & 2\,, & dc\,)\,\,; \\ dc \, = \, chksum(\&frame.\,data\,[\,2\,0\,]\,\,, & 6\,, & dc\,)\,\,; \end{array}
dc = chksum(\&frame.data[28], 1472, dc);
dc = chksum(\&frame.data[28], 280, dc);
dc = ^{\sim} dc;
// Checksum
frame. data [26] = (dc >> 8) \& 0xFF;
frame. data[27] = dc \& 0xFF;
for (int i = 0; i < 28; i++)
     printf("%d: %x\n", i, frame.data[i]);
```

```
{
m std}::{
m cout} << "Sending bytes: " << ((buf[2] << 8) | buf[3]) << std::endl;
                      net.send frame(&frame, ((buf[2] \ll 8) \mid buf[3]) + 14);
                      std::cout << "--SEND UDP request, seq: " << i << "--" << std::endl;
                  }
                 //bufs.clear();
            }
        }
    }
// Toy function to print something interesting when an ARP frame arrives
void *arp_protocol_loop(void *arg)
    octet buf[1500];
    event_kind event;
    const octet *local_mac = net.get_mac();
    //for (int i = 0; i < 6; i++) // printf("%02x ", mac[i]);
    FILE *ph = popen("ifconfig enp3s0 | grep 'inet addr' | cut -d': '-f2 | cut -d' '-f1", "
    char local_addr_string[15];
    fgets(local_addr_string, sizeof(local_addr_string) - 1, ph);
    local addr string [14] = 0;
    pclose(ph);
    char *str = local_addr_string;
    char *end = str;
    local\_addr[0] = strtol(str, &end, 10);
    while (*end == '.') end++;
    str = end;
    local \ addr[1] = strtol(str, \&end, 10);
    while (*end == '.') end++;
    str = end;
    \begin{array}{ll} local\_addr\big[2\big] = strtol\left(str\,,\;\&end\,,\;\;10\right);\\ while \;(*end == '.') \;\;end++; \end{array}
    str = end;
    local addr[3] = strtol(str, &end, 10);
    //printf("Local IP Address: %d.%d.%d.%d\n", local_addr[0], local_addr[1], local_addr[2],
     local addr [3]);
    //freopen("project2 output.txt", "w+", stdout);
    while (1)
        arp_queue.recv(&event, buf, sizeof(buf));
        //\operatorname{printf}("got an ARP \%s \ n", buf[7]==1? "request": "reply");
         octet ip [4];
         octet mac[6];
        memcpy(ip, &buf[14], 4);
        memcpy(mac, &buf[8], 6);
         //std::cout << "Prev table size: " << cache_table.size() << std::endl;
         bool found = false;
        for \ (int \ i = 0; \ i < cache\_table.size(); \ i++) \ \{
             if (cache_table[i].is_ip(ip)) {
                  //std::cout << "Found in table" << std::endl;
                  found = true;
```

```
break;
        }
    if (!found) {
        //std::cout << "Not found in table, adding for ip: " << (int)ip[3] << ", last
mac: " \ll mac[5] \ll std::endl;
        ARP_Table entry = ARP_Table(ip, mac);
         cache_table.push_back(entry);
    //std::cout << "New table size: " << cache_table.size() << std::endl;
    if (buf[7] == 1)
        bool is_me = true;
         for (int i = 0; i < 4; i++) {
             if (buf[24 + i] != local_addr[i]) {
                 is me = false;
                 break;
             }
         }
         ether frame resp;
         if (!is_me) {
             continue;
         else {
             // printf("Looking for me! \n");
             for (int i = 0; i < 6; i++)
                 \begin{array}{lll} resp.dst\_mac[\,i\,] \, = \, buf[8\,+\,i\,]\,; \\ resp.src\_mac[\,i\,] \, = \, local\_mac[\,i\,]\,; \end{array}
                 // Sender's hardware address
                 resp.data[8 + i] = local_mac[i];
                 // Target hardware address
                 resp. data [18 + i] = buf[8 + i];
         }
         resp.prot[0] = 0x08;
         resp. prot [1] = 0 \times 06;
        // hardware type (ethernet) resp.data[0] = 0x00;
         resp.data[1] = 0x01;
         // Protocol type (IPv4)
         resp. data [2] = 0x08;
resp. data [3] = 0x00;
         // Hardware address length
         resp.data[4] = 0x06;
         // Protocol address length
         resp.data[5] = 0x04;
         // Opcode (2 = reply)
         resp.data[6] = 0x00;
         resp.data[7] = 0x02;
         for (int i = 0; i < 4; i++)
         {
             // Sender's IP
             resp.data[14 + i] = buf[24 + i];
             // Target IP
             resp.data[24 + i] = buf[14 + i];
         net.send_frame(&resp, 42);
```

```
// for (int i = 1; i < 60; i++)
              // printf("\t index: %d, value: 0x%x - %d\n", i, buf[i], buf[i]);
              //Is this me?
              //Find source address
              //Send response
    }
}
void *cin_loop(void *arg) {
    const octet *mac = net.get_mac();
    FILE *ph = popen("ifconfig enp3s0 | sed -rn '2s/ .*:(.*)\frac{1}{p}", "r");
    char mask_string[15];
    fgets \, (\, mask\_string \, , \ sizeof \, (\, mask\_string \, ) \, - \, 1 \, , \ ph) \, ;
    mask\_string[14] = 0;
    pclose (ph);
    octet mask_addr[4];
    char *mask string;
    char *end = mask_str;
    \operatorname{mask} \operatorname{addr}[0] = \operatorname{strtol}(\operatorname{mask} \operatorname{str}, \operatorname{\&end}, 10);
    while (*end == '.') end++;
    mask_str = end;
    \operatorname{mask} \operatorname{addr}[1] = \operatorname{strtol}(\operatorname{mask} \operatorname{str}, \operatorname{\&end}, 10);
    while (*end = '.') end++;
    mask str = end;
    mask\_addr[2] = strtol(mask\_str, &end, 10);
    while (*end == '.') end++;
    mask str = end;
    mask\_addr[3] = strtol(mask\_str, &end, 10);
    std::cout << (int)mask_addr[0] << "." << (int)mask_addr[1] << "." << (int)mask_addr[2]
    \ll "." \ll (int)mask addr[3] \ll std::endl;
    std::cout << "Enter the target IP address: " << std::endl;
    int read = 0;
    std::string str;
    octet input [4];
    while (read < 3 && std::getline(std::cin, str, '.') || read < 4 && std::getline(std::cin
    , str)) {
         input[read] = std::stoi(str);
         read++;
    }
    //\,std:: cin >> (int)input [0] >> (int)input [1] >> (int)input [2] >> (int)input [3]; \\ std:: cout << (int)input [0] << "." << (int)input [1] << "." << (int)input [2] << "." << (
    int)input[3] << std::endl;
    std::cout << (int)(input[0] & mask addr[0]) << "." << (int)(input[1] & mask addr[1]) <<
    "." << (int)(input[2] & mask_addr[\overline{2}]) << "." << (int)(input[3] & mask_addr[\overline{3}]) << std::
    endl;
    bool local_network = false;
    if (((input [0] \& mask addr [0]) = (local addr [0] \& mask addr [0])) \&\&
              local network = true;
    std::cout << (local_network ? "Local" : "Not Local") << std::endl;
    octet gateway [4] = { 192, 168, 1, 1 };
    octet *dest addr;
     if (local_network)
         dest_addr = input;
```

```
else
     dest addr = gateway;
int seq = 1;
int id = rand() & 0xFFFF;
while (1) {
     bool found_entry = false;
     for (int i = 0; i < cache table.size(); <math>i++) {
          ARP_Table target = cache_table[i];
          \begin{array}{ll} if & (cache\_table[i].is\_ip(dest\_addr)) & \{\\ & std::cout << \text{"Found input in the table"} << std::endl; \end{array}
                //Send reply frame
                found_entry = true;
                ether_frame frame;
                frame.prot[0] = 0x08;
                frame .prot[1] = 0x00;
                for (int i = 0; i < 6; i++)
                     frame.dst\_mac[i] = target.mac\_addr[i];
                     frame.src_mac[i] = mac[i];

// Sender's hardware address

// frame.data[8 + i] = mac[i];
                     // Target hardware address
                     // frame.data[18 + i] = target.mac_addr[i];
                // IP Version + IHL
                frame. data [0] = 0x45;
                // Diff serivces
                frame.data[1] = 0x00;
                // Total length
                if (seq != 0) {
                     frame. data [2] = 0 \times 05;
                     frame . data [3] = 0xDC;
                }
                else {
                     frame.data[2] = 0x01;
frame.data[3] = 0x2C;
                }
                // Identification
               frame. data [4] = id >> 8;
frame. data [5] = id;
                // Fragment
                if (seq = 0)  {
                     frame.data[6] = 0 \times 00;
frame.data[7] = 0 \times B9;
                     frame.data[6] = 0x20;
                     frame data [7] = 0 \times 00;
                // TTL
                frame. data [8] = 0x40;
                // Protocol (UDP)
                frame. data [9] = 0x11;
                for (int i = 0; i < 4; i++)
```

```
// Sender's IP
                 frame.data[12 + i] = local_addr[i];
                  // Target IP
                 frame.data[16 + i] = input[i];
           }
           int hc = chksum(frame.data, 10, 0);
           hc = chksum(\&frame.data[12], 8, hc);
           hc = ^{\sim}hc;
            // Checksum
           frame.data[10] = (hc \gg 8) \& 0xFF;
           frame.data[11] = hc & 0xFF;
            // UDP Specific
           if (seq != 0) {
                 // Source port
                 frame.data[20] = 0x19;
                 frame. data \begin{bmatrix} 21 \end{bmatrix} = 0 \times 64;
                  // Destination port
                 frame. data [22] = 0 \times 00;
                 frame. data [23] = 0 \times 07;
                  // Length
                 frame. data[24] = 0x06;
                 frame. data [25] = 0xF4;
                 for (int i = 28; i < 1500; i++)
                       frame.data[i] = 0x55;
                 int dc = chksum(\&frame.data[12], 8, 0);
                 frame.data[8] = 0x00;
                 dc = chksum(\&frame.data[8], 2, dc);
                 frame. data \begin{bmatrix} 8 \end{bmatrix} = 0x40;
                 \begin{array}{lll} dc \, = \, chksum(\&frame\,.\,data\,[\,2\,4\,]\,\,, & 2\,, & dc\,\,)\,\,; \\ dc \, = \, chksum(\&frame\,.\,data\,[\,2\,0\,]\,\,, & 6\,, & dc\,\,)\,\,; \end{array}
                 dc \,=\, chksum(\&frame.data\,[\,2\,8\,]\;,\;\;288\,,\;\;dc\,)\;;
                 dc = chksum(\&frame.data[28], 1472, dc);
                 dc \;=\; {^\frown}dc \;;
                 // Checksum
                 frame.data[26] = (dc \gg 8) \& 0xFF;
                 frame \det [27] = dc \& 0xFF;
                 net.send frame(&frame, 1500);
           else {
                 for (int i = 20; i < 300; i++)
                       frame.data[i] = 0x55;
                 net.send frame(&frame, 300);
           }
           \mathtt{std} :: \mathtt{cout} \, << \, \texttt{"--SEND} \, \, \mathtt{UDP} \, \, \mathtt{request} \, \, , \, \, \mathtt{seq} : \, \, \texttt{"} \, << \, \mathtt{seq} \, << \, \texttt{"---"} \, << \, \mathtt{std} :: \mathtt{endl} \, ;
           seq --;
            if (seq < 0)
                 return NULL;
     }
}
```

{

```
if (!found entry)
              std::cout << "Did not find input in the table, request address" << std::endl;
              ether frame resp;
              for (int i = 0; i < 6; i++)
                   resp.dst mac[i] = 0xFF;
                   \verb|resp.src_mac[i]| = \verb|mac[i]|;
                   // Sender's hardware address
                   resp.data[8 + i] = mac[i];
                   // Target hardware address
                   resp.data[18 + i] = 0;
              }
              //Send request frame
              // Opcode (1 = request)
              resp.data[6] = 0x00;
              resp.data[7] = 0x01;
              resp.prot[0] = 0x08;
              resp.prot[1] = 0x06;
              // hardware type (ethernet) resp.data[0] = 0x00;
              resp. data [1] = 0x01;
              // Protocol type (IPv4)
              resp.data[2] = 0x08;
              resp. data [3] = 0 \times 00;
              // Hardware address length
              resp.data[4] = 0x06;
              // Protocol address length
              resp.data[5] = 0x04;
              for (int i = 0; i < 4; i++)
                   // Sender's IP
                   resp.data[14 + i] = local_addr[i];
                   // Target IP
                   resp.data[24 + i] = dest addr[i];
              }
              net.send frame(&resp, 42);
              \operatorname{std}::\operatorname{cout}<< "--SEND FRAME--" << \operatorname{std}::\operatorname{endl};
              sleep(1);
    }
void *time loop(void *arg)
    while (1)
         sleep(1);
         time_t timer;
         time(&timer);
         int i = 0;
         while (i < cache\_table.size()) {
              if (timer - cache table[i].timer > 200) {
                   std::cout << "Timer removed an item from the cache table" << std::endl;
    std::cout << "Removed item with IP: " << (int)cache\_table[i].ip\_addr[0] << "." << (int)cache\_table[i].ip\_addr[1] << "." << (int)cache\_table[i].ip\_addr[2] << "." <
     (int) cache_table [i]. ip_addr [\overline{3}] << std::endl;
                   cache_table.erase(cache_table.begin() + i);
```