

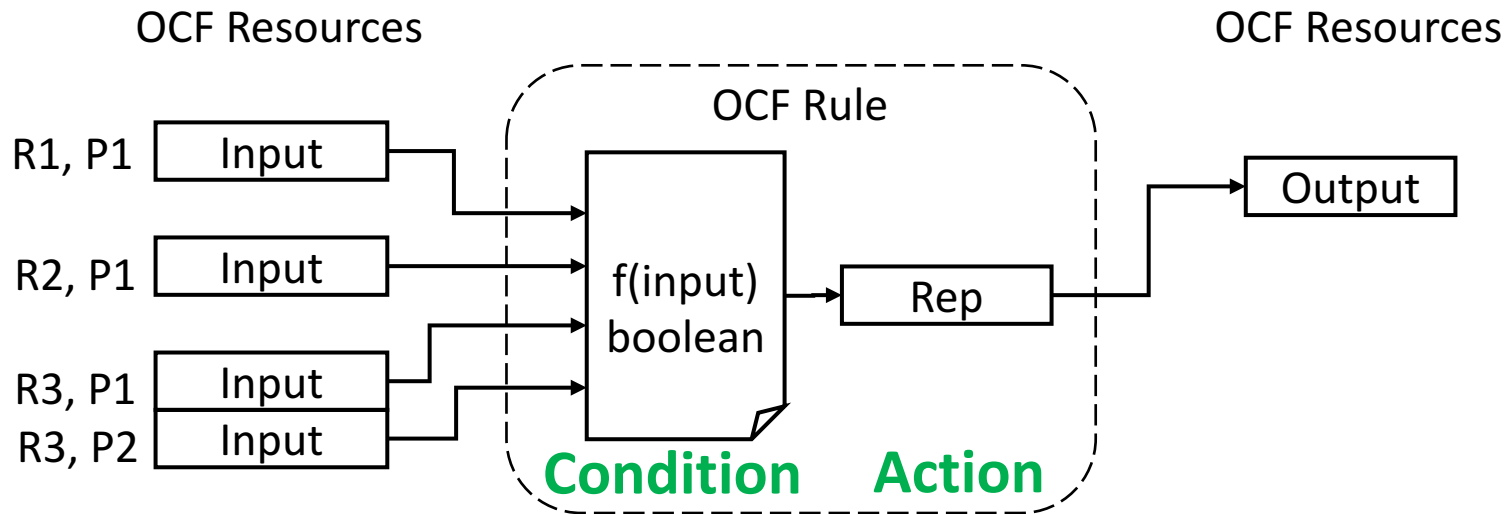
# Rules, Scenes, Scripts, Modes, and Groups

Design Patterns for OCF Links and Collections

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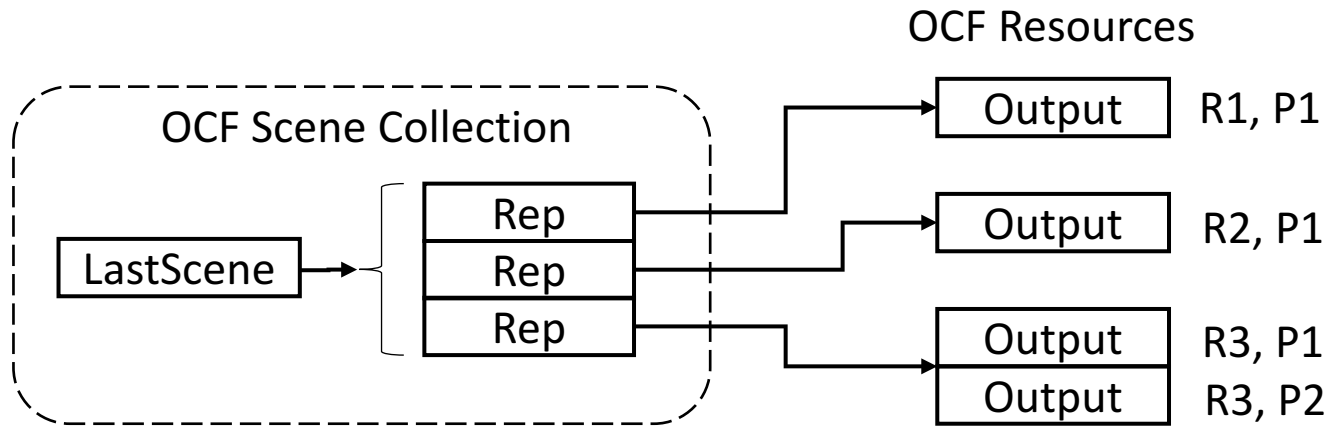
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# Use case for Rules



- When Condition `f()` evaluates to true, Action is to update some Output resource using a particular Representation

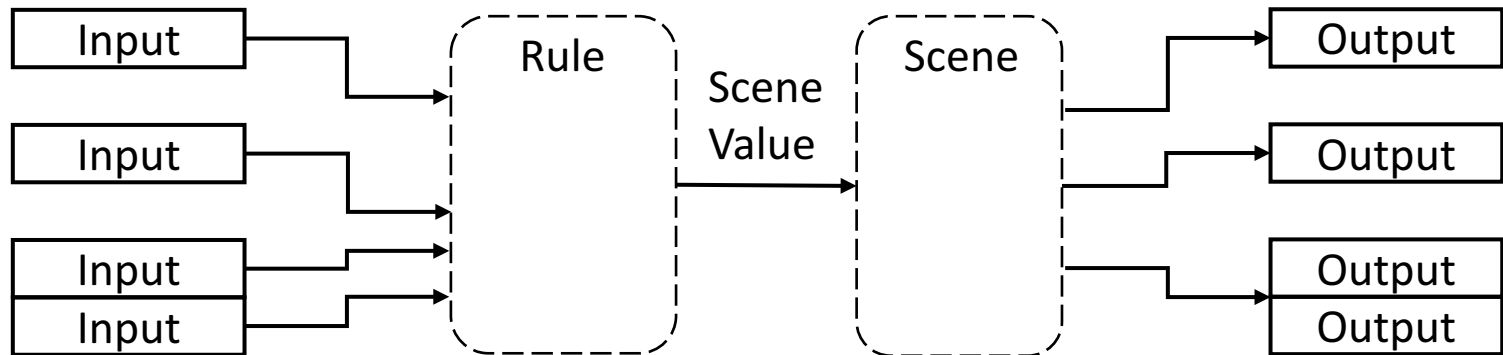
# Use Case for Scenes



- Setting the LastScene value results in an update of the Output Resources using a particular set of representations selected by the LastScene value
- Different Scene Values may result in different output states

# Use Case for Rules + Scenes

OCF Resources

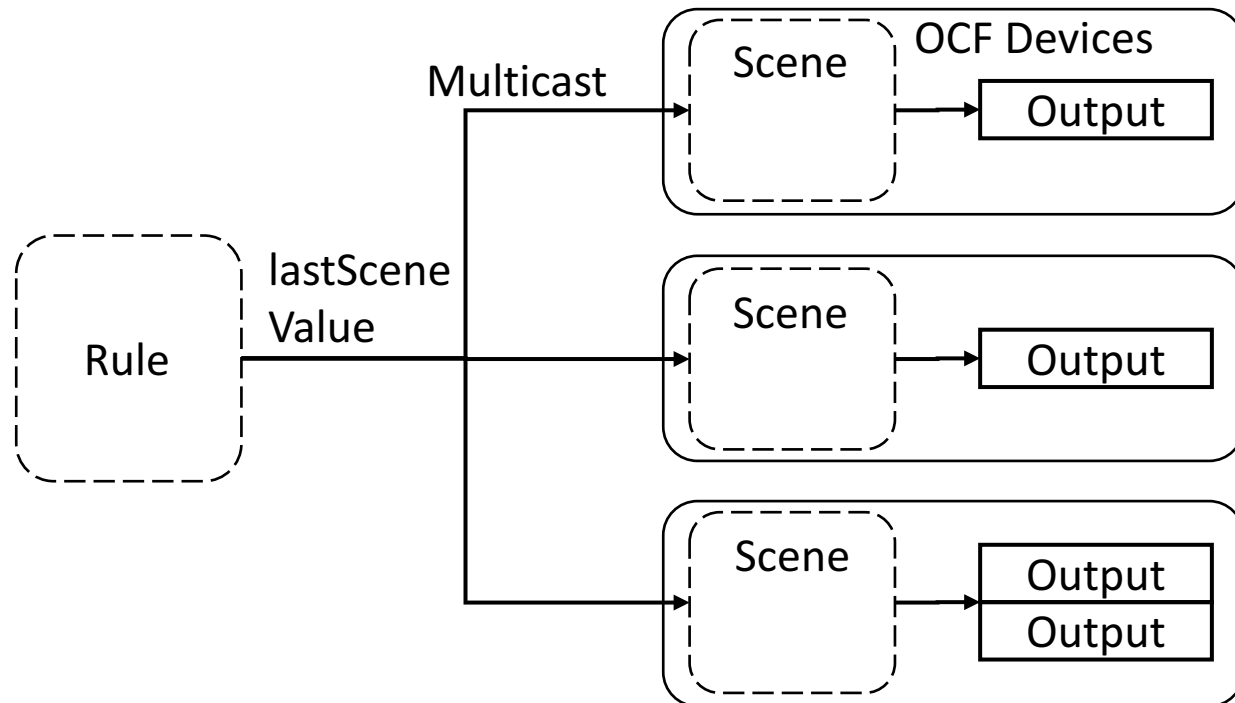


- Rules evaluating to true, trigger Scene changes
- SceneValue is output from the rule to update the LastScene value in the Scene Collection

# Use Case for Groups

- Scenes execute in more than one device, triggered by multicast update of the lastScene property
- This is how large numbers of things may be orchestrated using a multicast update
  - Using a lastScene multicast solves the problem of actuating diverse resources using a single payload

# Use Case for Groups



- lastScene update is multicast from some rule to a group of scene collections in separate devices

# Script Use Case

- Programming language functionality triggered by rule evaluation
- Complex Behavior
- Sequences and timing

# Use Case for Modes

- A mode is a group of rules
- A Mode can be modeled by a state in the Script Machine
- "home", "away" are modes



# Additional requirements relative to the current designs

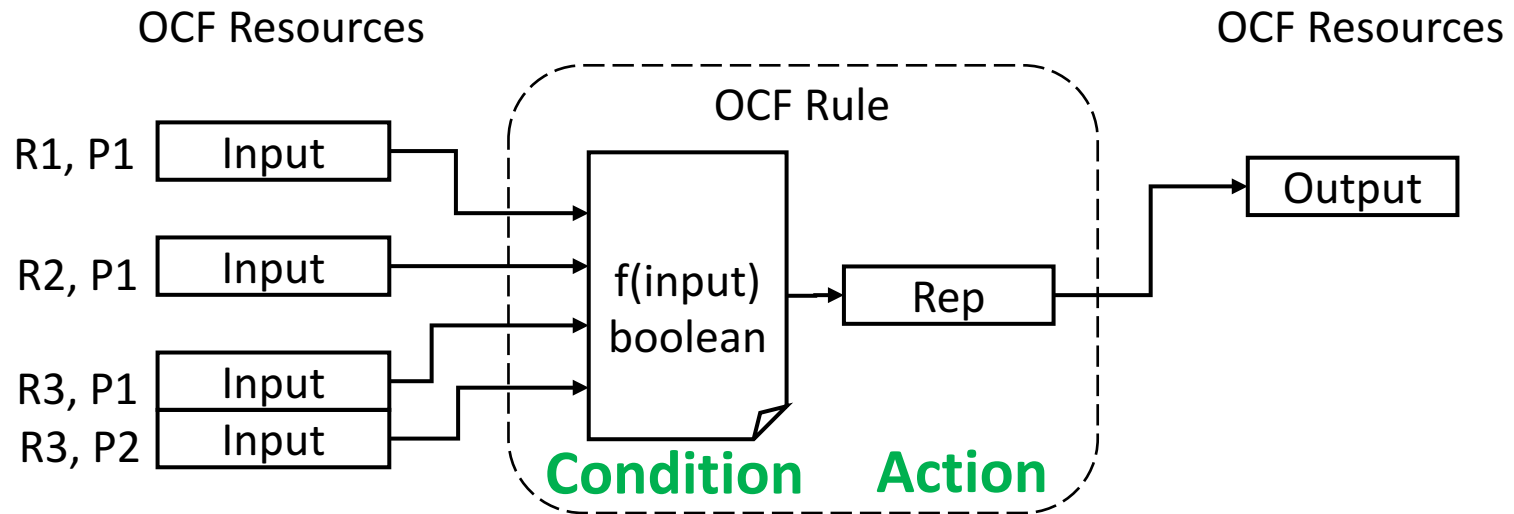
1. Rule inputs should be mapped to resources using links for reusability of rules e.g. marketplace
2. Scene and rule outputs need to perform batch updates and actuation
3. Scenes need to be able to be split up and stored in the end devices or intermediaries
4. Groups need to interact at the resource and property level on target devices

# Designs

- Rules
- Scenes
- Groups
- Modes and Scripts

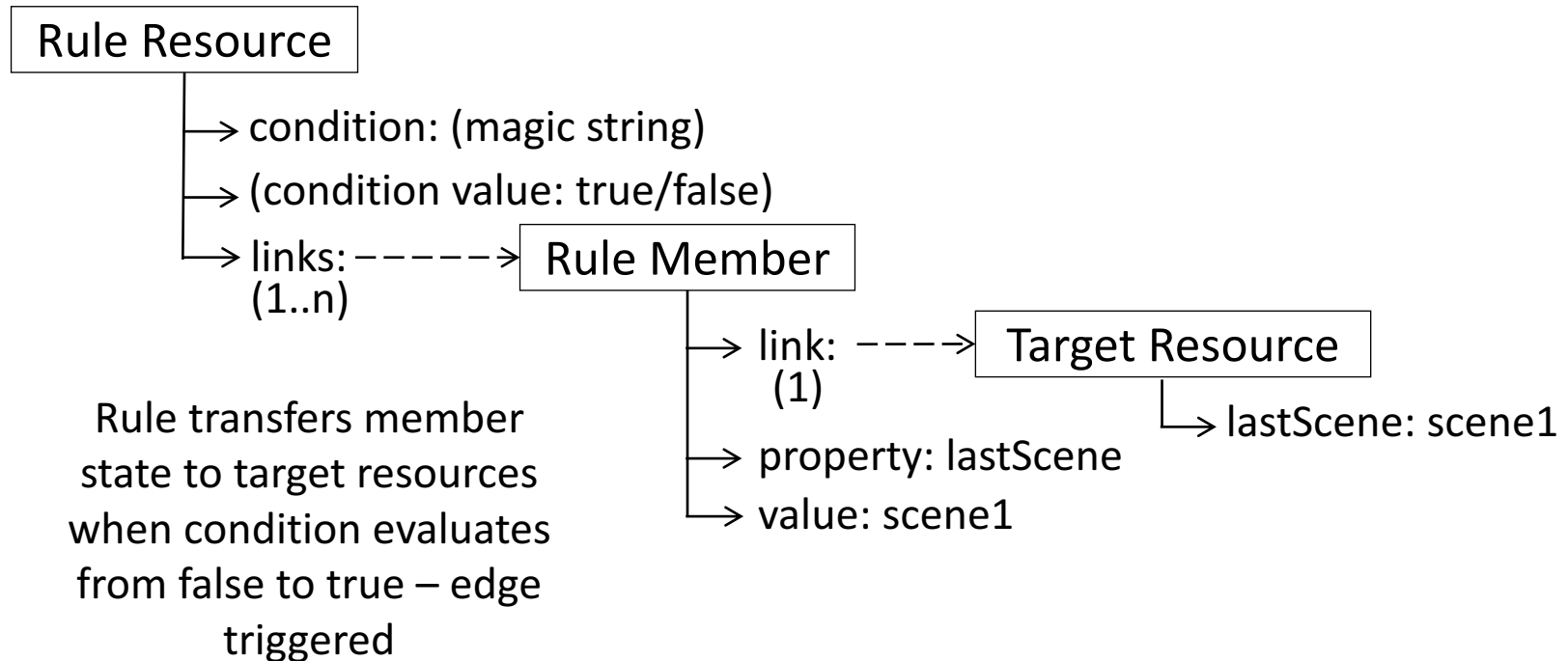
# Rules Design Proposal

# Use case for Rules

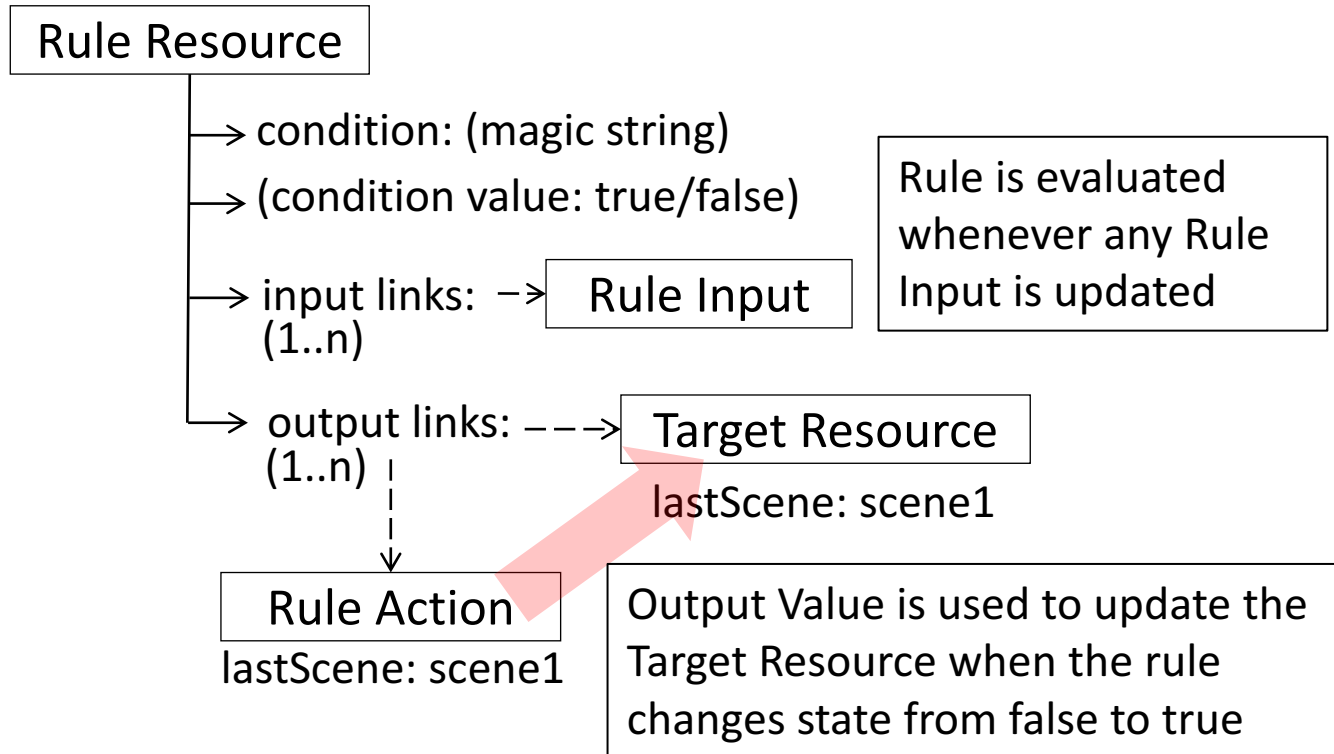


- When `f()` evaluates to true, update the Output resource using a particular Representation

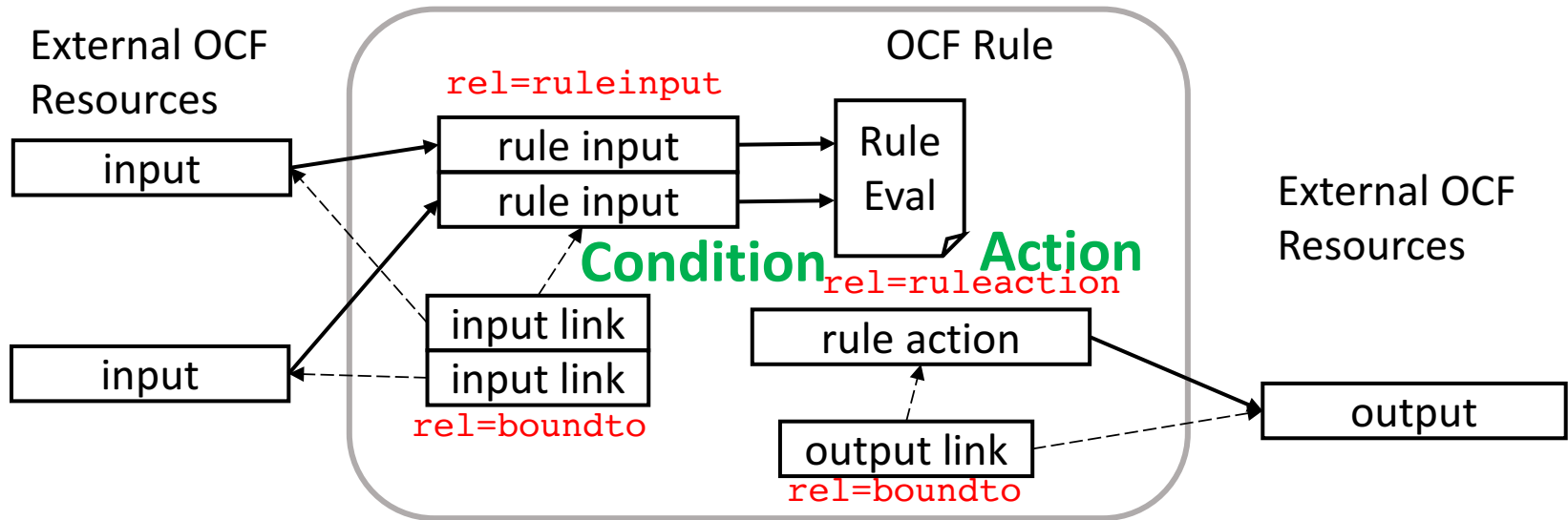
# Rules as currently defined



# Refactor Rules (Req. 1 & 3)



# Rule Design



# Rule Resource Design

- Local resources for rule condition inputs and rule action output payload
- Input Links point to external input resources and target attributes e.g. resource type, interface
- EBNF resource that specifies input resource names, extracts properties by name, and applies conditions
- Output Links that point to action destinations and specify the resource from which to obtain a representation for the update payload



# Rule Behavior

- Input registers are local resources that have the correct RT for the rule to evaluate as rule inputs
  - Rule inputs can observe external resources, using links, or may be updated from some client
  - The rule is evaluated each time any input is updated
- Rule actions are updated each time the rule transitions from evaluating false to evaluating true
  - Rule actions may be observed and notify on rule trigger
  - Output links are processed when rule actions are updated, resulting in data transfer to the external resource

# Property Selection within a Rule

- EBNF definitions for text format
- Resources may have many (named) properties
- Resource properties to select for rule inputs are identified in the rule text using a delimiter
- For example, "switch:value identifies that the "value" property of the "switch" input resource is to be evaluated, e.g.:

```
(switch:value == true) &&  
(temperature:temperature >= 30)
```

# Examples

<https://github.com/mjkoster/ocf-newmodel-examples/blob/master/rule-baseline.json>

## rule input (local link)

```
{
  "href": "switch",
  "rel": ["item", "ruleinput"],
  "rt": "oic.r.switch.binary",
  "if": ["oic.if.a"]
}
```

## input link

```
{
  "anchor": "switch",
  "rel": ["boundto"],
  "bind": "obs",
  "href": "ocf://deviceId/switchhref",
  "if": ["oic.if.s"]
}
```

## rule (rep)

```
"rule": "(switch:value == true) and
(temperature:temperature >= 30)"
```

## rule action (local link)

```
{
  "href": "scenevalue",
  "rel": ["item", "ruleaction"],
  "rt": "oic.r.scenevalue",
  "if": ["oic.if.a"]
}
```

## output link

```
{
  "href": "scenevalue",
  "rel": ["boundto"],
  "bind": "update",
  "anchor": "ocf://deviceId/scenehref",
  "if": ["oic.if.s"]
}
```

## rule action (rep)

```
{
  "lastScene": "heat-off",
}
```

# Rule Life Cycle

- Rule Design
  - Template construction including local items and rule text
- Rule Instance Creation
  - Create the rule resource and its items
  - Discover external inputs and outputs
  - Create links to external resources
- Rule Activation
  - Initialize the state of the rule
  - Initialize the rule inputs
  - Start observing

# Workflow – Rule Design

- A template for the rule is configured with local resources for input and output
- A template for the rule is configured with the ABNF rule string that refers to the local inputs and outputs and contains the operational logic for the rule.
- This information is used as a constructor for making instances of the rule

# Workflow – Rule Instance Creation

- Create an instance of the Rule and its local resources using the template as a constructor
- Discover the external resources that are to be used as rule inputs and rule outputs
- Create "boundto" links that point from the external resources to the local input and output resources

# Workflow – Rule Activation

- As the Rule is configured, the initial state is derived from items in the template
- As soon as the Rule instance is created it is active
- As soon as the "boundto" links are created, the observation of input resources is initiated
- The Rule will be evaluated when any input is updated
- If start/stop control is desired, an "enable" resource should be included in the Rule

# Workflow – Rule Removal

- Delete on the Rule Resource Instance using the baseline Interface



# How Rules (and Scenes, etc.) are created and managed

- We need a new ability to create items in a collection and links that point to them
- New interface type, e.g. `if=oic.if.create`, to standardize this pattern
- Ad-hoc method is to create a resource type with the desired behavior on POST, which would also work, e.g. `oic.r.create`
- Payload would need to contain links and optionally item representations – the `oic.if.b` schema extended with link parameters e.g. `"if"` and `"rt"`

# Create rule instance example

```
// POST /rules/?if=oic.if.create
// payload:
[
  {
    "href": "testrule",
    "rt": ["oic.r.rule"],
    "if": ["oic.if.rw", "oic.if.baseline", "oic.if.ll", "oic.if.b", "oic.if.link"],
    "rep":
      {
        "rts": ["oic.r.temperature", "oic.r.switch.binary", "oic.r.scenevalue" ]
        "rule": "(binaryswitch:value == false) or (temperature:temperature >= se
      }
  }
]

// Response:
// 2.01 Created
```

# Create local rule input item

```
// POST /rules/testrule/?if=oic.if.create
// payload:
[
  {
    "href": "binaryswitch",
    "rel": ["item", "ruleinput"],
    "rt": "oic.r.switch.binary",
    "if": ["oic.if.a", "oic.if.baseline" ],
    "rep": {
      "value": false
    }
  }
]

// Response:
// 2.01 Created
```

# Create link to observe an external rule input resource

```
// POST /rules/testrule/?if=oic.if.create
// payload:
[
  {
    "href": "ocf://deviceID/binaryswitchhref",
    "rel": ["boundto"],
    "bind": "obs",
    "anchor": "binaryswitch",
    "if": ["oic.if.s"]
  }
]

// Response:
// 2.01 Created
```

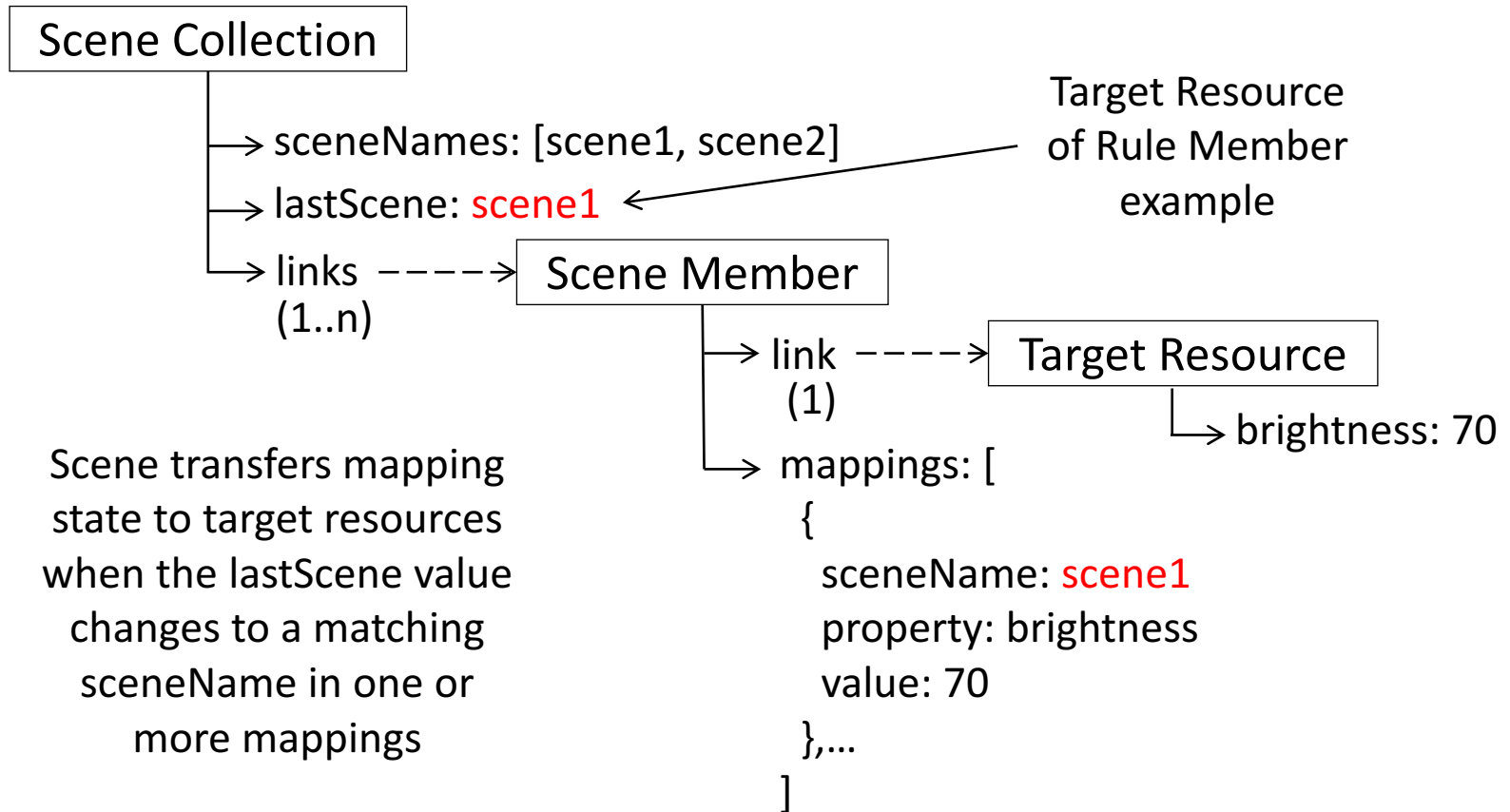
# Client changes a rule input value

```
// POST /rules/testrule/set-temperature?if=oic.if.a
// payload:
{
  "temperature": 26
}

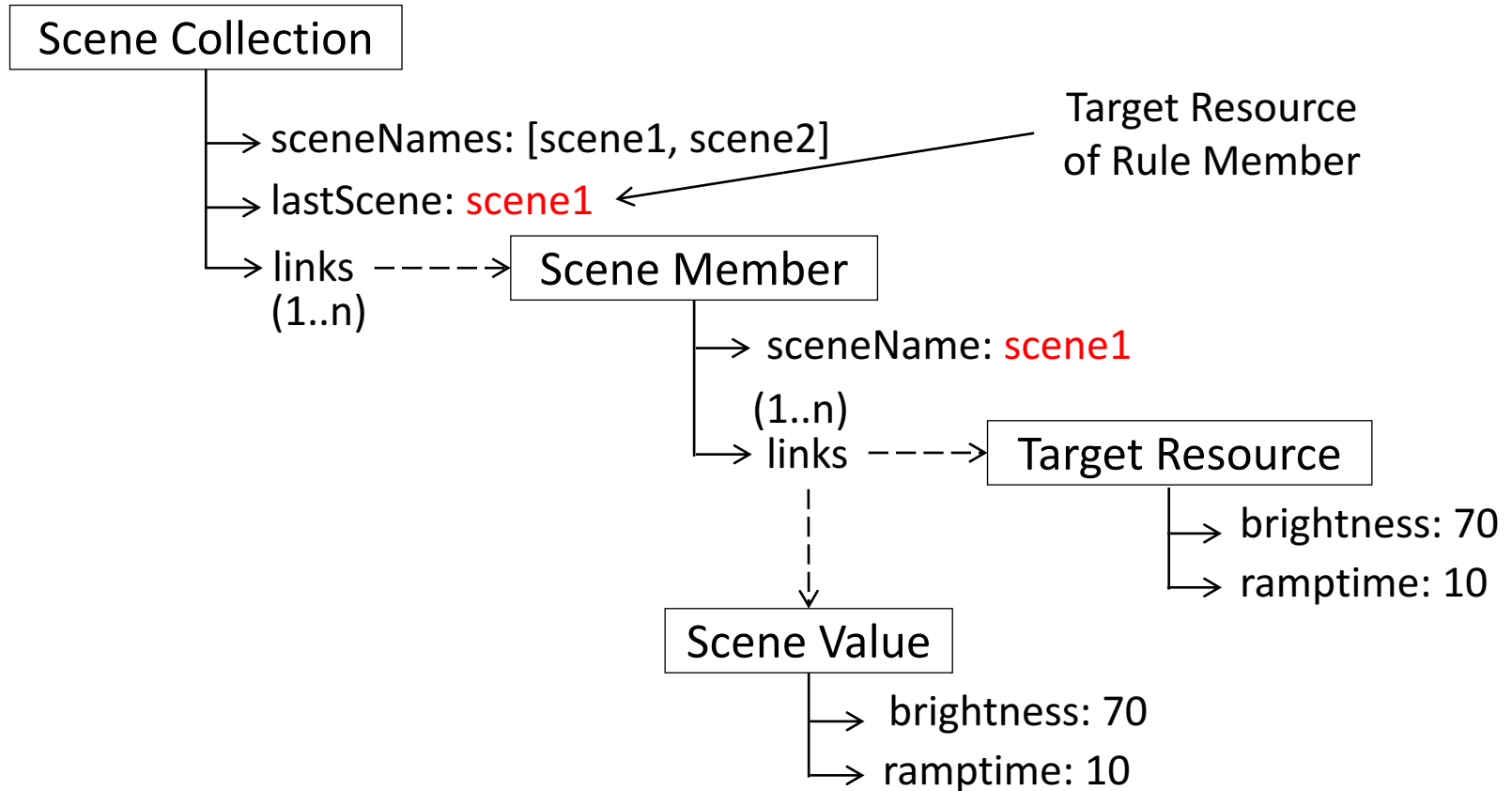
// response
// 2.04 Changed
```

# Scenes Design Proposal

# Scenes as currently defined



# Refactor Scenes (Req. 1&2)





# New pattern

- Use a link to define the transfer of an arbitrary payload (scenevalue) to a target resource:

```
{  
  "href": "<rep-to-transfer>",  
  "rel": "scenevalue",  
  "anchor": "<targetresource>"  
}
```

- Example Scene Value pointed to by "href" above

```
{  
  "brightness": 70,  
  "ramptime": 10  
}
```

# Scene Collection

- LastScene resource
- SupportedScenes array (allowed scene identifiers)
- Links to output resources
- Scene identifier stored in LastScene triggers update operations using a set of output links
- Output links work like Rule Outputs
  - transfer structured representations
  - contain target attributes, e.g. resource type, interace

# Scene Value Collection

- Refactored to enable batch payloads, etc.
- Collection of output links associated with a scene value
- Links point to target resources, contain target attributes, and specify resources from which to obtain representations:

```
"anchor": "/example/controlpayloads/pwr-on",  
"rel": "sceneoutput",  
"href": "/example/device/pwrcontrol",  
"rt": "x-com.example.rt.pwrcontrol",  
"if": "oic.if.a"
```

# Modes and Scripts Design Proposal

# Script Machine Resource

- Links to rules and scene collections
- Mapping of scene values to rule selectors
- Mapping of scene values to handler scripts
- State Machine description using rules and SceneValues:

```
when state == home:
```

```
    when rule1 == true: state <= away
```

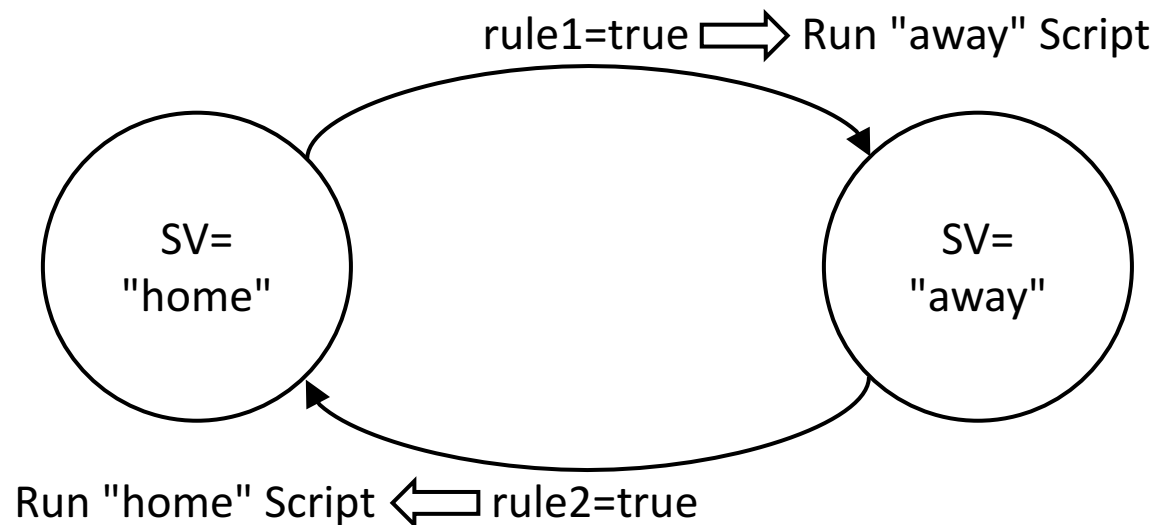
```
when state == away:
```

```
    when rule2 == true: state <= home
```

# Script State Machine

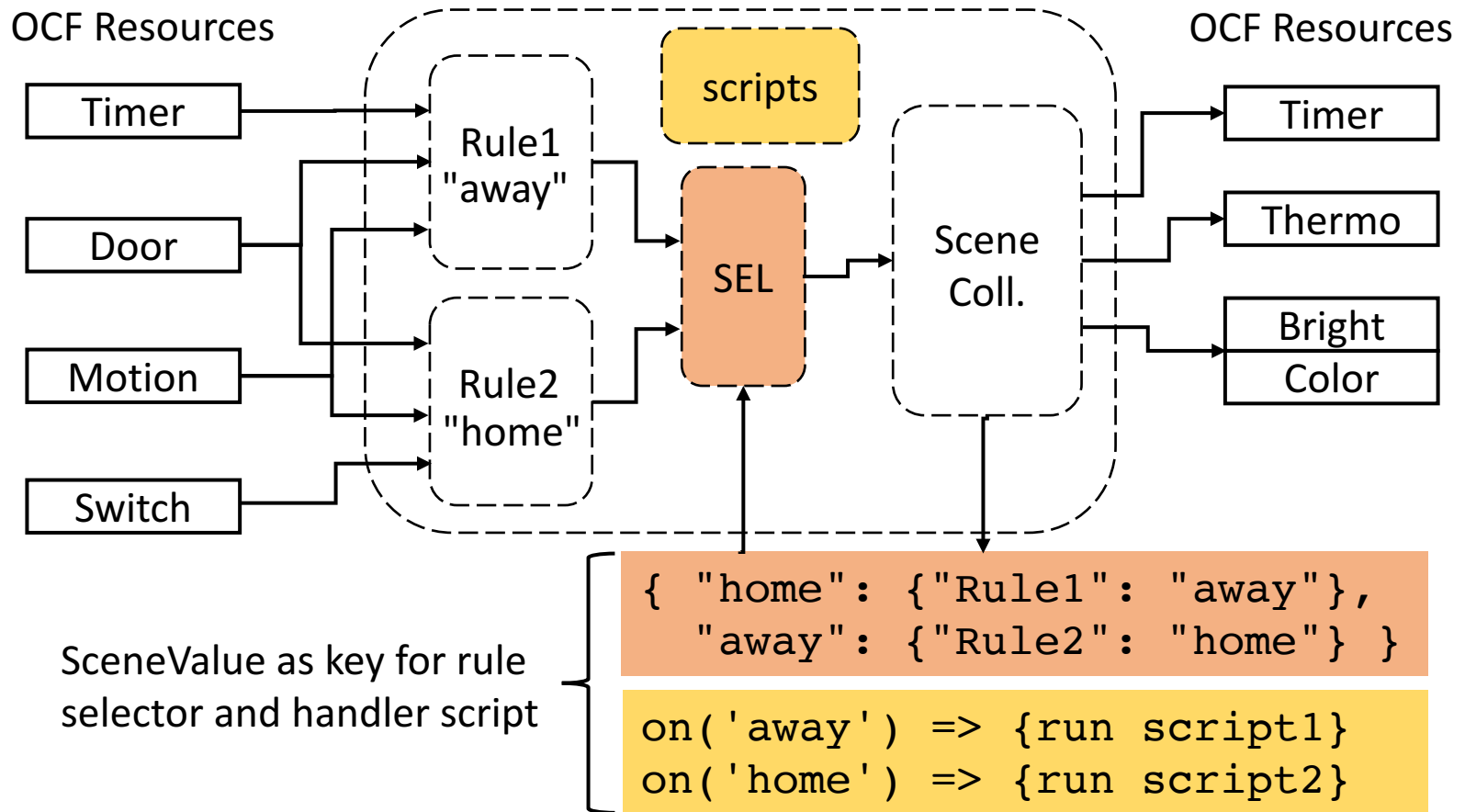
- Scene Value == State variable (bubble)
- State Transitions (arcs) are triggered by Rules
- Scene Value selects one or more rules that define outgoing state transitions (arcs)
- State Machine allows the definition of complex behaviors while avoiding conflicts
- State Machine allows controlled triggering of script execution; Script executes when a state is entered
- States may be used for Modes, selecting rulesets

# Script Machine Example (2 Modes)



- Script runs when entering a state, triggered by a rule evaluation

# Script Machine Example (2)





# Groups Design Proposal

# Groups

- Multicast groups need to be able to map multicast network addresses at the device level
- Multicast requests apply the same path and options to all devices
- Desired resources in a group may be at different paths in each device
- Linked rule inputs can point to resources at well known paths for multicast targets

# Groups

- A Group resource should contain a multicast addresses with associated security material
- The multicast address should be a link containing a network address that a client can use directly, or a link to a proxy resource that exposes the multicast group