

prepare for appeal and to conduct in the appellate tribunals." The extent and scope of the work is of such a character as that it would be impossible to define its incidental features. Suffice it to say that it covers the whole ground applicable to appellate tribunals, jurisdiction and practice.

The reputation of the authors, one of whom is a distinguished judge of the Supreme Court of Indiana and already known as the author of a number of treatises of merit, is a guarantee of the accuracy and exhaustiveness of the work. With our knowledge of the ability and industry of Judge Elliott and his son we would be willing to take the book upon faith if we had no means of determining its merit. We have given the book, however, as careful an examination as is possible, and have no reason to doubt its value, to the practitioner.

The style in which it is prepared is admirable. The citation of authorities is very exhaustive. It has a first class index and is published by the Bowen-Merrill Company, Indianapolis.

WEEKS ON ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW.

The first edition of this book appeared in 1878. This edition has been revised and enlarged by the adjudications of the last fourteen years, under the supervision of Charles Theodore Boone, author of a work on the "Law of Corporations." It states in an admirable manner the rules and legal principles governing attorneys and counselors at law in their vocation and in their professional relations with their clients. It would seem that every practitioner should have a direct interest in its pages.

It treats in successive chapters of the vocation of the lawyer, of admission to practice, of the jurisdiction of courts over attorneys, of the privileges of attorneys as officers of the court, of the disabilities of attorneys by reason of their profession, of their liability to third persons, of the privilege of professional communications, of retainer and authority to appear, of the authority and powers of attorneys by virtue of their retainer, of the duties of attorneys towards clients and of the liability of attorneys to their clients and of the liability of clients to their attorneys. It will thus be seen that it embraces in its scope everything that is of value or interest in the rules governing the rights and liabilities of attorneys in their professional capacity. The citation of cases seems to be exhaustive and the text is well prepared. The work embraces over 900 pages and is published by Bancroft-Whitney Company, San Francisco.

BOOK REVIEWS.

AMERICAN STATE REPORTS, Vol. 25.

An examination of the list of cases reported in this volume will disclose the diversified character of the subjects presented, and is a fair illustration of the general value of the series to the practitioner. The cases seem to cover almost all topics of the law, and in addition to the mass of cases reported, there are a great many valuable annotations. The following are worthy of special mention. viz.: Note to case of Louisville & Nashville R. R. Co. v. Johnson (Ala.), on subject of Intoxication as Contributory Negligence; Pico v. Cohn (Cal.), on Relief from Judgments obtained by Perjury; Carpenter v. Innes (Colo.), on Replevin against an Officer; Barton v. People (Ill.), on the Crime of Obtaining Goods or Money by False Pretenses; Western Paving & Supply Co. v. Citizens' Street R. Co. (Ind.), on the Rights, Duties and Obligations of Street Railway Corporations with Respect to the Streets; State v. Goodwill (W. Va.), where the fourteenth amendment is considered with relation to special privileges, burdens and restrictions.

ELLIOTT ON APPELLATE PROCEDURE.

The authors in the preface claim with reason that there is a sort of neutral ground between appellate procedure and trial court practice which authors do not permanently occupy although they do transiently enter upon it so that many matters of procedure lying within this neutral strip are not much considered and not even noticed. In treating therefore of appellate procedure they have combined such matters of trial court practice as are incident to appeals. They state that their effort has been "to make a practical treatise that will be of every day use and one that will if it does nothing more, at least supply hints and point the way to authorities which will enable the lawyer to find what he needs in the cases he is called upon to