

county court house, and it was finally set on fire and destroyed.

Saturday, September 27.

— It is supposed that fifty lives were lost by the floods in the south of France.

— The United States has sued the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific for \$200,000, being Rock Island bridge tolls.

— E. Burd Grubb of New Jersey has been appointed Minister to Spain, and Edwin H. Conger, Minister to Brazil.

— The Conference Committee reported the Tariff bill to the House last evening at 5.30. It is expected to be passed promptly and will go into effect, with the exception of the sugar schedule, on the 6th of October. Sugar is free beyond No. 16 Dutch standard and the duty on binding twine is one-tenth of one per cent.

Monday, September 29.

— Eighty lace factories have been closed at Calais, France, in consequence of a strike.

— Fowler Brothers' packing house at Chicago was burned Sunday morning; loss, \$600,000.

— A man shot himself dead in St. Paul's Cathedral, London, yesterday, during the service.

— The Pension Office at Washington is in receipt of 10,000 claims per day under the law enacted last June.

— The cotton centennial celebration opens in Pawtucket this morning, and preparations on a grand scale are about completed.

— The commander of the Seventh New York Regiment, and the organizer of the famous Duryee Zouaves, Gen. Abram Duryee, died of paralysis on Saturday, in New York.

— Through the negligence of a telegraph operator two freight trains collided on the Baltimore & Ohio Railway, Sunday morning, killing eight men and injuring two.

— The Tariff bill passed the House, 181 to 79, on Saturday. Coleman, of Louisiana, and Kelly, of Kansas, were the only Republicans who voted against the conference report. Congressman Dingley demonstrated that the McKinley bill added nearly \$61,000,000 imports to the free list, making 50 per cent. of our imports free of duty, reduces the revenues between forty and sixty millions, and reduces the duties on all imports to an average of 27 per cent. ad valorem.

Review of the Week.

Tuesday, September 23.

— The Anti-slavery Conference in Paris was opened yesterday.

— Wyoming's faulty constitution invalidates one election and prevents another.

— The total value of exports from the United States for a year is given at \$792,457,824.

— Fifty shots a minute is the record of a new quick-firing gun tested in Germany yesterday.

— Messrs. Smith and Mitchell have taken a census of the fruit trees in Los Angeles County, Cal., and find there are 10,365,375.

— The blame for the Reading railroad disaster in Shoemakersville, Penn., has been put upon the signal man by a jury of investigation.

— At this afternoon's session of the National World's Fair Committee the amended site proposition was presented and unanimously accepted. The site thus provided for includes Washington and Jackson Parks, the midway pleasure ground connecting them and the front, in all about 1,000 acres.

— More than six million pieces of mail matter are sent annually to the Dead Letter Office by reason of incorrect, illegible, or deficient address, insufficient postage, insecure inclosing, whereby matter mailed becomes separated from the envelope or wrapper, or the failure to be called for or delivered to the person addressed.

— The second reunion of Abolitionists was opened in this city on Monday, an interesting gathering of the men and women who had been devoted to the agitation being present. Among those who occupied places on the platform were Hon. Frederick Douglass, Mr. Frank Sanborn, Rev. A. B. Muzzey and Rev. Dr. Mark Trafton.

Wednesday, September 24.

— The Brazilian representation at the Vatican will be suppressed.

— Shocks of earthquake were felt early yesterday morning at Columbia, S. C.

— According to the new census New Hampshire has a population of 376,007.

— Five persons were killed and 20 wounded yesterday by a railway accident in Italy.

— The salmon catch on Frazer River, B. C., alone this season amounted to 750,000 pounds, valued at \$1,407,248.

— A fire on the Isthmus of Panama, yesterday, destroyed three-fourths of the town of Aspinwall, and involves a loss of about \$1,600,000.

— The production of pig iron in the world is estimated at 28,000,000 tons, of which the United States will produce this year 10,000,000 tons.

— The number of children in Boston public schools for the school year ending last May was 69,798. The net expenditures were \$2,225,576.

— The Republicans secured a quorum in the House yesterday and ended what has proved, probably, the most protracted and bitterly contested election case ever decided by the House. The result was the seating of the colored ex-minister to Liberia, John M. Langston.

Thursday, September 25.

— Congress refuses to do justice to the French spoliation claimants.

— The indebtedness of the Potter-Lovell failure is now estimated at \$6,000,000.

— Twelve persons were fatally scalded on the steamer "Pandora" at Newcastle, Eng.

— Mr. Hale introduces a resolution into the Senate to purchase nickel for armor plate.

— The Freshman class to enter Yale this year will be the largest that ever entered that institution, numbering 400.

— The Senate has passed the bill for the relief of the Supreme Court, but it is not probable that the House will pass it.

— Massachusetts gains 480,000 inhabitants by the official figures of the new census over the figures of ten years ago.

— Harper's Weekly announces the formation in London of the new publishing firm of James R. Osgood, Mollvalne & Co., which hereafter will represent Messrs. Harper & Brothers in England.

— The Secretary of the Navy has sent instructions to the commandants of the various Navy Yards calling attention to the law forbidding the employment of extra men within sixty days prior to an election.

Friday, September 26.

— Snow, frost and ice are reported in several places.

— The president of the Mormon church issues a manifesto against plural marriages.

— The Irish Nationalists have a serious encounter with the police at Tipperary.

— Earthquakes cause nearly the whole population of Grenada, Nicaragua, to leave the city.

— The damage by the floods in the department of Ardeche, France, alone amounts to 60,000,000 francs.

— Charges of speculation in office are made against J. L. Wheat, postmaster of the house at Washington.

— The troops in Goa, India, indiscriminately slaughtered the people on the ground that a revolution has been declared.

— Hon. John Jay, ex-United States minister to Austria, was knocked down by a cab in New York, yesterday, and was seriously injured.

— Rumors are current of the attempted assassination of President Diaz during the Mexican anniversary celebration, and of the arrest of alleged conspirators.

— Two towns in Colorado have quarreled over the location of the county seat, and had a pitched battle over a building to be used as a