

Statistics: The Science of Decisions Project Instructions

Background Information

In a Stroop task, participants are presented with a list of words, with each word displayed in a color of ink. The participant's task is to say out loud the *color of the ink* in which the word is printed. The task has two conditions: a congruent words condition, and an incongruent words condition. In the *congruent words* condition, the words being displayed are color words whose names match the colors in which they are printed: for example RED, BLUE. In the *incongruent words* condition, the words displayed are color words whose names do not match the colors in which they are printed: for example PURPLE, ORANGE. In each case, we measure the time it takes to name the ink colors in equally-sized lists. Each participant will go through and record a time from each condition.

Questions For Investigation

DATA SET

Congruent	Incongruent
12.079	19.278
16.791	18.741
9.564	21.214
8.63	15.687
14.669	22.803
12.238	20.878
14.692	24.572
8.987	17.394
9.401	20.762
14.48	26.282
22.328	24.524
15.298	18.644
15.073	17.51
16.929	20.33
18.2	35.255
12.13	22.158
18.495	25.139
10.639	20.429
11.344	17.425
12.369	34.288
12.944	23.894
14.233	17.96
19.71	22.058
16.004	21.157

What is our independent variable?

The independent variable is the Congruent and Incongruent words.

What is our dependent variable?

The dependent variable is the time it takes to name the ink colors.

What is an appropriate set of hypotheses for this task?

μ_1 : The mean population time to say aloud incongruent words

μ_2 : The mean population time to say aloud congruent words

Null hypothesis: $H_0: \mu_1 - \mu_2 = 0$

The mean population time for Congruent and Incongruent words will be equal.

Alternative hypothesis: $H_1: \mu_1 - \mu_2 > 0$

The mean population time of the Incongruent will be significantly longer.

What kind of statistical test do you expect to perform?

I will perform a Paired T-Test.

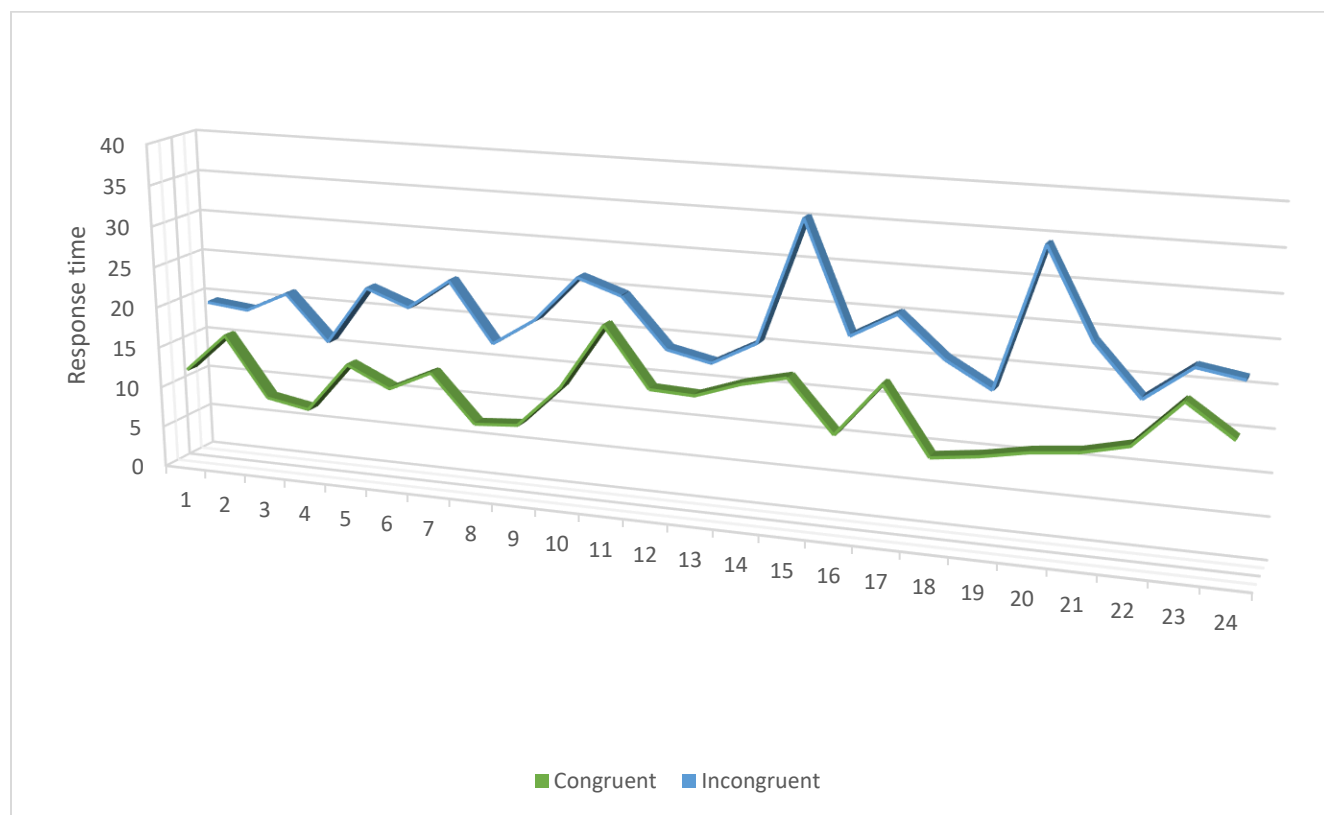
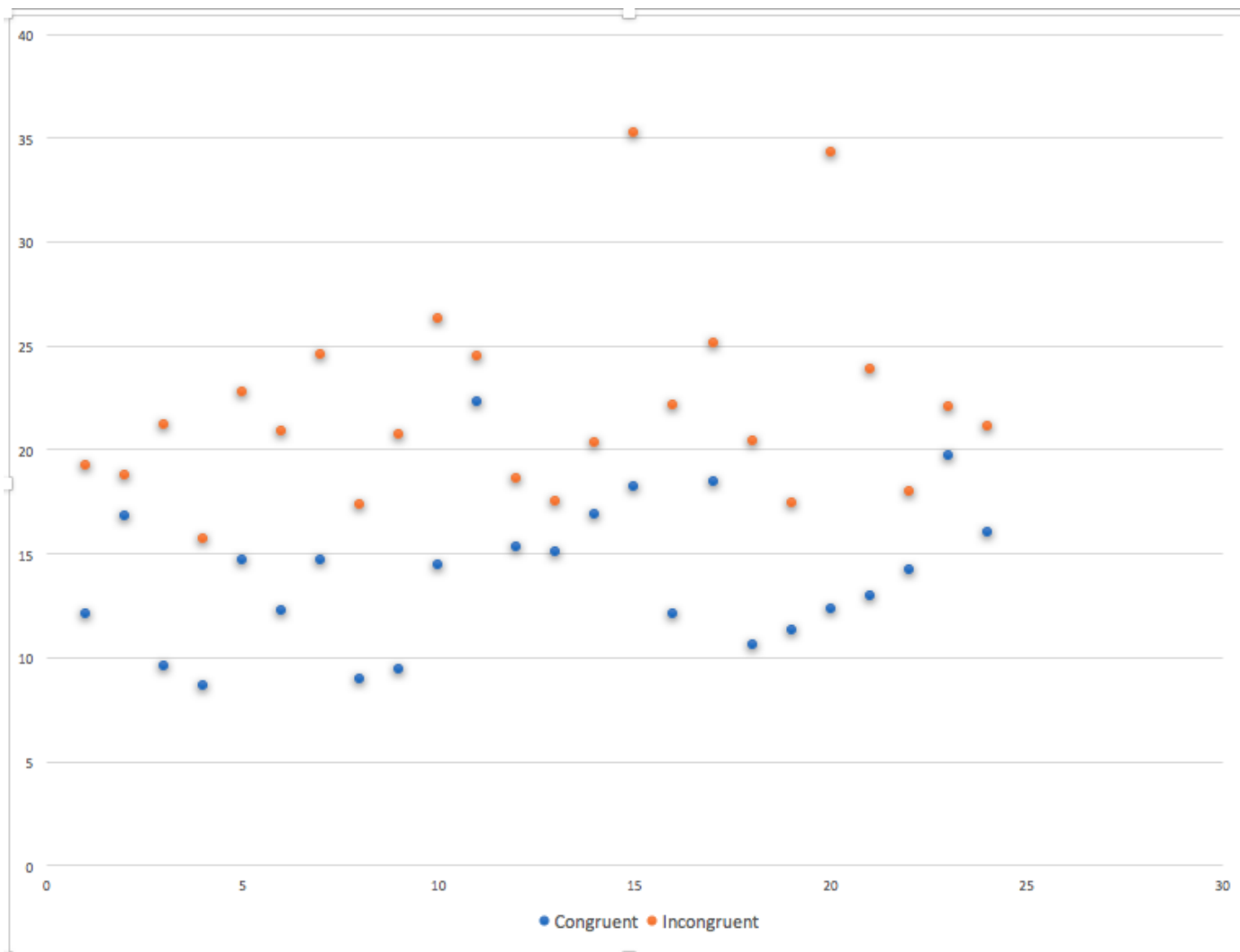
Justification: We do not know the demographics of the population. What we do know is that each participant takes the test twice, once with congruent words and once with incongruent words. Because the results of the test are related and dependent, a Paired P-Test is most appropriate.

Now it's your chance to try out the Stroop task for yourself. Go to [this link](#), which has a Java-based applet for performing the Stroop task. Record the times that you received on the task (you do not need to submit your times to the site.) Now, download [this dataset](#) which contains results from a number of participants in the task. Each row of the dataset contains the performance for one participant, with the first number their results on the congruent task and the second number their performance on the incongruent task.

Report some descriptive statistics regarding this dataset. Include at least one measure of central tendency and at least one measure of variability.

	Congruent	Incongruent
Mean	14.051125	22.01591667
Variance	12.66902907	23.01175704
Observations	24	24

Provide one or two visualizations that show the distribution of the sample data. Write one or two sentences noting what you observe about the plot or plots.



Both visualizations show a longer response time for Incongruent words. I believe this will be confirmed with the T-Test.

Now, perform the statistical test and report your results. What is your confidence level and your critical statistic value? Do you reject the null hypothesis or fail to reject it? Come to a conclusion in terms of the experiment task. Did the results match up with your expectations?

t-Test: Paired Two Sample for Means

Alpha: 0.05

	<i>Congruent</i>	<i>Incongruent</i>
Mean	14.051125	22.01591667
Variance	12.66902907	23.01175704
Observations	24	24
Pearson Correlation	0.351819527	
Hypothesized Mean Difference	0	
df	23	
t Stat	-8.021	
P(T<=t) one-tail	2.0515E-08	
t Critical one-tail	1.713871528	
P(T<=t) two-tail	4.103E-08	
t Critical two-tail	2.06865761	

Our p-value is equal to 0.000000020515 while our alpha value is 0.05. Based on these results as well as the other results of the Paired Two Sample t-Test, we reject the null hypothesis because our test-statistic is in the critical region and our p-value is much smaller than our alpha value.

By rejecting the null hypothesis, we conclude that the mean population time to say aloud incongruent words will be significantly longer than the mean population time to say aloud congruent words. This is supported by μ_1 having a value of 22.01591667 and μ_2 having a value of 14.051125. (UDACITY, 2017)

References

UDACITY. (2017, 07 12). *Udacity Reviews*. Retrieved from Udacity: <https://review.udacity.com/#!/reviews/602856>