Math Research Proof

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Maximal Set Generating Algorithm

Algorithm

```
: The degree d, rotational number \frac{p}{q}, and an orbit \mathcal{O} with it's digits in ascending
   Input
                 order \{\mathcal{O}_1, \mathcal{O}_2, ..., \mathcal{O}_q\}
   Output: A set of all maximal rotational sets containing \mathcal{O}, denoted M
1 let N = an array of the integers in \mathcal{O};
 2 while N_1 \neq 0 do
           for
each i=1\ldots,q do
                   N_i = N_i - 1;
 5 let gapSizes = getGapSizes(\mathcal{O}, p, q);
 \mathbf{6} let maximalSets = {}, an empty set;
7 foreach i = 1 \dots N_q do
       let \; {\tt placements} = \{\}, \, an \; empty \; list; \,
       let S = the range [i, d - 3] of integers, inclusive;
 9
       foreach combo \in \binom{S}{d-1-N_a}^i do
10
           let placement = \{\}, an empty list;
11
           foreach j = 0 \dots d - 3 do
12
               if j \in combo then placement.append(q-1);
13
               else placement.append(\emptyset);
14
           placements.append(placement);
15
       let placements = fillGap(i, 0, gapSizes, N_q - 1, placements);
16
17
       foreach placement \in placements do
           maximalSets = maximalSets \cup convertPlacementToSet(placement, d, p, q);
18
19 return maximalSets
```

Algorithm 1: let N_j represent the jth digit of N in ascending order

 i Allow this to denote the set of all $d-1-N_{q}$ combinations of elements of S, similarly to the combination in fillGap()

```
    Input : position, currentGap, gapSizes, numPreimagesLeft, placements
    Output : A list of preimage placements that fulfill the conditions set out by given gap sizes required to make the maximal rotational set contain the orbit.
    if numPreimagesLeft == 0 then return placements;
```

Algorithm 2: Auxiliary function: fillGap()

Correctness

Proof.

Runtime

The runtime of this algorithm is

Proof.