



~~TOP SECRET//COMINT//NOFORN~~

NATIONAL SECURITY AGENCY
FORT GEORGE G. MEADE, MARYLAND 20755-6000

All redacted information
exempt under (b)(1) and
(b)(3) except as
otherwise noted.

SEP 01 2011

MEMORANDUM FOR:

STAFF DIRECTOR AND MINORITY STAFF DIRECTOR,
HOUSE COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY

SUBJECT: ~~(TS//SI//NF)~~ Congressional Notification – NSA Acquisition and Use of
Telephony Metadata from Cellular Network Call Detail Records –
INFORMATION MEMORANDUM

~~(TS//SI//NF)~~ This is to inform the Committee that, in addition to the telephony metadata the National Security Agency (NSA) has been acquiring since 2006 under its counterterrorism Business Records (BR) Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act (FISA) program, NSA has begun to acquire and analyze telephony metadata derived from cellular network or “mobility” call detail records (CDRs) [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] The cellular telephony metadata is being produced pursuant to an order issued by the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court (FISC) pursuant to Section 501 (50 U.S.C. § 1861) of FISA. As the Committee is aware, the orders issued by the FISC strictly control the circumstances under which NSA may access (query), use, and disseminate information obtained under this bulk collection program.

~~(TS//SI//NF)~~ NSA analyzes this metadata to discover and develop the networks and associations of known and suspected terrorists. Until this change, NSA had been acquiring approximately [REDACTED] CDRs per day for billed long distance telephone calls to or from landline telephones either (a) between the U.S. and abroad; or (b) wholly within the U.S., including local telephone calls. [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

~~(TS//SI//NF)~~ Before initiating the acquisition of mobility data, NSA undertook extensive testing to ensure strict compliance with the terms of the FISC Orders. The Court’s Orders are designed to protect the civil liberties and privacy interests of Americans. Following completion of the testing, on 29 August 2011, NSA began to receive approximately [REDACTED] CDRs per day and enter these records into our BR FISA bulk metadata architecture.

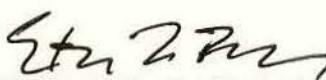
Derived From: NSA/CSSM 1-52
Dated: 20070108
Declassify On: 20320108

~~TOP SECRET//COMINT//NOFORN~~

(TS//SI//NF)

[REDACTED] NSA requested that the [REDACTED] remove the cell [REDACTED] location information [REDACTED] before providing the CDRs to NSA. Consequently, NSA is not currently receiving this field as part of the data being acquired. [REDACTED]

(~~TS//SI//NF~~) The collection and processing of [REDACTED] is critical to the success of NSA's BR FISA program. We will continue to keep you informed of our progress in this area. Should you have questions or want additional information, please contact me at [REDACTED]



ETHAN L. BAUMAN
Director, Legislative Affairs Office



NATIONAL SECURITY AGENCY
FORT GEORGE G. MEADE, MARYLAND 20755-6000

SEP 01 2011

MEMORANDUM FOR:

STAFF DIRECTOR AND MINORITY STAFF DIRECTOR,
SENATE COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY

SUBJECT: ~~(TS//SI//NF)~~ Congressional Notification – NSA Acquisition and Use of
Telephony Metadata from Cellular Network Call Detail Records –
INFORMATION MEMORANDUM

~~(TS//SI//NF)~~ This is to inform the Committee that, in addition to the telephony metadata the National Security Agency (NSA) has been acquiring since 2006 under its counterterrorism Business Records (BR) Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act (FISA) program, NSA has begun to acquire and analyze telephony metadata derived from cellular network or “mobility” call detail records (CDRs) [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] The cellular telephony metadata is being produced pursuant to an order issued by the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court (FISC) pursuant to Section 501 (50 U.S.C. § 1861) of FISA. As the Committee is aware, the orders issued by the FISC strictly control the circumstances under which NSA may access (query), use, and disseminate information obtained under this bulk collection program.

~~(TS//SI//NF)~~ NSA analyzes this metadata to discover and develop the networks and associations of known and suspected terrorists. Until this change, NSA had been acquiring approximately [REDACTED] CDRs per day for billed long distance telephone calls to or from landline telephones either (a) between the U.S. and abroad; or (b) wholly within the U.S., including local telephone calls. [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

~~(TS//SI//NF)~~ Before initiating the acquisition of mobility data, NSA undertook extensive testing to ensure strict compliance with the terms of the FISC Orders. The Court’s Orders are designed to protect the civil liberties and privacy interests of Americans. Following completion of the testing, on 29 August 2011, NSA began to receive approximately [REDACTED] CDRs per day and enter these records into our BR FISA bulk metadata architecture.

Derived From: NSA/CSSM 1-52
Dated: 20070108
Declassify On: ~~20320108~~

(TS//SI//NF)

[REDACTED], NSA requested that the [REDACTED] remove the cell [REDACTED] location information [REDACTED] before providing the CDRs to NSA. Consequently, NSA is not currently receiving this field as part of the data being acquired. [REDACTED]

(~~TS//SI//NF~~) The collection and processing of [REDACTED] is critical to the success of NSA's BR FISA program. We will continue to keep you informed of our progress in this area. Should you have questions or want additional information, please contact me at [REDACTED]



ETHAN L. BAUMAN
Director, Legislative Affairs Office