## How to use YZ-HPC

## Department of Physics Shahjalal University of Science and Technology Sylhet - 3114, Bangladesh

Support: | yz-hpc@sust.edu

## **Contents**

# 1 Getting started with the HPC

The configuration of YZ-HPC is described below:

- Hardware
  - Compute Node: 05
    - \* CPU: Intel Xeon 4-core 2.1 GHz
    - \* RAM: 8 GB 800 MHz
  - Compute Node: 16
    - \* CPU: Intel Core 2 Duo 2.6 GHz
    - \* RAM: 4 GB 800 MHz
  - Total Core: 52 Compute Core
  - Total RAM: 104 GB
- Software
  - OS: Telisc OS
  - Module Environment: Imod
  - Task/Job Management and Schedular: SLURM
- Computation Software: OpenMPI (Version 2.1.3 and 3.0.0)
- Molecuar Dynamics: LAMMPS
- Computational Chemistry: Gaussian (g09)

## 1.1 How do I get access to the HPC

Fill out the appropriate tab of the HPC Access Request Form. Access is typically granted within few business days. Before requesting access, a minimum experience with the followings are expected:

- How to work on Linux Terminal
- How to write within Linux Terminal (with vim/nano)
- Basics of OpenMPI
- File transfer tools (rsync, FileZilla, WinSCP etc.)

## 1.2 YZ-HPC Documentation

All the documentation are described brifely at <a href="http://yz-hpc.phy.edu">http://yz-hpc.phy.edu</a>. An HPC Access Request Form or Registration form is available for registering into YZ-HPC. A username with password will be sent to the user after the registration completion. Those username and password is very important for login.

NOTE: DO NOT CHANGE THE PASSWORD.

## 1.3 How do I login in the system

Only SSH access is available to login in the system. Any SSH client from various Operating System can be used. Additionally a web browser can be used to get login (firefox, google-chrome, Internet Explorer and Microsft edges were tested).

## 1.3.1 From web browser

url http://yz-hpc.phy.edu

## CLI Click Go to Command Line Interface

**Permission** Accept the secure access

localhost 10.100.11.71

Port 22

username USERNAME

password PASSWORD

A login shell will be available if everything goes fine.

## 1.4 How do I run my jobs on the HPC

See the documents below sections for basic examples of several types of jobs on the HPC system.

• HPC Sample Job: OpenMPI

• HPC Sample Job: LAMMPS

• HPC Sample Job: Gaussian

## 1.5 How many jobs can I run?

#### 1.6 Why are some of my jobs stuck in the queue?

## 2 How do I use TextEditor

By default vim and nano text editor is provided in the YZ-HPC because of their simplicity.

#### 2.1 Documentation on TextEditor

- Vim (An online tutorial is available at here)
- Nano (A simple tutorial is available at here)

## 3 How do I transfer file into/from YZ-HPC

Any standard SSH tool can be used to transfer files between HPC and client computer. The rsync, WinSCP are Filezilla very useful tools.

#### 3.1 Documentation on File Transfer

## 4 HPC Sample Job: OpenMPI

#### 4.1 Overview

This document shows a very simple "Hello, World!" type program using OpenMPI libraries, adapted from MPI Tutorial: MPI Hello World.

mpi\_hw.c

## 4.2 Loading OpenMPI

There are two different version of openMPI available for computing. They are version 2.1.3 and 3.0.0. Use module tools to load the appropriate version of the MPI.

```
$ module load openMPI
```

## 4.3 Compiling

On the login node or a compute node, the source can be compiled after the module loaded as:

```
$ mpicc -o mpi_hw mpi_hw.c
```

## 4.4 Running the compiled code

No one should run an MPI code directly in the HPC. Use batch script to submit as a job on the system.

#### 4.5 Running MPI in batch

Make a Slurm job script named mpi\_hw.sh with the following contents. mpi\_hw.sh

```
#!/bin/bash
#SBATCH —node=2
#SBATCH —job—name=mpi_hw
#SBATCH —output=mpi_hw
module load openMPI
mpicc —o mpi_hw mpi_hw.c
```

mpirun ./mpi\_hw

## 4.6 Submitting job in Queue

\$ sbatch mpi\_hw.sh

# 4.7 Useful Links for openMPI

- MPI tutorial
- MPI tutorial

# 5 Script for Slurm Job Submission

The job flags are used with SBATCH command. The syntax for the SLURM directive in a script is "#SBATCH ¡flag¿". Some of the flags are used with the srun and salloc commands, as well as the fisbatch wrapper script for interactive jobs.

Table 1: My caption

Resource	Flag Syntax	Description	Notes
partition	<pre>-partition=general- compute</pre>	Partition is a queue for jobs.	default on ub-hpc is general-compute
qos	-qos=general- compute	QOS is quality of service value (limits or priority boost)	default on ub-hpc is general-compute
time	-time=01:00:00	Time limit for the job.	1 hour; default is 72 hours
nodes	-nodes=2	Number of compute nodes for the job.	default is 1; compute nodes
cpus/cores	-ntasks-per- node=8	Corresponds to number of cores on the compute node.	default is 1
node type	-constraint=IB or - constraint=IB&CPU- E564	Node type feature. IB requests nodes with Infini-Band	default is no node type speci- fied; compute nodes
resource feature	-gres=gpu:2	Request use of GPUs on compute nodes	default is no feature speci- fied;
memory	-mem=24000	Memory limit per compute node for the job. Do not use with mem-per-cpu flag.	memory in MB; default limit is 3000MB per core
memory	-mem-per- cpu=4000	Per core memory limit. Do not use the mem flag,	memory in MB; default limit is 3000MB per core
account	-account=group- slurm-account	Users may belong to groups or accounts.	default is the user's primary group.
job name	–job- name="hello_test"	Name of job.	default is the JobID
output file	-output=test.out	Name of file for stdout.	default is the JobID
email address	-mail- user=usernamebuffal	User's email address o.edu	required
email notification	-mail-type=ALL - mail-type=END	When email is sent to user.	omit for no email
access	-exclusive	Exclusive access to compute nodes.	default is sharing nodes