Lead scoring Assignment

Problem Statement

X Education, an online education company, receives daily website traffic from industry professionals interested in their courses. The company markets its courses on various platforms, attracting leads through form submissions, video views, and referrals. However, their lead conversion rate is low, with only 30% successfully converting. To improve efficiency, X Education aims to identify the most promising leads, or 'Hot Leads,' allowing the sales team to focus on them for increased conversion rates. Their goal is an 80% lead conversion rate. As an appointed consultant, your task is to develop a lead scoring model, prioritizing leads with higher scores for improved conversion chances.

Data Analysis/Preparation

Conversion of Binary YES/NO to Numeric 0-1

Handling of special value 'Select' in certain columns

```
leads_data['Specialization'] = leads_data['Specialization'].apply(lambda x : (None if x == 'Select' else x))
leads_data['How did you hear about X Education'] = leads_data['How did you hear about X Education'].apply(lambda x : (None if x == 'Select' else x))
leads_data['Lead Profile'] = leads_data['Lead Profile'].apply(lambda x : (None if x == 'Select' else x))
leads_data['City'] = leads_data['City'].apply(lambda x : (None if x == 'Select' else x))
```

Data Analysis/Preparation

Removed the column with null% more than 50%

leads data.isnull().sum() Prospect ID Lead Number Lead Origin 36 Lead Source Do Not Email Do Not Call Converted TotalVisits 137 Total Time Spent on Website Page Views Per Visit 137 Last Activity 103 2461 Country 3380 Specialization How did you hear about X Education 7250 What is your current occupation 2690 What matters most to you in choosing a course 2709 Search Magazine Newspaper Article X Education Forums Newspaper Digital Advertisement Through Recommendations Receive More Updates About Our Courses 3353 Tags 4767 Lead Quality Update me on Supply Chain Content Get updates on DM Content Lead Profile 6855 3669 4218 Asymmetrique Activity Index 4218 Asymmetrique Profile Index Asymmetrique Activity Score 4218 Asymmetrique Profile Score 4218 I agree to pay the amount through cheque A free copy of Mastering The Interview Last Notable Activity dtype: int64

Did the grouping of categorical variables before creating the dummy variables

```
def handle leads(x):
   if x in ('Quick Add Form', 'Lead Add Form', 'Lead Import'):
        return 'LessFrequent'
   else:
        return x
leads data['Lead Origin'] = leads data['Lead Origin'].apply(handle_leads)
def handle lead source(x):
        if x in ['Referral Sites', 'Reference', 'google', 'Welingak Website',
           'Facebook', 'blog', 'Pay per Click Ads', 'bing', 'Social Media',
           'WeLearn', 'Click2call', 'Live Chat', 'welearnblog_Home',
           'youtubechannel', 'testone', 'Press Release', 'NC EDM']:
            return 'LessFrequent'
        #'Referral Sites', 'Reference'
        else:
            return x
leads data['Lead Source'] = leads data['Lead Source'].apply(handle lead source)
def handle_Last_Notable_Activity(x):
   #Olark Chat Conversation
        if x in ['Approached upfront', 'Email Bounced', 'Email Link Clicked', 'Email Marked Spam', 'Email Received', 'Form S
            return 'LessFrequent'
        else:
            return x
leads data['Last Notable Activity'] = leads data['Last Notable Activity'].apply(handle Last Notable Activity)
def handle last Activity(x):
        if x in ['Email Marked Spam', 'Email Received', 'Form Submitted on Website', 'Had a Phone Conversation', 'Resubscri
                  'Visited Booth in Tradeshow']:
            return 'LessFrequent'
        else:
            return x
leads data['Last Activity'] = leads data['Last Activity'].apply(handle last Activity)
```

Feature Scaling

Did the Feature scaling for variables having high numeric values

Feature Scaling

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler

scaler = StandardScaler()

X_train[['TotalVisits','Total Time Spent on Website','Page Views Per Visit']] = scaler.fit_transform(X_train[['TotalVisits','TotalVisits','TotalVisits','Page Views Per Visit']] = scaler.fit_transform(X_train[['TotalVisits', TotalVisits', 'TotalVisits', 'Page Views Per Visit']].describe()
```

Model Building

After Multiple iterations and removing columns bases on VIF and P values. We got the model accuracy of 76% and these are the final results

| | coef | std err | z | P> z | [0.025 | 0.975] |
|---------------------------------------|---------|---------|--------|-------|--------|--------|
| const | -0.6391 | 0.109 | -5.886 | 0.000 | -0.852 | -0.426 |
| Do Not Email | -1.4224 | 0.168 | -8.466 | 0.000 | -1.752 | -1.093 |
| Total Time Spent on Website | 0.7702 | 0.034 | 22.974 | 0.000 | 0.705 | 0.836 |
| Lead Source_Google | -0.2454 | 0.069 | -3.557 | 0.000 | -0.381 | -0.110 |
| Lead Source_Olark Chat | 0.3105 | 0.095 | 3.274 | 0.001 | 0.125 | 0.496 |
| Last Activity_Converted to Lead | -1.3382 | 0.208 | -6.428 | 0.000 | -1.746 | -0.930 |
| Last Activity_Email Bounced | -1.4190 | 0.388 | -3.660 | 0.000 | -2.179 | -0.659 |
| Last Activity_Email Link Clicked | -1.0321 | 0.252 | -4.095 | 0.000 | -1.526 | -0.538 |
| Last Activity_Email Opened | 0.1169 | 0.105 | 1.117 | 0.264 | -0.088 | 0.322 |
| Last Activity_Olark Chat Conversation | -1.3765 | 0.163 | -8.428 | 0.000 | -1.697 | -1.056 |
| Last Notable Activity_LessFrequent | 1.1298 | 0.236 | 4.779 | 0.000 | 0.666 | 1.593 |
| Last Notable Activity_Modified | -0.1462 | 0.095 | -1.545 | 0.122 | -0.332 | 0.039 |
| Last Notable Activity_SMS Sent | 1.5660 | 0.120 | 13.010 | 0.000 | 1.330 | 1.802 |

COEF and P-values

```
In [173]: y_pred_final['final_predicted'] = y_pred_final.Conversion_Prob.map(lambda x: 1
In [174]: y_pred_final.head()
Out[174]:
              Converted CustID Conversion_Prob final_predicted
                       3271
                                   0.226150
                    1 1490
                                   0.717374
                    0 7936
                                   0.206284
                                   0.205405
                    1 4216
                    0 3830
                                   0.273905
In [175]: metrics.accuracy_score(y_pred_final.Converted, y_pred_final.final_predicted)
Out[175]: 0.7631289019463827
```

Model accuracy