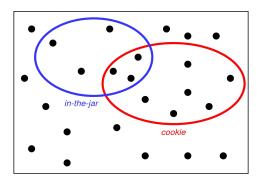
Semantic Theory 2025: Exercise 4 Key

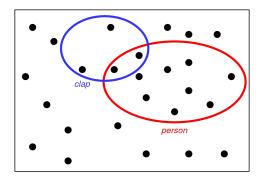
Question 1

Give the truth conditions for the following sentences using Generalized Quantifier Theory: interpret each VP as a property (i.e. a set of entities) and interpret quantified noun phrases (<u>underlined</u>) as sets of properties. Illustrate your answer with a graphical depiction of a model in which the sentence is true.

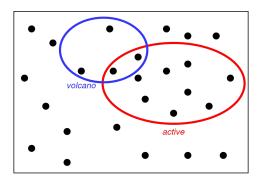
a. $[\![\underline{at\ least\ three\ cookies}\ are\ in\ the\ jar]\!] = 1\ iff$ $[\![in\text{-}the\text{-}jar]\!] \in \{P \subseteq U_M\ |\ |[\![cookie]\!] \cap P| \ge 3\}\ iff$ $|[\![cookie]\!] \cap [\![in\text{-}the\text{-}jar]\!]| \ge 3$



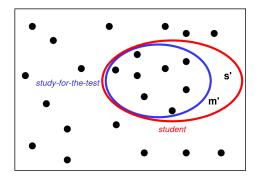
b.
$$\begin{split} & [\![\textit{few people clapped}]\!] = 1 \text{ iff} \\ & [\![\textit{clap}]\!] \in \{ P \subseteq U_M \mid | [\![\textit{person}]\!] \cap P | \leq \frac{|[\![\textit{person}]\!]|}{n} \} \text{ iff} \\ & | [\![\textit{person}]\!] \cap [\![\textit{clap}]\!] | \leq \frac{|[\![\textit{person}]\!]|}{n} \end{split}$$



c. $\llbracket some, \ but \ not \ all, \ volcanoes \ are \ active \rrbracket = 1 \ \text{iff}$ $\llbracket active \rrbracket \in \{P \subseteq U_M \mid 1 \leq | \llbracket volcano \rrbracket \cap P | < | \llbracket volcano \rrbracket | \} \ \text{iff}$ $1 \leq | \llbracket volcano \rrbracket \cap \llbracket active \rrbracket | < | \llbracket volcano \rrbracket |$



d. $\llbracket every \ student \ except \ for \ Mark \ and \ Sally \ studied \ for \ the \ test \rrbracket = 1 \ \text{iff}$ $\llbracket study-for-the-test \rrbracket \in \{P \subseteq U_M \mid \llbracket student \rrbracket - \{\llbracket m' \rrbracket, \llbracket s' \rrbracket \} \subseteq P\} \ \text{iff}$ $\llbracket student \rrbracket - \{\llbracket m' \rrbracket, \llbracket s' \rrbracket \} \subseteq \llbracket study-for-the-test \rrbracket$



Question 2

Determine the monotonicity properties (left and right) of the following determiners. Show how you derived these monotonicity properties.

a. half of the

Right upward:

half of the students walked quickly \vDash half of the students walked

Not left monotonic:

half of the students walked \nvDash half of the people walked half of the people walked \nvDash half of the students walked

b. no more than six

Right downward:

no more than six students walked \vDash no more than six students walked quickly Left downward:

no more than six people walked \vDash no more than six students walked

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c. most
Right upward:
most\ people\ swam\ quickly\ dash\ most\ people\ swam
Not left monotonic:
most\ people\ swam\ 
ot \ most\ students\ swam
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 $most\ students\ swam \nvDash most\ people\ swam$

Question 3

Prove that the following statement holds:

The external negation of a right downward monotonic (monotone decreasing) quantifier is a right upward monotonic (monotone increasing) quantifier

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\begin{array}{l} DM(Q):=\forall P,R\colon (\llbracket P\rrbracket\subseteq \llbracket R\rrbracket\wedge Q(R))\to Q(P)\\ UM(Q):=\forall P,R\colon (\llbracket P\rrbracket\subseteq \llbracket R\rrbracket\wedge Q(P))\to Q(R)\\ \\ \text{(i) assume we have }P,R\text{ such that }\llbracket P\rrbracket\subseteq \llbracket R\rrbracket\text{ and }\neg Q(P)\\ \text{(ii) assume }\neg Q(R)\text{ does not hold, i.e. }\neg (\neg Q(R))\text{, i.e. }Q(R)\\ \text{(iii) then by the assumption that }\llbracket P\rrbracket\subseteq \llbracket R\rrbracket\text{ and }DM(Q)\text{, we have }Q(P)\\ \text{(iv) by (i) and (iii), we have }Q(P)\wedge \neg Q(P)\text{.}\text{ This is a contradiction.} \\ \text{Therefore, }DM(Q)\to UM(\lambda P.\neg Q(P)) \end{array}
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