

- apple machine learning research
- testa

pytorch computer vision

```
import torch ... from torch import nn ... import torchvision ... from torchvision import datasets
from torchvision.transforms import ToTensor ... for visualization import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
train_data = datasets.FashionMNIST(root="data", train=True, download=True, transform=ToTensor(),
    target_transform=None)
test_data = datasets.FashionMNIST(root="data", train=False, download=True, transform=ToTensor())
```

setup
training
data

```
from torch.utils.data import DataLoader
```

```
BATCH_SIZE = 32
```

```
train_loader = DataLoader(train_data, batch_size=BATCH_SIZE, shuffle=True)
```

```
test_loader = DataLoader(test_data, batch_size=BATCH_SIZE, shuffle=False)
```

turn dataset
into batches

```
import torch
```

```
device = "cuda" if torch.cuda.is_available() else "cpu"
```

device agnostic code

```
from torch import nn ... from tqdm.auto import tqdm ... import pandas as pd
from helper_functions import accuracy_fn
```

some redundancy

```
class FashionMNISTModelV2(nn.Module):
```

```
    def __init__(self, input_shape: int, hidden_units: int, output_shape: int):
```

```
        super().__init__()
```

```
        self.block_1 = nn.Sequential(
```

```
            nn.Conv2d(in_channels=input_shape, out_channels=hidden_units, kernel_size=3, stride=1, padding=1),
```

```
            nn.ReLU(),
```

```
            nn.Conv2d(
```

```
                hidden_units, hidden_units, kernel_size=3, padding=1),
```

```
                nn.ReLU(),
```

```
                nn.MaxPool2d(kernel_size=2, stride=2))
```

```
        self.block_2 = nn.Sequential(
```

```
            nn.Conv2d(hidden_units, hidden_units, 3, padding=1),
```

```
            nn.ReLU(),
```

```
            nn.Conv2d(
```

```
                hidden_units, hidden_units, 3, padding=1),
```

```
                nn.ReLU(),
```

```
                nn.MaxPool2d(2))
```

CNN Explainer

```

self.classifier = nn.Sequential(
    nn.Flatten(),
    nn.Linear(in_features=hidden_units*7*7, out_features=output_shape))

def forward(self, x: torch.Tensor):
    x = self.block-1(x) ... x = self.block-2(x) ... x = self.classifier(x)
    return x

```

```
torch.manual_seed(42)
```

```
model-2 = FashionMNISTModelV2(input_shape=1, hidden_units=10, output_shape=len(class_names)).to(device)
```

```
loss_fn = nn.CrossEntropyLoss()
```

```
optimizer = torch.optim.SGD(model-2.parameters(), lr=0.1)
```

train and test model

```
epochs = 3
```

```
for epoch in tqdm(range(epochs)):
```

```
    print(f"Epoch: {epoch} \n-----")
```

```
    train_step(data_loader=train_data_loader, model=model-2, loss_fn=loss_fn, optimizer=optimizer,
               accuracy_fn=accuracy_fn, device=device)
```

```
    test_step(data_loader=test_data_loader, model=model-2, loss_fn=loss_fn,
              accuracy_fn=accuracy_fn, device=device)
```

Get
model
results

```
model-2-results = eval_model(model=model-2, data_loader=test_data_loader, loss_fn=loss_fn,
                             accuracy_fn=accuracy_fn)
```

```
# make and evaluate random predictions
```

```
# make confusion matrix for further prediction evaluation
```

```
from pathlib import Path
```

```
MODEL_PATH = Path("models")
```

```
MODEL_PATH.mkdir(parents=True, exist_ok=True)
```

} create model directory

```
MODEL_NAME = "03-pytorch-computer-vision-model-2.pth"
```

```
MODEL_SAVE_PATH = MODEL_PATH/MODEL_NAME
```

} create model save path

```
torch.save(obj=model-2.state_dict(), f=MODEL_SAVE_PATH) ] save model state dict
```

```
# load and test saved model
```

PyTorch computation continued... Confusion matrix

we make confusion matrix for further prediction evaluation

from tqdm.auto import tqdm

y_preds = []

model = model.eval()

with torch.inference_mode():

for X, y in tqdm(test_data_loader, desc="Making predictions"):

X, y = X.to(device), y.to(device)

y_logits = model(X)

} forward pass

y_pred = torch.softmax(y_logits, dim=1).argmax(dim=1)

} logits → prediction probabilities → prediction labels

y_preds.append(y_pred.cpu())

} put predictions on CPU for evaluation

y_preds_tensor = torch.cat(y_preds)

(might need) ! pip install -q torchmetrics -U mixend

import torchmetrics, mixend

from torchmetrics import ConfusionMatrix

from mixend.plotting import plot_confusion_matrix

confmat = ConfusionMatrix(num_classes=len(class_names), task='multiclass')

confmat_tensor = confmat(preds=y_preds_tensor, target=test_data.targets)

fig, ax = plot_confusion_matrix(confmat=confmat_tensor.numpy(), class_names=class_names, figsize=(10, 7))

