# Week-3: Code-Along

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# I. Code to Edit and Execute

### **Loading Packages**

```
# Load package tidyverse
library("tidyverse")
## — Attaching core tidyverse packages —
                                                           --- tidyverse 2.0.0 -
## ✓ dplyr 1.1.0
                        ✓ readr
                                    2.1.4
## ✓ forcats 1.0.0

✓ stringr

                                    1.5.0
## ✓ ggplot2 3.4.3

✓ tibble

                                    3.1.8
## ✓ lubridate 1.9.2

✓ tidyr

                                    1.3.0
## ✓ purrr 1.0.1
## - Conflicts -
                                                        - tidyverse_conflicts() -
## * dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## * dplyr::lag()
                   masks stats::lag()
```

## i Use the []8;;http://conflicted.r-lib.org/[conflicted package[]8;;[] to force a

### **Assigning Values to Variables**

ll conflicts to become errors

## [1] "Apple"

```
# Example A
x <- 'A'
x

## [1] "A"

# Example B
x <- "Apple"
x
```

```
# Example C
x <- FALSE
x</pre>
```

```
## [1] FALSE
 # Example D
 x <- 5L
 х
 ## [1] 5
 # Example E
 x <- 5
 х
 ## [1] 5
 # Example F
 x <- 1i
 х
 ## [1] 0+1i
Checking the Type of Variables
 # Example A
 x <- 'A'
 typeof(x)
 ## [1] "character"
 # Example B
 x <- "Apple"
 typeof(x)
 ## [1] "character"
 # Example C
 x <- FALSE
 typeof(x)
 ## [1] "logical"
 # Example D
 x <- 5L
 typeof(x)
```

```
## [1] "integer"
 # Example E
 x <- 5
 typeof(x)
 ## [1] "double"
 # Example F
 x <- 1i
 typeof(x)
 ## [1] "complex"
Need for Data Types
 # To import data,
 cat_lovers <- read.csv("cat-lovers.csv")</pre>
 # To compute the mean,
 mean(cat_lovers$number_of_cats)
 ## Warning in mean.default(cat_lovers$number_of_cats): argument is not numeric or
 ## logical: returning NA
 ## [1] NA
 # To understand mean operator,
 ?mean
 # Convert the variable using as.integer(),
 mean(as.integer(cat_lovers$number_of_cats))
 ## Warning in mean(as.integer(cat_lovers$number_of_cats)): NAs introduced by
 ## coercion
 ## [1] NA
 # Display the elements of the column number_of_cats,
 cat lovers$number of cats
     [1] "0"
 ##
 ##
     [2] "0"
```

```
[3] "1"
##
    [4] "3"
##
    [5] "3"
##
    [6] "2"
##
    [7] "1"
##
    [8] "1"
##
    [9] "0"
##
## [10] "0"
## [11] "0"
## [12] "0"
## [13] "1"
## [14] "3"
## [15] "3"
## [16] "2"
## [17] "1"
## [18] "1"
## [19] "0"
## [20] "0"
## [21] "1"
## [22] "1"
## [23] "0"
## [24] "0"
## [25] "4"
## [26] "0"
## [27] "0"
## [28] "0"
## [29] "0"
## [30] "0"
## [31] "0"
## [32] "0"
## [33] "0"
## [34] "0"
## [35] "0"
## [36] "0"
## [37] "0"
## [38] "0"
## [39] "0"
## [40] "0"
## [41] "0"
## [42] "0"
## [43] "1"
## [44] "3"
## [45] "3"
## [46] "2"
## [47] "1"
## [48] "1.5 - honestly I think one of my cats is half human"
## [49] "0"
## [50] "0"
## [51] "1"
## [52] "0"
## [53] "1"
## [54] "three"
## [55] "1"
## [56] "1"
```

```
## [57] "1"
## [58] "0"
## [59] "0"
## [60] "2"
```

```
# Display the elements of the column number_of_cats after converting it using as.nu
meric(),
as.integer(cat_lovers$number_of_cats)
```

```
## Warning: NAs introduced by coercion
```

# Create an Empty Vector

```
# To create an empty vector,
x <- vector()
# To find the type of empty vector,
typeof(x)</pre>
```

```
## [1] "logical"
```

### **Create Vectors of Type: Logical**

```
# Method 1,
x<-vector("logical",length=5)

# Display the contents of x,
print(x)</pre>
```

```
## [1] FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
```

```
# Display the type of x,
print(typeof(x))
```

```
## [1] "logical"
```

```
# Method 2,
x<-logical(5)

# Display the contents of x,
print(x)</pre>
```

```
## [1] FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
 # Display the type of x,
 print(typeof(x))
 ## [1] "logical"
 # Method 3,
 x<-c(TRUE, FALSE, TRUE, FALSE, TRUE)
 # Display the contents of x,
 print(x)
 ## [1] TRUE FALSE TRUE FALSE TRUE
 # Display the type of x,
 print(typeof(x))
 ## [1] "logical"
Create Vectors of Type: Character
 # Method 1,
 x <- vector("character",length=5)</pre>
 # Display the contents of x,
 print(x)
 ## [1] "" "" "" ""
 # Display the type of x,
 print(typeof(x))
 ## [1] "character"
 # Method 2,
 x <- character(5)</pre>
 # Display the contents of x,
 print(x)
```

## [1] "" "" "" ""

```
# Display the type of x,
 print(typeof(x))
 ## [1] "character"
 # Method 3,
 x <- c('A','b','r','q')
 # Display the contents of x,
 print(x)
 ## [1] "A" "b" "r" "q"
 # Display the type of x,
 print(typeof(x))
 ## [1] "character"
Create Vectors of Type: Integer
 # Method 1,
 x <- vector("integer",length=5)</pre>
 # Display the contents of x,
 print(x)
 ## [1] 0 0 0 0 0
 \# Display the type of x,
 print(typeof(x))
 ## [1] "integer"
 # Method 2,
 x <- integer(5)</pre>
 # Display the contents of x,
 print(x)
 ## [1] 0 0 0 0 0
 # Display the type of x,
```

print(typeof(x))

```
## [1] "integer"
# Method 3,
x < -c(1,2,3,4,5)
# Display the contents of x,
print(x)
## [1] 1 2 3 4 5
# Display the type of x,
print(typeof(x))
## [1] "double"
# Method 4,
x \le seq(from=1, to=5, by=0.1)
# Display the contents of x,
print(x)
## [1] 1.0 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 1.5 1.6 1.7 1.8 1.9 2.0 2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6 2.7 2.8
## [20] 2.9 3.0 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5 3.6 3.7 3.8 3.9 4.0 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 4.5 4.6 4.7
## [39] 4.8 4.9 5.0
# Display the type of x,
print(typeof(x))
## [1] "double"
# Method 5,
x < -1:5
\# Display the contents of x,
print(x)
## [1] 1 2 3 4 5
\# Display the type of x,
print(typeof(x))
```

## [1] "integer"

### **Create Vectors of Type: Double**

```
# Method 1,
x <- vector("double",length=5)</pre>
# Display the contents of x,
print(x)
## [1] 0 0 0 0 0
# Display the type of x,
print(typeof(x))
## [1] "double"
# Method 2,
x <- double(5)
# Display the contents of x,
print(x)
## [1] 0 0 0 0 0
# Display the type of x,
print(typeof(x))
## [1] "double"
# Method 3,
x <- c(1.787, 0.63573, 2.3890)
# Display the contents of x,
print(x)
## [1] 1.78700 0.63573 2.38900
# Display the type of x,
print(typeof(x))
```

### **Implicit Coercion**

## [1] "double"

### Example 1

```
# Create a vector,
x <- c(1.8)

# Check the type of x,
typeof(x)</pre>
```

```
## [1] "double"
```

```
# Add a character to the vector,
x <- c(x,'a')
# Check the type of x
typeof(x)</pre>
```

```
## [1] "character"
```

#### Example 2

```
# Create a vector,
x <- c(TRUE)

# Check the type of x,
typeof(x)</pre>
```

```
## [1] "logical"
```

```
# Add a number to the vector,
x <- c(x,2)
# Check the type of x,
typeof(x)</pre>
```

```
## [1] "double"
```

### Example 3

```
# Create a vector,
x <- c('a')

# Check the type of x,
typeof(x)</pre>
```

```
## [1] "character"
```

```
# Add a logical value to the vector,
x <- c(x,TRUE)
# Check the type of x,
typeof(x)</pre>
```

```
## [1] "character"
```

#### Example 4

```
# Create a vector,
x <- c(1L)
# Check the type of x,
typeof(x)</pre>
```

```
## [1] "integer"
```

```
# Add a number to the vector,
x <- c(x,2)
# Check the type of x,
typeof(x)</pre>
```

```
## [1] "double"
```

# **Explicit Coercion**

#### Example 1

```
# Create a vector,
x <- c(1L)

# Check the type of x,
typeof(x)</pre>
```

```
## [1] "integer"
```

```
# Convert the vector to type character,
x <- as.character(x)

# Check the type of x,
typeof(x)</pre>
```

```
## [1] "character"
```

### Example 2

```
x < - c('A')
 # Check the type of x,
 typeof(x)
 ## [1] "character"
 # Convert the vector to type double,
 x <- as.numeric(x)</pre>
 ## Warning: NAs introduced by coercion
 # Check the type of x,
 typeof(x)
 ## [1] "double"
Accessing Elements of the Vector
 # Create a vector,
 x < c(1,10,9,8,1,3,5)
 # Access one element with index 3,
 x[3]
 ## [1] 9
 # Access elements with consecutive indices, 2 to 4: 2,3,4,
 x[2:4]
 ## [1] 10 9 8
 # Access elements with non-consecutive indices, 1,3,5,
 x[c(1,3,5)]
 ## [1] 1 9 1
 # Access elements using logical vector,
 x[c(TRUE, FALSE, FALSE, TRUE, FALSE, FALSE, TRUE)]
 ## [1] 1 8 5
```

# Create a vector,

```
# Access elements using the conditional operator <, x[x<10]
```

```
## [1] 1 9 8 1 3 5
```

# **Examining Vectors**

```
# Display the length of the vector
print(length(x))

## [1] 7

# Display the type of the vector
print(typeof(x))

## [1] "double"

# Display the structure of the vector
print(str(x))

## num [1:7] 1 10 9 8 1 3 5
## NULL
```

### **Lists**

```
# Initialise a named list,
my_pie = list(type="key lime", diameter=7, is.vegetarian=TRUE)
# Display the list,
my_pie
```

```
## $type
## [1] "key lime"
##
## $diameter
## [1] 7
##
## $is.vegetarian
## [1] TRUE
```

```
# Print the names of the list,
names(my_pie)
```

```
## [1] "type" "diameter" "is.vegetarian"
```

```
# Retrieve the element named type,
 my pie$type
 ## [1] "key lime"
 # Retrieve a truncated list,
 my pie["type"]
 ## $type
 ## [1] "key lime"
 # Retrieve the element named type,
 my pie[["type"]]
 ## [1] "key lime"
Exploring Data-Sets
 # Install package,
 install.packages("openintro", repos = "http://cran.us.r-project.org")
 ##
 ## The downloaded binary packages are in
    /var/folders/94/vfdq91z14bs344svq134kq20000gn/T//RtmpJCCXOy/downloaded package
 s
 # Load the package,
 library(openintro)
 ## Loading required package: airports
 ## Loading required package: cherryblossom
 ## Loading required package: usdata
 # Load package,
 library(tidyverse)
 # Catch a glimpse of the data-set: see how the rows are stacked one below another,
 glimpse(loans_full_schema)
 ## Rows: 10,000
 ## Columns: 55
 ## $ emp_title
                                        <chr> "global config engineer ", "warehouse...
```

```
## $ emp_length
                                       <dbl> 3, 10, 3, 1, 10, NA, 10, 10, 10, 3, 1...
                                       <fct> NJ, HI, WI, PA, CA, KY, MI, AZ, NV, I...
## $ state
                                       <fct> MORTGAGE, RENT, RENT, RENT, RENT, OWN...
## $ homeownership
                                       <dbl> 90000, 40000, 40000, 30000, 35000, 34...
## $ annual income
                                       <fct> Verified, Not Verified, Source Verifi...
## $ verified income
## $ debt to income
                                       <dbl> 18.01, 5.04, 21.15, 10.16, 57.96, 6.4...
                                       <dbl> NA, NA, NA, NA, 57000, NA, 155000, NA...
## $ annual_income_joint
## $ verification income joint
                                       <fct> , , , Verified, , Not Verified, , ,...
## $ debt to income joint
                                       <dbl> NA, NA, NA, NA, 37.66, NA, 13.12, NA,...
                                       <int> 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0...
## $ deling 2y
                                       <int> 38, NA, 28, NA, NA, 3, NA, 19, 18, NA...
## $ months since last deling
## $ earliest_credit_line
                                       <dbl> 2001, 1996, 2006, 2007, 2008, 1990, 2...
## $ inquiries last 12m
                                       <int> 6, 1, 4, 0, 7, 6, 1, 1, 3, 0, 4, 4, 8...
## $ total credit lines
                                       <int> 28, 30, 31, 4, 22, 32, 12, 30, 35, 9,...
## $ open credit lines
                                       <int> 10, 14, 10, 4, 16, 12, 10, 15, 21, 6,...
## $ total_credit_limit
                                       <int> 70795, 28800, 24193, 25400, 69839, 42...
                                       <int> 38767, 4321, 16000, 4997, 52722, 3898...
## $ total_credit_utilized
                                       <int> 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0...
## $ num collections last 12m
## $ num historical failed to pay
                                       <int> 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0...
## $ months since 90d late
                                       <int> 38, NA, 28, NA, NA, 60, NA, 71, 18, N...
## $ current accounts deling
                                       <int> 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0...
                                       <int> 1250, 0, 432, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, ...
## $ total_collection_amount_ever
## $ current installment accounts
                                       <int> 2, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 2, 2, 6, 1, 2, 1, 2...
## $ accounts opened 24m
                                       <int> 5, 11, 13, 1, 6, 2, 1, 4, 10, 5, 6, 7...
## $ months_since_last_credit_inquiry <int> 5, 8, 7, 15, 4, 5, 9, 7, 4, 17, 3, 4,...
                                       <int> 10, 14, 10, 4, 16, 12, 10, 15, 21, 6,...
## $ num_satisfactory_accounts
## $ num accounts 120d past due
                                       <int> 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, NA, 0, 0, 0, ...
                                       <int> 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0...
## $ num accounts 30d past due
## $ num_active_debit_accounts
                                       <int> 2, 3, 3, 2, 10, 1, 3, 5, 11, 3, 2, 2,...
## $ total debit limit
                                       <int> 11100, 16500, 4300, 19400, 32700, 272...
## $ num_total_cc_accounts
                                       <int> 14, 24, 14, 3, 20, 27, 8, 16, 19, 7, ...
                                       <int> 8, 14, 8, 3, 15, 12, 7, 12, 14, 5, 8,...
## $ num_open_cc_accounts
                                       <int> 6, 4, 6, 2, 13, 5, 6, 10, 14, 3, 5, 3...
## $ num cc carrying balance
                                       <int> 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 3, 2, 7, 2, 0, 2, 3, 3...
## $ num mort accounts
                                       <dbl> 92.9, 100.0, 93.5, 100.0, 100.0, 78.1...
## $ account_never_deling_percent
## $ tax liens
                                       <int> 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0...
                                       <int> 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0...
## $ public_record_bankrupt
## $ loan_purpose
                                       <fct> moving, debt consolidation, other, de...
## $ application_type
                                       <fct> individual, individual, imdividual, i...
                                       <int> 28000, 5000, 2000, 21600, 23000, 5000...
## $ loan amount
                                       <dbl> 60, 36, 36, 36, 36, 36, 60, 60, 36, 3...
## $ term
                                       <dbl> 14.07, 12.61, 17.09, 6.72, 14.07, 6.7...
## $ interest_rate
## $ installment
                                       <dbl> 652.53, 167.54, 71.40, 664.19, 786.87...
## $ grade
                                       <fct> C, C, D, A, C, A, C, B, C, A, C, B, C...
                                       <fct> C3, C1, D1, A3, C3, A3, C2, B5, C2, A...
## $ sub_grade
## $ issue month
                                       <fct> Mar-2018, Feb-2018, Feb-2018, Jan-201...
## $ loan_status
                                       <fct> Current, Current, Current, C...
## $ initial listing status
                                       <fct> whole, whole, fractional, whole, whol...
                                       <fct> Cash, Cash, Cash, Cash, Cash, Cash, C...
## $ disbursement method
## $ balance
                                       <dbl> 27015.86, 4651.37, 1824.63, 18853.26,...
                                       <dbl> 1999.330, 499.120, 281.800, 3312.890,...
## $ paid total
## $ paid_principal
                                       <dbl> 984.14, 348.63, 175.37, 2746.74, 1569...
## $ paid interest
                                       <dbl> 1015.19, 150.49, 106.43, 566.15, 754...
## $ paid_late_fees
                                       <dbl> 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0...
```

```
# Selecting categoric variables,
loans <- loans_full_schema %>%
   select(grade, state, homeownership, disbursement_method)
# View the columns stacked one below another
glimpse(loans)
```