

Week-4: Code-along

Elise Wong

2023-09-04

II. Code to edit and execute using the Code-along.Rmd file

A. Data Wrangling

1. Loading packages (Slide #16)

```
# Load package tidyverse
library("tidyverse")
```

```
## — Attaching core tidyverse packages — tidyverse 2.0.0 —
—
## ✓ dplyr      1.1.0      ✓ readr      2.1.4
## ✓ forcats   1.0.0      ✓ stringr    1.5.0
## ✓ ggplot2   3.4.3      ✓ tibble     3.1.8
## ✓ lubridate 1.9.2      ✓ tidyr      1.3.0
## ✓ purrr     1.0.1
## — Conflicts — tidyverse_conflicts() —
—
## ✖ dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## ✖ dplyr::lag()     masks stats::lag()
## i Use the >8;;http://conflicted.r-lib.org/>conflicted package>8;;> to force a
ll conflicts to become errors
```

2. Loading data-set (Slide #16)

```
# Read data from the hotels.csv file and assign it to a variable named, "hotels"
hotels <- read.csv("hotels.csv")
```

3. List names of the variables in the data-set (Slide #19)

```
# Enter code here
names(hotels)
```

```
## [1] "hotel" "is_canceled"
## [3] "lead_time" "arrival_date_year"
## [5] "arrival_date_month" "arrival_date_week_number"
## [7] "arrival_date_day_of_month" "stays_in_weekend_nights"
## [9] "stays_in_week_nights" "adults"
## [11] "children" "babies"
## [13] "meal" "country"
## [15] "market_segment" "distribution_channel"
## [17] "is_repeated_guest" "previous_cancellations"
## [19] "previous_bookings_not_canceled" "reserved_room_type"
## [21] "assigned_room_type" "booking_changes"
## [23] "deposit_type" "agent"
## [25] "company" "days_in_waiting_list"
```

```
## [27] "customer_type"          "adr"
## [29] "required_car_parking_spaces" "total_of_special_requests"
## [31] "reservation_status"      "reservation_status_date"
```

4. Glimpse of contents of the data-set (Slide #20)

```
# Enter code here
glimpse(hotels)
```

```
## Rows: 119,390
## Columns: 32
## $ hotel <chr> "Resort Hotel", "Resort Hotel", "Resort...
## $ is_canceled <int> 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, ...
## $ lead_time <int> 342, 737, 7, 13, 14, 14, 0, 9, 85, 75, ...
## $ arrival_date_year <int> 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 201...
## $ arrival_date_month <chr> "July", "July", "July", "July", "July",...
## $ arrival_date_week_number <int> 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27,...
## $ arrival_date_day_of_month <int> 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, ...
## $ stays_in_weekend_nights <int> 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, ...
## $ stays_in_week_nights <int> 0, 0, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, ...
## $ adults <int> 2, 2, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, ...
## $ children <int> 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, ...
## $ babies <int> 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, ...
## $ meal <chr> "BB", "BB", "BB", "BB", "BB", "BB", "BB", "BB...
## $ country <chr> "PRT", "PRT", "GBR", "GBR", "GBR", "GBR...
## $ market_segment <chr> "Direct", "Direct", "Direct", "Corporat...
## $ distribution_channel <chr> "Direct", "Direct", "Direct", "Corporat...
## $ is_repeated_guest <int> 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, ...
## $ previous_cancellations <int> 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, ...
## $ previous_bookings_not_canceled <int> 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, ...
## $ reserved_room_type <chr> "C", "C", "A", "A", "A", "A", "C", "C",...
## $ assigned_room_type <chr> "C", "C", "C", "A", "A", "A", "C", "C",...
## $ booking_changes <int> 3, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, ...
## $ deposit_type <chr> "No Deposit", "No Deposit", "No Deposit...
## $ agent <chr> "NULL", "NULL", "NULL", "304", "240", "...
## $ company <chr> "NULL", "NULL", "NULL", "NULL", "NULL", ...
```

## \$ company	<chr> NULL , NULL , NULL , NULL , NULL ,...
## \$ days_in_waiting_list	<int> 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, ...
## \$ customer_type	<chr> "Transient", "Transient", "Transient", ...
## \$ adr	<dbl> 0.00, 0.00, 75.00, 75.00, 98.00, 98.00,...
## \$ required_car_parking_spaces	<int> 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, ...
## \$ total_of_special_requests	<int> 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 3, ...
## \$ reservation_status	<chr> "Check-Out", "Check-Out", "Check-Out", ...
## \$ reservation_status_date	<chr> "2015-07-01", "2015-07-01", "2015-07-02..."

B. Choosing rows or columns

5. Select a single column (Slide #24)

```
# Enter code here
select(hotels, lead_time)
```

6. Select multiple columns (Slide #25)

```
# Enter code here
select(hotels, lead_time, agent, market_segment)
```

7. Arrange entries of a column (Slide #28)

```
# Enter code here
arrange(hotels, lead_time)
```

8. Arrange entries of a column in the descending order (Slide #30)

```
# Enter code here
arrange(hotels, desc(lead_time))
```

9. Select columns and arrange the entries of a column (Slide #31)

```
# Enter code here
select(hotels, lead_time)
```

10. Select columns and arrange the entries of a column using the pipe operator (Slide #37)

```
# Enter code here
hotels %>%
  select(lead_time) %>%
  arrange(desc(lead_time))
```

11. Pick rows matching a condition (Slide #44)

```
# Enter code here
hotels %>%
  filter(children >= 1) %>%
  select(hotel, children)
```

12. Pick rows matching multiple conditions (Slide #46)

12. Pick rows matching multiple conditions (Slide #40)

```
# Enter code here
hotels %>%
  filter(children >= 1, hotel == "City Hotel") %>%
  select(hotel, children)
```

13. Non-conditional selection of rows: sequence of indices (Slide #49)

```
# Enter code here
hotels %>% slice(1:5)
```

```
##           hotel is_canceled lead_time arrival_date_year arrival_date_month
## 1 Resort Hotel         0         342           2015           July
## 2 Resort Hotel         0         737           2015           July
## 3 Resort Hotel         0          7           2015           July
## 4 Resort Hotel         0         13           2015           July
## 5 Resort Hotel         0         14           2015           July
## arrival_date_week_number arrival_date_day_of_month stays_in_weekend_nights
## 1                      27                      1                      0
## 2                      27                      1                      0
## 3                      27                      1                      0
## 4                      27                      1                      0
## 5                      27                      1                      0
## stays_in_week_nights adults children babies meal country market_segment
## 1                   0      2        0      0  BB     PRT      Direct
## 2                   0      2        0      0  BB     PRT      Direct
## 3                   1      1        0      0  BB     GBR      Direct
## 4                   1      1        0      0  BB     GBR      Corporate
## 5                   2      2        0      0  BB     GBR      Online TA
## distribution_channel is_repeated_guest previous_cancellations
## 1           Direct              0              0
## 2           Direct              0              0
## 3           Direct              0              0
## 4       Corporate              0              0
## 5           TA/TO              0              0
## previous_bookings_not_canceled reserved_room_type assigned_room_type
## 1                      0              C              C
## 2                      0              C              C
## 3                      0              A              C
## 4                      0              A              A
## 5                      0              A              A
## booking_changes deposit_type agent company days_in_waiting_list customer_type
## 1              3  No Deposit  NULL  NULL              0      Transient
## 2              4  No Deposit  NULL  NULL              0      Transient
## 3              0  No Deposit  NULL  NULL              0      Transient
## 4              0  No Deposit  304  NULL              0      Transient
## 5              0  No Deposit  240  NULL              0      Transient
## adr required_car_parking_spaces total_of_special_requests reservation_status
## 1    0                      0              0      Check-Out
## 2    0                      0              0      Check-Out
## 3   75                      0              0      Check-Out
## 4   75                      0              0      Check-Out
## 5   98                      0              1      Check-Out
## reservation_status_date
## 1      2015-07-01
## 2      2015-07-01
## 3      2015-07-02
## 4      2015-07-02
## 5      2015-07-03
```

14. Non-conditional selection of rows: non-consecutive/specific indices (Slide #50)

```
# Enter code here
hotels %>%
  slice(1, 3, 5)
```

```
##           hotel is_canceled lead_time arrival_date_year arrival_date_month
## 1 Resort Hotel          0        342          2015          July
## 2 Resort Hotel          0          7          2015          July
## 3 Resort Hotel          0         14          2015          July
## arrival_date_week_number arrival_date_day_of_month stays_in_weekend_nights
## 1                27                1                0
## 2                27                1                0
## 3                27                1                0
## stays_in_week_nights adults children babies meal country market_segment
## 1                0      2         0      0  BB      PRT      Direct
## 2                1      1         0      0  BB      GBR      Direct
## 3                2      2         0      0  BB      GBR      Online TA
## distribution_channel is_repeated_guest previous_cancellations
## 1          Direct                0                0
## 2          Direct                0                0
## 3          TA/TO                0                0
## previous_bookings_not_canceled reserved_room_type assigned_room_type
## 1                0                C                C
## 2                0                A                C
## 3                0                A                A
## booking_changes deposit_type agent company days_in_waiting_list customer_type
## 1                3  No Deposit  NULL  NULL                0  Transient
## 2                0  No Deposit  NULL  NULL                0  Transient
## 3                0  No Deposit  240  NULL                0  Transient
## adr required_car_parking_spaces total_of_special_requests reservation_status
## 1    0                0                0          Check-Out
## 2   75                0                0          Check-Out
## 3   98                0                1          Check-Out
## reservation_status_date
## 1          2015-07-01
## 2          2015-07-02
## 3          2015-07-03
```

15. Pick unique rows using distinct() (Slide #52)

```
# Enter code here
hotels %>% distinct(hotel)
```

```
##           hotel
## 1 Resort Hotel
## 2   City Hotel
```

C. Creating new columns

16. Creating a single column with mutate() (Slide #56)

```
# Enter code here
hotels %>%
  mutate(little_ones = children + babies) %>%
  select(hotel, little_ones, children, babies)
```

17. Creating multiple columns with mutate() (Slide #58)

```
# Enter code here
hotels %>%
  mutate(little_ones = children + babies,
         average_little_ones = mean(little_ones)) %>%
  select(hotel, little_ones, children, babies, average_little_ones)
```

D. More operations with examples

18. count() to get frequencies (Slide #60)

```
# Enter code here
hotels %>%
  count(market_segment)
```

```
##   market_segment      n
## 1      Aviation    237
## 2 Complementary    743
## 3      Corporate   5295
## 4        Direct  12606
## 5        Groups  19811
## 6 Offline TA/TO  24219
## 7    Online TA  56477
## 8      Undefined     2
```

19. count() to get frequencies with sorting of count (Slide #61)

```
# Enter code here
hotels %>%
  count(market_segment, sort = TRUE) # <-- decreasing order of counts
```

```
##   market_segment      n
## 1    Online TA  56477
## 2 Offline TA/TO  24219
## 3        Groups  19811
## 4        Direct  12606
## 5      Corporate   5295
## 6 Complementary    743
## 7      Aviation    237
## 8      Undefined     2
```

20. count() multiple variables (Slide #62)

```
# Enter code here
hotels %>%
  count(hotel, market_segment)
```

```
##           hotel market_segment      n
## 1   City Hotel      Aviation    237
## 2   City Hotel Complementary    542
## 3   City Hotel      Corporate   2986
## 4   City Hotel        Direct   6093
## 5   City Hotel        Groups  13975
## 6   City Hotel Offline TA/TO  16747
## 7   City Hotel    Online TA  38748
## 8   City Hotel      Undefined     2
```

```
## 8      City Hotel      Underlined      2
## 9  Resort Hotel  Complementary  201
## 10 Resort Hotel      Corporate  2309
## 11 Resort Hotel      Direct    6513
## 12 Resort Hotel      Groups    5836
## 13 Resort Hotel  Offline TA/TO  7472
## 14 Resort Hotel      Online TA  17729
```

21. summarise() for summary statistics (Slide #63)

```
# Enter code here
hotels %>%
  summarise(mean_adr = mean(adr))
```

```
##      mean_adr
## 1 101.8311
```

22. summarise() by using group_by to find mean (Slide #64)

```
# Enter code here
hotels %>%
  group_by(hotel) %>%
  summarise(mean_adr = mean(adr))
```

```
## # A tibble: 2 × 2
##   hotel      mean_adr
##   <chr>      <dbl>
## 1 City Hotel    105.
## 2 Resort Hotel  95.0
```

23. summarise() by using group_by to get count (Slide #65)

```
# Enter code here
hotels %>%
  group_by(hotel) %>%
  summarise(count = n())
```

```
## # A tibble: 2 × 2
##   hotel      count
##   <chr>      <int>
## 1 City Hotel  79330
## 2 Resort Hotel 40060
```

24. summarise() for multiple summary statistics (Slide #67)

```
# Enter code here
hotels %>%
  summarise(
    min_adr = min(adr),
    mean_adr = mean(adr),
    median_adr = median(adr),
    max_adr = max(adr)
  )
```

```
##      min_adr mean_adr median_adr max_adr
## 1      -6.38 101.8311      94.575   5400
```

25. select(), slice() and arrange() (Slide #68)

```
# Enter code here
hotels %>%
  select(hotel, lead_time) %>%
  slice(1:5) %>%
  arrange(lead_time)
```

```
##           hotel lead_time
## 1 Resort Hotel          7
## 2 Resort Hotel         13
## 3 Resort Hotel         14
## 4 Resort Hotel        342
## 5 Resort Hotel       737
```

26. select(), arrange() and slice() (Slide #69)

```
# Enter code here
hotels %>%
  select(hotel, lead_time) %>%
  arrange(lead_time) %>%
  slice(1:5)
```

```
##           hotel lead_time
## 1 Resort Hotel          0
## 2 Resort Hotel          0
## 3 Resort Hotel          0
## 4 Resort Hotel          0
## 5 Resort Hotel          0
```

27. filter() to select rows based on conditions (Slide #73)

```
# Enter code here
hotels %>%
  filter(
    adults == 0,
    children >= 1
  ) %>%
  select(adults, babies, children)
```

28. filter() to select rows based on complicated conditions (Slide #74)

```
# Enter code here
hotels %>%
  filter( adults == 1,
    children >= 1 | babies >=1) %>% # | means OR
  select(adults, babies, children)
```

29. count() and arrange() (Slide #76)

```
# Enter code here
hotels %>%
  count(market_segment) %>%
  arrange(desc(n)) # <-- decreasing order of counts
```



```
## market_segment      n
## 1      Online TA 56477
## 2 Offline TA/TO 24219
## 3      Groups 19811
## 4      Direct 12606
## 5      Corporate 5295
## 6 Complementary 743
## 7      Aviation 237
## 8      Undefined 2
```

30. mutate(), select() and arrange() (Slide #77)

```
# Enter code here
hotels %>%
  mutate(little_ones = children + babies) %>% # <---
  select(children, babies, little_ones) %>%
  arrange(desc(little_ones))
```

31. mutate(), filter() and select() (Slide #78)

```
# Enter code here
hotels %>%
  mutate(little_ones = children + babies) %>%
  filter(
    little_ones >= 1,
    hotel == "Resort Hotel"
  ) %>%
  select(hotel, little_ones)

hotels %>%
  mutate(little_ones = children + babies) %>%
  filter(
    little_ones >= 1,
    hotel == "City Hotel"
  ) %>%
  select(hotel, little_ones)
```