Final Project (Week-9)

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Week-9: Webpage and Diary Entry

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For my data story, I have chosen to understand how data analysts categorise songs on Spotify.

I have obtained the 'Spotify Songs' data-set from the #TidyTuesday project, hosted on GitHub.
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A sample of the aforementioned data-set is as follows:
 library(tidytuesdayR)
 library(tidyverse)
 ## - Attaching core tidyverse packages -
                                                               — tidyverse 2.0.0 —
 ## ✓ dplyr 1.1.0

✓ readr
                                      2.1.4
 ## ✓ forcats 1.0.0 ✓ stringr 1.5.0
 ## / ggplot2 3.4.3 / tibble
                                    3.1.8
 ## ✓ lubridate 1.9.2 ✓ tidyr
                                     1.3.0
               1.0.1
 ## ✓ purrr
 ## -- Conflicts ---
                                                      tidyverse conflicts() —
 ## * dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
 ## * dplyr::lag() masks stats::lag()
 ## i Use the ]8;;http://conflicted.r-lib.org/conflicted package ]8;; to force all conflicts to become errors
 spotify songs <- readr::read_csv('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/rfordatascience/tidytuesday/master/data/2020/2
 020-01-21/spotify songs.csv')
 ## Rows: 32833 Columns: 23
 ## — Column specification
 ## Delimiter: ","
 ## chr (10): track_id, track_name, track_artist, track_album_id, track_album_na...
 ## dbl (13): track_popularity, danceability, energy, key, loudness, mode, speec...
 ## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
 ## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
 tuesdata <- tidytuesdayR::tt_load('2020-01-21')</pre>
 ## --- Compiling #TidyTuesday Information for 2020-01-21 ----
 ## --- There is 1 file available ---
 ## --- Starting Download ---
 ## Downloading file 1 of 1: `spotify_songs.csv`
 ## --- Download complete ---
 tuesdata <- tidytuesdayR::tt_load(2020, week = 4)</pre>
 ## --- Compiling #TidyTuesday Information for 2020-01-21 ----
 ## --- There is 1 file available ---
 ## --- Starting Download ---
 ## Downloading file 1 of 1: `spotify_songs.csv`
 ## --- Download complete ---
 spotify_songs <- tuesdata$spotify_songs</pre>
 head(spotify_songs)
 ## # A tibble: 6 × 23
     track_id
                          track_name track_artist track_popularity track_album_id
      <chr>
                            <chr>
                                        <chr>
                                                               <dbl> <chr>
 ## 1 6f807x0ima9a1j3VPbc7VN I Don't C... Ed Sheeran
                                                                   66 2oCs0DGTsR098...
 ## 2 0r7CVbZTWZgbTCYdfa2P31 Memories ... Maroon 5
                                                                  67 63rPSO264uRjW...
 ## 3 1z1Hg7Vb0AhHDiEmnDE791 All the T... Zara Larsson
                                                                  70 1HoSmj2eLcsrR...
                                                                   60 lnqYsOeflyKKu...
 ## 4 75FpbthrwQmzHlBJLuGdC7 Call You ... The Chainsm...
 ## 5 1e8PAfcKUYoKkxPhrHqw4x Someone Y... Lewis Capal...
                                                                  69 7m7vv9wlQ4i0L...
 ## 6 7fvUMiyapMsRRxr07cU8Ef Beautiful... Ed Sheeran
                                                                   67 2yiy9cd2QktrN...
 ## # i 18 more variables: track_album_name <chr>, track_album_release_date <chr>,
        playlist_name <chr>, playlist_id <chr>, playlist_genre <chr>,
        playlist_subgenre <chr>, danceability <dbl>, energy <dbl>, key <dbl>,
        loudness <dbl>, mode <dbl>, speechiness <dbl>, acousticness <dbl>,
        instrumentalness <dbl>, liveness <dbl>, valence <dbl>, tempo <dbl>,
        duration_ms <dbl>
```

Thank you!