

# Matthew J. Walker

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## Education

Ph.D. Candidate in Economics, Durham University (ESRC studentship), expected August 2021.

Thesis Title: "Trust and Trustworthiness in Imbalanced Markets".

Visiting Scholar, The University of Texas at Dallas, Spring 2019.

Postgraduate Certificate Research Methods, *Distinction*, 2018.

MSc. Experimental Economics, *Distinction*, Durham University, 2017.

B.A.(Hons) Economics with Hispanic Studies, *First-Class Honours*, University of Nottingham, 2014.

Erasmus Study Abroad in Economics, University of Granada, 2012–2013.

## References

Prof. Jason Shachat\*  
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## Research Interests

Behavioural and Experimental Economics, Auctions, Bargaining, Social Norms.

## Teaching Fields

Experimental Economics, Microeconomic Theory, Applied Econometrics.

## Research Papers

1. Walker, M. J. (2020). Trade Contingencies in Competitive Procurement Environments. ([Job Market Paper](#))

**Abstract:** I analyse the implications of a contingent contract, implemented via an arbitration mechanism, in a competitive procurement environment. With no contingency in the contract, a seller moral hazard problem arises, and trade is inefficient. It is shown that there exists a contingent contract, defined by the degree of price flexibility and the probability of arbitration, for which an efficient trade outcome is the unique equilibrium outcome. Interestingly, this outcome only benefits

the buyer, who holds the balance of market power. Guaranteeing the arbitrator's availability can be welfare-decreasing. I test the theoretical predictions in a laboratory experiment. Consistent with the theory, bidding is more competitive and high quality is incentive compatible in the presence of an arbitrator. Yet a contingent contract cannot increase trade efficiency relative to a non-contingent contract because the arbitrator crowds out buyer reciprocity. A significant fraction of buyers exhibit reference-dependent preferences. The findings have implications for the establishment of contractual trust and procurement efficiencies driven by competition.

2. Shachat, J., Walker, M. J. & Wei, L. (2020). The Impact of COVID-19 on Economic Behaviours and Preferences: Experimental Evidence from Wuhan. [Selected for publication in AEA Papers and Proceedings](#).

**Abstract:** We examine how the emergence of Covid-19 in Wuhan, and the ramifications of associated events, influence pro-sociality, trust and attitudes towards risk and ambiguity. We assess these influences using an experiment consisting of financially incentivized economic tasks. We establish causality via the comparison of a baseline sample collected pre-epidemic with five sampling waves starting from the imposition of a stringent lockdown in Wuhan and completed six weeks later. We find significant long-term increases - measured as the difference between the baseline and final wave average responses - in altruism, cooperation, trust and risk tolerance. Participants who remained in Wuhan during the lockdown exhibit lower trust and cooperation relative to other participants. We identify transitory effects from two events that permeated the public psyche. First, in the immediate aftermath of the Wuhan lockdown, there is a decrease in trust and an increase in ambiguity aversion. Second, the news of a high-profile whistleblower's death also decreases trust while heightening risk aversion. Our findings suggest the importance of accounting for perturbations in behaviour and preferences during a crisis.

3. Hyndman, K. B. and Walker, M. J. (2020) Fairness and Risk in Ultimatum Bargaining. Available at SSRN: <https://ssrn.com/abstract=3651557>.

**Abstract:** We conduct an experiment in which subjects play an ultimatum game but, rather than bargaining over money, they bargain over lottery tickets for a prize. Compared to the standard ultimatum game, proposers offer a significantly lower percentage of lottery tickets, which is inconsistent with either ex ante or ex post fairness. In contrast, responders have a significantly higher acceptance threshold, which is consistent with ex post fairness. By varying the timing of the accept/reject decision of responders, we also show that intentions matter and present evidence of a choice anomaly in responder preferences concerning their willingness to accept extreme inequality.

4. Guo, Y., Shachat, J., Walker, M. J. & Wei, L. (2020). Viral social media videos can raise pro-social behaviours when an epidemic arises. [Revise and Resubmit at Journal of the Economic Science Association](#).

**Abstract:** At the onset of an epidemic, can viral social media videos induce the high levels of trust and pro-sociality required for a successful community response? Shortly after the outbreak of the COVID-19 virus in Wuhan, China, we conducted an experiment assessing the impact of viral videos on individual preferences and pro-social behaviour. Prior to the experiment, participants viewed one of three videos culled from Chinese social media: a central government leader visiting a local hospital and supermarket, health care volunteers transiting to Wuhan, or an emotionally neutral video unrelated to the emergency. Viewing one of the first two videos leads to higher levels of pro-sociality and increased ambiguity aversion relative to the third video. The leadership video, however, induces lower levels of trust. Our results suggest ways to craft more effective crisis response efforts and provide insights into how the direction of information in hierarchies influences trust in community members.

## Research in Progress

1. Trust and Trustworthiness in Procurement Contracts with Retainage (with Elena Katok and Jason Shachat).
2. Late Payments in Bertrand Competition (with Kyle Hyndman).
3. Field Experience, Risk and Bidding in First-Price Auctions (with Ernan Haruvy and Timo Heinrich).

## Grants and Awards

ESRC National Productivity Investment Fund Doctoral Studentship Award 2017-2021 (No. ES/R500963/1).  
Best Academic Performance in MSc. Experimental Economics Programme, Durham University, 2017.  
Ustinov College Global Citizenship Scholarship Award, Durham University, 2016–2017.

## Academic Presentations

2020 Society for the Advancement of Behavioral Economics Annual Conference,  
Utah Experimental Economics Conference.  
2019 Behavioral Operations Conference (TU-Eindhoven),  
Behavioral Operations and Economics Seminar Series (The University of Texas at Dallas).

## Workshop Participation

2020 Bargaining: Experiments, Empirics, and Theory.  
2019 IFREE Graduate Student Workshop in Experimental Economics,  
Annual Texas Experimental Association Symposium.  
2018 ZEW Workshop on Market Design (Mannheim).  
2017 Expermometrics: Econometrics for Experimental Data (University of East Anglia).

## Professional Activities

Economic and Social Research Council peer review.  
Research Chair for Economics, Durham University Doctoral Society, 2019–Present.

## Professional Memberships

Economic Science Association (2020–Present).  
Royal Economic Society (2020–Present).  
European Economic Association (2020–Present).

## Teaching and Research Assistant

### *Durham University*

Teaching Assistant, Dissertation in Economics (Undergraduate Year 3): 2019 – 2020, Stata Lectures and  
Econometric Help Sessions.  
Teaching Assistant, Economic Methods (Undergraduate Year 1): Autumn 2019.  
Research Assistant, Kenju Kamei, December 2017 – March 2018.

## Non-Academic Work Experience

Operations Analyst, Nomura International plc, London, September 2014 – June 2016.

## Miscellaneous

*Programming skills:* R, Stata, SPSS, oTree (Python/HTML), zTree, Qualtrics,  $\LaTeX$ , Camtasia.

*Languages:* English (Native), Spanish (Fluent), Portuguese (Intermediate).