General – Increment & Decrement

Increment:

• Shorthand notation for increasing an integer or string value in a variable

```
Beforehand

// Initial Wert

$i = 1;

// Erhöhung um 1

$i = $i + 1;
```

Decrement:

 Abbreviated notation for decrementing an integer value in a string value variable

```
Beforehand
// Initial Wert
si = 5;

// Minderung um 1
si = $i - 1;
```

Most common use in loops to control the number of loop iterations



General - Increment

```
2 variations:
                    echo "<h4> Increment </h4>";
pre-increment:
                    // Prä-Increment - Beispiel
                    Si = 1:
                    echo "Ausgabe Initial-Wert: ".$i;
                    echo "<br>";
                    echo "Ausgabe mit Prä-Inkrement: ".++$i;
                    echo "<br>";
Post increment:
                    // Post-Increment - Beispiel
                    Si = 1;
                    echo "Ausgabe Initial-Wert: ".$i;
                    echo "<br>";
                    echo "Ausgabe mit Post-Inkrement vorher: ".$i++;
                    echo "<br>";
                    echo "Ausgabe mit Post-Inkrement nachher: ".$i++;
                    echo "<br>";
```

H

General - Decrement

```
2 variations:
                   echo "<h4> Decrement </h4>";
                   // Prä-Dekrement - Beispiel
pre-decrement:
                   $i = 5;
                   echo "Ausgabe Initial-Wert: ".$i;
                   echo "<br>";
                   echo "Ausgabe mit Prä-Inkrement: ". -- $i;
                   echo "<br>";
Post decrement:
                    // Post-Dekrement - Beispiel
                    Si = 5;
                    echo "Ausgabe Initial-Wert: ".$i;
                    echo "<br>";
                    echo "Ausgabe mit Post-Inkrement vorher: ".$i--;
                    echo "<br>";
                    echo "Ausgabe mit Post-Inkrement nachher: ".$i--;
```

H

General – Arithmetic operator: modulus

Arithmetic operation that returns the remainder of a division

```
// Modulus-Beispiel
$number1 = 8;

$number2 = 4;

$result = $number1 % $number2;
echo "Modulus ist: ".$result;
```

Modulus ist: 0

```
// Modulus-Beispiel
$number1 = 9;

$number2 = 4;

$result = $number1 % $number2;

echo "Modulus ist: ".$result;
```

Modulus ist: 1

Dynamic websites – Vars IV - Array





PHP – Variables - Data Types

- Integers
- Floating point numbers
- string
- Booleans
- Arrays





Variables - definition & types of arrays

- Allows multiple values to be stored within one variable
- Arrays become important, for example, when the amount of data from Database access is increasing

Types of Arrays:

- Indexed arrays
- Associative arrays
- Multidimensional arrays





Variables - Indexed Arrays (Standard Form)

- Each value is assigned an index (number) automatically and manually
- Example for automatic index always starts at 0:

```
$penColor = "blau"; // einfache String-Variable mit einer Farbe
$penColors = array("blau", "rot", "grün"); // Array-Variable mit mehreren Farben
```

Example for manual:

```
$penColors[0] = "blau"; // Wertzuweisung an der Stelle 0 des Arrays
$penColors[1] = "rot"; // Wertzuweisung an der Stelle 1 des Arrays
$penColors[2] = "grün"; // Wertzuweisung an der Stelle 2 des Arrays
```





Variables - Indexed Arrays (Standard Form)



• Output :

```
echo "Die Stiftfarbe ist: <strong style='color: blue'>".$penColors[0]."</strong><br>";
echo "Die Stiftfarbe ist: <strong style='color: red'>".$penColors[1]."</strong><br>";
echo "Die Stiftfarbe ist: <strong style='color: green'>".$penColors[2]."</strong><br>";
```

Indizierte Arrays

Die Stiftfarbe ist: blau Die Stiftfarbe ist: rot

Die Stiftfarbe ist: grün



Variables - Associative Arrays

• Each value is assigned to a key (Key – Value) • Two options for key-value assignments

Example I:

```
// Assoziative Zuweisung mit array-Funktion
$numberOfPens = array("bluePen" => 2, "redPen" => 10, "greenPen" => 0);
```

Example II:

```
// Direkte assoziative Zuweisung
$numberOfPens['bluePen'] = 2;
$numberOfPens['redPen'] = 10;
$numberOfPens['greenPen'] = 0;
```





Variables - Associative Arrays



Output

```
echo "Anzahl der blauen Stifte: <strong style='color: blue'>".$numberOfPens['bluePen']."</strong><br>";
echo "Anzahl der roten Stifte: <strong style='color: red'>".$numberOfPens['redPen']."</strong><br>";
echo "Anzahl der grünen Stifte: <strong style='color: green'>".$numberOfPens['greenPen']."</strong><br>";
```

Assosiative Arrays

Anzahl der blauen Stifte: 2 Anzahl der roten Stifte: 10 Anzahl der grünen Stifte: 0



Variables - Multidimensional arrays

- Array variables can also be assigned to an array variable
- Example two-dimensional array:

```
// Zwei-dimensionales Array (pen => [0] = Farbe, [1] = Anzahl)
$pen[0] = array("blue", 2);
$pen[1] = array("red", 10);
$pen[2] = array("green",0);

$pens = array($pen[0], $pen[1], $pen[2]);
```





Variables - Multidimensional arrays



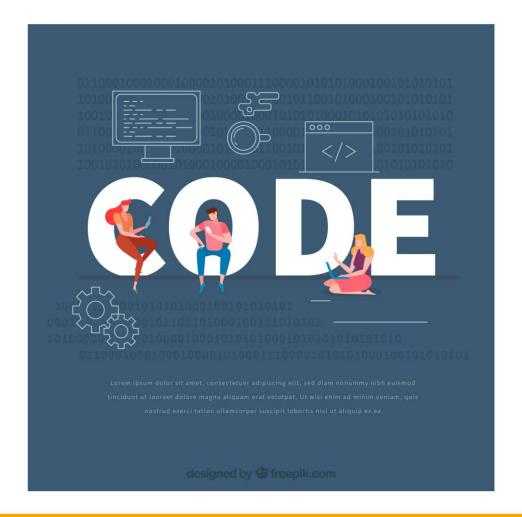
Output

```
echo "Stiftfarbe: <strong style='color: blue'>".$pens[0][0]."</strong> Anzahl: ". $pens[0][1]."<br>;
echo "Stiftfarbe: <strong style='color: red'>".$pens[1][0]."</strong> Anzahl: ". $pens[1][1]."<br>;
echo "Stiftfarbe: <strong style='color: green'>".$pens[2][0]."</strong> Anzahl: ". $pens[2][1]."<br>;;
```

Mehrdimensionale Arrays

Stiftfarbe: blue Anzahl: 2 Stiftfarbe: red Anzahl: 10 Stiftfarbe: green Anzahl: 0

Dynamic websites – Control Structure II - Loops





Loops - General

Why grind?

- Instead of constantly repeating certain code itself, it can be repeated with loops become.
- This code is executed as long as a condition is met
 - for a self-defined number of repetitions
 - for an indefinite number of repetitions

There are different types of loops: • For loop •

While loop • Do-

While loop • Foreach

loop



Loops – Without a loop

```
code without a loop
echo "<h4> Ausgabe ohne Schleife </h4>";
echo "Ohne Schleife Ausgabe Nr.: 0";
echo "<br>";
echo "Ohne Schleife Ausgabe Nr.: 1";
echo "<br>";
echo "Ohne Schleife Ausgabe Nr.: 2";
echo "<br>";
echo "Ohne Schleife Ausgabe Nr.: 3";
echo "<br>";
echo "Ohne Schleife Ausgabe Nr.: 4";
echo "<br>";
echo "Ohne Schleife Ausgabe Nr.: 5";
echo "<br>";
```

output

Ausgabe ohne Schleife

Ohne Schleife Ausgabe Nr.: 0

Ohne Schleife Ausgabe Nr.: 1

Ohne Schleife Ausgabe Nr.: 2

Ohne Schleife Ausgabe Nr.: 3

Ohne Schleife Ausgabe Nr.: 4

Ohne Schleife Ausgabe Nr.: 5

for loop

 Frequent use with fixed number of repetitions

Example:

```
echo "<h4> Ausgabe mit For-Schleife </h4>";

for ($i = 0; $i < 6;$i++) {
    echo "For-Schleife Ausgabe Nr.: ".$i;
    echo "<br>;
}
```

Output:

Ausgabe mit For-Schleife

For-Schleife Ausgabe Nr.: 0

For-Schleife Ausgabe Nr.: 1

For-Schleife Ausgabe Nr.: 2

For-Schleife Ausgabe Nr.: 3

For-Schleife Ausgabe Nr.: 4

For-Schleife Ausgabe Nr.: 5

H

while loop

 Loop is executed as long as a condition is met - similar to if (\$condition)

Example:

```
echo "<h4> Ausgabe mit While-Schleife </h4>";

$loops = 0;

while($loops < 6) {
    echo "While-Schleife Ausgabe Nr.: ".$loops;
    echo "<br>;
    $loops++;
}
```

Output:

Ausgabe mit While-Schleife

While-Schleife Ausgabe Nr.: 0

While-Schleife Ausgabe Nr.: 1

While-Schleife Ausgabe Nr.: 2

While-Schleife Ausgabe Nr.: 3

While-Schleife Ausgabe Nr.: 4

While-Schleife Ausgabe Nr.: 5



do-while loop

- Code is always executed at least once.
- A final while(\$condition) checks how long the loop will then continue

Example:

```
echo "<h4> Ausgabe mit Do-While-Schleife </h4>";

$loops = 0;

do{
    echo "Do-While-Schleife Ausgabe Nr.: ".$loops;
    echo "<br/>$loops++;
}while($loops < 6);</pre>
```

Output:

Ausgabe mit Do-While-Schleife

Do-While-Schleife Ausgabe Nr.: 0

Do-While-Schleife Ausgabe Nr.: 1

Do-While-Schleife Ausgabe Nr.: 2

Do-While-Schleife Ausgabe Nr.: 3

Do-While-Schleife Ausgabe Nr.: 4

Do-While-Schleife Ausgabe Nr.: 5

foreach loop

This loop only works with arrays Each value within an array is traversed once

Example:

```
echo "<h4> Ausgabe mit Foreach-Schleife </h4>";

$heroes = array("Luke", "Leia", "Han", "Rey");

foreach ($heroes as $hero) {
   echo "Foreach-Schleife Ausgabe Helden-Name: ".$hero;
   echo "<br/>
   echo "<br/>
}
```

Output:

Ausgabe mit Foreach-Schleife

Foreach-Schleife Ausgabe Helden-Name: Luke Foreach-Schleife Ausgabe Helden-Name: Leia Foreach-Schleife Ausgabe Helden-Name: Han Foreach-Schleife Ausgabe Helden-Name: Rey

Database connection





Database connection

Requirement:

A database is to be connected to an existing system in order to enable persistence of data

ACTUAL status:

MySQL database available but no connection

Solution approach/prerequisites:

Clarify connection details

• Host name (server on which the DB is located) •

User name •

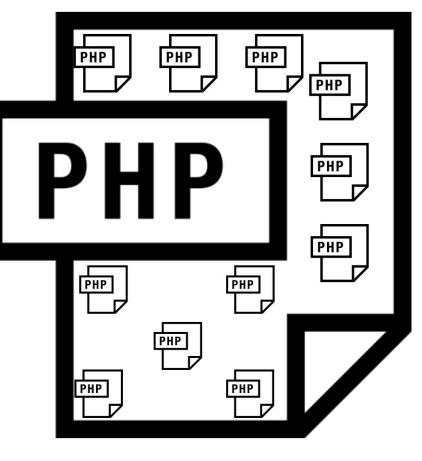
Password •

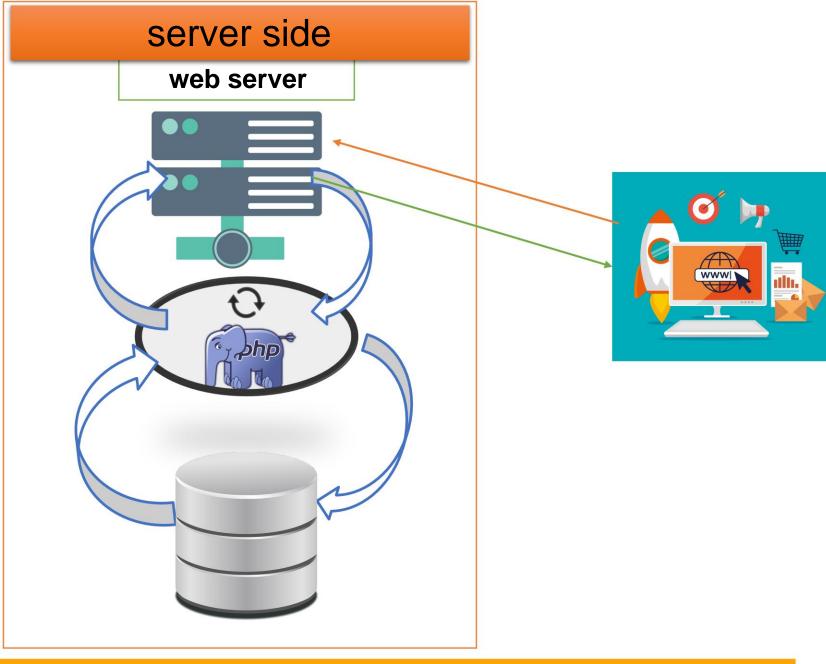
Database name

Selection of a PHP function for DB connection









Database connection - functions

- MySQLi
 - Only for connecting MySQL databases Objectoriented or procedural use possible
- PDO (PHP Data Objects)
 - Connection of many different databases
 Only object-oriented use possible
 Advantageous if the database is exchanged



Database connection – MySQLi (object-oriented)

 Assignment of the connection details • Transfer of the connection details to establish the connection • Saving the connection in a variable

```
$host = "webhosting-db";
$username = "deinUsername";
$password = "deinPasswort";

// Create connection
$conn = new mysqli($host, $username, $password);

// Check connection
lif ($conn->connect_error) {
    die("Verbindung fehlgeschlagen: " . $conn->connect_error);
}
lelse{
    echo "Erfolgreich verbunden";
}
```



Database connection – MySQLi (procedural)

 Assignment of the connection details • Transfer of the connection details to establish the connection • Saving the connection in a variable

```
$host = "webhosting-db";
$username = "deinUsername";
$password = "deinPasswort";

// Create connection
$conn = mysqli_connect($host, $username, $password);

// Check connection
if (!$conn) {
    die("Verbindung fehlgeschlagen: " . mysqli_connect_error());
}
lelse{
    echo "Erfolgreich verbunden";
}
```



Database connection - PDO

 Assignment of the connection details • Transfer of the connection details to establish the connection • Saving the connection in a variable

```
$host = "webhosting-db";
$username = "deinUsername";
$password = "deinPasswort";
$database = "deinDatenbankName";

// Verbindung herstellen

try {
    $conn = new PDO("mysql:host=$host;dbname=$database", $username, $password);
    // Error-Mode für die Exception festlegen
    $conn->setAttribute(PDO::ATTR_ERRMODE, PDO::ERRMODE_EXCEPTION);
    echo "Erfolgreich verbunden";
    }

catch(PDOException $e)

{
    echo "Verbindung fehlgeschlagen: " . $e->getMessage();
    }
}
```



Database connection – outsource connection details

Provide PHP file with connection details:

File name: config.inc.php

Contents:

```
// Daten befinden sich auf dem Webserver in der Datei README
$sql['host'] = 'webhosting-db';
$sql['uid'] = 'deinUsername';

$sql['pwd'] = 'deinPasswort';
$sql['db'] = 'deineDatenbank';
```



finish

Dynamic websites PHP IV

