Online Retail Database

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Section I: Project Description

The goal of this project is to design and implement an online retail database that functions similarly to the online portals of major retailers such as Walmart, The Home Depot, and Amazon. This database system is to manage all aspects of online retail operations from product acquisition and warehousing, to customer order fulfillment and followup. By implementing this database, the online retailer will be able to better understand product turnover, supply chain, human resourcing, fulfillment efficiency, and many other key performance indicators.

From the vendor side of the business, the database will manage the supply chain. This will allow the business to ensure that its resources are applied as efficiently as possible. The business will be able to understand how long it will take for each incoming order to be fulfilled so they can plan for the correct amount of warehouse space to be allocated for each order. Additionally, the business will be able to choose multiple different vendors to aggregate supply capacity in the case that there are supply chain breakdowns. This will minimize the chance for an interruption in the business's ability to fulfill orders to their customers.

Of course, as an online retail business, customers need to be carefully managed. This database will facilitate the management of customer accounts, transactions, order fulfillment, and purchase habits. By tracking these items, the business will be better equipped to manage their inventory, vendors, and sales trends. By managing customer transactions, the business will be able to make informed decisions about how to manage its supply chain; the business will know how much of each product to order from its vendors. As an added value to customers, the database will also allow customers to comment and review the products they order and their general experience with the business.

Lastly, and possibly most importantly, this project will manage internal operations. This includes, but is not limited to, inventory management, warehousing and distribution, human resources and capital resources. With this system, the business will be able to manage its staffing requirements and responsibilities, which warehouses to use when fulfilling customer orders, management and administrative hierarchy, and working capital. This will allow the business to maintain smooth operations by ensuring proper staffing at all of its locations. Furthermore, the business will be able to resource its distribution network to ensure timely and efficient fulfillment of orders. Finally, the database will be able to support multiple roles for employees to ensure a separation of duties.

Section II: Use Cases

Use Case 1

Title: Product Purchase from Website

Actors: Customer (Leia Organa)

Description: Leia is someone who is looking for a new circular saw. She is not happy with the last one

she bought since it lacks the feature set she wants. She wants to browse to see what kind of saws that

the website has available. She finds that there are categories that she can use to limit her search and

since the saw is a type of tool, she chooses the tool category. Nevertheless, tools have a lot more other

subcategories, so she continues drilling down the menus until the list is limited to only circular saws.

Now that she has a nice succinct list of saws, she is able to compare them and find the one she wants.

Once found, Leia adds the saw she wants to her shopping cart. She continues browsing a little

longer to see if there is anything else she wants, but decides that she doesn't need anything else and

checks out. After entering in her shipping address and billing address, she chooses a shipping method

and completes the transaction. Once completed, Leia receives an order confirmation email and when

the item ships, she receives her receipt with all the relevant shipping details.

Use Case 2

Title: Product Order from Supplier

Actors: Buyer (Han Solo)

Description: Han is a buyer for the cutlery category of products at one of the warehouses of our online

retailer. Han's responsibilities include tracking sales and inventory so that he knows exactly what

products to buy and when so that the retailer has enough supply to handle demand at any given

moment. There are many suppliers and manufacturers of cutlery, so he needs to ensure that fulfillment

of the orders happen in a timely fashion. If not, he needs to either find another supplier that can fulfill

the order or find a substitute item that will satisfy the customers. With all this in mind, Han logs into

the system and checks the inventory of all the cutlery in stock at this warehouse. He then contacts the

supplier and orders many knives to be stocked in the warehouses. He then enters the pending order in

so that he can track the status of it. Once completed, he continues ordering more cutlery from other

vendors until he is sure that the warehouse will continue to have enough supply to handle demand.

Use Case 3

Title: Customer opens an account

Actors: Customer (Lando Calrissian)

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Description: Lando shops at our online retailer regularly. Because of this, he wants us to save his informa-

tion to make his shopping experience more effortless. He knows that once he opens an account, he can

also sign up for our rewards program, where he can redeem points for credit on future purchases. He

is also aware of our premium subscription where he receives free expedited shipping for all his orders,

but he is not sure if he wants to pay for this yet since he doesn't really need expedited shipping and

all his orders qualify for free ground shipping anyways.

Once he opens his account, he can save multiple shipping addresses and multiple payment methods,

which allows him to purchase items quickly and effortlessly. He can also view all his purchase history

and track the order status of all his orders. Once he receives enough points in the rewards program,

he can redeem the points for things like gift cards and special discounts or gifts.

Use Case 4

Title: Customer Order is Fulfilled

Actors: Warehouse Employee (Kylo Ren)

Description: This use case begins as Kylo goes to his station. Once there, he logs into his computer

terminal which shows him what orders he needs to box up and ship out. The computer terminal gives

him the order number with a packing list of all the items to be packed up. All the work of locating

and pulling products has been automated, so his job is to double check the bin prepared by the robots

and pack them securely in a box. If there is an error, it is his responsibility to remove any incorrect

products to be returned to the warehouse and request any products that may be missing. Each of

these errors are entered into the terminal along with any corrective action taken. For example, if the

warehouse shows that there is no inventory of a product, he must note that on his terminal so that

it can either be fulfilled by another warehouse or notify the customer of a backorder or cancellation.

Once he verifies and packs all the items listed on his terminal, he completes the order by including a

packing list inside and labeling the box with the shipping label provided to him. Once he completes

the order, he scans the box and sends it down the conveyor belt to be routed to the correct pickup

area of the corresponding courier for delivery.

Use Case 5

Title: Product Return

Actors: Customer (Boba Fett), Warehouse Employee (Padme Amidala)

Description: Boba bought a microwave from the online retail store but it arrived broken, so she wants a

replacement. Since he is an account holder, he can log into his account and begin his return process

from his order history. After providing the reason for his return and once the system authorizes his

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return, he is given options for how he would like the return processed. He chooses to get a replacement and bring the broken item to a participating brick and mortar retailer to pack and ship the product back because that is most convenient for him. After completing the transaction, he is provided with a return ID that he is to supply the retailer along with the item to be returned. He then gives the item to the retailer within the allowable time limit. The retailer then scans the item, labels the return, and aggregates all the items that were received during the day to be picked up with a contracted courier to be returned to the closest warehouse. Once the item is scanned, the fulfillment center creates a new order to replace the broken item.

Once the warehouse receives the item, Padme is tasked with finishing the return process. Padme already is logged into her work terminal. She takes an item from the bin full of returns and scans it. Once scanned, the item is flagged as received. Padme then reviews the product and determines the cause of its inability to operate (i.e. damage from shipment, manufacturer defect, etc). Once the cause is determined, she enters it into her terminal so that the correct entity is notified and corrective action is taken.

Section III: Database Requirements

- 1. General User (Strong)
 - (a) A general user shall create only one account with a unique email.
 - (b) A general user shall be able to register to many mailing lists
 - (c) A general user shall have many addresses
 - (d) A general user shall have many payment methods
 - (e) A general user shall create many orders
 - (f) A general user is a registered user
- 2. Registered User (Strong Recursive)
 - (a) A registered user is a general user.
 - (b) A registered user shall be allowed to login to their account from many supported devices simultaneously.
- 3. Device (Strong)
 - (a) A device shall log into zero or one account
 - (b) A device shall be used by many registered users
- 4. Account
 - (a) An account shall be created by one and only one user
 - (b) An account is a Basic Account
 - (c) An account is a Premium Account
 - (d) An account shall be logged into by many devices
 - (e) An account shall accrue at least one reward
- 5. Basic Account
 - (a) A Basic account is an account
- 6. Premium Account
 - (a) A Premium account is an account
- 7. Reward (Strong)
 - (a) A reward shall be accrued by many accounts
- 8. Mailing List (Strong)
 - (a) A mailing list shall have many users
- 9. Order (Weak)
 - (a) An order is a purchase

- (b) An order is a return
- (c) An order ships to at most one shipping address
- (d) An order has one order details
- (e) An order creates at least one fulfillment action

10. Purchase

(a) A purchase is an order

11. Return

- (a) A return is an order
- 12. Order Details (Weak)
 - (a) An order detail generates one receipt
 - (b) An order detail receives payment from at least one payment method
 - (c) An order detail contains at least one product
 - (d) An order detail sends payment details to one accounting department

13. Receipt

- (a) A receipt shall be generated by one and only one order details
- 14. Accounting Dept (Strong)
 - (a) An accounting dept shall receive payment details from many order details
 - (b) An accounting dept shall pay many payees

15. Payee (Strong)

- (a) A payee shall be payed by many accounting departments
- 16. Address (Strong)
 - (a) An address shall be associated with many general users
 - (b) An address is a billing address
 - (c) An address is a primary address
 - (d) An address is a shipping address

17. Primary Address

- (a) A primary address is an address
- 18. Billing Address
 - (a) A billing address is an address
 - (b) A billing address has at least one payment method
- 19. Shipping Address
 - (a) A shipping address is an address
 - (b) A shipping address is shipped to by many orders

20. Payment method (Strong)

- (a) A payment method is a Bank Account
- (b) A payment method is a Credit Card
- (c) A payment method is Cryptocurrency
- (d) A payment method pays for many orders
- (e) A payment method has one billing address
- (f) A payment method has at most one general user

21. Bank Account

- (a) A bank account is a payment method
- (b) A bank account is a checking account
- (c) A bank account is a savings account

22. Checking account

- (a) A checking account is a bank account
- 23. Savings account
 - (a) A saving account is a bank account
- 24. Credit card
 - (a) A credit card is a payment method
- 25. Crypto
 - (a) Crypto is a payment method
- 26. Fulfillment Action (Strong)
 - (a) A fulfillment action is created by many orders
 - (b) A fulfillment action uses at most one courier
 - (c) A fulfillment action has at most one region
- 27. Region (Strong)
 - (a) A region has many fulfillment actions
 - (b) A region has many warehouses
- 28. Courier (Strong)
 - (a) A courier is used by many fulfillment actions
- 29. Warehouse (weak?)
 - (a) A warehouse has one region
 - (b) A warehouse requests many inventory items from many suppliers
- 30. Product (Strong)
 - (a) A product is ordered from many order details

- (b) A product is stocked in many inventories
- (c) A product has many categories
- (d) A product has many promotions
- 31. Promotion (Strong)
 - (a) A promotion is associated with many products
- 32. Category (Strong)
 - (a) A category has many products
- 33. Inventory (Strong)
 - (a) An inventory contains many products
 - (b) An inventory receives many items from many suppliers
 - (c) An inventory stocks many warehouses
- 34. Supplier (Strong)
 - (a) A supplier sends many items to inventory
 - (b) A supplier is requested by a warehouse to send many items

Section IV: Detailed List of Main Entities, Attributes and Keys

- 1. General User (Strong)
 - user_id: key, numeric
 - name: composite, alphanumeric
 - \bullet email: alphanumeric
 - phone: numeric
- 2. Registered User (Strong)
 - $\bullet\,$ registered_user_id: key, numeric
 - login: alphanumeric
 - account_id: foreign key, numeric
- 3. Address (Strong)
 - address_id: key, numeric
 - address: composite, alphanumeric
 - city: alphanumeric
 - state: alphanumeric
 - zip_code: numeric
 - country: alphanumeric
 - \bullet address_type: numeric
- 4. Device (Strong)
 - device_id: key, numeric
 - device_type: alphanumeric
 - device_os: alphanumeric
 - device_ip: numeric
- 5. Mailing List (Strong)
 - mailinglist_id: key, numeric
 - \bullet mailinglist_name: alphanumeric
 - description: alphanumeric
 - mailinglist_category: alphanumeric
- 6. Account (Weak)
 - account_id: key, numeric
 - registered_user_id: foreign key, numeric

- account_type: numeric
- 7. Region (Strong)
 - region_id: key, numeric
 - location: composite, alphanumeric
 - \bullet service_area: numeric
- 8. Promotion (Strong)
 - \bullet promotion_id: key, numeric
 - promotion_type: numeric (e.g. discount, free item, etc)
 - promotion_limit: numeric (e.g. applies only once, or maximum 3 items, etc)
- 9. Reward (Strong)
 - reward_id: key, numeric
 - reward_type: numeric (e.g. discount, free item, etc)
 - reward_limit: numeric (e.g. applies only once, or maximum 3 items, etc)
- 10. Payment Method (Strong)
 - payment_id: key, numeric
 - billing_address_id: foreign key, numeric
 - payment_type: alphanumeric
- 11. Order (Weak)
 - order_id: key, numeric
 - user_id: foreign key, numeric
 - shipping_address_id: foreign key, numeric
 - order_type: numeric
- 12. Order Details (Weak)
 - order_details_id: key, numeric
 - order_id: foreign key, numeric
 - payment_method_id: foreign key, numeric
 - receipt_id: foreign, numeric
- 13. Receipt (Weak)
 - receipt_id: key, numeric
 - order_details_id: key, numeric
 - receipt_generated: timestamp
- 14. Product (Strong)
 - product_id: key, numeric

- UPC_code: unique, numeric
- product_name: alphanumeric
- ullet product_description: alphanumeric
- product_price: numeric
- product_cost: numeric
- 15. Category (Strong)
 - $\bullet\,$ category_id: key, numeric
 - category_name: alphanumeric
 - category_description: alphanumeric
- 16. Inventory (Strong)
 - inventory_id: key, numeric
 - ullet category_name: alphanumeric
 - category_description: alphanumeric
- 17. Supplier (Strong)
 - supplier_id: key, numeric
 - location: multivalue, alphanumeric
 - description: alphanumeric
- 18. Warehouse (Weak)
 - warehouse_id: key, numeric
 - region_id: foreign key, numeric
 - location: multivalue, alphanumeric
- 19. Fulfillment Action (Strong)
 - fulfillment_id: key, numeric
 - order_id: foreign key, numeric
 - package_dimensions: composite, numeric
 - package_weight: numeric
 - shipping_priority: alphanumeric
 - \bullet fulfillment_status: numeric
- 20. Courier (Strong)
 - courier_id: key, numeric
 - courier_account_id: alphanumeric
 - $\bullet\,$ service_area: alphanumeric
 - service_limit: alphanumeric (e.g. maximum/minimum package size/weight)

21. Accounting Dept (Strong)

 \bullet accounting_dept_id: key, numeric

• order_details_id: foreign key, numeric

 \bullet payment_date: timestamp

22. Payees (Strong)

 $\bullet\,$ payee_id: key, numeric

 \bullet payment_amount: numeric

 \bullet payment_status: alphanumeric

Section V: Entity Relationship Diagram (ERD)

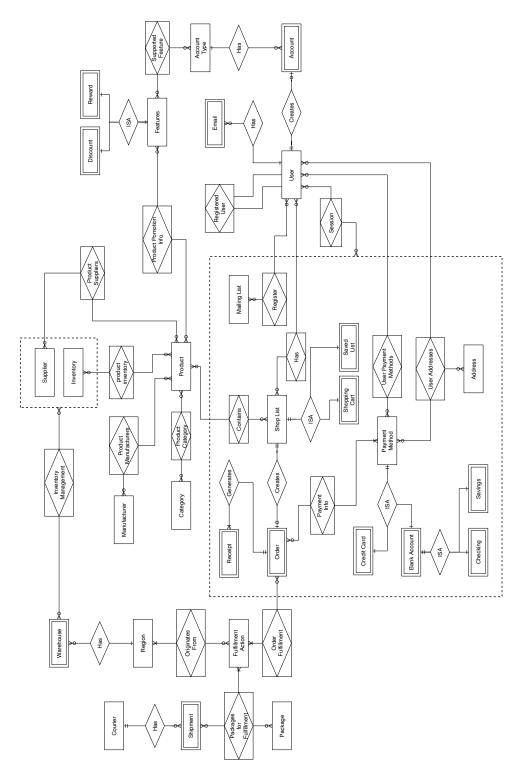


Figure 1: ERD

Section VI: Testing Table

Table 1: Entity Test

Rule	Entity A	Relation	Entity B	Cardinality	Pass/Fail	Error Description
1	General User	Create	Account	1-to-1	Pass	None
2	General User	User Address Info	Address	M-to-M	Pass	None
3	General User	User Payment Info	Payment Method	M-to-M	Fail	A payment method should be associated with at most one user. If a payment method can be associated with several users, there could be security issues.
4	General User	Registers	Mailing List	M-to-M	Pass	None
5	General User	Creates	Order	1-to-1	Fail	A user should be able to order more than once.
6	Registered User	Open Session	Device	1-to-M	Fail	Device can be used by multiple users.
7	Device	Logs to	Account	M-to-1	Fail	Device does not necessarily have to be logged in. Can't force a device to be logged in.
8	Account	Reward Info	Reward	M-to-M	Pass	None
9	Account	Receives	Promotion	M-to-M	Pass	None
10	Order	Ships to	Shipping Address	1-to-1	Fail	A single order should be shipped to at most one shipping address. To ship to a different address, another order should be generated. Also, the shipping address does not have to be shipped to by an order.
11	Order	Has	Order Details	M-to-M	Fail	A single order should have only one order detail associated with it. An order detail should be associated with one and only one order.
12	Order	Create	Fulfillment action	M-to-M	Pass	None

Table 1: Entity Test

Rule	Entity A	Relation	Entity B	Cardinality	Pass/Fail	Error Description
13	Order De-	Payed by	Payment	M-to-M	Pass	None
	tails		Method			
14	Order De-	Generate	Receipt	1-to-1	Pass	None
	tails					
15	Order De-	Send	Accounting	M-to-M	Fail	Order details must send de-
	tails		Dept			tails to one accounting depart-
						ment. And Accounting depart-
						ment does not necessarily have
						to receive details from Order de-
						tails.
16	Order De-	Has	Product	M-to-M	Pass	None
	tails					
17	Fulfillment	Use	Courier	M-to-M	Fail	A fulfillment action should use
	action					at most one courier.
18	Fulfillment	Has	Region	M-to-M	Fail	A fulfillment action should be as-
	action					sociated with at most one region
19	Region	Has	Warehouse	1-to-M	Pass	None
20	Warehouse	Requests	Inventory	M-to-M	Pass	None
21	Warehouse	Requests	Supplier	M-to-M	Pass	None
		from				
22	Product	Contains	Inventory	M-to-M	Pass	None
23	Product	Has	Category	M-to-M	Pass	None
24	Product	Promotion	Promotion	M-to-M	Pass	None
		Info				
25	Supplier	Sends	Inventory	M-to-M	Pass	None
26	Accounting	Pays	Payees	M-to-M	Pass	The accounting department
	Dept					should not be forced to be
						paying payees, but payees do
						not require the accounting
						department to always be paying
						them.

Section VII: Enhanced Entity Relationship Model (EER)

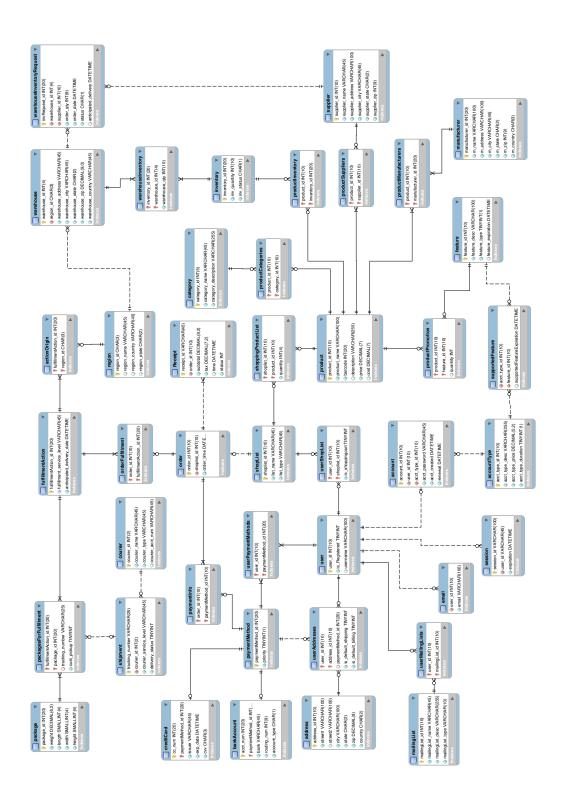


Figure 2: EER Diagram

Table 2: Implementation for Foreign Keys

Table	FK	ON DELETE	ON UPDATE	Comments
packagesForFulfillment	fulfillmentAction	CASCADE	CASCADE	If a fulfillment action
				is deleted/updated,
				then the packages for
				fulfillment should be
				deleted/updated as well
packagesForFulfillment	package	CASCADE	CASCADE	If a package is
				deleted/updated,
				then the packages for
				fulfillment should be
				deleted/updated as well
packagesForFulfillment	shipment	CASCADE	CASCADE	If a shipment is up-
				dated, then the pack-
				ages for fulfillment
				should be updated
				as well. If a ship-
				ment is deleted, then
				the shipment info in
				packagesForFulfillment
				should be set to null
				and cust_pickup flag set
				to true; this is the case
				where the customer
				chooses to pick up the
				order at the warehouse.
actionOrigin	fulfillmentAction	CASCADE	CASCADE	If a fulfillment action is
				deleted/updated, then
				the action origin should
				be deleted/updated as
				well

Table 2: Implementation for Foreign Keys

Table	FK	ON DELETE	ON UPDATE	Comments
actionOrigin	region	RESTRICT	RESTRICT	A region should be
				restricted from dele-
				tion/update since the
				action is non-trivial.
				Otherwise, many fulfill-
				ment actions associated
				with a particular region
				will end up being or-
				phaned or changed to
				a region that may not
				be appropriate for the
				action. Hence, dele-
				tion/update of a region
				should only occur when
				there is a new region
				that can replace it or
				if the region still over-
				laps with the previous
				scope.
warehouse	region	RESTRICT	RESTRICT	A region should be
				restricted from dele-
				tion/update since the
				action is non-trivial.
				Deletion/update of
				a region should only
				occur when there is a
				new region that can
				replace it or if the re-
				gion still overlaps with
				the previous version.
				Otherwise, warehouses
				would end up being
				deleted/updated along
				with the region. Be-
				cause they are physical
				spaces, they cannot
				move if the scope of a
				region is changed.

Table 2: Implementation for Foreign Keys

Table	FK	ON DELETE	ON UPDATE	Comments
warehouseInventoryRequest	warehouse	CASCADE	CASCADE	A deletion/update of a warehouse should
				delete/update an
				inventory request.
warehouseInventoryRequest	supplier	CASCADE	CASCADE	A deletion/update
				of a supplier should
				delete/update an
				inventory request.
warehouseInventory	inventory	CASCADE	CASCADE	A deletion/update of
				an inventory should
				delete/update a ware-
		G.1.G.1.D.T	G1.001.55	house inventory.
warehouseInventory	warehouse	CASCADE	CASCADE	A deletion/update of
				a warehouse should
				delete/update a ware- house inventory.
receipt	order	CASCADE	CASCADE	A deletion/update
receipt	order	CASCADE	CASCADE	of an order should
				delete/update a re-
				ceipt.
orderFulfillment	order	CASCADE	CASCADE	A deletion/update
				of an order should
				delete/update an order
				fulfillment.
orderFulfillment	fulfillmentAction	CASCADE	CASCADE	A deletion/update of
				a fulfillment action
				should delete/update
				an order fulfillment.

Table 2: Implementation for Foreign Keys

Table	FK	ON DELETE	ON UPDATE	Comments
shipment	courier	RESTRICT	CASCADE	A deletion of a courier should be restricted since many shipments are associated with a particular courier. Deletion of a courier should only occur if a replacement courier has already been considered for all shipments associated with the courier. An update of a courier should update a shipment.
creditCard	paymentMethod	CASCADE	CASCADE	A deletion/update of the payment method should delete/update the credit card.
bankAccount	paymentMethod	CASCADE	CASCADE	A deletion/update of the payment method should delete/update the bank account.
paymentInfo	order	CASCADE	CASCADE	A deletion/update of an order should delete/update the payment information.
paymentInfo	paymentMethod	CASCADE	CASCADE	A deletion/update of a payment method should delete/update the payment informa- tion.
order	${\rm shopList}$	CASCADE	CASCADE	A deletion/update of a shopping list should delete/update the or- der.
productCategories	product	CASCADE	CASCADE	A deletion/update of a product should delete/update the product categories.

Table 2: Implementation for Foreign Keys

Table	FK	ON DELETE	ON UPDATE	Comments
productCategories	category	CASCADE	CASCADE	A deletion/update
				of a category should
				delete/update the
				product categories.
shopping Product List	shopList	CASCADE	CASCADE	A deletion/update
				of a shopList should
				delete/update the
				shopping product list.
shopping Product List	product	CASCADE	CASCADE	A deletion/update
				of a product should
				delete/update the
				shopping product list.
user Payment Methods	user	CASCADE	CASCADE	A deletion/update
				of a user should
				delete/update the user
				payment method.
user Payment Methods	paymentMethod	CASCADE	CASCADE	A deletion/update of a
				paymentMethod should
				delete/update the user
				payment method.
userAddresses	user	CASCADE	CASCADE	A deletion/update
				of a user should
				delete/update the user
				addresses.
userAddresses	address	CASCADE	CASCADE	A deletion/update
				of an address should
				delete/update the user
				addresses.
userShopList	user	CASCADE	CASCADE	A deletion/update
				of a user should
				delete/update the user
				shop list.
userShopList	shoplist	CASCADE	CASCADE	A deletion/update of
				a shopping list should
				delete/update the user
				shop list.

Table 2: Implementation for Foreign Keys

Table	FK	ON DELETE	ON UPDATE	Comments
productInventory	product	RESTRICT	CASCADE	The deletion of a product should be restricted since the existence of inventory implies the existence of a product; deletion should only occur if there is no more product inventory. An update of a product should update the product inventory.
productInventory	inventory	CASCADE	CASCADE	A deletion/update of an inventory item should delete/update the product inventory.
productSuppliers	product	CASCADE	CASCADE	A deletion/update of a product should delete/update the product supplier.
productSuppliers	supplier	CASCADE	CASCADE	A deletion/update of a supplier should delete/update the product supplier.
productManufacturers	product	CASCADE	CASCADE	A deletion/update of a product should delete/update the product manufacturer.
productManufacturers	manufacturer	CASCADE	CASCADE	A deletion/update of a manufacturer should delete/update the prod- uct manufacturer.
productPromotion	product	CASCADE	CASCADE	A deletion/update of a product should delete/update the product promotion.
productPromotion	feature	CASCADE	CASCADE	A deletion/update of a feature should delete/update the product promotion.

Table 2: Implementation for Foreign Keys

Table	FK	ON DELETE	ON UPDATE	Comments
supportedFeature	accountType	CASCADE	CASCADE	A deletion/update of an account type should delete/update the sup- ported feature.
supportedFeature	feature	CASCADE	CASCADE	A deletion/update of a feature should delete/update the supported feature.
account	user	CASCADE	CASCADE	A deletion/update of a user should delete/update the account.
account	accountType	RESTRICT	CASCADE	The deletion of an accountType should be restricted since such a deletion would delete many accounts. Deletion should only occur if there does not exist accounts of the account type. An update of an accountType should update the account.
session	user	CASCADE	CASCADE	A deletion/update of a user should delete/update the session.
email	user	CASCADE	CASCADE	A deletion/update of a user should delete/update the email.
userMailingLists	user	CASCADE	CASCADE	A deletion/update of a user should delete/update the user mailing lists.
userMailingLists	mailingList	CASCADE	CASCADE	A deletion/update of a mailing list should delete/update the user mailing lists.

Section VIII: Forward Engineering

Due to bugs in mySQL workbench, edits were made to the database model sql file which are outlined below.

Changed TINYINT to BOOLEAN data type:

- 1. user.is_Registered to BOOLEAN from TINYINT
- 2. userAddresses.is_default_shipping to BOOLEAN from TINYINT
- $3.\ userAddresses.is_default_billing to BOOLEAN from TINYINT$
- 4. userShopList.is_shoppingcart to BOOLEAN from TINYINT
- 5. packagesForFulfillment.cust_pickup to BOOLEAN from TINYINT

Section IX: Inserting Data

This section is intentionally empty. No documentation necessary.

Section X: Table Testing

This section is intentionally empty. No documentation necessary.