(My)SQL Cheat Sheet

Here are the most commonly used SQL commands and the most commonly used options for each. There are many more commands and options than listed here. In other words, the syntaxes as I have listed them are far from complete. See the links at the bottom for more complete syntaxes and more commands.

| MySQL Command-Line | | | |
|---------------------|--|---|--|
| What | How | Example(s) | |
| Running MySQL | mysql -u <i>username</i> -p <i>password</i> | mysql -ucusack2RO -pegbdf5s | |
| Importing | mysql -u <i>username -ppassword < filename</i> | $mysql \ \hbox{-usomeDB -pblah} \le myNewDB.sql$ | |
| Dumping (Saving) | mysqldump -uusername -ppassword database [tables] > filename | mysqldump -ume -pblah myDB > My.sql mysqldump -ume -pblah myDB table1 table2 > my.sql | |

| Common MySQL Column Types | | | |
|--|-------------------------|---|--|
| Purpose | Data Type | Example | |
| Integers | int(M) | int(5) | |
| Floating-point (real) numbers | float(M,D) | float(12,3) | |
| Double-precision floating-point | double(M,D) | double(20,3) | |
| Dates and times | timestamp(M) | timestamp(8) (for YYYYMMDD) timestamp(12) (for YYYYMMDDHHMMSS) | |
| Fixed-length strings | char(M) | char(10) | |
| Variable-length strings | varchar(M) | varchar(20) | |
| A large amount of text | blob | blob | |
| Values chosen from a list | enum('value1',value2',) | enum('apples','oranges','bananas') | |
| M is maximum to display, and D is precision to the right of the decimal. | | | |

| MySQL Mathematical Functions | | MySQL String Functions | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| What | How | What | How |
| Count rows per group | COUNT(column *) | Compare strings | strcmp(string1,string2) |
| Average value of group | AVG(column) | Convert to lower case | lower(string) |
| Minumum value of group | MIN(column) | Convert to upper case | upper(string) |
| Maximum value of group | MAX(column) | Left-trim whitespace (similar right) | ltrim(string) |
| Sum values in a group | SUM(column) | Substring of string | substring(string,index1,index2) |
| Absolute value | abs(number) | Encrypt password | password(string) |
| Rounding numbers | round(number) | Encode string | encode(string,key) |
| Largest integer not greater | floor(number) | Decode string | decode(string,key) |
| Smallest integer not smaller | ceiling(number) | Get date | curdate() |
| Square root | sqrt(number) | Get time | curtime() |
| <i>n</i> th power | pow(base,exponent) | Extract day name from date string | dayname(string) |
| random number n , $0 \le n \le 1$ | rand() | Extract day number from date string | dayofweek(string) |

 $\parallel \sin (\text{similar cos, etc.}) \qquad \qquad \sin (\text{number}) \qquad \parallel \text{Extract month from date string} \qquad \text{monthname}(\text{string})$

| Basic MySQL Commands | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|--|
| What | How | Example(s) | |
| List all databases | SHOW DATABASES; | SHOW DATABASES; | |
| Create database | CREATE DATABASE database; | CREATE DATABASE PhoneDB; | |
| Use a database | USE database; | USE PhonDB; | |
| List tables in the database | SHOW TABLES; | SHOW TABLES; | |
| Show the structure of a table | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | DESCRIBE Animals; SHOW COLUMNS FROM Animals; | |
| Delete a database (Careful!) | DROP DATABASE database; | DROP DATABASE PhoneDB; | |

| | SQL Commands: Mod | ifying |
|---------------|---|---|
| What | How | Example(s) |
| Create table | CREATE TABLE table (column1 type [[NOT] NULL] [AUTO_INCREMENT], column2 type [[NOT] NULL] [AUTO_INCREMENT], other options, PRIMARY KEY (column(s))); | CREATE TABLE Students (LastName varchar(30) NOT NULL, FirstName varchar(30) NOT NULL, StudentID int NOT NULL, Major varchar(20), Dorm varchar(20), PRIMARY KEY (StudentID)); |
| Insert data | INSERT INTO table VALUES (list of values); INSERT INTO table SET column1=value1, column2=value2, columnk=valuek; INSERT INTO table (column1,column2,) VALUES (value1,value2); | INSERT INTO Students VALUES ('Smith','John',123456789,'Math','Selleck'); INSERT INTO Students SET FirstName='John', LastName='Smith', StudentID=123456789, Major='Math'; INSERT INTO Students (StudentID,FirstName,LastName) VALUES (123456789,'John','Smith'); |
| Insert/Select | INSERT INTO table (column1,column2,) SELECT statement; (See below) | INSERT INTO Students (StudentID,FirstName,LastName) SELECT StudentID,FirstName,LastName FROM OtherStudentTable; WHERE LastName like '%son'; |
| Delete data | DELETE FROM table [WHERE condition(s)]; (Omit WHERE to delete all data) | DELETE FROM Students WHERE LastName='Smith'; DELETE FROM Students WHERE LastName like '%Smith%'; AND FirstName='John'; DELETE FROM Students; |
| Updating Data | UPDATE table SET column1=value1, column2=value2, columnk=valuek [WHERE condition(s)]; | UPDATE Students SET LastName='Jones' WHERE StudentID=987654321; UPDATE Students SET LastName='Jones', Major='Theatre' WHERE StudentID=987654321 OR (MAJOR='Art' AND FirstName='Pete'); |
| Insert column | ALTER TABLE table ADD COLUMN column type options; | ALTER TABLE Students ADD COLUMN Hometown varchar(20); |

Delete column ALTER TABLE table ALTER TABLE Students

DROP COLUMN column; DROP COLUMN Dorm;

Delete table (Careful!) DROP TABLE [IF EXISTS] table; DROP TABLE Animals;

| SQL Commands: Querying | | | |
|------------------------|---|--|--|
| What | How | Example(s) | |
| All columns | SELECT * FROM table; | SELECT * FROM Students; | |
| Some columns | SELECT column1,column2, FROM table; | SELECT LastName, FirstName FROM Students; | |
| Some rows/ columns | SELECT column1,column2, FROM table [WHERE condition(s)]; | SELECT LastName,FirstName FROM Students WHERE StudentID LIKE '%123%'; | |
| No Repeats | SELECT [DISTINCT] column(s) FROM table; | SELECT DISTINCT LastName FROM Students; | |
| Ordering | SELECT column1,column2, FROM table [ORDER BY column(s) [DESC]]; | SELECT LastName,FirstName FROM Students ORDER BY LastName, FirstName DESC; | |
| Column Aliases | SELECT column1 [AS alias1], column2 [AS alias2], FROM table1; | SELECT LastName,FirstName AS First FROM Students; | |
| Grouping | SELECT column1,column2, FROM table [GROUP BY column(s)]; | SELECT LastName,COUNT(*) FROM Students GROUP BY LastName; | |
| Group Filtering | SELECT column1,column2, FROM table [GROUP BY column(s)] [HAVING condition(s)]; | SELECT LastName,COUNT(*) FROM Students GROUP BY LastName HAVING LastName like '%son'; | |
| Joins | SELECT column1,column2, FROM table1,table2, [WHERE condition(s)]; | SELECT LastName,Points FROM Students,Assignments WHERE AssignmentID=12 AND Students.StudentID=Assignments.StudentID; | |
| Table Aliases | SELECT column1,column2, FROM table1 [alias1], table2 [alias2], [WHERE condition(s)]; | SELECT LastName,Points FROM Students S,Assignments A WHERE S.StudentID=A.StudentID AND A.AssignmentID=12; | |
| Everything | SELECT [DISTINCT] column1 [AS alias1], column2 [AS alias2], FROM table1 [alias1], table2 [alias2], [WHERE condition(s)] [GROUP BY column(s)] [HAVING condition(s)] [ORDER BY column(s) [DESC]]; | SELECT Points, COUNT(*) AS Cnt FROM Students S,Assignments A WHERE S.StudentID=A.StudentID AND A.AssignmentID=12 GROUP BY Points HAVING Points > 10 ORDER BY Cnt, Points DESC; | |

For more details, see the following pages from MySQL.com.

- MySQL Reference Manual
- MySQL Column Types
- SHOW syntax
- CREATE TABLE syntax
- <u>ALTER TABLE syntax</u>
- <u>INSERT syntax</u>

- <u>DELETE syntax</u>
- <u>UPDATE syntax</u>
- <u>SELECT syntax</u>
- INSERT ... SELECT syntax
- MySQL Functions