Target Specification		
Switch	Example	Description
	nmap 192.168.50.1	Scan a single IP
	nmap 192.168.50.1 192.168.2.1	Scan specific IPs
	nmap 192.168.50.1-254	Scan a range
	nmap scanme.nmap.org	Scan a domain
	nmap 192.168.50.0/24	Scan using CIDR notation
-iL	nmap -iL targets.txt	Scan targets from a file
exclude	nmapexclude 192.168.50.1	Exclude listed hosts

Scan Techniques		
Switch	Example	<u>Description</u>
-sS	nmap 192.168.50.1 -sS	TCP SYN port scan (Default)
-sT	nmap 192.168.50.1 -sT	TCP connect port scan (Default without root privilege)
-sU	nmap 192.168.50.1 -sU	UDP port scan
-sA	nmap 192.168.50.1 -sA	TCP ACK port scan
-sW	nmap 192.168.50.1 -sW	TCP Window port scan

OS Detection		
Switch	Example	<u>Description</u>
-O	nmap 192.168.50.1 -O	Remote OS detection using TCP/IP stack fingerprinting
-Oosscan-limit	nmap 192.168.50.1 -Oosscan-limit	If at least one open and one closed TCP port are not found it will not try OS detection against host
-Oosscan- guess	nmap 192.168.50.1 -O osscan-guess	Makes Nmap guess more aggressively
-Omax-os- tries	nmap 192.168.50.1 -O - -max-os-tries 1	Set the maximum number x of OS detection tries against a target
-A	nmap 192.168.50.1 -A	Enables OS detection, version detection, script scanning, and traceroute

Host Discovery		
Switch	Example	Description
-sL	nmap 192.168.50.1-3 -sL	No Scan. List targets only
-sn	nmap 192.168.50.1/24 -sn	Disable port scanning. Host discovery only.
-Pn	nmap 192.168.50.1-5 -Pn	Disable host discovery. Port scan only.
-PS	nmap 192.168.50.1-5 -PS22-25,80	TCP SYN discovery on port x. Port 80 by default
-PA	nmap 192.168.50.1-5 -PA22-25,80	TCP ACK discovery on port x. Port 80 by default
-PU	nmap 192.168.50.1-5 -PU53	UDP discovery on port x. Port 40125 by default
-PR	nmap 192.168.50.1-1/24 -PR	ARP discovery on local network
-n	nmap 192.168.50.1 -n	Never do DNS resolution

Port Specification		
Switch	Example	Description
-p	nmap 192.168.50.1 -p 21	Port scan for port x
-p	nmap 192.168.50.1 -p 21-100	Port range
-p	nmap 192.168.50.1 -p U:53,T:21-25,80	Port scan multiple TCP and UDP ports
-p-	nmap 192.168.50.1 -p-	Port scan all ports
-p	nmap 192.168.50.1 -p http,https	Port scan from service name
-F	nmap 192.168.50.1 -F	Fast port scan (100 ports)
top-ports	nmap 192.168.50.1top-ports 2000	Port scan the top x ports
-p-65535	nmap 192.168.50.1 -p-65535	Leaving off initial port in range makes the scan start at port 1
-p0-	nmap 192.168.50.1 -p0-	Leaving off end port in range makes the scan go through to port 65535

Service and Version Detection		
Switch	Example	Description
-sV	nmap 192.168.50.1 -sV	Attempts to determine the version of the service running on port
-sVversion- intensity	nmap 192.168.50.1 -sV version-intensity 8	Intensity level 0 to 9. Higher number increases possibility of correctness
-sVversion- light	nmap 192.168.50.1 -sV version-light	Enable light mode. Lower possibility of correctness. Faster
-sVversion- all	nmap 192.168.50.1 -sV version-all	Enable intensity level 9. Higher possibility of correctness. Slower
-A	nmap 192.168.50.1 -A	Enables OS detection, version detection, script scanning, and traceroute

Timing and Performance		
Switch	Example	<u>Description</u>
-T0	nmap 192.168.50.1 -T0	Paranoid (0) Intrusion Detection System evasion
-T1	nmap 192.168.50.1 -T1	Sneaky (1) Intrusion Detection System evasion
-T2	nmap 192.168.50.1 -T2	Polite (2) slows down the scan to use less bandwidth and use less target machine resources
-T3	nmap 192.168.50.1 -T3	Normal (3) which is default speed
-T4	nmap 192.168.50.1 -T4	Aggressive (4) speeds scans; assumes you are on a reasonably fast and reliable network
-T5	nmap 192.168.50.1 -T5	Insane (5) speeds scan; assumes you are on an extraordinarily fast network