Multi Class Classification for Wine Dataset

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Multi Class Classification for Wine Dataset

Overview:

We would like to identify the wine types (the cultivars) based on the 13 chemical components. The 13 components are 1. Alcohol 2. Malic 3. Ash

- 4. Alcalinity 5. Magnesium 6. Phenols 7. Flavanoids 8. Nonflavanoids
- 9. Proanthocyanins 10. Color 11. Hue 12. Dilution 13. Proline

The net output is the wine type that are classified as 1,2 or 3

The goal is to build a model that would predict the wine type with a minium of 68% accuracy. Which is a pretty good estimate for this type of data. I have used k nearest neighbor model to build the model and achieve the accuracy of 68% or above.

About the data set: The rattle package contains the data for wines grown in specific area of Italy The wine data was obtained from UCI Machine Learning Repository.

```
## Loading required package: tidyverse
## Registered S3 methods overwritten by 'ggplot2':
##
    method
                 from
##
    [.quosures
    c.quosures
##
                 rlang
    print.quosures rlang
## -- Attaching packages ------ tidyverse 1.2.1 --
## v ggplot2 3.1.1
                    v purrr
                             0.3.2
## v tibble 2.1.1
                    v dplyr
                             0.8.1
## v tidyr
         0.8.3
                    v stringr 1.4.0
          1.3.1
## v readr
                    v forcats 0.4.0
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()
                  masks stats::lag()
## Loading required package: caret
## Loading required package: lattice
## Attaching package: 'caret'
## The following object is masked from 'package:purrr':
##
##
      lift
```

You can obtain the data set by installing the "rattle" package

```
## Loading required package: rattle
## Rattle: A free graphical interface for data science with R.
## Version 5.2.0 Copyright (c) 2006-2018 Togaware Pty Ltd.
## Type 'rattle()' to shake, rattle, and roll your data.

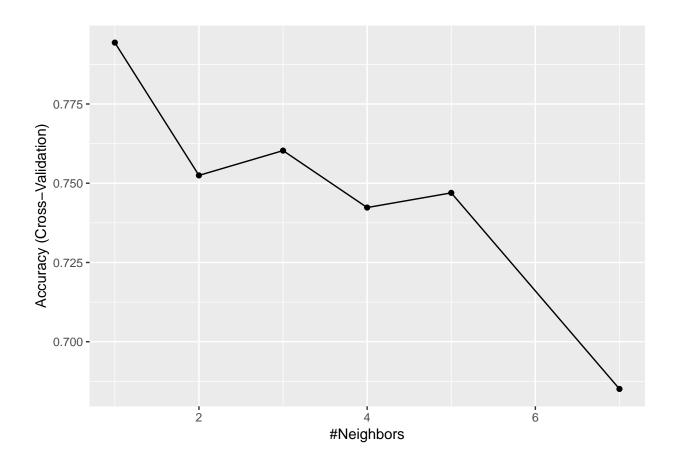
# The following command will list all the datasets in a package, we are interested
# in the wine dataset.
data(package="rattle")

#Loading the wine dataset
data("wine")
```

Created Data Partition so that we can have train dataset and test dataset. We are randomly picking 90% of the data to train and we will use the 10% of the data to validate our model. The code is as below

Method and Analysis

To build the K Nearest Neighbor model, I have decided to train the model using some tuning parameters. I have decided to use cross validation with 10 resampling with 90% of the data. I then decided to train the model with k value of 1,3,4,5 and 7. This is to determine the ideal k value that has relatively good accuracy. The plan is then to use the k value to create the final model. AS you can see from the plot knn= 5 and 7 seems to produce an acceptable accuracy to build our model



Method and Analysis - Contd

From the graph above we will use k value that would give the expected accuracy as per our goal (above 60%)

```
# Now lets create a model with the ideal K
knn_fit <- knn3(wine_train_set,train_output,k=3)

# now lets run the knn_fit model against the test data to get the predicted Y
y_hat_knn <- predict(knn_fit,wine_test_set,type="class")</pre>
```

Results

```
# lets see how accurate it is by executing the confusion matrix: Predicted output versus actual output
# in the test data
cm <- confusionMatrix(y_hat_knn,test_output)

# Lets determine the accuracy
cm$overall["Accuracy"]</pre>
```

```
## Accuracy
## 0.6315789
```