

# Package ‘egarch’

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**Type** Package

**Title** EGARCH simulation and fitting

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**Author** Kerstin Konnerth

**Depends** fGarch

**Maintainer** Kerstin Konnerth <kerstin@konnerth.de.cc>

**Description** functions for simulating and fitting EGARCH models

**License** GPL (>= 2)

**LazyLoad** yes

**Repository** CRAN

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## R topics documented:

egarch . . . . .	2
egarchSim . . . . .	4

<b>Index</b>	<b>6</b>
--------------	----------

egarch

*Fitting EGARCH models to Time Series***Description**

This function fits an Exponential Generalized Autoregressive Conditional Heteroscedastic Model (EGARCH(p, q)-Model) with normal or ged distributed innovations to a given univariate time series.

**Usage**

```
egarch(x, order, include.shape = FALSE, include.mu = FALSE, control
      = list())
```

**Arguments**

<code>x</code>	a time series.
<code>order</code>	integer vector with the p and q component of EGARCH(p, q). See Details for more information.
<code>include.shape</code>	logical flag. If <code>include.shape = TRUE</code> the shape parameter is assumed to be 2, otherwise it will be estimated during the optimization.
<code>include.mu</code>	logical flag. If <code>include.mu = TRUE</code> the mean parameter will be estimated, otherwise it is assumed to be 0.
<code>control</code>	list of control parameters, the same as declared in <code>optim</code> .

**Details**

There are different definitions of the EGARCH model. The conditional variance process of the form

$$\log(\sigma_t^2) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 \log(\sigma_{t-1}^2) + \dots + \beta_p \log(\sigma_{t-p}^2) + \eta_1 Z_{t-1} + \gamma_1 (|Z_{t-1}| - E(|Z_{t-1}|)) + \dots + \eta_q Z_{t-q} + \gamma_q (|Z_{t-q}| - E(|Z_{t-q}|))$$

is used here. To calculate the maximum likelihood estimates `egarch` uses the simplex algorithm of Nelder and Mead. For more details see Nelder and Mead (1965). The `optimi` function used here is a slightly modified version of R Core Teams `optim` function.

**Value**

Returns a list of class "egarch" with the following elements:

<code>beta</code>	estimated beta coefficients of the fitted EGARCH model.
<code>eta</code>	estimated eta coefficients of the fitted EGARCH model.
<code>gamma</code>	estimated gamma coefficients of the fitted EGARCH model.
<code>nu</code>	estimated shape parameter of the fitted EGARCH model. This parameter is only estimated when <code>include.shape = TRUE</code> .

mu	estimated mean of the fitted EGARCH model. This parameter is only estimated when <code>when include.mu = TRUE</code> .
ics	values of the AIC-, BIC- and HQ-criterion for the fitted EGARCH model.
...	

### Author(s)

Kerstin Konnerth,  
R Core Team, the main parts of `optimi`.

### References

Nelder J.A., Mead R. (1965): A simplex algorithm for function minimization. *Computer Journal* 7, 308 - 313.

Nelson D.B. (1991): Conditional Heteroskedasticity in Asset Returns: A New Approach. *Econometrica* 59, 347 - 370.

Nocedal J., Wright S.J. (1999): *Numerical Optimization*. Springer.

Straumann D. (2005): *Estimation in Conditionally Heteroscedastic Time Series Models*. Springer.

Wuertz D., Chalabi Y., Luksan L.: Parameter Estimation of ARMA models with GARCH/APARCH errors. *Journal of Statistical Software*.

### Examples

```
# Simulating and fitting of an EGARCH(1,1) model with no mean and normal
# distributed innovations
x <- egarchSim(mu = 0, beta = c(0.01, 0.8), eta = -0.5, gamma = 0.4,
  nu = 2, n = 2000)
fit <- egarch(x = x, order = c(1, 1))

# Simulating and fitting of an EGARCH(2,2) model with no mean and ged
# distributed innovations
x <- egarchSim(mu = 0, beta = c(0.01, 0.2, 0.5), eta = c(-0.3, -0.2),
  gamma = c(0.3, 0.4), nu = 1.5, n = 2000)
fit <- egarch(x = x, order = c(2, 2), include.shape = TRUE)

# Simulating and fitting of an EGARCH(2,1) model with mean = 0.2 and
# normal distributed innovations
x <- egarchSim(mu = 0.2, beta = c(0.01, 0.3, 0.6), eta = -0.4,
  gamma = 0.6, nu = 2, n = 5000)
fit <- egarch(x = x, order = c(2, 1), include.mu = TRUE)
```

egarchSim

*Simulation of a univariate EGARCH model***Description**

This function simulates a univariate EGARCH(p, q) model with normal or ged distributed innovations.

**Usage**

```
egarchSim(mu, beta, eta, gamma, nu, n, start.n)
```

**Arguments**

mu	the mean value, by default 0.
beta	the vector of beta coefficients. See Details for more information.
eta	the value or vector of eta coefficients. See Details for more information.
gamma	the value or vector of gamma coefficients. See Details for more information.
nu	the shape value, by default 2.
n	integer value, length of output series.
start.n	integer value, length of "burn-in" period. The default value is 2000.

**Details**

There are different definitions of the EGARCH model. The conditional variance process of the form

$$\log(\sigma_t^2) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 \log(\sigma_{t-1}^2) + \dots + \beta_p \log(\sigma_{t-p}^2) + \eta_1 Z_{t-1} + \gamma_1 (|Z_{t-1}| - E(|Z_{t-1}|)) + \dots + \eta_q Z_{t-q} + \gamma_q (|Z_{t-q}| - E(|Z_{t-q}|))$$

is used here. The model is checked for stationarity.

**Value**

egarchSim returns a time-series object of class "ts".

**Author(s)**

Kerstin Konnerth,  
Diethelm Wuertz for the 'rged' R-port.

**References**

Nelson D.B. (1991): Conditional Heteroskedasticity in Asset Returns: A New Approach. *Econometrica* 59, 347 - 370.  
Straumann D. (2005): *Estimation in Conditionally Heteroscedastic Time Series Models*. Springer.

**Examples**

```
# simulation of EGARCH(1,1) process with normal distributed innovations
# and zero mean
x <- egarchSim(beta = c(0.01, 0.7), eta = -0.3, gamma = 0.7, n = 1000)

# simulation of EGARCH(3,2) process with ged distributed innovations
# and mean = 0.2
x <- egarchSim(mu = 0.2, beta = c(0.01, 0.2, 0.3, 0.3), eta = c(-0.2,
  -0.3), gamma = c(0.3, 0.4), nu = 1.5, n = 1500)
```

# Index

\*Topic **EGARCH**

egarch, [1](#)

egarchSim, [3](#)

egarch, [1](#)

egarchSim, [3](#)