GraphViz

Seminar, VI Semester

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Introduction, set-up and installation

What is GraphViz?

Graphviz (short for Graph Visualization Software) is a package of open-source tools initiated by AT&T Labs Research for drawing graphs specified in DOT language scripts. Graph visualization is a way of representing structural information as diagrams of abstract graphs and networks. It has important applications in networking, bioinformatics, software engineering, database and web design, machine learning, and in visual interfaces for other technical domains.

What is DOT?

DOT is a plain text graph description language. It is a simple way of describing graphs that both humans and computer programs can read. DOT graphs are typically files with the file extension dot

Installing GraphViz on Linux

Run the following command in the terminal:

sudo apt-get install graphviz

Rendering a DOT script on command line

Various programs can process DOT files. Some, such as *dot, neato, twopi and circo* can read a DOT file and render it in graphical form.

The general method of running a DOT script is as follows: toolname -T<output_format> filename -o output.<extension>

Eg:

Rendering in png format using dot

dot -Tpng prg1.dot -o dotPNG.png

Rendering in PostScript format using circo

circo -Tps prg1.dot -o circoPS.ps

Rendering in GIF format using neato

neato -Tgif prg1.dot -o neatoGIF.gif

Some Applications of Graphviz

ArgoUML

ArgoUML renders UML diagrams using Graphviz

Doxygen

Doxygen uses Graphviz for generating class hierarchies and collaboration diagrams for source code

• Bison

Bison can output the grammar as dot for visualization of the language.

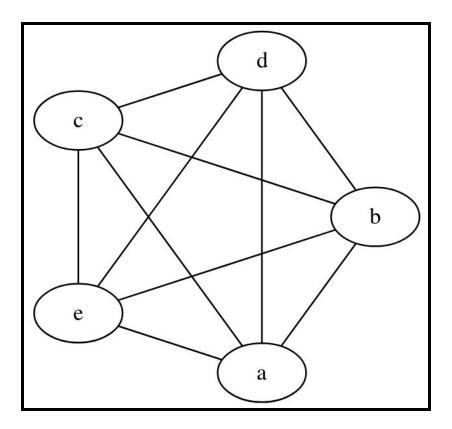
• Sphinx

Sphinx is a documentation generator that can use Graphviz to embed graphs in documents.

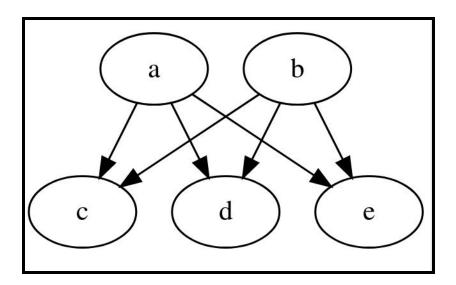
Sample Programs in GraphViz

Undirected graphs

```
b--e
c--d
c--e
d--e
}
```

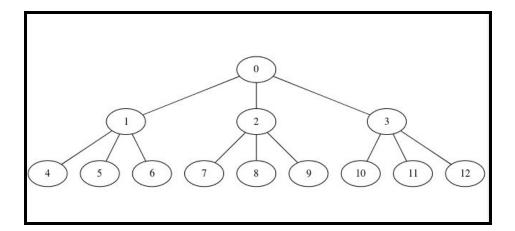


Directed graphs

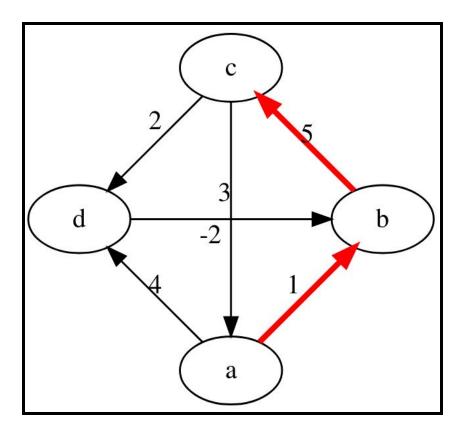


Hierarchy

```
graph tree4level
{
      0--{1 2 3}
      1--{4 5 6}
      2--{7 8 9}
      3--{10 11 12}
}
```



Weighted Graphs and Colored Edges



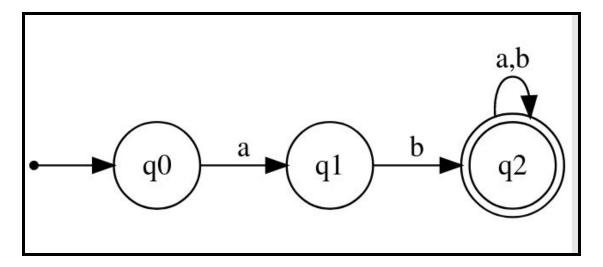
Finite State Machine

```
digraph finite_state_machine
{
```

```
rankdir=LR;

node[shape=doublecircle];
q2;
node[shape=point];
init;

node[shape=circle];
init->q0;
q0->q1[label="a"];
q1->q2[label="b"];
q2->q2[label="a,b"];
}
```



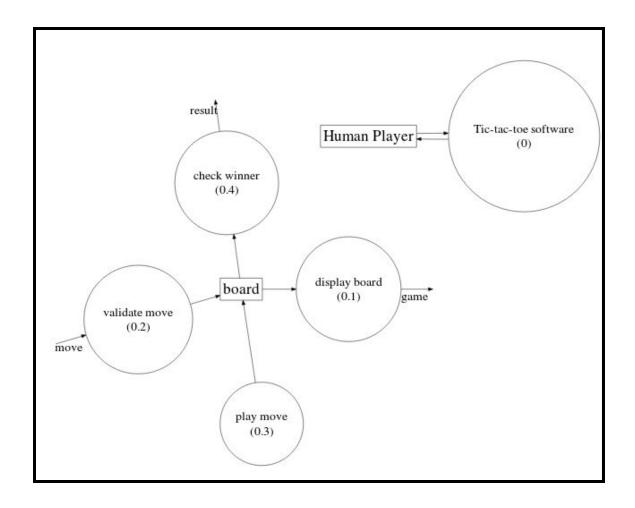
Data Flow Diagram

```
digraph Data_Flow_Diagram
{
    node[shape=rectangle,fontsize=28];
    HP[label="Human Player",fontsize=35];
    Board[label="board",fontsize=35];

    node[shape=circle,fontsize=28];
    0[label="Tic-tac-toe software\n(0)"];
    0.1[label="display board\n(0.1)"];
    0.2[label="validate move\n(0.2)"];
    0.3[label="play move\n(0.3)"];
    0.4[label="check winner\n(0.4)"];
```

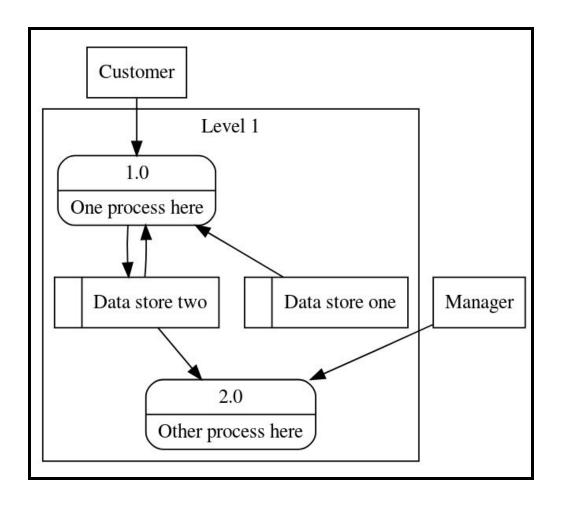
```
node[style=invis,fontsize=28];
a,b,c;

0->HP;
HP->0;
Board->{0.1,0.4};
0.3->Board;
0.2->Board;
// Hp->;
0.4->a[label="result",fontsize=28];
0.1->b[label="game",fontsize=28];
c->0.2[label="move",fontsize=28];
}
```



Collaboration Diagram

```
digraph CollaborationDiagram
{
       node[shape=record]
       customer [label="Customer" shape=box];
       manager [label="Manager" shape=box];
       subgraph cluster_level1
       label ="Level 1";
       process1 [label="{1.0 | One process here}" shape=Mrecord];
       process2 [label="{ 2.0 | Other process here}" shape=Mrecord];
       store1 [label="| Data store one"];
       store2 [label="| Data store two"];
       {rank=same; store1, store2}
       customer -> process1
       manager -> process2
       store1 -> process1
       store2 -> process2
       process1 -> store2
       store2 -> process1
```



Flow Chart

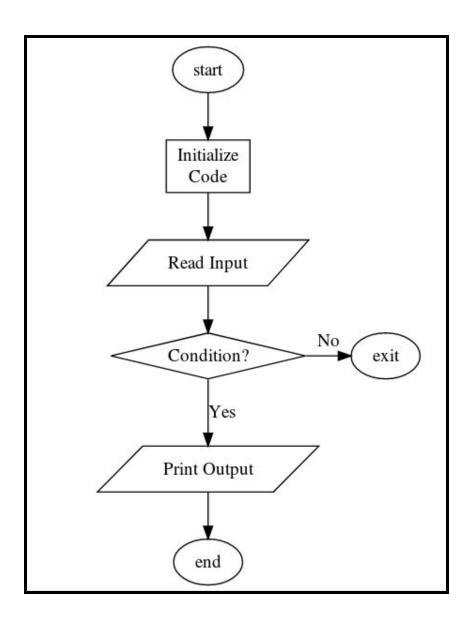
```
digraph flow_chart
{
    node [shape = oval] start end exit

    node [shape = parallelogram; label="Read Input"]; input;
    node [shape = parallelogram; label="Print Output"]; output;
    node [shape = diamond; label="Condition?"]; condition;
    node [shape = Rectangle; label="Initialize\nCode"]; init_process;

    start -> init_process;
    init_process -> input
    {rank = same; condition -> exit[label="No"]}

    input -> condition;
    condition -> output [label = "Yes"]
```

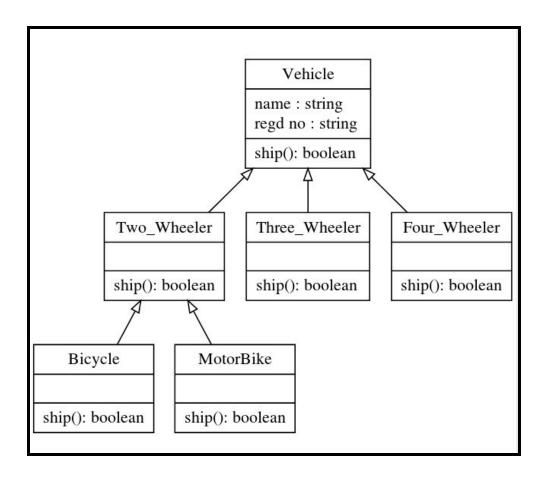
```
output -> end
}
```



Class Diagram

```
digraph ClassDiagram
{
    node [shape = "record"]
    edge [arrowtail = "empty"]
```

```
Vehicle
       label = "{Vehicle|name : string\l regd no : string\l | ship(): boolean\l}"
       Two_Wheeler
       label = "{Two_Wheeler|\1|ship(): boolean\1}"
       Three_Wheeler
       label = "{Three_Wheeler|\1|ship(): boolean\1}"
       Four_Wheeler
       label = "{Four_Wheeler|\1|ship(): boolean\1}"
       Bicycle
       label = "{Bicycle|\l|ship(): boolean\l}"
       MotorBike
       label = "{MotorBike|\l|ship(): boolean\l}"
       Vehicle -> Three_Wheeler [dir=back]
       Vehicle -> Two_Wheeler [dir=back]
       Vehicle -> Four_Wheeler [dir=back]
       Two_Wheeler -> Bicycle [dir=back]
       Two_Wheeler -> MotorBike [dir=back]
}
```

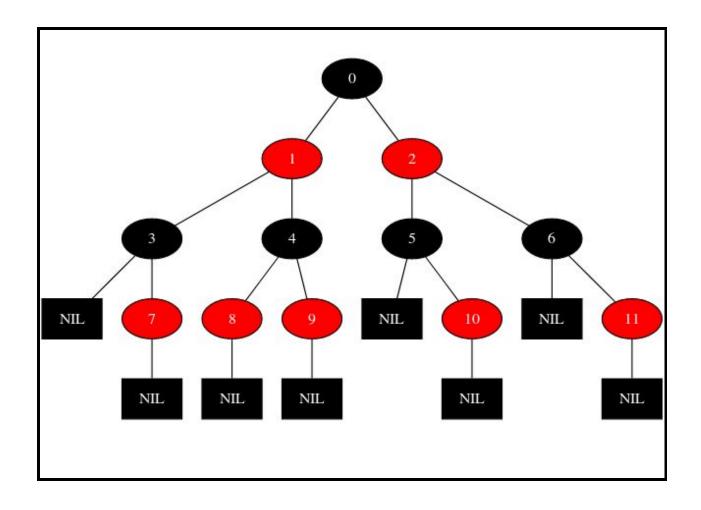


Red Black Tree

```
graph RedBlackTree
{
      {
            node[style=filled fillcolor=black fontcolor=white];
           0,3,4,5,6;
      }
      {
            node
      [
                style=filled
                shape=rectangle
                fillcolor=black
                fontcolor=white
                label=NIL
        ];
        nil1,nil2,nil3,nil4,nil5,nil6,nil7,nil8;
```

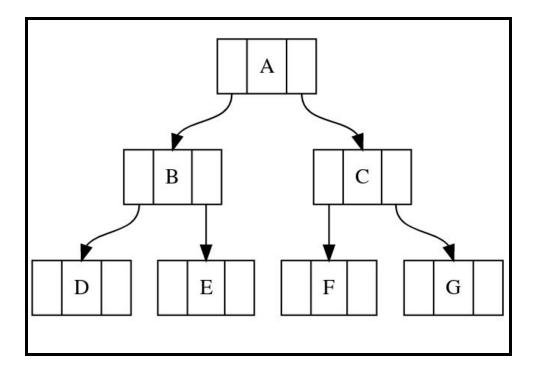
```
{
    node[style=filled fillcolor=red fontcolor=white];
    1,2,7,8,9,10,11;
    }

    0--{1 2}
    1--{3 4}
    2--{5 6}
    3--{nil1 7}
    4--{8 9}
    5--{nil5 10}
    6--{nil7 11}
    7--nil2
    8--nil3
    9--nil4
    10--nil6
    11--nil8
}
```



B Tree

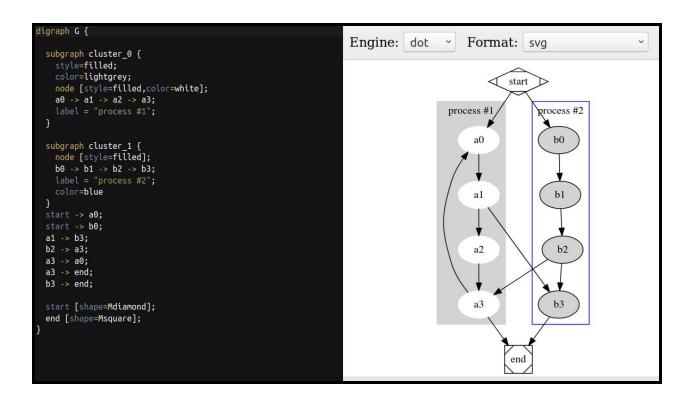
```
digraph B_Tree
{
      node [shape=record];
      node0 [label = "<1> | <m> A | <r>"];
      node1 [label = "<1> | <m> B | <r>"];
      node2 [label = "<1> | <m> C | <r>"];
      node3 [label = "<1> | <m> D | <r>"];
      node4 [label = "<1> | <m> E | <r>"];
      node5 [label = "<1> | <m> F | <r>"];
      node6 [label = "<1> | <m> G | <r>"];
      node0:1 -> node1:m;
      node0:r -> node2:m;
      node1:1 -> node3:m;
      node1:r -> node4:m;
      node2:1 -> node5:m;
      node2:r -> node6:m;
}
```



References

1. https://dreampuf.github.io/GraphvizOnline/

For online editor to see an instantaneous output



2. http://tonyballantyne.com/graphs.html#sec-8-2-3

Tutorial on GraphViz

3. https://www.graphviz.org/

Documentation of GraphViz