Package 'tfse'

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Title twitter follows & selective exposure
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Description this package contains R code used in my dissertation research most of the functions are designed to interact with twitter's API. this repository will one day be organized into more useful replication materials. until then, it's is a work in progress.
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LazyData TRUE

R topics documented:

Imports httr, jsonlite, dplyr

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Description

check_rate_limit

Usage

```
check_rate_limit(type, token, seconds = FALSE)
```

Arguments

type If not missing, which returns entire rate limit request object, type returns spe-

cific values; e.g., type = "lookup" returns remaining limit for user lookup requests; type = "followers" returns remaining limit for follower id requests;

type = "friends" returns remaining limit for friend id requests.

token An OAuth token (1.0 or 2.0)

seconds logical, indicating whether to return unix seconds

Value

response Rate limit response object or specific value of remaining requests

See Also

See https://dev.twitter.com/overview/documentation for more information on using Twitter's API.

data_frame_lookup data_frame_lookup

Description

data_frame_lookup

Usage

```
data_frame_lookup(x)
```

Arguments

x json resposne object from user lookup Twitter API call.

get_api 3

Value

data frame

See Also

See https://dev.twitter.com/overview/documentation for more information on using Twitter's API.

get_api

 get_api

Description

get_api

Usage

```
get_api(url, token = NULL)
```

Arguments

url

API url address.

Value

Response formatted as nested list. Assumes response object is json object.

get_followers

get_followers

Description

get_followers

Usage

```
get_followers(user, token, page = "-1", stringify = TRUE)
```

Arguments

user Screen name or user id of target user.

token OAuth token (1.0 or 2.0)

page Default page = -1 specifies first page of json results. Other pages specified via

cursor values supplied by Twitter API response object.

stringify logical, indicating whether to return user ids as strings (some ids are too long to

be read as numeric). Defaults to TRUE

Value

user ids

4 get_followers_max

See Also

See https://dev.twitter.com/overview/documentation for more information on using Twitter's API.

get_followerslist

get_followerslist

Description

Returns a cursored collection of user objects for users following the specified user.

Usage

```
get_followerslist(user, token, page = "-1")
```

Arguments

user Screen name or user id of target user.

token OAuth token (1.0 or 2.0)

page Default page = -1 specifies first page of json results. Other pages specified via

cursor values supplied by Twitter API response object.

Value

json user object (nested list)

See Also

```
See https://api.twitter.com/1.1/followers/list.json.
```

get_followers_max

get_followers_max

Description

```
get_followers_max
```

Usage

```
get_followers_max(user, tokens)
```

Arguments

user Screen name or user id of target user

tokens OAuth tokens (1.0 or 2.0)

Value

user ids

get_friends 5

See Also

See https://dev.twitter.com/overview/documentation for more information on using Twitter's API.

Description

get_friends

Usage

```
get_friends(user, token, page = "-1", stringify = TRUE, timeout = 3)
```

Arguments

user Screen name or user id of target user.

token OAuth token (1.0 or 2.0)

page Default page = -1 specifies first page of json results. Other pages specified via

cursor values supplied by Twitter API response object.

stringify logical, indicating whether to return user ids as strings (some ids are too long to

be read as numeric). Defaults to TRUE

Value

friends User ids for everyone a user follows.

See Also

See https://dev.twitter.com/overview/documentation for more information on using Twitter's API.

Description

Returns detailed information about the relationship between two arbitrary users.

Returns a collection of the most recent Tweets posted by the user indicated by the screen_name or user_id parameters. User timelines belonging to protected users may only be requested when the authenticated user either "owns" the timeline or is an approved follower of the owner. The timeline returned is the equivalent of the one seen when you view a user's profile on twitter.com. This method can only return up to 3,200 of a user's most recent Tweets. Native retweets of other statuses by the user is included in this total, regardless of whether include_rts is set to false when requesting this resource.

6 get_friendships

Usage

```
get_friendships(user, since_id = NULL, count = NULL, max_id = NULL,
    trim_user = NULL, exclude_replies = NULL, contributer_details = NULL,
    include_rts = NULL, token)

get_friendships(user, since_id = NULL, count = NULL, max_id = NULL,
    trim_user = NULL, exclude_replies = NULL, contributer_details = NULL,
    include_rts = NULL, token)
```

Arguments

user The screen_name or ID of the user for whom to return results for.

since_id Returns results with an ID greater than (that is, more recent than) the specified

ID. There are limits to the number of Tweets which can be accessed through the API. If the limit of Tweets has occured since the since_id, the since_id will be

forced to the oldest ID available.

count Specifies the number of tweets to try and retrieve, up to a maximum of 200 per

distinct request. The value of count is best thought of as a limit to the number of tweets to return because suspended or deleted content is removed after the count has been applied. We include retweets in the count, even if include_rts is not supplied. It is recommended you always send include_rts=1 when using this

API method.

max_id Returns results with an ID less than (that is, older than) or equal to the specified

ID.

trim_user When set to either true, t or 1, each tweet returned in a timeline will include a

user object including only the status authors numerical ID. Omit this parameter

to receive the complete user object.

exclude_replies

This parameter will prevent replies from appearing in the returned timeline. Using exclude_replies with the count parameter will mean you will receive up-to count tweets — this is because the count parameter retrieves that many tweets before filtering out retweets and replies. This parameter is only supported for

JSON and XML responses.

include_rts When set to false, the timeline will strip any native retweets (though they will

still count toward both the maximal length of the timeline and the slice selected by the count parameter). Note: If you're using the trim_user parameter in conjunction with include_rts, the retweets will still contain a full user object.

token OAuth token (1.0 or 2.0)

source Screen name or user id of source user.
target Screen name or user id of target user.

contributor_details

This parameter enhances the contributors element of the status response to include the screen_name of the contributor. By default only the user_id of the

contributor is included.

token OAuth token (1.0 or 2.0)

Value

json object (nested list) json object (nested list) get_friendslist 7

See Also

```
See https://api.twitter.com/1.1/friendships/show.json.
See https://api.twitter.com/1.1/statuses/user_timeline.json.
```

get_friendslist

get_friendslist

Description

Returns a cursored collection of user objects for every user the specified user is following (otherwise known as their "friends").

Usage

```
get_friendslist(user, token, page = "-1")
```

Arguments

user Screen name or user id of target user.

token OAuth token (1.0 or 2.0)

page Default page = -1 specifies first page of json results. Other pages specified via

cursor values supplied by Twitter API response object.

Value

```
json user object (nested list)
```

See Also

```
See https://api.twitter.com/1.1/friends/list.json.
```

 ${\tt get_friends_max}$

get_friends_max

Description

```
get_friends_max
```

Usage

```
get_friends_max(user_ids, tokens, start = 1, stringify = TRUE,
  verbose = TRUE, timeout = 3)
```

8 get_friends_ply

Arguments

user_ids Data frame with column name "screen_name"

tokens OAuth tokens (1.0 or 2.0) start Starting value (nth user id)

stringify logical, indicating whether to return user ids as strings

verbose default behavior verbose = TRUE prints asterisk for every 15 (or max of one

token) user networks collected. Set verbose = FALSE to run function silently.

(some ids are too long to be read as numeric). Defaults to TRUE.

Value

friends List of user ids each user follows.

See Also

See https://dev.twitter.com/overview/documentation for more information on using Twitter's API.

get_friends_ply
get_friends_ply

Description

lapply() version of get_friends_max()

Usage

```
get_friends_ply(user_ids, tokens, start = 1)
```

Arguments

user_ids Data frame with column name "screen_name"

tokens OAuth tokens (1.0 or 2.0) start Starting value (nth user id)

Value

friends List of user ids each user follows.

See Also

See https://dev.twitter.com/overview/documentation for more information on using Twitter's API.

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get_list	get_list		
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Description

get_list

Usage

```
get_list(slug, owner, token, count = 5000, cursor = "-1")
```

Arguments

slug	Name of Twitter list
owner	Screen name of list owner
token	An OAuth token (1.0 or 2.0)
count	Maximum number of users to return (cannot be higher than 5000).
cursor	Select next or previous page or results using cursor value from returned json object

Value

json response object as nested list

See Also

See https://dev.twitter.com/overview/documentation for more information on using Twitter's API.

get_lookup	get_lookup	

Description

get_lookup

Usage

```
get_lookup(users, token, df = TRUE, skip = TRUE, entities = FALSE)
```

Arguments

users Screen name or user id of target users.

token OAuth tokens (1.0 or 2.0)

df logical, indicating whether to format response as data frame

Value

response object

10 get_package_pdf

See Also

See https://dev.twitter.com/overview/documentation for more information on using Twitter's API.

get_lookup_max

get_lookup_max

Description

```
get_lookup_max
```

Usage

```
get_lookup_max(ids, tokens, start = 1)
```

Arguments

ids User id or screen name of target user.

tokens OAuth tokens (1.0 or 2.0)

start First (nth) id

Value

response object

See Also

See https://dev.twitter.com/overview/documentation for more information on using Twitter's API.

get_package_pdf

get_package_pdf

Description

```
get_package_pdf
```

Usage

```
get_package_pdf(package, update = FALSE, open = TRUE)
```

Arguments

package Name of target package.

update logical, indicating whether to replace old manual

open logical, indicating whether to automatically view preview of pdf

get_statuses_retweets 11

```
get_statuses_retweets get_statuses_retweets
```

Description

Returns a collection of the 100 most recent retweets of the tweet specified by the id parameter.

Usage

```
get_statuses_retweets(tweet_id, count = 100, trim_user = TRUE, token)
```

Arguments

tweet_id required, The numerical ID of the desired status

count optional, Specifies the number of records to retrieve. Must be less than or equal

to 100.

trim_user optional, When set to TRUE each tweet returned in a timeline will include a

user object including only the status authors numerical ID. Omit this parameter

to receive the complete user object.

token OAuth token (1.0 or 2.0)

Value

json object

See Also

```
https://api.twitter.com/1.1/statuses/retweets/:id.json
```

get_token	get_token
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Description

get_token

Usage

```
get_token(app, consumer_key, consumer_secret)
```

Arguments

app Name of user created Twitter application

consumer_key Application API key

consumer_secret

 $Application \ API \ secret \ User-owned \ app \ must \ have \ \textit{Read} \quad \text{and} \quad \textit{write} \ access$

level and Callback URL of http://127.0.0.1:1410.

12 get_wave_data

Value

twitter oauth 1.0 token

See Also

See https://dev.twitter.com/overview/documentation for more information on using Twitter's API.

get_wave

get_wave

Description

```
get_wave
```

Usage

```
get_wave(ids, tokens)
```

Arguments

ids

Vector of user ids

Value

friends List of user ids each user follows.

See Also

See $\label{lem:https://dev.twitter.com/overview/documentation} for more information on using Twitter's API.$

get_wave_data

get_wave_data

Description

```
get_wave_data
```

Usage

```
get_wave_data(wave, ids, tokens)
```

Arguments

wave

Wave number

Value

data Saved wave data and updated running data set

is_screen_name 13

is_screen_name

is_screen_name

Description

is_screen_name

Usage

```
is_screen_name(x)
```

Arguments

Х

Twitter user id or screen name

Value

logical value indicating whether object is screen name [or user ID]

load_tokens

load_tokens

Description

load_tokens

Usage

load_tokens()

Value

twitter oauth 1.0 tokens

search_tweets

search_tweets

Description

Returns a collection of relevant Tweets matching a specified query. Please note that Twitter's search service and, by extension, the Search API is not meant to be an exhaustive source of Tweets. Not all Tweets will be indexed or made available via the search interface. In API v1.1, the response format of the Search API has been improved to return Tweet objects more similar to the objects you'll find across the REST API and platform. However, perspectival attributes (fields that pertain to the perspective of the authenticating user) are not currently supported on this endpoint. To learn how to use Twitter Search effectively, consult our guide to Using the Twitter Search API. See Working with Timelines to learn best practices for navigating results by since_id and max_id.

14 search_tweets

Usage

```
search_tweets(q, geocode = NULL, lang = NULL, locale = NULL,
  result_type = "mixed", count = 100, until = NULL, since_id = NULL,
  max_id = NULL, include_entities = TRUE, token)
```

Arguments

q required, A UTF-8, URL-encoded search query of 500 characters maximum,

including operators. Queries may additionally be limited by complexity.

geocode optional, Returns tweets by users located within a given radius of the given

latitude/longitude. The location is preferentially taking from the Geotagging API, but will fall back to their Twitter profile. The parameter value is specified by "latitude,longitude,radius", where radius units must be specified as either "mi" (miles) or "km" (kilometers). Note that you cannot use the near operator via the API to geocode arbitrary locations; however you can use this geocode parameter to search near geocodes directly. A maximum of 1,000 distinct "sub-

regions" will be considered when using the radius modifier.

lang optional, Restricts tweets to the given language, given by an ISO 639-1 code.

Language detection is best-effort.

locale optional, Specify the language of the query you are sending (only ja is cur-

rently effective). This is intended for language-specific consumers and the de-

fault should work in the majority of cases.

result_type optional, Specifies what type of search results you would prefer to receive. The

current default is "mixed." Valid values include "mixed" to include both popular and real time results in the response, "recent" to return only the most recent results in the response, and "popular" to return only the most popular results in

the response.

count optional, The number of tweets to return per page, up to a maximum of 100.

Defaults to 15. This was formerly the "rpp" parameter in the old Search API.

until optional, Returns tweets created before the given date. Date should be formatted

as YYYY-MM-DD. Keep in mind that the search index has a 7-day limit. In other words, no tweets will be found for a date older than one week. Example

Values: "2015-07-19".

since_id optional, Returns results with an ID greater than (that is, more recent than)

the specified ID. There are limits to the number of Tweets which can be accessed through the API. If the limit of Tweets has occured since the since_id,

the since_id will be forced to the oldest ID available.

max_id optional, Returns results with an ID less than (that is, older than) or equal to the

specified ID.

include_entities

optional, The entities node will be disincluded when set to false.

token OAuth token (1.0 or 2.0)

callback optional, If supplied, the response will use the JSONP format with a callback

of the given name. The usefulness of this parameter is somewhat diminished by the requirement of authentication for requests to this endpoint. Example Values:

"processTweets"

Value

json object

sn2id 15

See Also

https://api.twitter.com/1.1/search/tweets.json

sn2id

sn2id

Description

sn2id

Usage

sn2id(screen_name)

Arguments

screen_name

Twitter handle

Value

response Twitter account user id

See Also

See https://dev.twitter.com/overview/documentation for more information on using Twitter's API.

TWIT

TWIT

Description

TWIT

Usage

```
TWIT(query, parameters, token, version = "1.1", timeout = 3)
```

Arguments

query Twitter API request type string. e.g, "friends/ids" calls Twitter API to return

information about a user's friend network (i.e., accounts followed by a user).

parameters Additional parameters passed along to API call

token An OAuth token (1.0 or 2.0)

Value

json response object as nested list

See Also

See https://dev.twitter.com/overview/documentation for more information on using Twitter's API.

16 which_ids

Description

Returns integer values. Used for get_friends function.

Usage

```
which_ids(n, max_users = 3000, token = NULL)
```

Arguments

n starting number for users

max_users max number of user ids (if rate limit exceeds remaining number of users, this

sets upper ceiling and reduces likelihood of API request errors)

token Specify token if there is reason to believe current remaning friend list request is

below the rate limit max of 15. This rate limit resets every 15 minutes, so this is usually not necessary. Checking rate limits does not reduce the number of

available requests, but it does slow things down.

Value

integers used to identify 15 (or token max given rate limits) users from provided list of user ids

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