



How many  
individuals will  
receive the seasonal  
flu vaccine?

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# Overview

- 1) Business Problem
- 2) The Data
- 3) Modeling Process
- 4) Model Evaluation
- 5) Conclusions/Next Steps

# Business Problem

**Goal:** *Minimize* vaccine production costs and *reduce* waste.

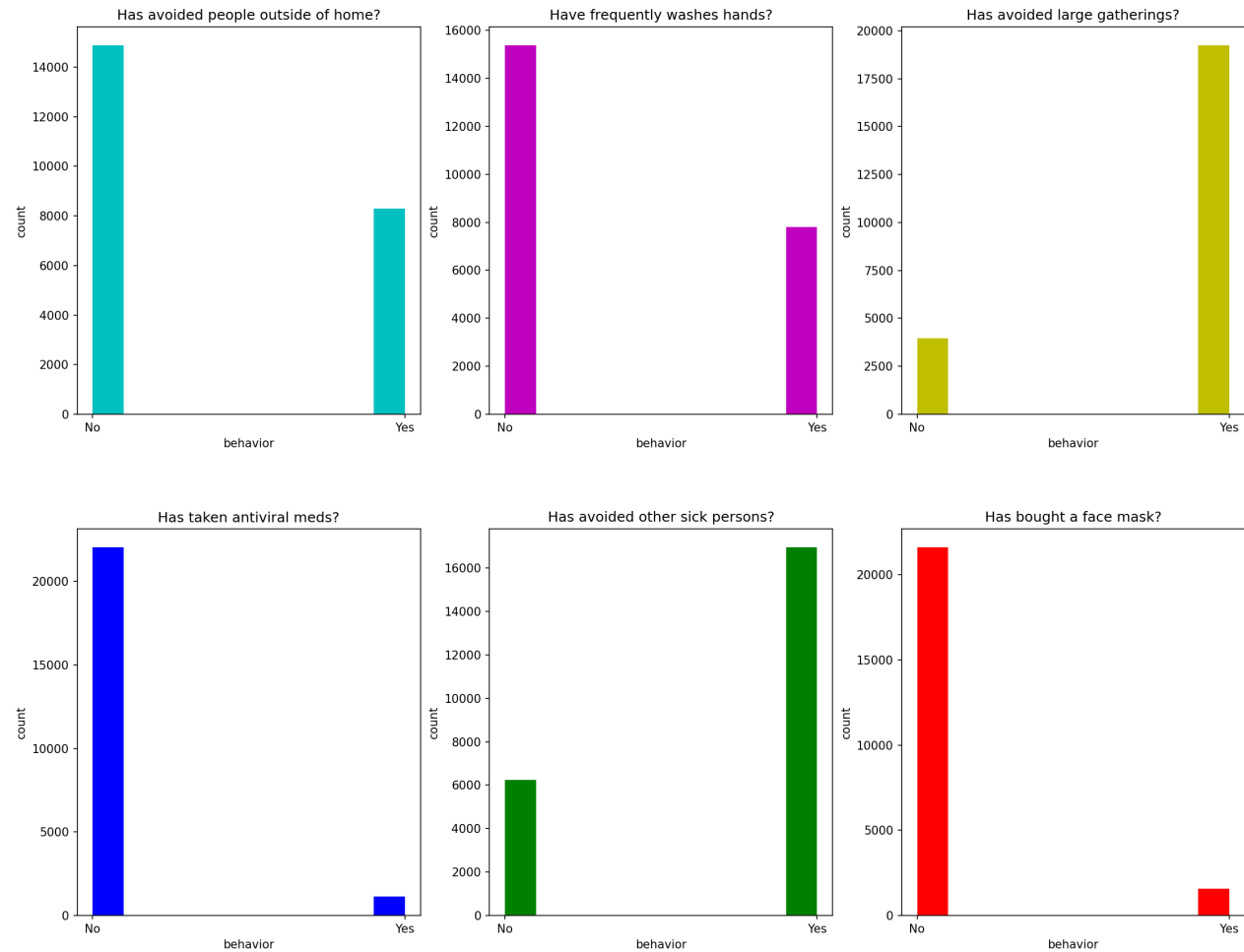
**Solution:** *Predict* how many individuals will receive the seasonal flu vaccine this year based on recent data.

# The Data

- Data from the National 2009 H1N1 Flu Survey
- Over 26,000 respondents
  - Health Behaviors & Opinions
  - Socioeconomic background
  - Personal background
  - Educational background
- Focus on **Seasonal Flu** data

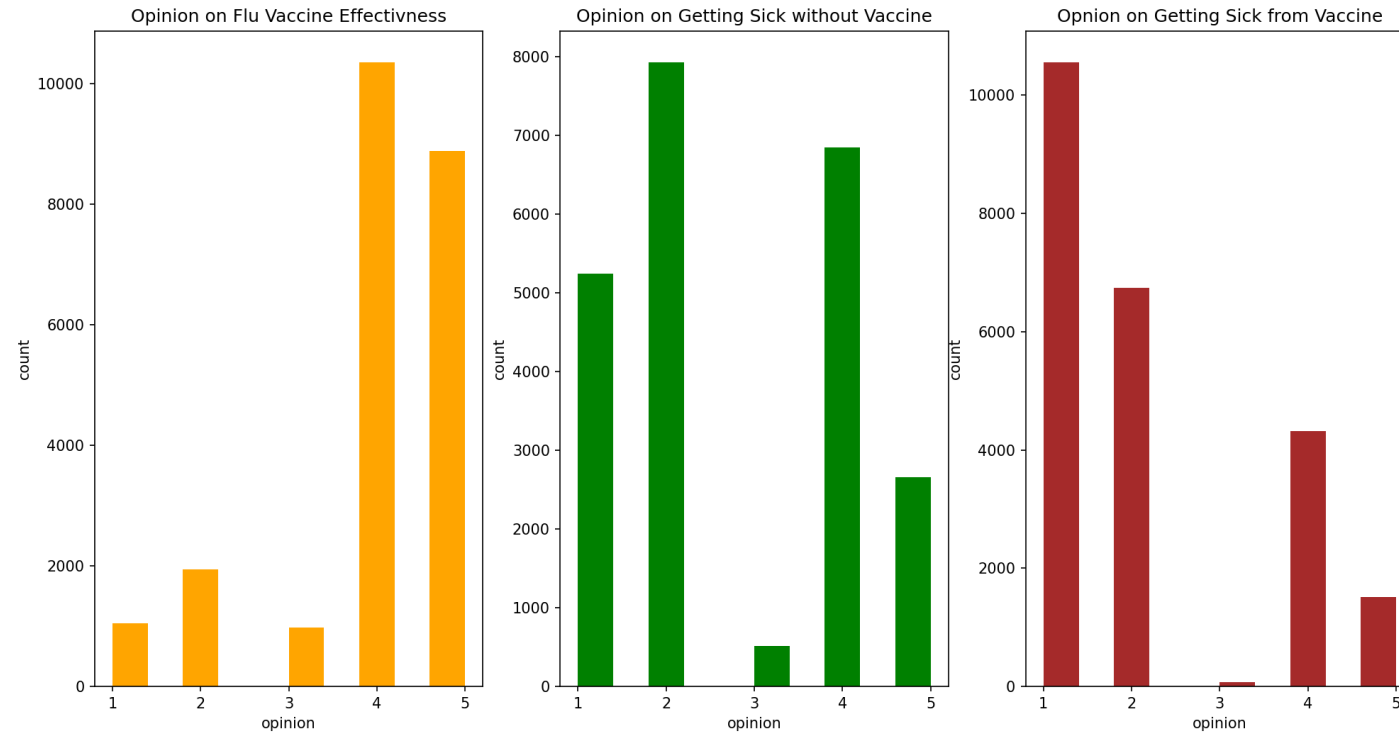
# Primary Features

## Health Behaviors



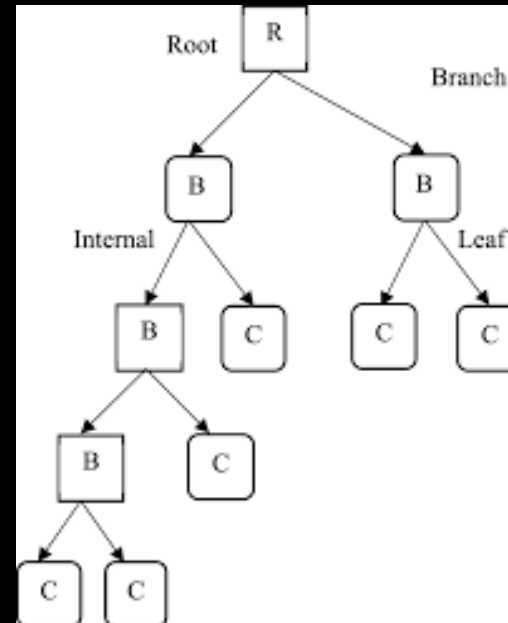
# Primary Features

## Health Opinions



# The Modeling

- Classify an individual on whether or not they will receive the vaccine.
- The Decision Tree Method
- Primary Features:
  - Health Behaviors
  - Health Opinions



# Model Evaluation

- Evaluate Model based on **Recall** score.
  - $\text{Recall} = \# \text{ True Positive} / \text{Total Number of Positives}$
  - Positive = Received Vaccine

Training Recall: 0.780

Testing Recall: 0.776

Average Cross Validation Scores: 0.780



# Conclusions/Recommendations

- This Classification model performs well and can generalize data.
- Apply this model to new data that collects the same information.
- Example # of Vaccines to Produce =  $\# \text{ Classified} / \text{Recall Score}$ .
  - i.e) 100,000 respondents -> 65,000 classified -> 83,700 actual true cases -> can produce 16,000 fewer vaccines.

# Limitations

- Model cannot consider everything...
- Factors beyond individual that can affect their access to vaccines.

# The next steps

- Start collecting data on a sample group.
- Apply model to sample group and extrapolate to larger production scale.

Thank you