

# An Apodizing Phase Plate Coronagraph for the VLT

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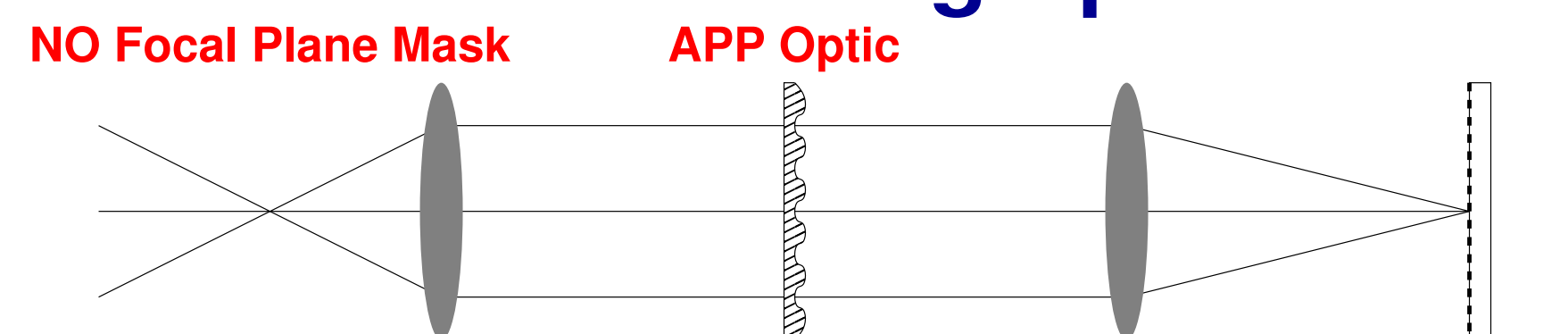
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## Principle of the APP

- Suppress diffraction with light from Airy core
- No focal plane occulting mask
- High throughput of 56% for planet flux
- Insensitive to tip-tilt errors

### APP Coronagraph



Focal Plane Mask blocks central star  
Pupil Plane Lyot stop  
Reduced throughput Lower spatial resolution

### Classical Lyot Coronagraph

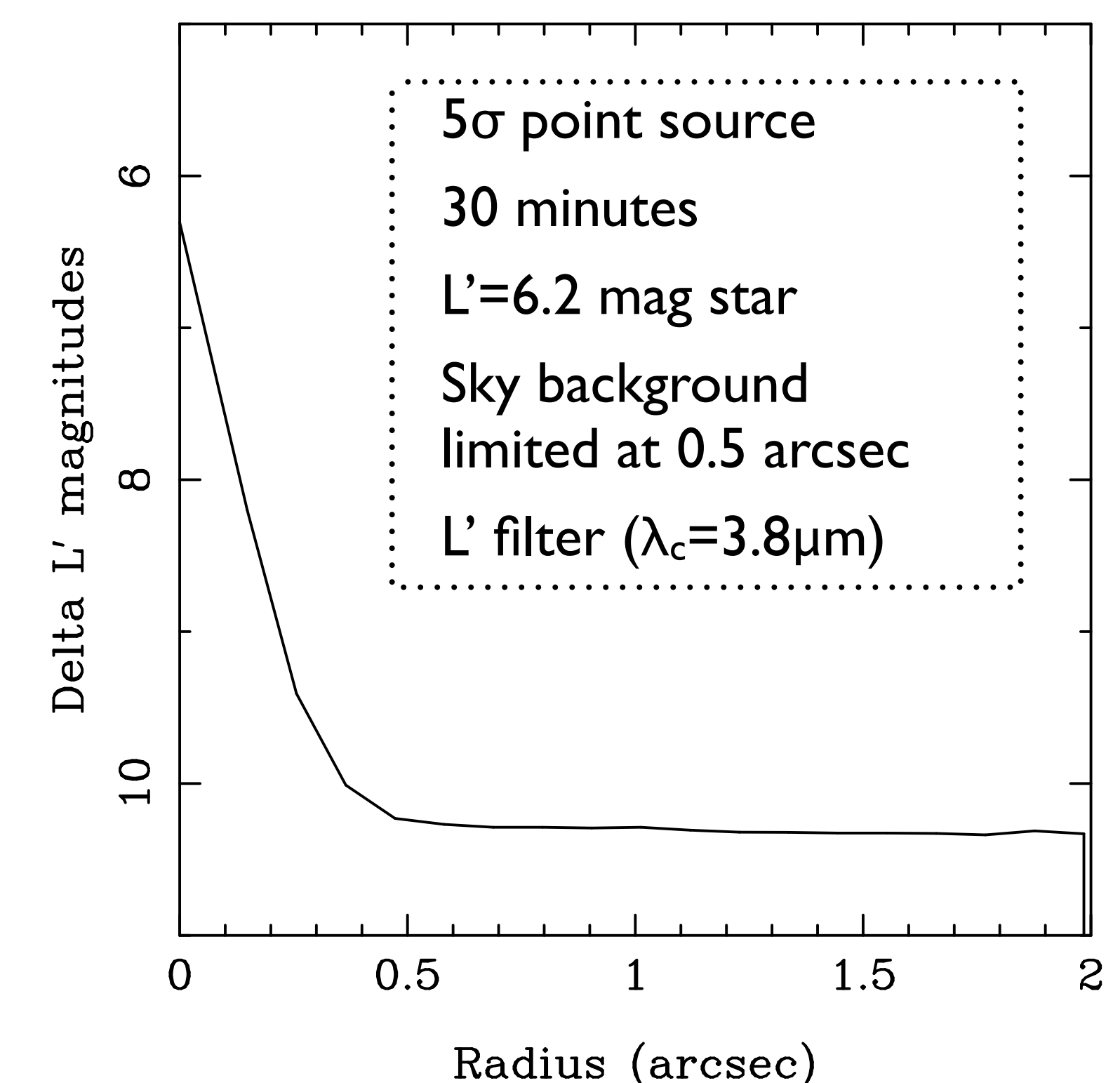
See: Codona & Angel (2004), Kenworthy et al. (2007)

## Abstract

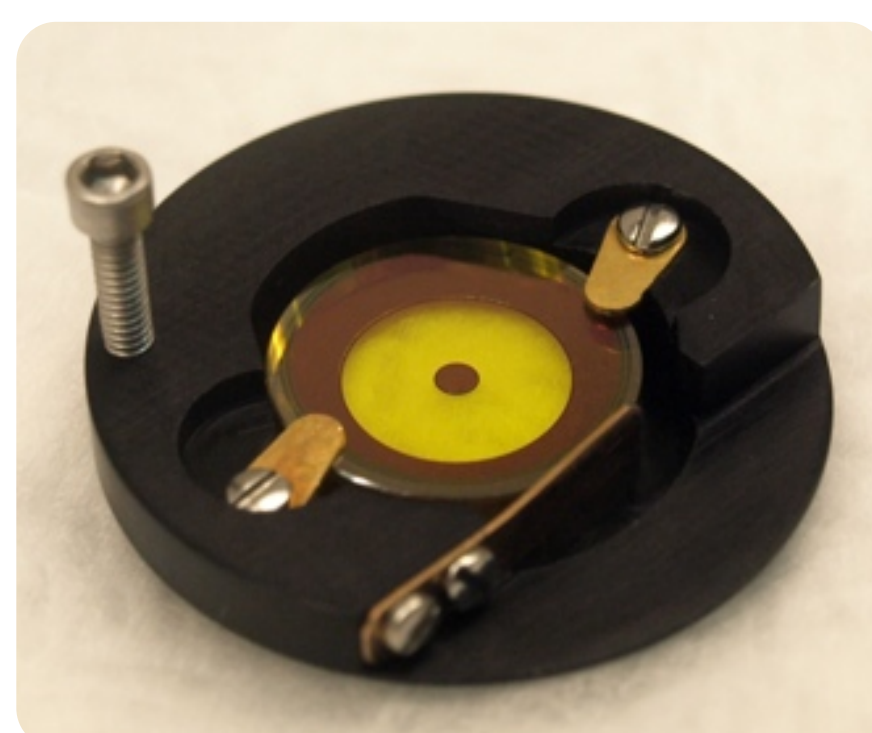
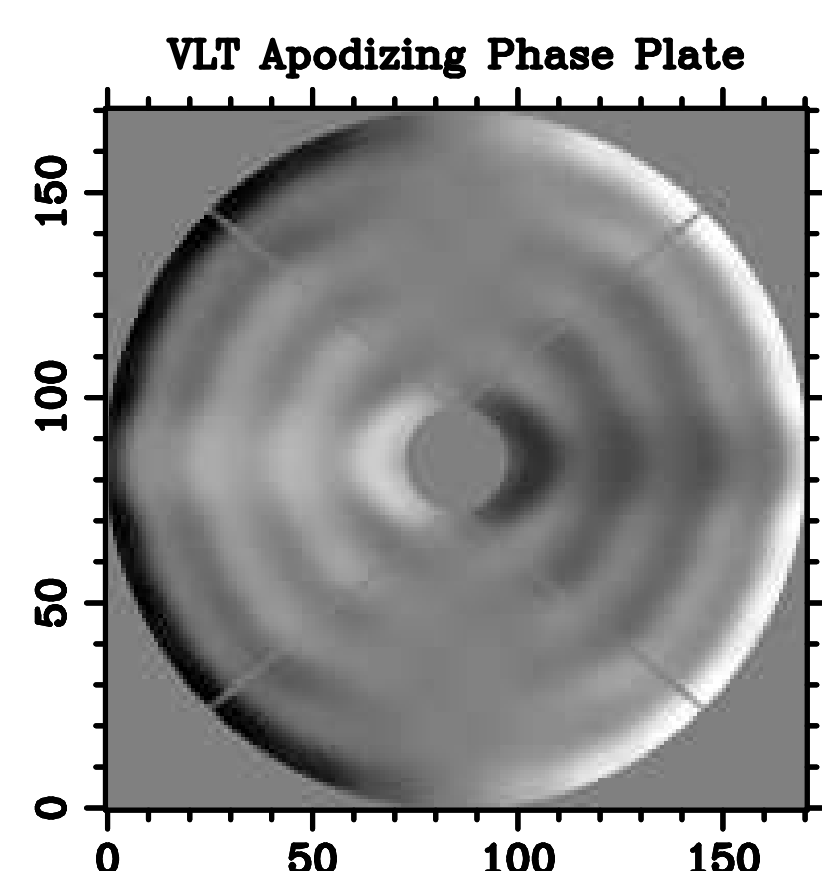
We present results from a recent commissioning run to validate the design of a coronagraphic optic for use with CONICA at the VLT that provides suppression of diffraction from 1.8 to  $7\lambda/D$  at  $4.05 \mu\text{m}$ , an optimal wavelength for direct imaging of cool extrasolar planets. The optic is designed to provide 10 magnitudes of contrast at 0.2 arcseconds, over a “D” shaped region in the image plane, without the need for any focal plane occulting mask.

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## Measured Sensitivity

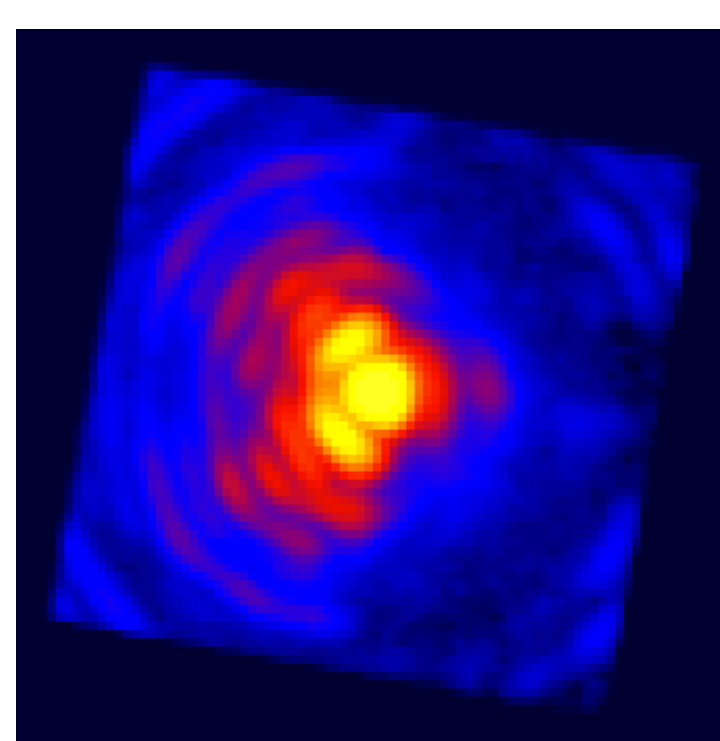
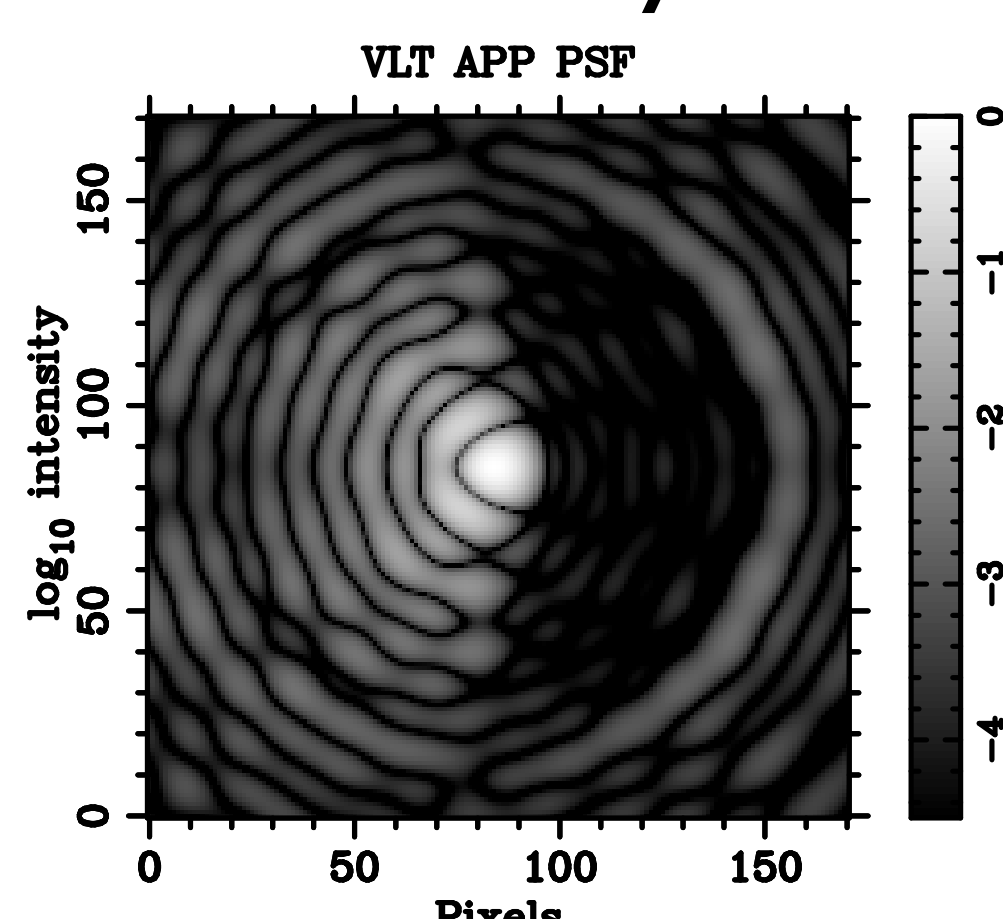


## Realization of APP



### Theory

### At the VLT



## Detection of $\beta$ Pic b

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(cf. Lagrange et al. 2010)

## Current Status

- Commissioned and available at the VLT
- Confirmation of sensitivity with beta Pic

$$r = 0.354 \pm 0.010''$$

$$\text{P.A.} = 209.13 \pm 2.0^\circ$$

$$\text{dM [4.05]} = 7.75 \pm 0.23$$

Quanz et al. (in prep.)