# Item Response Theory - Final Essay

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**Statutory Declaration:** I hereby declare that I composed the present paper independently and that I have used no other resources than those indicated. The text passages which are taken from other works in wording or meaning have been identified as such. I also declare that this work has not been partly or completely used in another examination.

The full R and Markdown code used for generating this essay is available on Github: https://github.com/mkeute/IRT-essay

#### 1 Introduction

Understanding sexual habits and behavior can be important for, e.g., improving sex education for adolescents, preventing sexually transmitted diseases (STDs), and identifying high-risk populations for sexual misconduct. The Sexual Compulsivity Scale (SCS) is a 10-item questionnaire constructed to measure hypersexuality and high libido in a given person (Kalichman and Rompa (1995), Kalichman and Rompa (2001)). Each of the 10 items is a statement about sexual habits, feelings, or experiences, and the test-taker can indicate how much they can relate to each statement on a four-level scale ranging from 1 (Not at all like me) to 4 (Very much like me).

The 10 items are (Kalichman and Rompa (2001)):

- 1. My sexual appetite has gotten in the way of my relationships.
- 2. My sexual thoughts and behaviors are causing problems in my life.
- 3. My desires to have sex have disrupted my daily life.
- 4. I sometimes fail to meet my commitments and responsibilities because of my sexual behaviors.
- 5. I sometimes get so horny I could lose control.
- 6. I find myself thinking about sex while at work.
- 7. I feel that sexual thoughts and feelings are stronger than I am.
- 8. I have to struggle to control my sexual thoughts and behavior.
- 9. I think about sex more than I would like to.
- 10. It has been difficult for me to find sex partners who desire having sex as much as I want to.

In this essay, using data from the original validation cohort (Kalichman and Rompa (2001)), I will provide a thorough analysis of the SCS, using methods derived from Item Response Theory (IRT), and to a lesser extent from Classical Test Theory (CTT). In the final section, I will give an overview over both theories and their key differences.

### 2 Preparing the Data

The dataset (Kalichman and Rompa (1995)) consists of 3376 observations, the variables being the ten items of the SCS, the sum score, gender and age. From the age variable, three cases where the reported age was 100 years or higher appeared implausible and therefore set to missing values. The remaining cases had a mean age of 30.9 years (median 28 years, range [14, 85]). From the gender variable, 13 values were missing and 15 cases where the reported gender was "3" (other) were set to missing values. Of the remaining cases, 2295 (68.5%) reported male gender ("1") and 1053 (31.4%) reported female gender ("2"). In the dataset, 133 cases contained at least one missing value.

The pattern of missing SCS items is shown in Figure 1. It can be seen that item Q9 was missing most often, though not by a large margin (Q9: 27 missing values, Q5: 13 missing values). It can be seen that the majority of cases with missing values (118 cases / 88.7%) had only a single missing item, while there were no prominent patterns of items that tended to be jointly missing. Eight cases where more than two SCS items were missing were excluded from all further analyses. For the remaining 3368 cases, the probability of missing values at each SCS variable was modeled as a function of the values in *all other* SCS variables using a logistic regression model:

$$P(M_{i,q} = 1 | X_{i,q}) = \sigma(X_{i,q}\hat{\beta}),$$

where  $M_{i,q}$  is 1 if the  $i^{th}$  person has a missing value at item  $q \in \{Q1, Q2, ... Q10\}$ ,  $X_{i,q}$  denotes the item values of all other items except item q,  $\sigma$  is the logistic function  $\sigma(x) = \frac{1}{1-e^{-x}}$ , and  $\hat{\beta}$  are the estimated regression weights (Guan and Yusoff (2011)). Note that each variable's pattern of missing values could only be predicted based on the observations without missing values in any other variable, since those cases were excluded by the logistic model by default of the implementation. Since the majority of cases had either no or only one variable missing, however, this should not bias the overall picture very much.

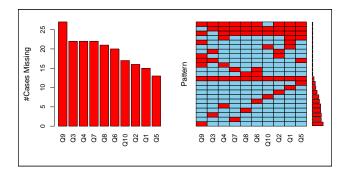


Figure 1: Pattern of missing SCS values.

### 3 Descriptive Analyses and Dichotomization

The distribution of responses for each item before dichotomization can be seen in Figure 2. All item categories show reasonable coverage of the range of responses (1-4), and there are no obvious flooring or ceiling effects, except for a slight tendency to a flooring effect with item Q6 (few cases with response 1).

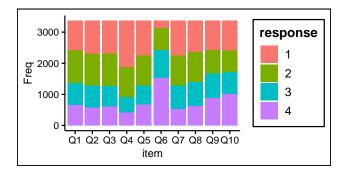


Figure 2: Distribution of non-dichotomized responses per item

For dichotomization of the item data, I considered two options, namely, thresholding each of the 10 items at its own median, to ensure an even distribution of observations into both categories for each item, or finding a common threshold for all items. Since the items have only four levels each, a median split would not necessarily lead to a very balanced dichotomization. Furthermore, the item levels are designed to have the same meaning across all items, therefore I decided to dichotomize at a common threshold of 2, i.e., the dichotomous items  $D_q \in \{D_1, D_2, ..., D_{10}\}$  were defined such that

$$D_{i,q} = \begin{cases} 0 \text{ if } Q_{i,q} \in \{1,2\}, \\ 1 \text{ if } Q_{i,q} \in \{3,4\}, \end{cases}$$

Of note, simple models in IRT such as the Rasch model (see below) assume that all item responses are either correct or incorrect (or solved / unsolved, respectively). Since a personality test such as the SCS does not have right or wrong responses, it is common to dichotomize the values, as described above, and henceforth treat one of the dichotomous response options as the 'correct' one, in this case, responses greater than 2. This is, however, purely for compliance with IRT terminology and does not imply that the 'correct' dichotomous responses are better than the 'incorrect' ones in any way.

Descriptive characteristics of the 10 SCS items are shown in Table 1, the proportions of correct responses are shown in Figure 2. Since most variables' median was 2, this was not much different from an item-wise median threshold (see Table 1).

Moreover, I calculated item discrimination, i.e., each items ability to discriminate between high- and low-scoring individuals, using the adjusted item-total correlation method (Reynolds and Livingston (2021)), i.e., by calculating biserial correlation coefficients between each (dichotomized) item's scores and the sum of all other (dichotomized) items.

Tetrachoric item intercorrelations are shown in Figure 3. It can be seen that all pairs of items show moderate to high positive correlations, indicating that all items measure similar information yet are not redundant (see below for further scrutiny of factorial structure). Item easiness (i.e., proportion of correct responses) was between 27% (item Q4) and 71.9% (item Q6), item discrimination was

Table 1: Descriptive item statistics (mean, median and range \*before\* dichotomization)

X	stat	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10
1	max	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
2	mean	2.3	2.2	2.2	1.9	2.2	3.1	2.2	2.3	2.5	2.5
3	median	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	3.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	3.0
4	min	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0

Table 2: Distribution and discrimination of dichotomized items

X	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	
item easiness (percent in category 1)	40.60	37.90	37.30	27.10	38.20	71.90	37.80	4
number of cases in category 1	1366.00	1275.00	1257.00	912.00	1285.00	2420.00	1273.00	139
discrimination	0.45	0.46	0.44	0.34	0.29	0.26	0.42	

between .26 (item Q6) and .45 (items Q1, Q2), i.e., there was no item with a trivial response pattern (e.g., all or no responses correct), and no item was a good representation of the entire scale, since all item discriminations were only moderate in size.

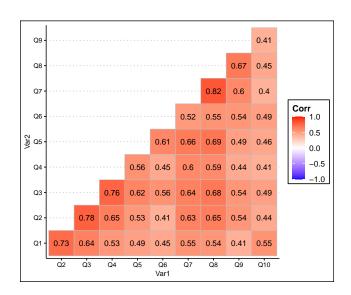


Figure 3: Tetrachoric intercorrelations between items.

### 4 IRT modeling

After analyzing the SCS data using descriptive statistics and concepts derived from CTT, in the following I will fit and discuss different IRT models to the data.

#### 4.1 Rasch model estimation

Next, I estimated a Rasch model for the SCS data, also known as either the one-parameter logistic model or one-parameter normal ogive model, depending on the parameterization.

It models a given person's chances of solving a given item as a logistic function of the difference between the  $q^{th}$  item's difficulty  $\beta_q$  and the  $i^{th}$  person's ability  $\theta_i$ , where  $\beta_q$  and  $\theta_i$  are latent (unobserved) quantities that are estimated from the dichotomous (solved vs. not solved) item data.

The probability for a given person can then be expressed by the logistic function:  $P(D_{i,q} = 1 | \beta_q, \theta_i) = \sigma(\theta_i - \beta_q)$ , where  $\sigma$  is the logistic function as specified above. That is to say, it is purely the difference between item difficulty and person ability that explains the correctness of item responses within the model.

Crucially, the model assumes that this relationship is identical for all items, i.e., the logistic function can only be shifted but not changed in slope across items with different difficulty. Item difficulty is, therefore, the only free parameter of the Rasch model, whereas alternative models (see below) also estimate additional parameters.

To obtain a comprehensive picture, I fitted Rasch models using three different software implementations in R 4.1.

The first method was the one implemented in the R package eRm (Mair and Hatzinger (2007)). The eRm::RM function estimates a Rasch model using conditional maximum likelihood estimation. To make the model identifiable, the user can choose between two model constraints, namely that the model parameters must sum to 0 or that the first item's parameter is fixed to 0. I chose the first (default) option, i.e., forcing item difficulties to sum to 0. Item discriminativity, i.e., the steepest slope of the logistic functions (at  $\beta_q = \theta_i$ ), is fixed to 1 for all items in this implementation.

The second method was the one implemented in the R package 1tm (Rizopoulos (2006)). The 1tm::rasch function estimates a Rasch model using approximate marginal maximum likelihood estimation. This package provides the user with more flexibility to impose constraints on the model than eRm, I fixed item discriminativity to 1 for all items, to maximize comparability with the eRm parameters.

The third method was a structural equation model as implemented in lavaan (Rosseel (2012)). Unlike the two previous implementations, lavaan requires a more explicitly user-defined model specification, as it does not provide any ready-made function or syntax for Rasch models.

I used a modified copy of the syntax presented in Templin (2022):

```
SCS =~ 1*Q1 + 1*Q2 + 1*Q3 + 1*Q4 + 1*Q5 + 1*Q6 + 1*Q7 + 1*Q8 + 1*Q9 + 1*Q10
Q1 | t1; Q2 | t1; Q3 | t1; Q4 | t1; Q5 | t1; Q6 | t1; Q7 | t1;
Q8 | t1; Q9 | t1;Q10 | t1;
SCS ~ 0;
```

Again, I fixed item discriminativities to 1 for all items. The item parameters Q1, ..., Q10 were subjected to a common threshold t1, and the sum of all item parameters (corresponding to the latent variable SCS) was fixed to 0, as with eRm. Moreover, its variance was fixed to unit. Of note, due to limitations of the implementation, lavaan is not able to estimate Rasch models using maximum likelihood estimation, but only using mean- and variance-adjusted weighted least squares (WLSMV) estimation, which limits model fit comparisons. TODO describe conversion to IRT params

#### 4.2 Model analysis

The item difficulty parameters of the three models are shown in Figure 4, along with the item difficulty derived from CTT (i.e., the proportion of incorrect responses per item in the data). While the parameters differed between the different models, it is important to note that the parameters from all four models (including CTT) were perfectly correlated for all pairs of models (all r > .999), which indicates that the parameters of one model are simply affine linear transformations of the parameters of any other model, i.e., while numerically different, the models incorporated identical information about the items. The corresponding item-characteristic curves (ICC) are shown in Figure 5. ICCs are generated by calculating the function graph of the item-wise logistic functions parameterized by item difficulty, across a range of possible person ability values on the x-axis.

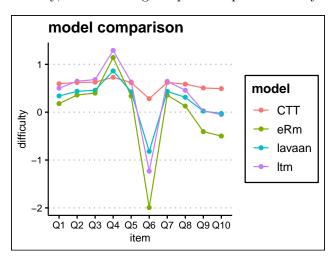


Figure 4: Item difficulties in comparison.

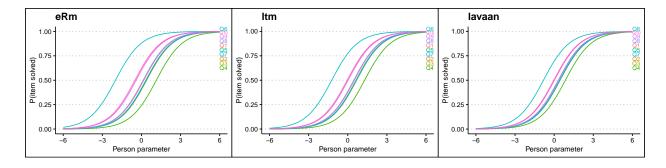


Figure 5: Item-characteristic curves for the three Rasch models.

The overall model fit indices are shown in Table 3. Of note, log-likelihood and information criteria

Table 3: Fit indices for Rasch models

X	loglik	npar	AIC	BIC	cAIC
eRm	-17891.63	9	35801.26	35856.36	35865.36
ltm	-18567.86	10	37155.72	37216.95	NA

can only be reported for those models fitted using 1tm and eRm, while the lavaan model's fit indices are not comparable, as it was not fitted using maximum likelihood estimation. For brevity, I skip the discussion of the lavaan model fit indices. Comparing the fit indices for the 1tm and eRm Rasch models, it can be seen that eRm had an overall higher log-likelihood. Since it also had one free parameter less (because of the sum constraint, see above), it was, overall, the preferred model also according to the Akaike and Bayes-Schwarz information criteria.

Finally, to get an impression of how the three models perform for each item, I calculated the mean 0-1-loss per item as:

$$\mathcal{L}_q = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n |f(\theta_i, \beta_q) - D_{i,q}|$$

that is to say, I used the item difficulty parameters  $\beta_q$  and person ability scores  $\theta_i$  estimated by the models to make predictions for each person and item:

$$f(\theta_i, \beta_q) =: \begin{cases} 1 \text{ if } \sigma(\theta_i - \beta_q) > 0.5, \\ 0 \text{ otherwise} \end{cases}$$

The mean loss is then calculated as the proportion of incorrectly predicted cases for each item. It is shown in Figure 6. It can be seen that the three models, despite differences in parameterization, performed very similarly, with the eRm and lavaan models performing almost identically, whereas the ltm model tended to incur a slightly higher loss, except for items Q6 and Q10. Interestingly, these are the most difficult items, and the fact ltm outperformed eRm especially for those items might be related to the differences between conditional vs. marginal maximum likelihood estimation, which have the strongest effect in cases where either all or no responses are correct, i.e., for particularly easy or difficult items.

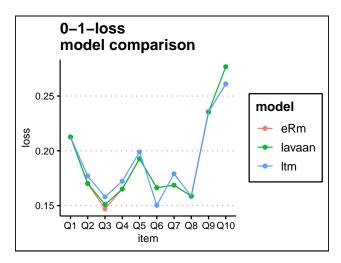


Figure 6: Mean 0-1-loss (proportion of incorrectly predicted responses) per item.

#### 4.3 Differential Item Functioning

I tested for differential item functioning (DIF) using the package difR and the procedure outlined in the companion paper (Magis et al. (2010)). DIF is a disadvantageous property of a Rasch model, meaning that item responses differ between subjects from different participant groups, even given the same estimated ability level. The presence of DIF indicates a lack of measurement invariance of the model. The results are displayed in 7. I used the difLord method to investigate DIF, but obtained essentially the same results with the difRaju method. I discarded difLRT, the third recommended IRT-related method, due to its high computational demand. I tested for DIF across genders (male vs. female) and age groups (above median age vs. smaller or equal to median age). Significant DIF (FDR-corrected p-value < .05) across the gender groups was detected for items Q5 and Q10, and across the age groups for item Q1, Q5, and Q10. However, the effect sizes were in the negligible range for all but item Q5 in the gender group comparison, where a moderate effect was detected  $(\Delta_{Lord} = -1.14)$ . Since I have only been considering Rasch (one-parameter) models so far, this analysis only tested for uniform DIF.

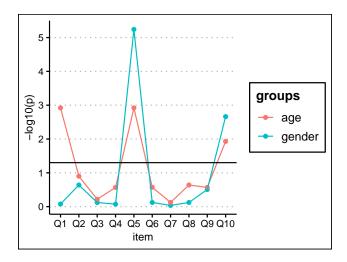


Figure 7: p-values (FDR corrected, negative log-transformed) from DIF analysis. Black line: significance threshold (p < .05)

### 5 Higher-parameterized IRT models

There are several extensions and alternatives to the Rasch model with its restrictive assumptions that differences between items can be described by just one parameter, namely item difficulty, while the Birnbaum model or 2-parameters logistic model also takes into account item discriminativity (corresponding to varying slopes of the item-characteristic curves of different items), and other possible models additionally include a guessing probability term (corresponding to various vertical offsets of the item-characteristic curves of different items) or ceiling probability term (corresponding to clipping the item-characteristic curves from above). For the given dataset, it appears reasonable to estimate a Birnbaum model, whereas 3-PL or 4-PL models seem difficult, since guessing and ceiling probabilities are not easy to operationalize for the dataset, considering that there is no ground truth to the items and we found no prominent ceiling or flooring in any item.

For fitting the 2-PL model, I used the ltm::ltm function, and the Rasch model fitted using ltm::rasch served as a baseline model for comparison. ICCs and estimated item difficulty parameters

are shown in Figure 8 and 9, respectively. It can clearly be seen that item discriminativities, and with them the slopes of the ICC curves, vary considerably between items. A side-effect of two-parameter modeling is that the ICCs now cross each other, i.e., there is no clear order of difficulty between items anymore, but whether one item is more difficult than another can now be dependent on the person ability.

Comparing the two models using a Likelihood Ratio Test, I found the 2-PL model to fit the data significantly better than the Rasch model (log-LR = 1741.55, p < .001).

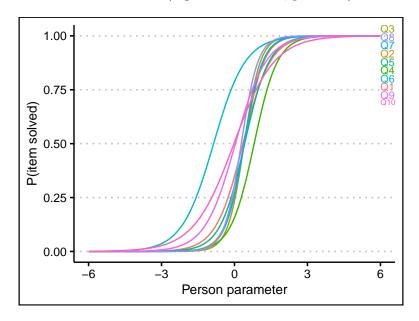


Figure 8: Item-Characteristic Curves from 2-PL model

For further model comparison, I calculated infit and outfit indices for each item and model. Infit and outfit indices are based on model residuals. While outfit (short for outlier-sensitive fit statistic) is particularly sensitive to unexpected responses in cases where item difficulty and person ability are far apart (e.g., a low-ability person unexpectedly solves several very difficult items), infit (short for information-weighted fit statistic) is particularly sensitive to unexpected responses in cases where item difficulty and person ability match (e.g., a person solves far less or far more than half of the items whose difficulty equals their ability). Both are based on the normalized residuals  $Z_{iq} = \frac{D_{iq} - \mathbb{E}(D_{iq})}{\sqrt{var(D_{iq})}}$ , where  $D_{iq}$  is the actual response of person i to item q,  $\mathbb{E}(D_{iq}) = P(D_{iq} = 1 | \beta_q, \theta_i)$  is the conditional expectation for this person's response to the item, given the model parameters, calculated using the logistic function as shown above.  $var(D_{iq})$  can be calculated as  $P(D_{iq} = 1 | \beta_q, \theta_i)(1 - P(D_{iq} = 1 | \beta_q, \theta_i))$ . The infit index for item q is then defined as:  $Infit_q = \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{var(D_{iq})}{\sum_{i=1}^n var(D_{iq})} Z_{iq}^2$ , the outfit index is defined as:  $Outfit_q = \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{Z_{iq}^2}{n}$ . For both indices, values close to 1 indicate good fit, whereas higher values indicate under- and lower values overfitting.

The infit and outfit values for both models are, for the most part, in the acceptable (>0.7 and <1.3) range (see Figure 10). For infit, the 2-PL model consistently outperforms the Rasch model, whereas the outfit values tend to be lower overall, and both models are much closer to each other.

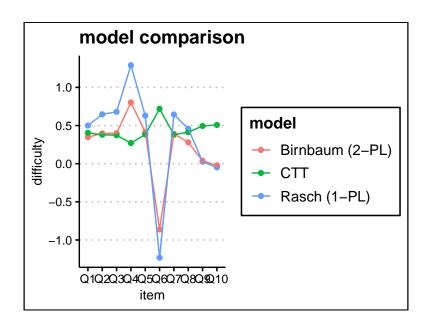


Figure 9: Estimated item difficulties and discriminativities based on CTT, Rasch model and 2-PL model. For both IRT models, error bars indicate standard errors.

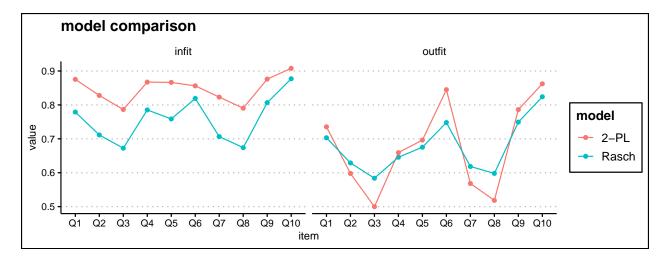


Figure 10: Infit and outfit indices for each item in the Rasch and 2-PL models

### 6 Polytomous IRT model

Following the procedure outlined in Smyth (2022), I calculated a polytomous IRT model as a more data-rich alternative to the Rasch model, that is to say, using the original data with four-level responses instead of the dichotomized data.

#### 7 Factor models

Following the IRT analysis of the dichotomized data, I went back to the original, non-dichotomized data, to investigate its factorial structure. It has been suggested that the SCS can best be described by two latent factors, one comprising items Q1, Q2, Q3, Q4, and Q10, being related to consequences of sexual behavior and compulsivity to one's lifestyle, and a second one comprising items Q5, Q6, Q7, Q8, and Q9, being related to the compulsivity of one's sexual thoughts without necessarily affecting actual behavior. Using lavaan::cfa, I fitted several confirmatory factor analysis (CFA) models to the data to find the latent structure that describes the data best. I specified four candidate latent structures:

The first candidate structure was a unidimensional model, i.e., the data can be explained by a single underlying latent factor.

The second candidate structure was a two-factor correlated-traits model, i.e., two latent factors were specified with item loadings as described above, and correlations between the two latent factors were allowed.

The third candidate structure was a bifactor model, i.e., two latent factors were specified with item loadings as described above, with an additional general factor on which all items load. The general factor was constrained to be orthogonal to the subfactors.

The final candidate structure was a hierarchical factor model, which specifies the two item-specific factors, and additionally has them load on a shared second-order factor.

Models were fitted with standardized latent variables, i.e., the variance of all latent factors was fixed to unit. The models were specified in lavaan syntax as follows:

```
Unidimensional model:
    xi1 =~ Q1+Q2+Q3+Q4+Q5+Q6+Q7+Q8+Q9+Q10

Correlated-traits model:
    xi1 =~ Q1+Q2+Q3+Q4+Q10
    xi2 =~ Q5+Q6+Q7+Q8+Q9

Bifactor model:
    G =~ Q1+Q2+Q3+Q4+Q5+Q6+Q7+Q8+Q9+Q10
    xi1 =~ Q1+Q2+Q3+Q4+Q10
    xi2 =~ Q5+Q6+Q7+Q8+Q9
    G ~~ O*xi1
    G ~~ O*xi2

Hierarchical model:
    xi1 =~ Q1+Q2+Q3+Q4+Q10
    xi2 =~ Q5+Q6+Q7+Q8+Q9
```

Table 4: Model comparison between CFA models

X	model	Df	AIC	BIC
1	hierarchical	33	85576.75	85711.44
2	bifactor	24	85167.74	85357.52
3	correlated traits	34	85574.75	85703.32
4	unidimensional	35	86552.60	86675.04

#### G = xi1+xi2

The comparison of fits between the four factor models is shown in 4. Models were compared with respect to the Akaike (AIC) and Bayes-Schwarz (BIC) information criteria. Among the four candidate models, the bifactor model was clearly the preferred one among the four candidate models according to AIC as well as BIC.

The 'winning' bifactor model is illustrated in Figure 11. Obviously, the fact that the bifactor model is the preferred option among the four candidate models does not mean that it is necessarily a good description of the data in an absolute sense. To understand the absolute goodness-of-fit (not just compared to other models), there is a range of fit indices that we can consider. In particular, the root mean squared error of approximation (RMSEA), standardized root mean squared residual (SRMR), comparative fit index (CFI), and Tucker-Lewis index (TLI) are informative. For the bifactor model, RMSEA was at 0.073 (RMSEA < 0.08 indicating acceptable, RMSEA < 0.05 indicating good fit by convention), SRMR was at 0.028 (SRMR < 0.05 indicating good fit by convention), CFI was at 0.973 (CFI > 0.95 indicating good fit by convention), and TLI was at 0.95 (TLI > 0.95 indicating acceptable, TLI > 0.97 indicating good fit by convention). Overall, the bifactor model was, therefore, an acceptable to good fit for the SCS data.

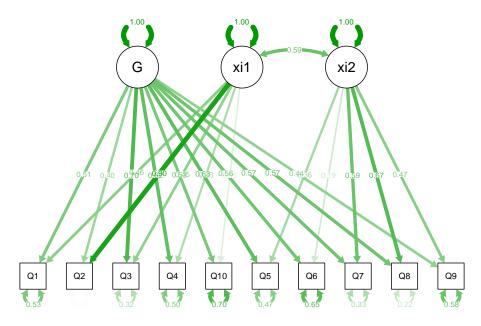


Figure 11: Factor structure and loadings of bifactor model

An open question with respect to the factorial structure is to which subscale item Q10 should belong.

While it has been assigned to the first subfactor, its loading on the factor is low (0.18, around half as high as the second-lowest loading item, Q4). To investigate the issue, I fitted two alternative bifactor models, one (Alternative 1) where item Q10 belonged to the second subfactor, together with items Q5 - Q9, and one (Alternative 2) where item Q10 constituted its own, third subfactor. Additionally, I used the psych::omega function to fit a bifactor model with automatized identification of the factor structure. This procedure also returned a three-factor structure, where the first four items loaded on one subfactor, items Q5 - Q9 loaded on another subfactor, and items Q1, Q6, and Q10 loaded on a third subfactor (see Figure 12). I refitted this model in lavaan to facilitate comparisons.

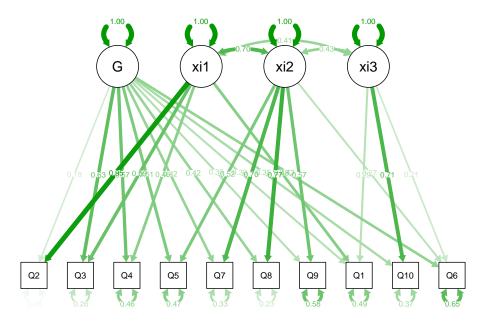


Figure 12: Factor structure and loadings of automatically identified bifactor model

Considering all fit indices reported above (see Table 5), the original factor structure was clearly preferred over the Alternative 1 bifactor model, but the Alternative 2 bifactor model was a close competitor to the original bifactor model, that is to say, item Q10 arguably constitutes a third subfactor on its own. The automatically identified factor structure, however, was clearly preferred over the original model by all fit indices.

Looking at the content of the items (see Introduction), we can see that item Q10 is the only item that explicitly involves sex partners and difficulties to find sex partners, while item Q1 mentions relationships, item Q6 mentions the work environment, but all other items do not explicitly refer to relationships with other persons. It could, therefore, be, that responses to those items are not only influenced by sexual compulsivity, but also by a range of social and communicative abilities that might influence whether someone has difficulties finding sex partners and getting along with relationship partners and coworkers or not. Therefore, it appears plausible that those three items apparently form a third subfactor.

## 8 Reliability and Unidimensionality

As outlined above, the SCS is better described by a bifactor model with two or three subfactors than by a fully unidimensional model. It can, therefore, be concluded, that the scale is not unidimensional.

Table 5: Model comparison between different bifactor models

X	npar	aic	bic	cfi	tli	srmr	rmsea
Bifactor (original)	31	85167.74	85357.52	0.9733127	0.9499613	0.0278664	0.0732799
Bifactor (Alternative 1)	31	85184.35	85374.13	0.9722914	0.9480464	0.0309848	0.0746688
Bifactor (Alternative 2)	33	85168.28	85370.30	0.9734025	0.9455960	0.0285013	0.0764095
Bifactor (Automatized)	35	84924.43	85138.70	0.9885177	0.9741647	0.0188950	0.0526548

Table 6: Composite reliability scores for the bifactor models with two and three subfactors

score	G	\$\xi_1\$	\$\xi_2\$	\$\xi_3\$	model
\$\alpha\$	0.90	0.83	0.84	NA	two-factor
\$\omega\$	0.87	0.71	0.71	NA	two-factor
$\omega_2$	0.58	0.36	0.36	NA	two-factor
$\simeq 3$	0.58	0.36	0.36	NA	two-factor
\$\alpha\$	0.90	0.84	0.84	0.66	three-factor
\$\omega\$	0.81	0.83	0.78	0.52	three-factor
$\simeq 2$	0.32	0.57	0.54	0.29	three-factor
$\simeq $\omega_3$	0.32	0.57	0.54	0.29	three-factor

To determine the composite reliability of the scales with respect to its subscales determined by confirmatory factor analysis, I calculated composite reliability using semTools::reliability. Composite reliability is a measure of internal consistency and is related to the question of whether item sum scores are a good representation of the underlying, latent quantity.

The function gives back Cronbach's  $\alpha$  as well as the  $\omega_1$ ,  $\omega_2$ , and  $\omega_3$  coefficients both for the original bifactor model with two subfactors (see Figure 11) and for the better-fitting, but more complex bifactor structure with three subfactors (see Figure 12). The results are shown in Table 6.

It can be seen that the estimated reliability differs substantially between scores, and between models. Unsurprisingly, the third subfactor  $\xi_3$  from the three-factor model has relatively low reliability, which might be related to the fact that it is based on fewer items. The remaining factors G,  $\xi_1$  and  $\xi_2$  have acceptable to good composite reliability in both models according to Cronbach's  $\alpha$  and  $\omega$ , ranging from 0.71 to 0.90. Differences between scores are related to the way those coefficients are calculated. All three variants of  $\omega$  are calculated as a fraction, with the squared sum of loadings of a given factor, multiplied with the factor variance (which is 1 in our models) in the numerator. What differs is the denominator. Different variants of  $\omega$  are calculated with denominators based on either the residual variance, empirical covariance, or model-implied covariance. The fact that  $\omega_3$  is consistently smaller than  $\alpha$  could point to relatively equal general factor loadings.

### 9 Measurement Invariance

As a last step in data analysis, I investigated measurement invariance of the SCS data. Measurement invariance means that the factorial structure is independent of other variables that are not part of the structure. In particular, I tested whether or not the three-subfactor bifactorial structure was identical across genders and age groups, similar to the analysis of DIF (see above). Following the procedure outlined in Xu (2012) and Van de Schoot, Lugtig, and Hox (2012), I compared four models

Table 7: Model comparison for measurement invariance across genders

X	DF	AIC	BIC	Chisq	Chisq_diff	DF_diff	p
configural MI	48	85154.28	85656.29	522.8565	NA	NA	NA
weak MI	65	85142.56	85540.49	545.1302	22.273646	17	0.1744230
strong MI	72	85188.67	85543.76	605.2472	60.116972	7	0.0000000
strict MI	82	85174.69	85468.55	611.2630	6.015823	10	0.8139321

Table 8: Model comparison for measurement invariance across age groups

X	DF	AIC	BIC	Chisq	Chisq_diff	DF_diff	p
configural MI	34	84853.92	85441.64	238.6647	NA	NA	NA
weak MI	52	84971.18	85448.70	391.9201	153.25539	18	0e+00
strong MI	58	85028.49	85469.28	461.2282	69.30814	6	0e+00
strict MI	62	85057.70	85474.00	498.4420	37.21382	4	2e-07

with increasingly strict measurement invariance assumptions. The first model assumes configural invariance, i.e., model parameters can vary freely in each group, and no assumption about invariance between the groups is made. The second model assumes weak invariance or metric invariance, i.e., equal factor loadings across groups. The third model assumes strong invariance or scalar invariance, where factor loadings and item intercepts are assumed to be equal across groups. The final model assumes strict invariance, where, additionally, item residual variances are assumed to be equal across groups. Of note, I had to use the two-subfactor bifactorial structure to test for gender measurement invariance, and the three-subfactor bifactorial structure to test for age group measurement invariance, since otherwise, there would have been always one or several models that did not converge.

For gender, the overall preferred model was the one with weak invariance (see Table 7), while and Table 8).

Looking at modification indices of the weak invariance models for age and gender, I found that the suggested modifications for the gender model included allowing factor loadings for items Q1 and Q5 on the latent factors  $\xi_1$  and  $\xi_2$ , respectively, to differ between groups, while for the age model, freeing factor loadings for item Q1, Q5, and Q10 between groups was suggested. This is roughly in agreement with what I found with respect to DIF (see above).

## 10 Theoretical Part: Key differences between IRT and CTT

#### 10.1 Introduction

Unlike some physical quantities, many of the variables of interest in psychology, economics, and other human-centric fields, are latent, i.e., not directly observable. Researchers often try to reconstruct such latent variables by combining several observable variables. In particular, for psychological concepts such as personality traits, a person's score will often be estimated as a combination of item responses in a psychological test. Even though forerunners of psychological tests have been around for centuries, a comprehensive theory of psychological testing only emerged roughly half a century ago. Commonly, Melvin Novick is considered the first author to present a comprehensive account of Classical Test Theory (CTT) (Novick (1965)). Around the same time, a probabilistic view of psychological testing began to emerge, which are now referred to as Item Response Theory

(IRT) (Rasch (1960)). It is interesting to note that Classical Test Theory does, therefore, not refer to the theory itself being older, but that it rather describes the 'classical' way authors thought about psychological testing from the early  $20^{th}$  century onward, whereas probabilistic approaches became popular only later, when increasing computational capacity made them practical. In the following, I will describe some of the core ideas underlying CTT and ITT, their respective strengths and limitations, and practical applications.

#### 10.2 Core Ideas and Terminology

A test in the sense the CTT as well as IRT use the term is designed to measure a defined trait or state of a unit (often a person). The trait/state itself is assumed to be unobservable and is captured by combining several items that are thought to be reflective of the trait/state. Items in the test-theoretic sense have defined response categories, which can be either dichotomous (e.g., yes/no or solved/unsolved), or ordered (e.g. I... do not agree / agree a little / fully agree), or multinomial (e.g. my favorite color is... red/blue/green). Multinomial items where the responses can not be ordered, nor dichotomized (e.g., into correct and wrong) are more involved from a theoretical point of view and will not be further discussed here. In the end, all items of a test are usually combined by a linear function, i.e., a weighted sum, to form the test score.

#### 10.2.1 CTT

The traditional view of psychological tests (Classical Test Theory, CTT) conceived a given person's total score across all items of a test as an additive combination of the person's true score and a testing error:  $X_i = \tau_i + \epsilon_i$  (Van der Linden and Hambleton (1997)). (Crocker and Algina (2008)) Reliability, Consistency, Discrimination, Difficulty

- 10.2.2 IRT
- 10.3 Strenghts
- 10.4 Limitations
- 10.5 Conclusion and Application

### 11 Analysis code

In the following, the complete analysis code and its output are shown.

```
library(ggplot2)
library(ggthemes)
library(reshape2)
library(readxl)
library(VIM)
## Loading required package: colorspace
## Loading required package: grid
## VIM is ready to use.
## Suggestions and bug-reports can be submitted at: https://github.com/statistikat/VIM/issues
##
## Attaching package: 'VIM'
## The following object is masked from 'package:datasets':
##
##
       sleep
library(mice)
##
## Attaching package: 'mice'
## The following object is masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       filter
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##
       cbind, rbind
library(dplyr)
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       filter, lag
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
       intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
##
library(tidyr)
## Attaching package: 'tidyr'
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:reshape2':
##
##
       smiths
library(psych)
##
## Attaching package: 'psych'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:ggplot2':
##
##
       %+%, alpha
library(ggcorrplot)
library(eRm)
##
## Attaching package: 'eRm'
## The following object is masked from 'package:psych':
##
##
       sim.rasch
library(ltm)
## Loading required package: MASS
##
## Attaching package: 'MASS'
## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
       select
##
## Loading required package: msm
## Loading required package: polycor
##
## Attaching package: 'polycor'
## The following object is masked from 'package:psych':
##
##
       polyserial
##
## Attaching package: 'ltm'
## The following object is masked from 'package:psych':
##
       factor.scores
##
library(patchwork)
##
## Attaching package: 'patchwork'
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:MASS':
##
##
      area
library(difR)
library(semPlot)
library(lavaan)
## This is lavaan 0.6-11
## lavaan is FREE software! Please report any bugs.
## Attaching package: 'lavaan'
## The following object is masked from 'package:psych':
##
##
      cor2cov
library(semTools)
##
## This is semTools 0.5-6
## All users of R (or SEM) are invited to submit functions or ideas for functions.
##
## Attaching package: 'semTools'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:psych':
##
##
      reliability, skew
#####
#part 1: data preparation, descriptive analyses
#####
df = read_xlsx("SCS_data.xlsx")
SCS_{vars} = names(df)[1:10]
#set missing values
print(table(df$gender))
df$gender[df$gender == 3] = NA
df[df==0] = NA
print(unique(df$age))
dfage[dfage >= 100] = NA
mean(df$age,na.rm=T)
median(df$age,na.rm=T)
min(df$age,na.rm=T)
max(df$age,na.rm=T)
```

```
sprintf("%i cases are incomplete", sum(!complete.cases(df)))
sprintf("%i cases have incomplete SCS data", sum(!complete.cases(df[,SCS_vars])))
#missing data motifs
# and missing proportion per item
pdf("missingplot.pdf", width = 8, height = 4)
aggr(df[!complete.cases(df[,SCS_vars]),SCS_vars],
     numbers=TRUE, sortVars=TRUE,prop=FALSE,
     labels=SCS vars,
     ylab=c("#Cases Missing","Pattern"))
box(which = "figure",lwd=2)
dev.off()
nmissing = rowSums(is.na(df[,SCS_vars]))
table(nmissing[nmissing!=0])
prop.table(table(nmissing[nmissing!=0]))
#missing-at-random analysis
#(check whether missing data points in each variable
#can be jointly predicted by all the other variables)
pvals = data.frame(matrix(ncol = length(SCS_vars), nrow=0))
colnames(pvals) = SCS_vars
for (var in SCS_vars){
  formula = sprintf("I(is.na(%s)) ~ .", var)
  formula0 = sprintf("I(is.na(%s)) ~ 1", var)
  m = summary(glm(formula, data=df[,1:10]))$coefficients
  pvals[var, rownames(m)[2:10]] = m[2:10, "Pr(>|t|)"]
}
min(p.adjust(unlist(pvals), method="fdr"),na.rm=T)
#-> missing at random can be assumed
#remove cases where more than two SCS variables are missing
#15 cases removed
df_clean = df[rowSums(is.na(df[,SCS_vars])) <= 2,]</pre>
#use multiple imputation for remaining data
df_clean = complete(mice(df_clean))
#descriptives
df_clean[,1:10] %>% summarise_all(list(mean=mean, median = median,
                                        min = min, max = max)) %>%
  round(1) %>%
  gather(variable, value) %>%
```

```
separate(variable, c("var", "stat"), sep = "\\_") %>%
  spread(var, value) -> descriptives
#fix order of columns in descriptives table
descriptives = descriptives[,c("stat",SCS_vars)]
write.csv(descriptives, "descriptives.csv")
#re-calculate sum score
df_clean$score = rowSums(df_clean[,1:10])
#distribution plot before dichotomization
tmp = melt(
          cbind(data.frame(id=1:nrow(df clean)),df clean[,SCS vars]),
          id.vars="id")
tmp2 = data.frame(table(tmp$variable,tmp$value))
colnames(tmp2) = c("item", "response", "Freq")
ggplot(tmp2,aes(x=item, y=Freq, fill=response))+geom_col()+theme_clean()
ggsave("distroplot.pdf", width = 4, height = 2)
#dichotomization
dich = df_clean
dich[,1:10] = data.frame(lapply(df_clean[,1:10],
                                function (x) as.numeric(x > 2))
dich$score = rowSums(dich[,1:10])
}
##
##
      0
           1
                2
                     3
##
     13 2295 1053
                    15
         41 50
                23
                     42
##
    [1]
                         36
                             29
                                  24
                                      35
                                          26
                                              43
                                                  21
                                                      39
                                                          37
                                                              64
                                                                   28
                                                                       46
                                                                           34
                                                                               31
                                                                                   47
## [20]
         22
             61
                 16
                     40
                         33
                             30
                                  56
                                     49
                                          51
                                              18
                                                  20
                                                      45
                                                          32
                                                              15
                                                                   27
                                                                       25
                                                                           59
                                                                               58
                                                                                   19
## [39]
         14
                     44
                         55 100
                                  65
                                          77
                                              57
                                                  60
                                                      52 53
                                                              62
                                                                 71
             38
                48
                                     17
                                                                       78
                                                                           54
                                                                              63
                                                                                   67
## [58]
         68
            72 999
                     85
                         69
                            70
                                  66
                                     84 123
                                              73
## Warning in plot.aggr(res, ...): not enough vertical space to display frequencies
## (too many combinations)
##
##
   Variables sorted by number of missings:
   Variable Count
##
          Q9
##
                27
                22
##
          QЗ
                22
##
          Q4
          Q7
                22
##
##
          08
                21
                20
##
          Q6
##
         Q10
                17
##
          Q2
                16
##
          Q1
                15
```

```
##
           Q5
                 13
##
##
    iter imp variable
##
     1
          1
             Q1
                 Q2
                      QЗ
                          Q4
                               Q5
                                   Q6
                                        Q7
                                            Q8
                                                Q9
                                                     Q10
                                                           gender
                                                                   age
          2
##
     1
             Q1
                 Q2
                      QЗ
                          Q4
                               Q5
                                   Q6
                                        Q7
                                            Q8
                                                Q9
                                                     Q10
                                                           gender
                                                                   age
##
     1
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                 Q2
                      QЗ
                          Q4
                               Q5
                                   Q6
                                        Q7
                                            Q8
         3
                                                Q9
                                                     Q10
                                                           gender
                                                                   age
         4
                 Q2
                      QЗ
##
     1
             Q1
                          Q4
                               Q5
                                   Q6
                                        Q7
                                            Q8
                                                Q9
                                                     Q10
                                                           gender
                                                                    age
     1
         5
             Q1
                 Q2
                      Q3
                               Q5
                                        Q7
                                            Q8
##
                          Q4
                                   Q6
                                                Q9
                                                     Q10
                                                           gender
                                                                   age
     2
                 Q2
##
          1
             Q1
                      QЗ
                          Q4
                               Q5
                                   Q6
                                        Q7
                                            Q8
                                                Q9
                                                     Q10
                                                           gender
                                                                   age
     2
         2
                 Q2
                      Q3
                               Q5
                                        Q7
                                            Q8
##
             Q1
                          Q4
                                   Q6
                                                Q9
                                                     Q10
                                                           gender
                                                                   age
##
     2
         3
             01
                 Q2
                      QЗ
                          Q4
                               Q5
                                   Q6
                                        Q7
                                            Q8
                                                Q9
                                                     Q10
                                                           gender
                                                                   age
     2
                 Q2
                      QЗ
##
         4
             01
                          Q4
                               Q5
                                   Q6
                                        Q7
                                            Q8
                                                Q9
                                                     Q10
                                                           gender
                                                                   age
##
     2
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             Q1
                 Q2
                      QЗ
                          Q4
                               Q5
                                   Q6
                                        Q7
                                            Q8
                                                Q9
                                                     Q10
                                                           gender
                                                                   age
##
     3
         1
             01
                 Q2
                      QЗ
                          Q4
                               Q5
                                   Q6
                                       Q7
                                            Q8
                                                Q9
                                                     Q10
                                                           gender
                                                                   age
         2
##
     3
             Q1
                 Q2
                      Q3
                          Q4
                               Q5
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                                                Q9
                                                     Q10
                                                           gender
                                                                   age
     3
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##
         3
             Q1
                      QЗ
                          Q4
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                                   Q6
                                        Q7
                                            Q8
                                                Q9
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                                                           gender
                                                                   age
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             Q1
                 Q2
                      Q3
                          Q4
                               Q5
                                   Q6
                                        Q7
                                            Q8
                                                Q9
                                                     Q10
                                                           gender
                                                                   age
     3
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##
             Q1
                 Q2
                      QЗ
                          Q4
                               Q5
                                   Q6
                                        Q7
                                            Q8
                                                Q9
                                                     Q10
                                                           gender
                                                                   age
##
     4
             Q1
                 Q2
                      Q3
                               Q5
                                        Q7
                                            Q8
                                                     Q10
          1
                          Q4
                                   Q6
                                                Q9
                                                           gender
                                                                   age
     4
##
         2
             Q1
                 Q2
                      Q3
                          Q4
                               Q5
                                   Q6
                                        Q7
                                            Q8
                                                Q9
                                                     Q10
                                                           gender
                                                                   age
##
     4
         3
             Q1
                 Q2
                      QЗ
                          Q4
                               Q5
                                   Q6
                                        Q7
                                            Q8
                                                Q9
                                                     Q10
                                                           gender
                                                                   age
     4
         4
             Q1
                 Q2
                      QЗ
                                        Q7
##
                          Q4
                               Q5
                                   Q6
                                            Q8
                                                Q9
                                                     Q10
                                                           gender
                                                                   age
     4
         5
             Q1
                 Q2
                      Q3
                               Q5
                                        Q7
                                            Q8
##
                          Q4
                                   Q6
                                                Q9
                                                     Q10
                                                           gender
                                                                   age
##
     5
         1
             Q1
                 Q2
                      Q3
                          Q4
                               Q5
                                   Q6
                                        Q7
                                            Q8
                                                Q9
                                                     Q10
                                                           gender
                                                                   age
     5
         2
                 Q2
                      Q3
                          Q4
                               Q5
                                        Q7
                                            Q8
##
             Q1
                                   Q6
                                                Q9
                                                     Q10
                                                           gender
                                                                   age
##
     5
          3
             Q1
                 Q2
                      Q3
                          Q4
                               Q5
                                   Q6
                                        Q7
                                            Q8
                                                Q9
                                                     Q10
                                                           gender
                                                                   age
##
     5
          4
             01
                 Q2
                      QЗ
                          Q4
                               Q5
                                   Q6
                                        Q7
                                            Q8
                                                Q9
                                                     Q10
                                                           gender
                                                                   age
##
     5
         5
             Q1
                 Q2
                      QЗ
                          Q4
                               Q5
                                   Q6
                                       Q7
                                            Q8
                                                Q9
                                                     Q10
                                                           gender
                                                                   age
#####
#part 2: CTT-style item analysis
#####
{
  #tetrachoric correlations
  tetra_cor = tetrachoric(dich[,SCS_vars])
  ggcorrplot(tetra_cor$rho, type = "lower", lab = TRUE)+theme_clean()
  ggsave("tetrachoric_cor_mat.pdf", width = 6, height = 6)
  #dichotomous item statistics (percent and N correct, discriminativity)
  dich.distro = rbind(as.character(round(100*unlist(lapply(dich[,SCS_vars],
                                                                 mean)),1)),
                        as.character(as.integer(unlist(lapply(dich[,SCS_vars],
                                                                  sum)))))
  rownames(dich.distro) = c("item easiness\n(percent in category 1)",
                               "number of cases in category 1")
  discrimination = c()
  for (item in 1:10){
```

```
itemname = SCS_vars[item]
   discrimination[itemname] = as.character(round(biserial(
     rowSums(dich[,-item]),dich[,item]),2))
 }
 dich.stats = rbind(dich.distro, discrimination)
 write.csv(dich.stats, "dich_stats.csv")
#####
#part 3: estimate and analyze Rasch model
#####
#model fitting
 #approach 1: eRm
 #prepare data for eRm estimation
 #(just item data in wide format)
 rasch_model_eRm = RM(dich[,SCS_vars])
 #approach 2: ltm
 #constraint fixes item discriminativity to 1
 rasch_model_ltm = rasch(dich[,SCS_vars],
                          constraint = cbind(length(SCS_vars) + 1, 1))
 smr_ltm = summary(rasch_model_ltm)
 #TODO check syntax
 #aproach 3: lavaan
 #modified copy from https://jonathantemplin.com/wp-content/uploads/2022/02/
                      #EPSY906_Example05_Binary_IFA-IRT_Models.nb.html
 lavaansyntax = "
   # loadings/discrimination parameters:
   SCS = 1*Q1 + 1*Q2 + 1*Q3 + 1*Q4 + 1*Q5 + 1*Q6 + 1*Q7 + 1*Q8 + 1*Q9 + 1*Q10
   # threshholds use the | operator and start at value 1 after t:
   Q1 | t1; Q2 | t1; Q3 | t1; Q4 | t1; Q5 | t1; Q6 | t1; Q7 | t1;
   Q8 | t1; Q9 | t1;Q10 | t1;
   # factor mean:
   SCS ~ 0;
     # factor variance:
   SCS ~~ 1*SCS
```

```
rasch model lavaan = sem(model = lavaansyntax, data = dich[,SCS vars],
                         ordered = SCS vars, mimic = "Mplus",
                         estimator = "WLSMV", std.lv = TRUE,
                         parameterization = "theta")
smr_lavaan = summary(rasch_model_lavaan, fit.measures = TRUE)
convertTheta2IRT = function(lav0bject){
  #modified copy from
  #https://jonathantemplin.com/wp-content/uploads/2022/02/
      #EPSY906_Example05_Binary_IFA-IRT_Models.nb.html
  if (!lavObject@Options$parameterization == "theta") {
   stop("your model is not estimated with parameterization='theta'")
   }
 output = inspect(object = lavObject, what = "est")
  if (ncol(output$lambda)>1) { stop("IRT conversion is only valid
           for one dimensional factor models.
           Your model has more than one dimension.")
   }
 a = output$lambda
 b = output$tau/output$lambda
 return(list(a = a, b=b))
}
#make ICC plot function
ICC_plot = function(difficulty, discriminativity = 1){
  if (length(discriminativity)==1){
      discriminativity = rep(discriminativity, length(difficulty))
 df = data.frame(x=seq(-6,6,.01))
 for (i in 1:length(difficulty)){
   df[[SCS_vars[i]]] = logistic(x=df$x, d=difficulty[i],
                                 a=discriminativity[i])
 }
 df = melt(df, id.vars = "x")
 colnames(df)[2] = "item"
 plt=ggplot(df, aes(x = x, y = value, color = item, label = item)) +
   geom_line() + theme_clean() + xlab("Person parameter") +
   ylab("P(item solved)")
 return(directlabels::direct.label(plt, "last.qp"))
}
#make ICC plots
```

```
difficulties_eRm = -rasch_model_eRm$betapar
iccplot_eRm=ICC_plot(difficulties_eRm)+ggtitle("eRm")
#lme4 difficulties are shifted by .42 from eRm difficulties, why?
difficulties_ltm = smr_ltm$coefficients[1:10,"value"]
iccplot_ltm = ICC_plot(difficulties_ltm)+ggtitle("ltm")
difficulties lavaan = convertTheta2IRT(lav0bject = rasch model lavaan)$b
iccplot_lavaan=ICC_plot(difficulties_lavaan)+ggtitle("lavaan")
difficulties = rbind( data.frame(model="eRm",
                          item=factor(SCS_vars),
                          difficulty=as.numeric(difficulties_eRm)),
              data.frame(model="ltm",
                         item=factor(SCS_vars),
                         difficulty=as.numeric(difficulties_ltm)),
              data.frame(model="lavaan",
                         item=factor(SCS vars),
                         difficulty=as.numeric(difficulties_lavaan)),
              data.frame(model="CTT",
                         item=factor(SCS vars),
                         difficulty=1-as.numeric(dich.distro[1,])/100))
difficulties_plot = ggplot(difficulties,aes(x=item,y=difficulty,
                                            color=model,group=model)) +
 geom_point() + geom_line() + theme_clean() + ggtitle("model comparison")+
  scale_x_discrete(breaks=SCS_vars,limits=SCS vars)
difficulties_plot
ggsave("diffcfig.pdf", width = 4, height = 3)
#arrange plots vertically and save
iccplot_eRm|iccplot_ltm|iccplot_lavaan
ggsave("iccfig.pdf", width = 12, height = 3)
#compare fits
  #select second line of output (corresponding to marginal MLE)
eRm_fit = IC(person.parameter(rasch_model_eRm))[[1]][2,]
```

```
ltm_fit = c()
ltm_fit['value'] = smr_ltm$logLik
ltm_fit['npar'] = 10
ltm_fit['AIC'] = smr_ltm$AIC
ltm_fit['BIC'] = smr_ltm$BIC
ltm_fit['cAIC'] = NA
rasch_model_fits = rbind(eRm_fit,ltm_fit)
rownames(rasch_model_fits) = c("eRm","ltm")
colnames(rasch model fits)[1] = "loglik"
write.csv(rasch_model_fits, "rasch_model_fits.csv")
#calculate loss per item
predict_responses = function(item_dffc,person_params,item_discr=1){
  item_dffc = as.numeric(item_dffc)
 if (length(item_discr)==1) item_discr = rep(item_discr,length(item_dffc))
 person_params = as.numeric(person_params)
 preds = matrix(nrow=length(person_params),ncol=length(item_dffc))
 for (p in 1:length(person_params)){
   for(i in 1:length(item_dffc)){
     preds[p,i] = logistic(x=person_params[p],d = item_dffc[i], a = item_discr[i])
 }}
 return(preds)
}
#extract latent person abilities
person_params_eRm = person.parameter(rasch_model_eRm)$theta.table[,"Person Parameter"]
person_params_ltm=factor.scores(rasch_model_ltm,dich[,SCS_vars])[[1]][,"z1"]
person_params_lavaan = as.numeric(predict(rasch_model_lavaan))
#make predictions for individual persons and items
preds_ltm = predict_responses(difficulties_ltm,person_params_ltm)>.5
preds_eRm = predict_responses(difficulties_eRm,person_params_eRm)>.5
preds_lavaan = predict_responses(difficulties_lavaan,person_params_lavaan)>.5
#calculate and plot mean O-1-loss per item
itemloss eRm = colMeans(dich[,SCS vars]!=preds eRm)
itemloss_ltm = colMeans(dich[,SCS_vars]!=preds_ltm)
itemloss_lavaan = colMeans(dich[,SCS_vars]!=preds_lavaan)
itemloss = rbind(data.frame(model="eRm",item=SCS_vars,loss=itemloss_eRm),
                 data.frame(model="ltm",item=SCS_vars,loss=itemloss_ltm),
                 data.frame(model="lavaan",item=SCS_vars,loss=itemloss_lavaan))
```

```
ggplot(itemloss, aes(x=item, y=loss,
                           color=model,group=model)) +
    geom_point() + geom_line() + theme_clean() + ggtitle("0-1-loss\nmodel comparison")+
    scale_x_discrete(breaks=SCS_vars,limits=SCS_vars)
  ggsave("itemlossfig.pdf", width = 4, height = 3)
 }
## lavaan 0.6-11 ended normally after 7 iterations
##
     Estimator
                                                       DWLS
##
     Optimization method
                                                     NLMINB
##
     Number of model parameters
                                                         10
##
##
     Number of observations
                                                       3368
##
## Model Test User Model:
##
                                                   Standard
                                                                 Robust
                                                   2427.602
##
     Test Statistic
                                                               1525.137
     Degrees of freedom
##
                                                         45
                                                                     45
     P-value (Chi-square)
                                                      0.000
                                                                  0.000
##
##
     Scaling correction factor
                                                                  1.610
     Shift parameter
                                                                 17.053
##
##
          simple second-order correction (WLSMV)
##
## Model Test Baseline Model:
##
     Test statistic
                                                  39123.644
                                                              24321.590
##
##
     Degrees of freedom
                                                         45
                                                                      45
                                                      0.000
                                                                  0.000
##
     P-value
##
     Scaling correction factor
                                                                   1.610
##
## User Model versus Baseline Model:
##
     Comparative Fit Index (CFI)
                                                      0.939
                                                                  0.939
##
##
     Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI)
                                                      0.939
                                                                  0.939
##
##
     Robust Comparative Fit Index (CFI)
                                                                     NA
     Robust Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI)
##
                                                                     NA
## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation:
##
##
     RMSEA
                                                      0.125
                                                                  0.099
     90 Percent confidence interval - lower
##
                                                      0.121
                                                                  0.095
     90 Percent confidence interval - upper
##
                                                      0.130
                                                                  0.103
```

0.000

0.000

P-value RMSEA <= 0.05

##

```
##
     Robust RMSEA
##
                                                                        NA
     90 Percent confidence interval - lower
                                                                        NA
##
     90 Percent confidence interval - upper
##
                                                                        NA
##
## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual:
##
##
     SRMR
                                                       0.109
                                                                    0.109
##
## Weighted Root Mean Square Residual:
##
##
     WRMR
                                                       6.644
                                                                    6.644
##
## Parameter Estimates:
##
##
     Standard errors
                                                  Robust.sem
     Information
##
                                                    Expected
                                                Unstructured
     Information saturated (h1) model
##
##
## Latent Variables:
##
                       Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
     SCS =~
##
##
                          1.000
       Q1
##
       Q2
                          1.000
##
       Q3
                          1.000
##
       Q4
                          1.000
##
       Q5
                          1.000
##
       Q6
                          1.000
##
       Q7
                          1.000
##
                          1.000
       Q8
                          1.000
##
       Q9
##
       Q10
                          1.000
##
## Intercepts:
##
                       Estimate
                                  Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
##
       SCS
                          0.000
##
      .Q1
                          0.000
##
                          0.000
      .Q2
##
      .Q3
                          0.000
      .Q4
##
                          0.000
##
      .Q5
                          0.000
##
      .Q6
                          0.000
##
                          0.000
      .Q7
##
      .Q8
                          0.000
##
      .Q9
                          0.000
##
      .Q10
                          0.000
##
## Thresholds:
```

```
##
                       Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
##
       Q1|t1
                           0.339
                                    0.031
                                             10.980
                                                        0.000
##
       Q2|t1
                           0.436
                                    0.031
                                             14.034
                                                        0.000
##
       Q3|t1
                           0.458
                                    0.031
                                             14.720
                                                        0.000
##
       Q4|t1
                           0.862
                                    0.033
                                             26.357
                                                        0.000
##
       Q5|t1
                           0.425
                                    0.031
                                             13.692
                                                        0.000
##
       Q6|t1
                          -0.819
                                    0.032 -25.219
                                                        0.000
##
       Q7|t1
                           0.435
                                    0.031
                                             14.000
                                                        0.000
##
                           0.311
                                    0.031
                                             10.087
                                                        0.000
       Q8|t1
                                    0.031
##
       Q9|t1
                           0.022
                                              0.724
                                                        0.469
##
       Q10|t1
                          -0.027
                                    0.031
                                             -0.896
                                                        0.370
##
## Variances:
##
                       Estimate
                                  Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
##
       SCS
                           1.000
##
      .Q1
                           1.000
##
                           1.000
      .Q2
##
      .Q3
                           1.000
##
      .04
                           1.000
##
      .Q5
                           1.000
##
      .Q6
                           1.000
##
      .Q7
                           1.000
##
      .Q8
                           1.000
##
      .Q9
                           1.000
##
      .Q10
                           1.000
##
## Scales y*:
##
                       Estimate
                                  Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
##
       Q1
                           0.707
##
       Q2
                           0.707
                           0.707
##
       QЗ
##
       Q4
                           0.707
##
       Q5
                           0.707
##
       Q6
                           0.707
##
       Q7
                           0.707
##
       Q8
                           0.707
##
       Q9
                           0.707
##
                           0.707
       Q10
#DIF
{
  data_dif_age = dich[,SCS_vars]
  data_dif_age$age = dich$age > median(dich$age)
  dif_ageL = difLord(data_dif_age, "age", FALSE, "1PL")
  dif_ageR = difRaju(data_dif_age, "age", FALSE, "1PL")
  data_dif_gender= dich[,c(SCS_vars,"gender")]
```

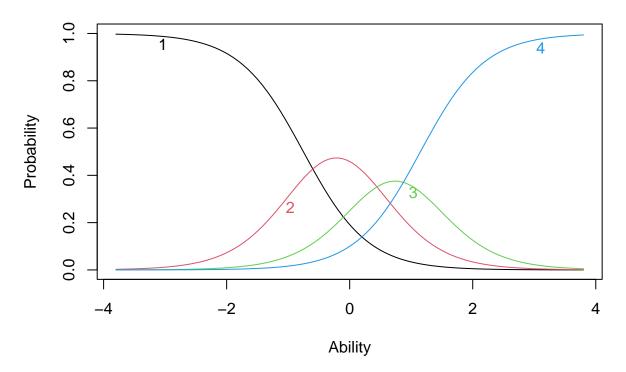
```
dif_genderL = difLord(data_dif_gender, "gender", 1, "1PL")
 dif_genderR = difRaju(data_dif_gender, "gender", 1, "1PL")
 difstats=data.frame(
   p=-log10(p.adjust(
     c(dif_genderL$p.value,dif_ageL$p.value),method="fdr")),
   item = c(dif_genderL$names,dif_ageL$name),
   groups = c(rep("gender",10),rep("age",10))
 ggplot(difstats, aes(x=item, y=p, group=groups,col=groups)) +
   geom_point() + geom_line() + theme_clean() + ylab("-log10(p)")+
   geom_hline(yintercept=-log10(.05))+scale_x_discrete(breaks=SCS_vars,
                                                         limits=SCS_vars)
 ggsave("DIF_pvals.pdf", width = 4, height = 3)
#alternative model: 2PL
 #fit 1PL and 2PL, compare fit
 twoPL_model = ltm(dich[,SCS_vars] ~ z1, IRT.param = TRUE)
 difficulties 2PL = coef(twoPL model)[,"Dffclt"]
 discriminativities_2PL = coef(twoPL_model)[,"Dscrmn"]
 ICC_2PL = ICC_plot(difficulty = difficulties_2PL,
                     discriminativity = discriminativities 2PL)
 Rasch_vs_twoPL_comparison = anova(rasch_model_ltm, twoPL_model)
 difficulties_1vs2PL = rbind( data.frame(model="Rasch (1-PL)",
                                   item=factor(SCS vars),
                                   difficulty=as.numeric(difficulties_ltm)),
                        data.frame(model="Birnbaum (2-PL)",
                                   item=factor(SCS_vars),
                                   difficulty=as.numeric(difficulties_2PL)),
                        data.frame(model="CTT",
                                   item=factor(SCS vars),
                                   difficulty=as.numeric(dich.distro[1,])/100))
 ggplot(difficulties_1vs2PL,aes(x=item,y=difficulty,
                                                     color=model,group=model)) +
   geom_point() + geom_line() + theme_clean() + ggtitle("model comparison")+
    scale_x_discrete(breaks=SCS_vars,limits=SCS_vars)
 ggsave("difficulties_plot_2PL.pdf", width = 4, height = 3)
```

```
#calculate item-wise infit and outfit
get_outfit = function(ltm_model){
  X=ltm_model$X
 personscores = factor.scores(ltm_model,X)[[1]][,"z1"]
  dffc = coef(ltm_model)[,"Dffclt"]
  discr = coef(ltm_model)[,"Dscrmn"]
  expected = predict_responses(dffc, personscores, discr)
  var_X = expected * (1-expected)
  Z ij = (X-expected)/sqrt(var X)
  chisq = colSums(Z_ij**2)
  #divide chisq by n
  return(chisq/nrow(ltm_model$X))
get_infit = function(ltm_model){
  X=ltm model$X
  personscores = factor.scores(ltm_model,X)[[1]][,"z1"]
  dffc = coef(ltm_model)[,"Dffclt"]
  discr = coef(ltm_model)[,"Dscrmn"]
  expected = predict_responses(dffc, personscores, discr)
  var_X = expected * (1-expected)
  Z_ij = (X-expected)/sqrt(var_X)
  infit = c()
  for (i in 1:length(dffc)){
    infit[i] = sum((var_X[,i] * (Z_ij[,i]**2))/sum(var_X[,i]))}
 return(infit)
}
outfit_rasch = get_outfit(rasch_model_ltm)
outfit_2PL = get_outfit(twoPL_model)
infit_rasch = get_infit(rasch_model_ltm)
infit_2PL = get_infit(twoPL_model)
inoutfit = rbind(data.frame(model="Rasch",fit="outfit",
                            item=names(outfit_rasch), value=outfit_rasch),
                 data.frame(model="2-PL",fit="outfit",
                            item=names(outfit_2PL), value=outfit_2PL),
                 data.frame(model="Rasch",fit="infit",
                            item=names(outfit rasch), value=infit rasch),
                 data.frame(model="2-PL",fit="infit",
                            item=names(outfit_2PL), value=infit_2PL))
ggplot(inoutfit,aes(x=item,y=value,
                               color=model, group=model)) + facet_wrap(~fit)+
  geom_point() + geom_line() + theme_clean() + ggtitle("model comparison")+
  scale x discrete(breaks=SCS vars,limits=SCS vars)
```

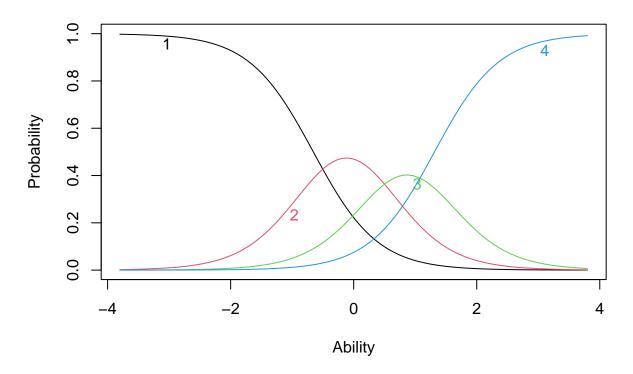
```
ggsave("inoutfit_plot_2PL.pdf",width = 8,height = 3)

#polytomous IRT model
{
   grm_model = grm(df_clean[,SCS_vars],constrained=T)
   plot(grm_model, ask=FALSE)
}
```

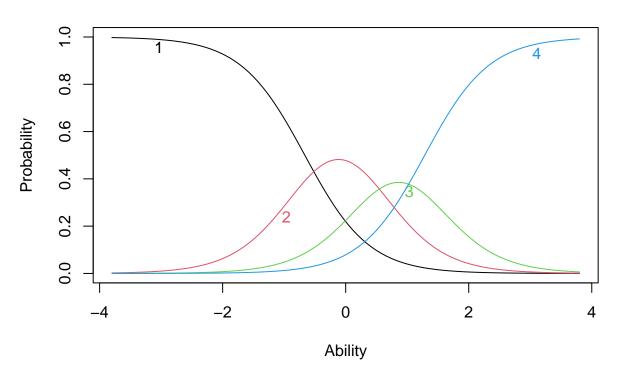
## Item Response Category Characteristic Curves – Item: Q1



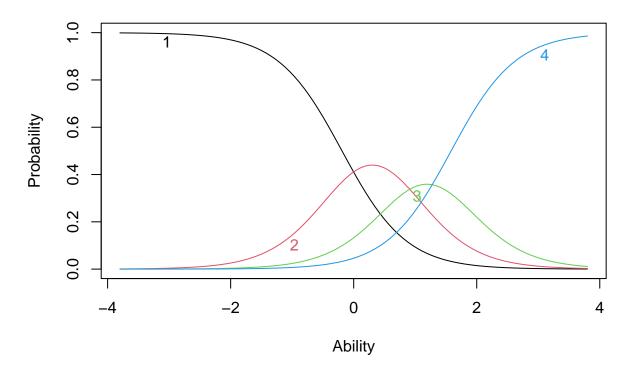
## **Item Response Category Characteristic Curves – Item: Q2**



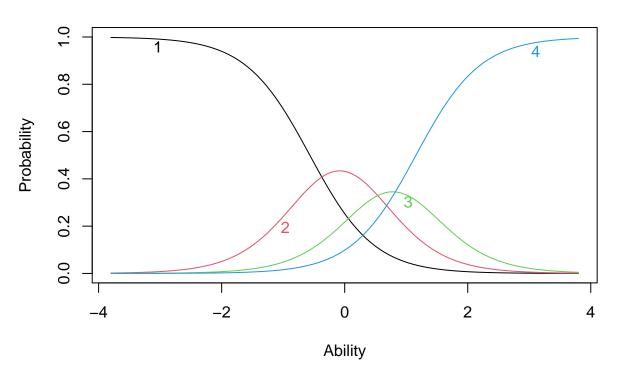
## **Item Response Category Characteristic Curves – Item: Q3**



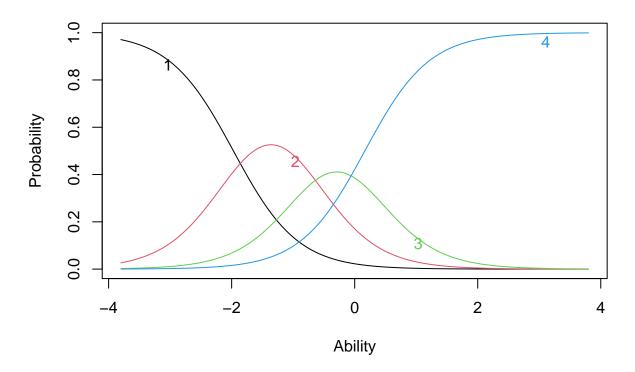
## **Item Response Category Characteristic Curves – Item: Q4**



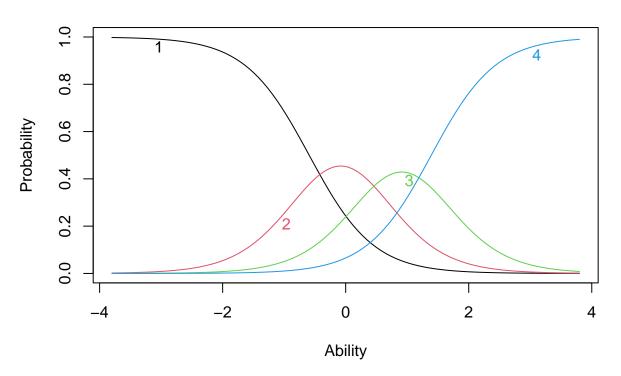
## **Item Response Category Characteristic Curves – Item: Q5**



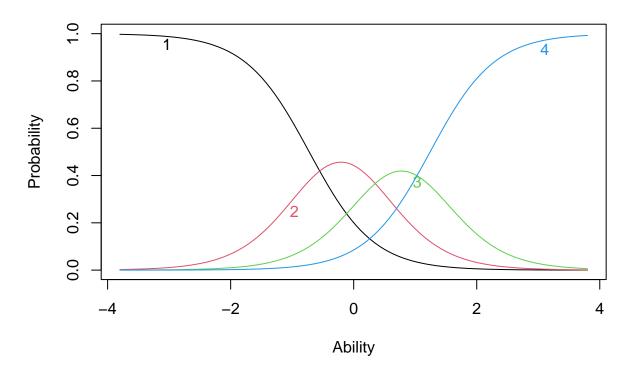
# **Item Response Category Characteristic Curves – Item: Q6**



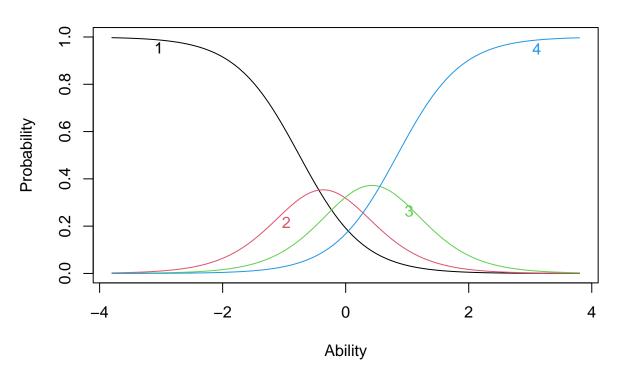
# **Item Response Category Characteristic Curves – Item: Q7**



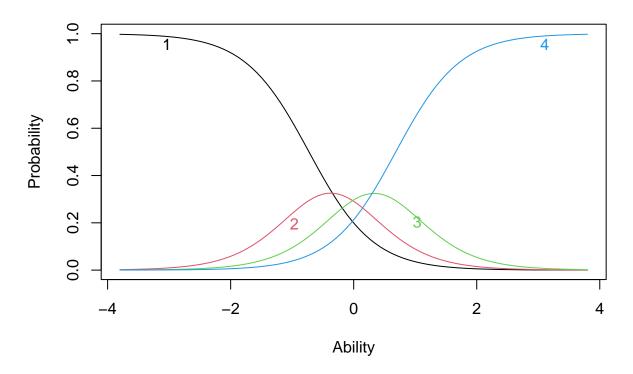
#### **Item Response Category Characteristic Curves – Item: Q8**



# **Item Response Category Characteristic Curves – Item: Q9**



#### Item Response Category Characteristic Curves – Item: Q10



```
#correlated traits
correlated_traits_model <- '</pre>
xi1 = ~Q1+Q2+Q3+Q4+Q10
xi2 = ~Q5+Q6+Q7+Q8+Q9
xi1 ~~ xi2
correlated_traits_cfa <- cfa(correlated_traits_model,</pre>
                              sample.cov=covdat,
                              sample.nobs=N,
                              std.lv=T)
#bifactor model (general factor and two item-specific factors)
bifactor_model <- '</pre>
G = Q1+Q2+Q3+Q4+Q5+Q6+Q7+Q8+Q9+Q10
xi1 = ~Q1+Q2+Q3+Q4+Q10
xi2 = ~Q5+Q6+Q7+Q8+Q9
G ~~ 0*xi1
G ~~ 0*xi2
bifactor_cfa <- cfa(bifactor_model,</pre>
            sample.cov=covdat,
            sample.nobs=N,
            std.lv=T)
#hierarchical model
hierarchical model <- '
xi1 = ~Q1+Q2+Q3+Q4+Q10
xi2 = ~Q5+Q6+Q7+Q8+Q9
G = xi1+xi2
hierarchical_cfa <- cfa(hierarchical_model,
                     sample.cov=covdat,
                     sample.nobs=N,
                     std.lv=T)
smr_hierarchical = summary(hierarchical_cfa, fit=T)$FIT
smr_bifactor = summary(bifactor_cfa, fit=T)$FIT
```

```
smr_correlated_traits = summary(correlated_traits_cfa, fit=T)$FIT
smr_unidimensional = summary(unidimensional_cfa, fit=T)$FIT
cfaaov_df = data.frame(model=c("hierarchical","bifactor","correlated traits",
                               "unidimensional"),
                       Df = c(smr_hierarchical["df"],
                              smr_bifactor["df"],
                              smr_correlated_traits["df"],
                              smr_unidimensional["df"]),
                       AIC = c(smr hierarchical["aic"],
                               smr_bifactor["aic"],
                               smr correlated traits["aic"],
                               smr_unidimensional["aic"]),
                       BIC = c(smr_hierarchical["bic"],
                               smr_bifactor["bic"],
                               smr_correlated_traits["bic"],
                               smr_unidimensional["bic"]))
write.csv(cfaaov_df, "cfaaov_df.csv")
pdf("semplot_bifactor.pdf", width = 8,height = 4)
semPaths(bifactor_cfa, "std")
dev.off()
#fit alternative bifactor model (item Q10 belongs to subscale 2)
bifactor model 2 <- '
G = Q1+Q2+Q3+Q4+Q5+Q6+Q7+Q8+Q9+Q10
xi1 = ~Q1+Q2+Q3+Q4
xi2 = ~Q5+Q6+Q7+Q8+Q9+Q10
G ~~ 0*xi1
G ~~ 0*xi2
bifactor_cfa_2 <- cfa(bifactor_model_2,
                    sample.cov=covdat,
                    sample.nobs=N,
                    std.lv=T)
#fit alternative bifactor model (item Q10 is its own subscale)
#-> does not converge
```

```
bifactor_model_3 <- '</pre>
G = Q1+Q2+Q3+Q4+Q5+Q6+Q7+Q8+Q9+Q10
xi1 = ~Q1+Q2+Q3+Q4
xi2 = ~Q5+Q6+Q7+Q8+Q9
xi3 = ~Q10
G ~~ 0*xi1
G ~~ 0*xi2
G ~~ 0*xi3
bifactor_cfa_3 <- cfa(bifactor_model_3,</pre>
                       sample.cov=covdat,
                       sample.nobs=N,
                       std.lv=T)
bifactor model 4 <- '
G = Q1+Q2+Q3+Q4+Q5+Q6+Q7+Q8+Q9+Q10
xi1 = ~Q1+Q2+Q3+Q4
xi2 = ~Q5+Q6+Q7+Q8+Q9
xi3 = ~Q10+Q6+Q1
G ~~ 0*xi1
G ~~ 0*xi2
G ~~ 0*xi3
bifactor_cfa_4<- cfa(bifactor_model_4,
                       sample.cov=covdat,
                       sample.nobs=N,
                       std.lv=T)
pdf("semplot_bifactor_automatic.pdf", width = 8,height = 4)
semPaths(bifactor_cfa_4, "std")
dev.off()
smr_bif1=summary(bifactor_cfa,fit=T)$FIT
smr_bif2=summary(bifactor_cfa_2,fit=T)$FIT
smr_bif3=summary(bifactor_cfa_3,fit=T)$FIT
smr_bif4=summary(bifactor_cfa_4,fit=T)$FIT
bif_comparison=rbind(smr_bif1,smr_bif2,smr_bif3,smr_bif4)[,c("npar","aic",
                                                               "bic", "cfi",
                                                               "tli", "srmr",
                                                               "rmsea")]
```

```
rownames(bif_comparison) = c("Bifactor (original)",
                                "Bifactor (Alternative 1)",
                                "Bifactor (Alternative 2)",
                                "Bifactor (Automatized)")
  write.csv(bif_comparison, "bifactor_comparison.csv")
## Warning in lav_model_vcov(lavmodel = lavmodel, lavsamplestats = lavsamplestats, : lavaan WAI
       Could not compute standard errors! The information matrix could
##
       not be inverted. This may be a symptom that the model is not
##
       identified.
## lavaan 0.6-11 ended normally after 31 iterations
##
##
     Estimator
                                                         ML
##
     Optimization method
                                                     NLMINB
##
     Number of model parameters
                                                         22
##
                                                       3368
##
     Number of observations
##
## Model Test User Model:
##
     Test statistic
                                                    881.568
##
##
     Degrees of freedom
                                                         33
##
     P-value (Chi-square)
                                                      0.000
##
## Model Test Baseline Model:
##
##
     Test statistic
                                                  16315.763
##
     Degrees of freedom
                                                         45
     P-value
##
                                                      0.000
##
## User Model versus Baseline Model:
##
##
     Comparative Fit Index (CFI)
                                                      0.948
     Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI)
                                                      0.929
##
##
## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria:
##
##
     Loglikelihood user model (HO)
                                                -42759.769
     Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1)
                                                -42318.985
##
##
##
     Akaike (AIC)
                                                  85563.538
##
     Bayesian (BIC)
                                                  85698.224
     Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC)
                                                  85628.320
##
##
## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation:
```

```
##
##
     RMSEA
                                                       0.087
     90 Percent confidence interval - lower
                                                       0.082
##
##
     90 Percent confidence interval - upper
                                                       0.092
##
     P-value RMSEA <= 0.05
                                                       0.000
##
## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual:
##
                                                       0.041
##
     SRMR
##
## Parameter Estimates:
##
##
     Standard errors
                                                    Standard
##
     Information
                                                    Expected
     Information saturated (h1) model
                                                  Structured
##
##
## Latent Variables:
##
                       Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
##
     xi1 =~
##
                          0.315
                                       NA
       Q1
                          0.363
                                       NA
##
       Q2
##
       QЗ
                          0.380
                                       NA
##
       Q4
                          0.306
                                       NA
##
       Q10
                          0.248
                                       NA
     xi2 =~
##
##
       Q5
                          0.335
                                       NA
                          0.224
##
       Q6
                                       NA
##
       Q7
                          0.366
                                       NA
##
       Q8
                          0.394
                                       NA
##
       Q9
                          0.312
                                       NA
     G =~
##
##
       xi1
                          2.161
                                       NA
                          2.158
##
       xi2
                                       NA
##
## Variances:
                       Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
##
##
      .Q1
                          0.613
                                       NA
##
      .Q2
                          0.398
                                       NA
##
      .Q3
                          0.347
                                       NA
##
      .Q4
                          0.542
                                       NA
##
      .Q10
                          1.059
                                       NA
##
      .Q5
                          0.610
                                       NA
##
                          0.649
                                       NA
      .Q6
##
      .Q7
                          0.380
                                       NA
##
      .Q8
                          0.300
                                       NA
##
      .Q9
                          0.783
                                       NA
##
                          1.000
      .xi1
##
      .xi2
                          1.000
```

```
##
       G
                          1.000
##
## lavaan 0.6-11 ended normally after 36 iterations
##
     Estimator
##
                                                         ML
##
     Optimization method
                                                     NLMINB
     Number of model parameters
##
                                                         31
##
##
     Number of observations
                                                       3368
##
## Model Test User Model:
##
##
     Test statistic
                                                    457.923
##
     Degrees of freedom
                                                         24
     P-value (Chi-square)
                                                      0.000
##
##
## Model Test Baseline Model:
##
##
     Test statistic
                                                  16315.763
     Degrees of freedom
##
                                                         45
                                                      0.000
     P-value
##
##
## User Model versus Baseline Model:
##
     Comparative Fit Index (CFI)
                                                      0.973
##
     Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI)
##
                                                      0.950
##
## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria:
##
     Loglikelihood user model (HO)
##
                                                 -42547.947
    Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1)
##
                                                 -42318.985
##
     Akaike (AIC)
##
                                                  85157.894
##
     Bayesian (BIC)
                                                  85347.678
     Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC)
##
                                                  85249.177
##
## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation:
##
     RMSEA
                                                      0.073
##
##
     90 Percent confidence interval - lower
                                                      0.067
##
     90 Percent confidence interval - upper
                                                      0.079
     P-value RMSEA <= 0.05
                                                      0.000
##
##
## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual:
##
##
     SRMR
                                                      0.028
##
## Parameter Estimates:
```

```
##
##
     Standard errors
                                                     Standard
##
     Information
                                                     Expected
##
     Information saturated (h1) model
                                                   Structured
##
## Latent Variables:
                                            z-value P(>|z|)
##
                        Estimate
                                  Std.Err
     G =~
##
##
                           0.552
                                     0.037
                                              14.940
                                                         0.000
       Q1
                           0.424
##
       Q2
                                     0.044
                                               9.578
                                                         0.000
##
       Q3
                           0.751
                                     0.033
                                              23.095
                                                         0.000
##
       Q4
                           0.646
                                     0.026
                                              24.975
                                                         0.000
##
       Q5
                           0.707
                                     0.024
                                              28.962
                                                         0.000
##
       Q6
                           0.544
                                     0.020
                                              27.752
                                                         0.000
##
       Q7
                           0.604
                                     0.031
                                              19.189
                                                         0.000
##
                                     0.035
                                              17.789
       Q8
                           0.624
                                                         0.000
##
       Q9
                           0.509
                                     0.031
                                              16.359
                                                         0.000
##
                           0.630
                                     0.023
                                              27.127
       Q10
                                                         0.000
##
     xi1 =~
##
                           0.504
                                     0.042
                                              11.853
                                                         0.000
       Q1
                                     0.036
##
       Q2
                           0.969
                                              26.849
                                                         0.000
##
       QЗ
                           0.481
                                     0.046
                                              10.460
                                                         0.000
       Q4
##
                           0.338
                                     0.038
                                               8.926
                                                         0.000
##
       Q10
                           0.177
                                     0.034
                                               5.219
                                                         0.000
##
     xi2 =~
##
       Q5
                           0.403
                                     0.033
                                              12.196
                                                         0.000
##
       Q6
                           0.187
                                     0.028
                                               6.785
                                                         0.000
##
       Q7
                           0.626
                                     0.030
                                              21.008
                                                         0.000
##
       Q8
                           0.728
                                     0.030
                                              24.409
                                                         0.000
##
       Q9
                           0.545
                                     0.030
                                              18.344
                                                         0.000
##
## Covariances:
                                  Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
##
                        Estimate
     G ~~
##
                           0.000
##
       xi1
                           0.000
##
       xi2
##
     xi1 ~~
##
                           0.592
                                     0.039
                                              15.009
                                                         0.000
       xi2
##
## Variances:
##
                        Estimate
                                  Std.Err
                                            z-value
                                                      P(>|z|)
##
      .Q1
                           0.618
                                     0.017
                                              35.612
                                                         0.000
                           0.029
##
      .Q2
                                     0.068
                                               0.429
                                                         0.668
##
      .Q3
                           0.368
                                     0.013
                                              28.113
                                                         0.000
##
      .Q4
                           0.541
                                     0.016
                                              33.910
                                                         0.000
##
                           0.583
                                     0.017
      .Q5
                                              34.146
                                                         0.000
##
      .Q6
                           0.601
                                     0.017
                                              34.903
                                                         0.000
##
                           0.381
                                     0.013
                                              29.836
      .Q7
                                                         0.000
```

```
19.423
                                                      0.000
##
      .Q8
                          0.259
                                   0.013
##
      .Q9
                                   0.021
                                           37.237
                                                      0.000
                          0.779
##
      .Q10
                          0.980
                                   0.027
                                           35.945
                                                      0.000
##
      G
                          1.000
##
                          1.000
       xi1
##
       xi2
                          1.000
##
## lavaan 0.6-11 ended normally after 20 iterations
##
     Estimator
##
                                                         ML
##
     Optimization method
                                                     NLMINB
     Number of model parameters
##
                                                         21
##
     Number of observations
##
                                                       3368
##
## Model Test User Model:
##
##
     Test statistic
                                                    881.568
##
     Degrees of freedom
                                                         34
     P-value (Chi-square)
                                                      0.000
##
##
## Model Test Baseline Model:
##
                                                  16315.763
##
     Test statistic
     Degrees of freedom
                                                         45
##
                                                      0.000
##
     P-value
##
## User Model versus Baseline Model:
##
     Comparative Fit Index (CFI)
                                                      0.948
##
     Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI)
##
                                                      0.931
##
## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria:
##
##
     Loglikelihood user model (HO)
                                                -42759.769
     Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1)
##
                                                 -42318.985
##
##
     Akaike (AIC)
                                                  85561.538
     Bayesian (BIC)
##
                                                  85690.102
##
     Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC)
                                                 85623.375
##
## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation:
##
    RMSEA
                                                      0.086
##
##
     90 Percent confidence interval - lower
                                                      0.081
##
     90 Percent confidence interval - upper
                                                      0.091
     P-value RMSEA <= 0.05
                                                      0.000
##
##
```

```
## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual:
##
##
     SRMR
                                                       0.041
##
## Parameter Estimates:
##
##
                                                    Standard
     Standard errors
##
     Information
                                                    Expected
##
     Information saturated (h1) model
                                                  Structured
##
## Latent Variables:
##
                       Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
##
     xi1 =~
                                    0.017
##
       Q1
                          0.750
                                            43.760
                                                       0.000
                                            54.405
##
       Q2
                          0.865
                                    0.016
                                                       0.000
##
       QЗ
                          0.904
                                    0.016
                                             57.392
                                                       0.000
##
       Q4
                          0.729
                                    0.016
                                             44.757
                                                       0.000
##
       Q10
                          0.590
                                    0.020
                                             29.185
                                                       0.000
##
     xi2 =~
##
                          0.797
                                    0.017
                                            45.862
                                                       0.000
       Q5
                                    0.016
                                            33.006
##
       Q6
                          0.532
                                                       0.000
       Q7
                          0.871
                                    0.016
                                            55.416
                                                       0.000
##
##
       Q8
                          0.938
                                    0.016
                                             60.383
                                                       0.000
##
       Q9
                          0.743
                                    0.019
                                            39.955
                                                       0.000
##
## Covariances:
##
                       Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
##
     xi1 ~~
##
       xi2
                          0.823
                                    0.008
                                            97.148
                                                       0.000
##
## Variances:
##
                       Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
                                    0.017
##
                          0.613
                                             36.199
                                                       0.000
      .Q1
##
      .Q2
                          0.398
                                    0.013
                                             30.925
                                                       0.000
##
      .Q3
                          0.347
                                    0.012
                                            28.418
                                                       0.000
##
      .Q4
                          0.542
                                    0.015
                                            35.864
                                                       0.000
##
      .Q10
                          1.059
                                    0.027
                                             39.325
                                                       0.000
                                    0.017
##
      .Q5
                          0.610
                                            35.904
                                                       0.000
##
                                    0.017
      .Q6
                          0.649
                                            38.922
                                                       0.000
                                    0.012
##
      .07
                          0.380
                                             30.993
                                                       0.000
##
      .Q8
                          0.300
                                    0.011
                                             26.375
                                                       0.000
##
      .Q9
                          0.783
                                    0.021
                                             37.587
                                                       0.000
##
       xi1
                          1.000
##
       xi2
                          1.000
## lavaan 0.6-11 ended normally after 16 iterations
##
##
                                                          ML
     Estimator
```

## Number of model parameters 3368 ## ## Number of observations 3368 ## ## Model Test User Model: ## ## Test statistic 1860.670 ## Degrees of freedom 35 ## P-value (Chi-square) 0.000 ## ## Model Test Baseline Model: ## ## Test statistic 16315.763 ## Degrees of freedom 45 ## P-value 0.000 ## ## User Model versus Baseline Model: ## ## User Model versus Baseline Model: ## ## User Model versus Baseline Model: ## ## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria: ## ## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria: ## ## Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1) -42318.985 ## ## Akaike (AIC) 86538.641 ## Bayesian (BIC) 86661.082 ## Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC) 86597.533 ## ## RMSEA 0.124 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.120 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.129 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.129 ## P-value RMSEA <= 0.05 0.000 ## ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual: ## ## SRMR 0.052 ## ## Parameter Estimates: ## ## SRMR 5 Standard ## 9 Parameter Estimates: ## ## Standard errors Standard ## 5 Standard errors Standard ## 5 Standard ## 5 Standard ## 5 Standard errors Standard ## 5 Standard	## Number of model parameters 20 ##  ## Number of observations 3368 ##  ## Model Test User Model: ##  ## Test statistic 1860.670 ## Degrees of freedom 35 ## P-value (Chi-square) 0.000 ##  ## Model Test Baseline Model: ##  ## Test statistic 16315.763 ## Degrees of freedom 45 ## P-value Degrees of freedom 45 ## P-value 0.000 ##  ## Comparative Fit Index (CFI) 0.888 ## Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI) 0.856 ##  ## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria: ##  ## Loglikelihood user model (H0) -43249.320 ## Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1) -42318.985 ##  ## Akaike (AIC) 86538.641 ## Bayesian (BIC) 86661.082 ## Bayesian (BIC) 86661.082 ## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation: ##  ## RMSEA 0.124 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.120 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.129 ## P-value RMSEA < 0.05 0.000 ##  ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual: ##  ## Standard errors Standard	## Optimization method	NLMINB
## Number of observations 3368 ## ## Model Test User Model: ## ## Test statistic 1860.670 ## Degrees of freedom 35 ## P-value (Chi-square) 0.000 ## ## Model Test Baseline Model: ## ## Test statistic 16315.763 ## Degrees of freedom 45 ## P-value 0.000 ## ## User Model versus Baseline Model: ## ## Comparative Fit Index (CFI) 0.888 ## Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI) 0.856 ## ## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria: ## ## Loglikelihood user model (H0) -43249.320 ## Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1) -42318.985 ## ## Akaike (AIC) 86538.641 ## Bayesian (BIC) 86661.082 ## Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC) 86597.533 ## ## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation: ## ## RMSEA 0.124 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.120 ## P-value RMSEA <= 0.05 0.000 ## ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual: ## ## SRMR 0.052 ## ## Parameter Estimates: ## ## Standard errors Standard ## Jandard errors Standard ## Jandard errors Standard ## Standard errors Standard ## Standard errors Standard	## Number of observations 3368 ## ## Model Test User Model: ## ## Test statistic 1860.670 ## Degrees of freedom 35 ## P-value (Chi-square) 0.000 ## ## Model Test Baseline Model: ## ## Test statistic 16315.763 ## Degrees of freedom 45 ## Degrees of freedom 45 ## P-value 0.000 ## ## User Model versus Baseline Model: ## ## Comparative Fit Index (CFI) 0.888 ## Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI) 0.856 ## ## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria: ## ## Loglikelihood user model (HO) 43249.320 ## Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1) -42318.985 ## ## Akaike (AIC) 86538.641 ## Bayesian (BIC) 86661.082 ## Bayesian (BIC) 86697.533 ## ## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation: ## ## RMSEA 0.124 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.120 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.129 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.120 ## 9 P-value RMSEA <= 0.05 0.000 ## ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual: ## ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual: ## ## Standard errors Standard ## Information Expected ## Information Structured	<del>-</del>	20
## ## Model Test User Model: ## ## Test statistic	## ## Model Test User Model: ## ## Test statistic	##	
## Model Test User Model: ## ## Test statistic	## Model Test User Model: ## ## Test statistic	## Number of observations	3368
## Test statistic 1860.670 ## Degrees of freedom 35 ## P-value (Chi-square) 0.000 ## ## Model Test Baseline Model: ## ## Test statistic 16315.763 ## Degrees of freedom 45 ## P-value 0.000 ## ## User Model versus Baseline Model: ## ## Comparative Fit Index (CFI) 0.888 ## Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI) 0.856 ## ## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria: ## ## Loglikelihood user model (H0) -43249.320 ## Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1) -42318.985 ## ## Akaike (AIC) 86538.641 ## Bayesian (BIC) 86661.082 ## sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC) 86597.533 ## ## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation: ## ## RMSEA 0.124 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.120 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.129 ## P-value RMSEA <= 0.05 0.000 ## ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual: ## ## STandard errors Standard ## Parameter Estimates: ## ## Standard errors Standard ## Standard errors Standard ## Standard errors Standard	## Test statistic 1860.670 ## Degrees of freedom 35 ## P-value (Chi-square) 0.000 ## ## Model Test Baseline Model: ## ## Test statistic 16315.763 ## P-value Degrees of freedom 45 ## P-value 0.0000 ## ## User Model versus Baseline Model: ## ## Comparative Fit Index (CFI) 0.888 ## Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI) 0.856 ## ## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria: ## ## Loglikelihood user model (H0) -43249.320 ## Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1) -42318.985 ## ## Akaike (AIC) 86538.641 ## Bayesian (BIC) 86661.082 ## Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC) 86597.533 ## ## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation: ## ## RMSEA 0.124 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.120 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.129 ## P-value RMSEA <= 0.05 0.000 ## ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual: ## ## SRMR 0.052 ## ## Parameter Estimates: ## ## Standard errors Standard ## Information Expected ## Information saturated (h1) model Structured	##	
## Test statistic 1860.670  ## Degrees of freedom 35  ## P-value (Chi-square) 0.000  ##  ## Model Test Baseline Model:  ## Test statistic 16315.763  ## Degrees of freedom 45  ## P-value 0.000  ##  ## User Model versus Baseline Model:  ## ## Comparative Fit Index (CFI) 0.888  ## Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI) 0.856  ##  ## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria:  ##  ## Loglikelihood user model (H0) -43249.320  ## Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1) -42318.985  ##  ## Akaike (AIC) 86538.641  ## Bayesian (BIC) 86661.082  ## Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC) 86597.533  ##  ## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation:  ##  ## RMSEA 0.124  ## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.120  ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.129  ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.129  ## P-value RMSEA <= 0.05 0.000  ##  ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual:  ##  ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual:  ##  ## Parameter Estimates:  ##  ## Standard errors Standard  ## Jandard errors Standard  ## Jandard errors Standard  ## Jandard errors Standard  ## Jandard errors Standard	## Test statistic 1860.670  ## Degrees of freedom 35  ## P-value (Chi-square) 0.000  ##  ## Model Test Baseline Model:  ## ## Test statistic 16315.763  ## Degrees of freedom 45  ## P-value 0.000  ##  ## User Model versus Baseline Model:  ## Comparative Fit Index (CFI) 0.888  ## Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI) 0.856  ##  ## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria:  ##  ## Loglikelihood user model (H0) -42318.985  ##  ## Akaike (AIC) 86538.641  ## Bayesian (BIC) 86661.082  ## Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC) 86597.533  ##  ## RNSEA 0.124  ## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.120  ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.129  ## P-value RMSEA < 0.05 0.000  ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual:  ##  ## SRMR 0.052  ##  ## Parameter Estimates:  ##  ## Standard errors Standard  ## Information Expected  ## Information saturated (h1) model Structured	## Model Test User Model:	
## Degrees of freedom 35 ## P-value (Chi-square) 0.000 ## ## Model Test Baseline Model: ## ## Test statistic 16315.763 ## P-value 0.000 ## ## User Model versus Baseline Model: ## ## Comparative Fit Index (CFI) 0.883 ## Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI) 0.856 ## ## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria: ## ## Loglikelihood user model (H0) -43249.320 ## Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1) -42318.985 ## ## Akaike (AIC) 86538.641 ## Bayesian (BIC) 86661.082 ## Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC) 86597.533 ## ## ROOT Mean Square Error of Approximation: ## ## RMSEA 0.124 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.120 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.129 ## P-value RMSEA <= 0.05 0.000 ## ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual: ## ## SRMR 0.052 ## ## Parameter Estimates: ## ## Standard errors Standard ## Information Expected	## Degrees of freedom 35 ## P-value (Chi-square) 0.000 ## ## Model Test Baseline Model: ## ## Test statistic 16315.763 ## P-value 0.000 ## ## User Model versus Baseline Model: ## ## Comparative Fit Index (CFI) 0.888 ## Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI) 0.856 ## ## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria: ## ## Loglikelihood user model (H0) -43249.320 ## Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1) -42318.985 ## ## Akaike (AIC) 86538.641 ## Bayesian (BIC) 86661.082 ## Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC) 86597.533 ## ## RMSEA 0.124 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.120 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.129 ## P-value RMSEA < 0.05 0.000 ## ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual: ## ## SRMR 0.052 ## ## Parameter Estimates: ## ## Standard errors Standard ## Information Expected ## Information saturated (h1) model Structured	##	
## P-value (Chi-square) 0.000 ##  ## Model Test Baseline Model: ##  ## Test statistic 16315.763 ## Degrees of freedom 45 ## P-value 0.000 ##  ## User Model versus Baseline Model: ##  ## Comparative Fit Index (CFI) 0.888 ## Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI) 0.856 ##  ## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria: ##  ## Loglikelihood user model (H0) -43249.320 ## Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1) -42318.985 ##  ## Akaike (AIC) 86538.641 ## Bayesian (BIC) 86661.082 ## Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC) 86597.533 ##  ## RNSEA 0.124 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.120 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.129 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.129 ## P-value RMSEA <= 0.05 0.000 ##  ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual: ##  ## STandard errors Standard ## Standard errors Standard ## Standard errors Standard ## Standard errors Standard	## P-value (Chi-square) 0.000 ##  ## Model Test Baseline Model: ##  ## Test statistic 16315.763 ## Degrees of freedom 45 ## P-value 0.000 ##  ## User Model versus Baseline Model: ##  ## Comparative Fit Index (CFI) 0.888 ## Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI) 0.856 ##  ## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria: ##  ## Loglikelihood user model (H0) -43249.320 ## Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1) -42318.985 ##  ## Akaike (AIC) 86538.641 ## Bayesian (BIC) 86661.082 ## Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC) 86597.533 ##  ## ROOT Mean Square Error of Approximation: ##  ## RMSEA 0.124 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.120 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.129 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.129 ## P-value RMSEA <= 0.05 0.000 ##  ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual: ##  ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual: ##  ## Standard errors Standard ## Information Expected ## Information saturated (h1) model Structured	## Test statistic	1860.670
## ## Model Test Baseline Model: ## ## Test statistic 16315.763 ## Degrees of freedom 45 ## P-value 0.000 ## ## User Model versus Baseline Model: ## ## Comparative Fit Index (CFI) 0.888 ## Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI) 0.856 ## ## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria: ## ## Loglikelihood user model (H0) -43249.320 ## Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1) -42318.985 ## ## Akaike (AIC) 86538.641 ## Bayesian (BIC) 86661.082 ## Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC) 86597.533 ## ## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation: ## ## RMSEA 0.124 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.120 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.129 ## P-value RMSEA <= 0.05 0.000 ## ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual: ## ## SRMR 0.052 ## ## Parameter Estimates: ## ## Standard errors Standard ## Information Expected	## ## Model Test Baseline Model: ## ## Test statistic 16315.763 ## Degrees of freedom 45 ## P-value 0.0000 ## ## Comparative Fit Index (CFI) 0.888 ## Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI) 0.856 ## ## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria: ## ## Loglikelihood user model (H0) -43249.320 ## Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1) -42318.985 ## ## Akaike (AIC) 86538.641 ## Bayesian (BIC) 86661.082 ## Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC) 86597.533 ## ## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation: ## ## RMSEA 0.124 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.120 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.129 ## P-value RMSEA < 0.05 0.000 ## ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual: ## ## SRMR 0.052 ## ## Parameter Estimates: ## ## Standard errors Standard ## Information Expected ## Information saturated (h1) model Structured	## Degrees of freedom	35
## Model Test Baseline Model:  ##  ## Test statistic 16315.763  ## Degrees of freedom 45  ## P-value 0.000  ##  ## User Model versus Baseline Model:  ##  ## Comparative Fit Index (CFI) 0.888  ## Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI) 0.856  ##  ## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria:  ##  ## Loglikelihood user model (HO) -43249.320  ## Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1) -42318.985  ##  ## Akaike (AIC) 86538.641  ## Bayesian (BIC) 86661.082  ## Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC) 86597.533  ##  ## RMSEA 0.124  ## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.120  ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.129  ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.129  ## P-value RMSEA <= 0.05 0.000  ##  ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual:  ##  ## SRMR 0.052  ##  ## Parameter Estimates:  ##  ## Standard errors Standard  ## Information Expected	## Model Test Baseline Model:  ##  ## Test statistic 16315.763  ## Degrees of freedom 45  ## P-value 0.000  ##  ## User Model versus Baseline Model:  ##  ## Comparative Fit Index (CFI) 0.888  ## Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI) 0.856  ##  ## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria:  ##  ## Loglikelihood user model (H0) -43249.320  ## Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1) -42318.985  ##  ## Akaike (AIC) 86538.641  ## Bayesian (BIC) 86661.082  ## Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC) 86597.533  ##  ## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation:  ##  ## RMSEA 0.124  ## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.120  ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.129  ## P-value RMSEA <= 0.05 0.000  ##  ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual:  ##  ## SRMR 0.052  ##  ## Parameter Estimates:  ##  ## Standard errors Standard  ## Information Expected  ## Information saturated (h1) model Structured	## P-value (Chi-square)	0.000
## Test statistic 16315.763 ## Degrees of freedom 45 ## P-value 0.000 ## ## User Model versus Baseline Model: ## ## Comparative Fit Index (CFI) 0.888 ## Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI) 0.856 ## ## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria: ## ## Loglikelihood user model (H0) -43249.320 ## Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1) -42318.985 ## ## Akaike (AIC) 86538.641 ## Bayesian (BIC) 86661.082 ## Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC) 86597.533 ## ## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation: ## ## RMSEA 0.124 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.120 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.129 ## P-value RMSEA <= 0.05 0.000 ## ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual: ## ## SRMR 0.052 ## ## Parameter Estimates: ## ## Standard errors Standard ## Information Expected	## Test statistic 16315.763 ## Degrees of freedom 45 ## P-value 0.000 ##  ## User Model versus Baseline Model: ## ## Comparative Fit Index (CFI) 0.888 ## Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI) 0.856 ##  ## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria: ## ## Loglikelihood user model (H0) -43249.320 ## Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1) -42318.985 ## ## Akaike (AIC) 86538.641 ## Bayesian (BIC) 86661.082 ## Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC) 86597.533 ## ## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation: ## ## RMSEA 0.124 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.120 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.129 ## P-value RMSEA <= 0.05 0.000 ## ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual: ## ## SRMR 0.052 ## ## Parameter Estimates: ## ## Standard errors Standard ## Information Expected ## Information saturated (h1) model Structured	##	
## Test statistic 16315.763  ## Degrees of freedom 45  ## P-value 0.000  ##  ## User Model versus Baseline Model:  ## Comparative Fit Index (CFI) 0.888  ## Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI) 0.856  ##  ## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria:  ##  ## Loglikelihood user model (H0) -43249.320  ## Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1) -42318.985  ##  ## Akaike (AIC) 86538.641  ## Bayesian (BIC) 86661.082  ## Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC) 86597.533  ##  ## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation:  ##  ## RMSEA 0.124  ## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.120  ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.129  ## P-value RMSEA <= 0.05 0.000  ##  ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual:  ##  ## SRMR 0.052  ##  ## Parameter Estimates:  ##  ## Standard errors Standard  ## Information Expected	## Test statistic 16315.763  ## Degrees of freedom 45  ## P-value 0.000  ##  ## User Model versus Baseline Model:  ##  ## Comparative Fit Index (CFI) 0.888  ## Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI) 0.856  ##  ## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria:  ##  ## Loglikelihood user model (H0) -43249.320  ## Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1) -42318.985  ##  ## Akaike (AIC) 86533.641  ## Bayesian (BIC) 86661.082  ## Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC) 86597.533  ##  ## ROOT Mean Square Error of Approximation:  ##  ## RMSEA 0.124  ## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.120  ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.129  ## P-value RMSEA <= 0.05 0.000  ##  ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual:  ##  ## SRMR 0.052  ##  ## Parameter Estimates:  ##  ## Standard errors Standard  ## Information Expected  ## Information saturated (h1) model Structured	## Model Test Baseline Model:	
## Degrees of freedom 45 ## P-value 0.000 ##  ## User Model versus Baseline Model: ##  ## Comparative Fit Index (CFI) 0.888 ## Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI) 0.856 ##  ## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria: ##  ## Loglikelihood user model (H0) -43249.320 ## Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1) -42318.985 ##  ## Akaike (AIC) 86538.641 ## Bayesian (BIC) 86661.082 ## Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC) 86597.533 ##  ## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation: ##  ## RMSEA 0.124 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.120 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.129 ## P-value RMSEA <= 0.05 0.000 ##  ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual: ##  ## SRMR 0.052 ##  ## Parameter Estimates: ##  ## Standard errors Standard ## Information Expected	## Degrees of freedom 45 ## P-value 0.000 ##  ## User Model versus Baseline Model: ##  ## Comparative Fit Index (CFI) 0.888 ## Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI) 0.856 ##  ## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria: ##  ## Loglikelihood user model (H0) -43249.320 ## Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1) -42318.985 ##  ## Akaike (AIC) 86538.641 ## Bayesian (BIC) 86661.082 ## Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC) 86597.533 ##  ## ROOT Mean Square Error of Approximation: ##  ## RMSEA 0.124 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.120 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.129 ## P-value RMSEA < 0.05 0.000 ##  ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual: ##  ## SRMR 0.052 ##  ## Parameter Estimates: ##  ## Standard errors Standard ## Information Expected ## Information saturated (h1) model Structured		
<pre>## P-value</pre>	## P-value 0.000  ##  ## User Model versus Baseline Model:  ##  ## Comparative Fit Index (CFI) 0.888  ## Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI) 0.856  ##  ## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria:  ##  ## Loglikelihood user model (H0) -43249.320  ## Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1) -42318.985  ##  ## Akaike (AIC) 86533.641  ## Bayesian (BIC) 86661.082  ## Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC) 86597.533  ##  ## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation:  ##  ## RMSEA 0.124  ## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.120  ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.129  ## P-value RMSEA < 0.05 0.000  ##  ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual:  ##  ## SRMR 0.052  ##  ## Parameter Estimates:  ##  ## Standard errors Standard  ## Information Expected  ## Information saturated (h1) model Structured		16315.763
## ## User Model versus Baseline Model: ## ## Comparative Fit Index (CFI) 0.888 ## Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI) 0.856 ## ## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria: ## ## Loglikelihood user model (H0) -43249.320 ## Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1) -42318.985 ## ## Akaike (AIC) 86538.641 ## Bayesian (BIC) 86661.082 ## Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC) 86597.533 ## ## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation: ## ## RMSEA 0.124 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.120 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.129 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.129 ## P-value RMSEA <= 0.05 0.000 ## ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual: ## ## SRMR 0.052 ## ## Parameter Estimates: ## ## Standard errors Standard ## Information Expected	## ## User Model versus Baseline Model: ## ## Comparative Fit Index (CFI) 0.888 ## Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI) 0.856 ## ## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria: ## ## Loglikelihood user model (H0) -43249.320 ## Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1) -42318.985 ## ## Akaike (AIC) 86538.641 ## Bayesian (BIC) 86661.082 ## Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC) 86597.533 ## ## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation: ## ## RMSEA 0.124 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.120 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.129 ## P-value RMSEA <= 0.05 0.000 ## ## ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual: ## ## SRMR 0.052 ## ## Parameter Estimates: ## ## Standard errors Standard ## Information Expected ## Information saturated (h1) model Structured	8	
## User Model versus Baseline Model: ##  ## Comparative Fit Index (CFI) 0.888 ## Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI) 0.856 ##  ## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria: ##  ## Loglikelihood user model (H0) -43249.320 ## Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1) -42318.985 ##  ## Akaike (AIC) 86538.641 ## Bayesian (BIC) 86661.082 ## Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC) 86597.533 ##  ## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation: ##  ## RMSEA 0.124 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.120 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.129 ## P-value RMSEA <= 0.05 0.000 ##  ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual: ##  ## SRMR 0.052 ##  ## Parameter Estimates: ##  ## Standard errors Standard ## Information Expected	## User Model versus Baseline Model:  ##  ## Comparative Fit Index (CFI) 0.888  ## Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI) 0.856  ##  ## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria:  ##  ## Loglikelihood user model (H0) -43249.320  ## Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1) -42318.985  ##  ## Akaike (AIC) 86538.641  ## Bayesian (BIC) 86661.082  ## Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC) 86597.533  ##  ## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation:  ##  ## RMSEA 0.124  ## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.120  ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.129  ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.129  ## P-value RMSEA <= 0.05 0.000  ##  ##  ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual:  ##  ## Parameter Estimates:  ##  ## SRMR 0.052  ##  ## Standard errors Standard  ## Information Expected  ## Information saturated (h1) model Structured	## P-value	0.000
## ## Comparative Fit Index (CFI)	## Comparative Fit Index (CFI) 0.888 ## Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI) 0.856 ## ## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria: ## ## Loglikelihood user model (H0) -43249.320 ## Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1) -42318.985 ## ## Akaike (AIC) 86538.641 ## Bayesian (BIC) 86661.082 ## Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC) 86597.533 ## ## RNOSEA 0.124 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.120 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.129 ## P-value RMSEA <= 0.05 0.000 ## ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual: ## ## SRMR 0.052 ## ## Parameter Estimates: ## ## Standard errors Standard ## Information Expected ## Information saturated (h1) model Structured		
## Comparative Fit Index (CFI) 0.888 ## Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI) 0.856 ## ## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria: ## ## Loglikelihood user model (H0) -43249.320 ## Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1) -42318.985 ## ## Akaike (AIC) 86538.641 ## Bayesian (BIC) 86661.082 ## Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC) 86597.533 ## ## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation: ## ## RMSEA 0.124 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.120 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.129 ## P-value RMSEA <= 0.05 0.000 ## ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual: ## ## SRMR 0.052 ## ## Parameter Estimates: ## ## Standard errors Standard ## Information Expected	## Comparative Fit Index (CFI) 0.888 ## Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI) 0.856 ##  ## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria: ##  ## Loglikelihood user model (H0) -43249.320 ## Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1) -42318.985 ##  ## Akaike (AIC) 86538.641 ## Bayesian (BIC) 86661.082 ## Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC) 86597.533 ##  ## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation: ##  ## RMSEA 0.124 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.120 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.129 ## P-value RMSEA <= 0.05 0.000 ##  ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual: ##  ## SRMR 0.052 ##  ## Parameter Estimates: ##  ## Standard errors Standard ## Information Expected ## Information saturated (h1) model Structured		
<pre>## Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI)</pre>	## Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI) 0.856  ##  ## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria:  ##  ## Loglikelihood user model (H0) -43249.320  ## Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1) -42318.985  ##  ## Akaike (AIC) 86538.641  ## Bayesian (BIC) 86661.082  ## Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC) 86597.533  ##  ## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation:  ##  ## RMSEA 0.124  ## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.120  ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.129  ## P-value RMSEA <= 0.05 0.000  ##  ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual:  ##  ## SRMR 0.052  ##  ## Standard errors Standard  ## Information Expected  ## Information saturated (h1) model Structured		
## ## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria: ## ## Loglikelihood user model (H0) -43249.320 ## Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1) -42318.985 ## ## Akaike (AIC) 86538.641 ## Bayesian (BIC) 86661.082 ## Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC) 86597.533 ## ## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation: ## ## RMSEA 0.124 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.120 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.129 ## P-value RMSEA <= 0.05 0.000 ## ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual: ## ## SRMR 0.052 ## ## Parameter Estimates: ## ## Standard errors Standard ## Tinformation Expected	<pre>## ## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria: ## ## Loglikelihood user model (H0)</pre>	-	
## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria: ## ## Loglikelihood user model (H0) -43249.320 ## Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1) -42318.985 ## ## Akaike (AIC) 86538.641 ## Bayesian (BIC) 86661.082 ## Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC) 86597.533 ## ## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation: ## ## RMSEA 0.124 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.120 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.129 ## P-value RMSEA <= 0.05 0.000 ## ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual: ## ## SRMR 0.052 ## ## Parameter Estimates: ## ## Standard errors Standard ## Tinformation Expected	## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria: ## ## Loglikelihood user model (H0) -43249.320 ## Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1) -42318.985 ## ## Akaike (AIC) 86538.641 ## Bayesian (BIC) 86661.082 ## Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC) 86597.533 ## ## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation: ## ## RMSEA 0.124 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.120 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.129 ## P-value RMSEA <= 0.05 0.000 ## ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual: ## ## SRMR 0.052 ## ## Parameter Estimates: ## ## Standard errors Standard ## Information Expected ## Information saturated (h1) model Structured	• • •	0.856
## Loglikelihood user model (H0)	<pre>## ## Loglikelihood user model (H0)</pre>		
## Loglikelihood user model (HO) -43249.320 ## Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1) -42318.985 ## ## Akaike (AIC) 86538.641 ## Bayesian (BIC) 86661.082 ## Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC) 86597.533 ## ## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation: ## ## RMSEA 0.124 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.120 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.129 ## P-value RMSEA <= 0.05 0.000 ## ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual: ## ## SRMR 0.052 ## ## Parameter Estimates: ## ## Standard errors Standard ## Information Expected	## Loglikelihood user model (HO) -43249.320 ## Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1) -42318.985 ## ## Akaike (AIC) 86538.641 ## Bayesian (BIC) 86661.082 ## Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC) 86597.533 ## ## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation: ## ## RMSEA 0.124 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.120 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.129 ## P-value RMSEA <= 0.05 0.000 ## ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual: ## ## SRMR 0.052 ## ## Parameter Estimates: ## ## Standard errors Standard ## Information Expected ## Information saturated (h1) model Structured	_	
## Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1) -42318.985  ##  ## Akaike (AIC) 86538.641  ## Bayesian (BIC) 86661.082  ## Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC) 86597.533  ##  ## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation:  ##  ## RMSEA 0.124  ## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.120  ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.129  ## P-value RMSEA <= 0.05 0.000  ##  ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual:  ##  ## SRMR 0.052  ##  ## Parameter Estimates:  ##  ## Standard errors Standard  ## Information Expected	<pre>## Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1)</pre>		42040 200
## ## Akaike (AIC) 86538.641  ## Bayesian (BIC) 86661.082  ## Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC) 86597.533  ##  ## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation:  ## Post Mean Square Error of Approximation:  ## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.120  ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.129  ## P-value RMSEA <= 0.05 0.000  ##  ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual:  ##  ## SRMR 0.052  ##  ## Parameter Estimates:  ##  ## Standard errors Standard  ## Information Expected	## Akaike (AIC) 86538.641 ## Bayesian (BIC) 86661.082 ## Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC) 86597.533 ## ## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation: ## ## RMSEA 0.124 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.120 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.129 ## P-value RMSEA <= 0.05 0.000 ## ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual: ## ## SRMR 0.052 ## ## Parameter Estimates: ## ## Standard errors Standard ## Information Expected ## Information saturated (h1) model Structured	_	
<pre>## Akaike (AIC) 86538.641 ## Bayesian (BIC) 86661.082 ## Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC) 86597.533 ## ## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation: ## RMSEA 0.124 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.120 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.129 ## P-value RMSEA &lt;= 0.05 0.000 ## ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual: ## ## SRMR 0.052 ## ## Parameter Estimates: ## ## Standard errors Standard ## Information Expected</pre>	<pre>## Akaike (AIC) ## Bayesian (BIC) ## Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC) ## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation: ## ## RMSEA ## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper ## P-value RMSEA &lt;= 0.05 ## ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual: ## ## SRMR ## SRMR  ## O.052 ## ## Parameter Estimates: ## ## Standard errors ## Information ## Expected ## Information saturated (h1) model</pre> Standard	_	-42318.985
<pre>## Bayesian (BIC) 86661.082 ## Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC) 86597.533 ## ## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation: ## ## RMSEA 0.124 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.120 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.129 ## P-value RMSEA &lt;= 0.05 0.000 ## ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual: ## ## SRMR 0.052 ## ## Parameter Estimates: ## ## Standard errors Standard ## Information Expected</pre>	<pre>## Bayesian (BIC) 86661.082 ## Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC) 86597.533 ## ## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation: ## ## RMSEA 0.124 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.120 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.129 ## P-value RMSEA &lt;= 0.05 0.000 ## ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual: ## ## SRMR 0.052 ## ## Parameter Estimates: ## ## Standard errors Standard ## Information Expected ## Information saturated (h1) model</pre>		06520 641
<pre>## Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC) 86597.533 ## ## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation: ## ## RMSEA 0.124 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.120 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.129 ## P-value RMSEA &lt;= 0.05 0.000 ## ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual: ## ## SRMR 0.052 ## ## Parameter Estimates: ## ## Standard errors Standard ## Information Expected</pre>	<pre>## Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC) 86597.533 ## ## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation: ## ## RMSEA 0.124 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.120 ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.129 ## P-value RMSEA &lt;= 0.05 0.000 ## ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual: ## ## SRMR 0.052 ## ## Parameter Estimates: ## ## Standard errors Standard ## Information Expected ## Information saturated (h1) model</pre>		
<pre>## ## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation: ## ## RMSEA</pre>	<pre>## ## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation: ## ## RMSEA</pre>	·	
<pre>## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation: ##  ## RMSEA</pre>	<pre>## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation: ##  ## RMSEA</pre>		00001.000
<pre>## ## RMSEA</pre>	<pre>## RMSEA</pre>		
<pre>## RMSEA</pre>	<pre>## RMSEA</pre>	-	
<pre>## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower</pre>	<pre>## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper ## P-value RMSEA &lt;= 0.05 ## ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual: ## ## SRMR ## SRMR  ## Parameter Estimates: ## ## Standard errors ## Information ## Information saturated (h1) model Structured</pre> Science  ## Standard ##		0.124
<pre>## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper</pre>	<pre>## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper ## P-value RMSEA &lt;= 0.05</pre>		
<pre>## P-value RMSEA &lt;= 0.05</pre>	<pre>## P-value RMSEA &lt;= 0.05</pre>		
<pre>## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual: ## ## SRMR</pre>	<pre>## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual: ## ## SRMR</pre>	<del></del>	
<pre>## ## SRMR 0.052 ## ## Parameter Estimates: ## ## Standard errors Standard ## Information Expected</pre>	<pre>## ## SRMR</pre>	##	
<pre>## SRMR 0.052 ## ## Parameter Estimates: ## ## Standard errors Standard ## Information Expected</pre>	<pre>## SRMR 0.052 ## ## Parameter Estimates: ## ## Standard errors Standard ## Information Expected ## Information saturated (h1) model</pre>	## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual:	
<pre>## ## Parameter Estimates: ## ## Standard errors Standard ## Information Expected</pre>	<pre>## ## Parameter Estimates: ## ## Standard errors</pre>	##	
<pre>## Parameter Estimates: ## ## Standard errors</pre>	<pre>## Parameter Estimates: ##  ## Standard errors Standard ## Information Expected ## Information saturated (h1) model Structured</pre>	## SRMR	0.052
<pre>## ## Standard errors Standard ## Information Expected</pre>	<pre>## ## Standard errors Standard ## Information Expected ## Information saturated (h1) model Structured</pre>	##	
## Standard errors Standard ## Information Expected	<pre>## Standard errors</pre>	## Parameter Estimates:	
## Information Expected	<pre>## Information</pre>	##	
1	## Information saturated (h1) model Structured	## Standard errors	Standard
		## Information	Expected
## Information saturated (h1) model Structured	##	## Information saturated (h1) model	Structured
##		##	

```
## Latent Variables:
##
                       Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
##
     xi1 =~
##
       Q1
                          0.705
                                   0.017
                                            40.855
                                                      0.000
                                            49.971
##
       Q2
                          0.808
                                   0.016
                                                      0.000
##
       QЗ
                          0.848
                                   0.016
                                            53.034
                                                      0.000
##
       Q4
                          0.694
                                   0.016
                                            42.503
                                                      0.000
##
       Q5
                          0.779
                                   0.017
                                            44.860
                                                      0.000
##
       Q6
                          0.530
                                   0.016
                                            33.130
                                                      0.000
       Q7
                                   0.016
                                            51.377
##
                          0.821
                                                      0.000
##
       Q8
                          0.876
                                   0.016
                                            55.077
                                                      0.000
                                   0.019
                                            38.349
##
       Q9
                          0.715
                                                      0.000
##
       Q10
                          0.599
                                   0.020
                                            30.087
                                                      0.000
##
## Variances:
##
                       Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
##
      .Q1
                          0.679
                                   0.018
                                            38.060
                                                      0.000
      .Q2
                          0.493
                                   0.014
##
                                            35.632
                                                      0.000
##
      .Q3
                          0.444
                                   0.013
                                            34.408
                                                      0.000
                                   0.016
##
      .Q4
                          0.591
                                            37.718
                                                      0.000
##
      .Q5
                          0.638
                                   0.017
                                            37.166
                                                      0.000
##
                          0.652
                                   0.017
                                            39.290
      .Q6
                                                      0.000
##
      .Q7
                          0.464
                                   0.013
                                            35.105
                                                      0.000
##
      .Q8
                          0.412
                                   0.012
                                            33.415
                                                      0.000
##
                          0.824
                                   0.021
                                            38.520
      .Q9
                                                      0.000
##
      .Q10
                          1.048
                                   0.026
                                            39.647
                                                      0.000
##
       xi1
                          1.000
## Warning in lav_object_post_check(object): lavaan WARNING: some estimated ov
## variances are negative
## Warning in lav_model_vcov(lavmodel = lavmodel, lavsamplestats = lavsamplestats, : lavaan WAM
##
       Could not compute standard errors! The information matrix could
       not be inverted. This may be a symptom that the model is not
##
##
       identified.
## Warning in lav_object_post_check(object): lavaan WARNING: some estimated ov
## variances are negative
## lavaan 0.6-11 ended normally after 36 iterations
##
##
     Estimator
                                                         ML
##
     Optimization method
                                                     NLMINB
     Number of model parameters
##
                                                          31
##
##
     Number of observations
                                                       3368
## Model Test User Model:
##
     Test statistic
##
                                                    457.923
```

```
##
    Degrees of freedom
                                                         24
##
     P-value (Chi-square)
                                                      0.000
##
## Model Test Baseline Model:
##
##
     Test statistic
                                                  16315.763
                                                         45
##
     Degrees of freedom
     P-value
                                                      0.000
##
##
## User Model versus Baseline Model:
##
     Comparative Fit Index (CFI)
                                                      0.973
##
##
     Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI)
                                                      0.950
##
## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria:
##
##
     Loglikelihood user model (HO)
                                                 -42547.947
     Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1)
##
                                                 -42318.985
##
                                                  85157.894
##
     Akaike (AIC)
##
     Bayesian (BIC)
                                                  85347.678
     Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC)
##
                                                  85249.177
##
## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation:
##
##
     RMSEA
                                                      0.073
##
     90 Percent confidence interval - lower
                                                      0.067
##
     90 Percent confidence interval - upper
                                                      0.079
     P-value RMSEA <= 0.05
                                                      0.000
##
##
## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual:
##
     SRMR
                                                      0.028
##
##
## Parameter Estimates:
##
##
     Standard errors
                                                   Standard
     Information
##
                                                   Expected
     Information saturated (h1) model
##
                                                 Structured
##
## Latent Variables:
                      Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
##
     G =~
##
##
                          0.552
                                   0.037
                                           14.940
                                                      0.000
       Q1
##
       Q2
                          0.424
                                   0.044
                                           9.578
                                                      0.000
##
                          0.751
                                   0.033
                                           23.095
       QЗ
                                                      0.000
##
       Q4
                          0.646
                                   0.026
                                           24.975
                                                      0.000
##
                          0.707
                                   0.024
                                           28.962
       Q5
                                                      0.000
```

```
##
       Q6
                           0.544
                                    0.020
                                             27.752
                                                        0.000
##
       Q7
                           0.604
                                    0.031
                                                        0.000
                                             19.189
##
       Q8
                           0.624
                                    0.035
                                             17.789
                                                        0.000
##
       Q9
                           0.509
                                    0.031
                                             16.359
                                                        0.000
##
                           0.630
                                    0.023
                                             27.127
                                                        0.000
       Q10
##
     xi1 =~
                                                        0.000
##
                           0.504
                                    0.042
                                             11.853
       Q1
                           0.969
                                    0.036
                                             26.849
                                                        0.000
##
       Q2
##
       QЗ
                           0.481
                                    0.046
                                             10.460
                                                        0.000
                                    0.038
##
       Q4
                           0.338
                                              8.926
                                                        0.000
##
       Q10
                           0.177
                                    0.034
                                              5.219
                                                        0.000
##
     xi2 =~
##
       Q5
                           0.403
                                    0.033
                                             12.196
                                                        0.000
##
       Q6
                           0.187
                                    0.028
                                              6.785
                                                        0.000
##
       Q7
                           0.626
                                    0.030
                                             21.008
                                                        0.000
##
       Q8
                           0.728
                                    0.030
                                             24.409
                                                        0.000
##
       Q9
                           0.545
                                    0.030
                                             18.344
                                                        0.000
##
##
  Covariances:
##
                       Estimate
                                  Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
     G ~~
##
                           0.000
##
       xi1
                           0.000
##
       xi2
     xi1 ~~
##
##
       xi2
                           0.592
                                    0.039
                                             15.009
                                                        0.000
##
## Variances:
##
                       Estimate
                                  Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
##
      .Q1
                           0.618
                                    0.017
                                             35.612
                                                        0.000
##
      .Q2
                           0.029
                                    0.068
                                              0.429
                                                        0.668
##
      .Q3
                           0.368
                                    0.013
                                             28.113
                                                        0.000
##
      .Q4
                           0.541
                                    0.016
                                             33.910
                                                        0.000
##
      .Q5
                           0.583
                                    0.017
                                             34.146
                                                        0.000
##
      .Q6
                           0.601
                                    0.017
                                             34.903
                                                        0.000
##
      .Q7
                           0.381
                                    0.013
                                             29.836
                                                        0.000
##
                           0.259
                                    0.013
      .Q8
                                             19.423
                                                        0.000
##
      .Q9
                           0.779
                                    0.021
                                             37.237
                                                        0.000
                                    0.027
                                                        0.000
##
      .Q10
                           0.980
                                             35.945
##
       G
                           1.000
                           1.000
##
       xi1
##
       xi2
                           1.000
##
## lavaan 0.6-11 ended normally after 2995 iterations
##
##
     Estimator
                                                           ML
##
     Optimization method
                                                       NLMINB
##
     Number of model parameters
                                                           31
##
```

```
##
    Number of observations
                                                       3368
##
## Model Test User Model:
##
     Test statistic
                                                    473.665
##
##
     Degrees of freedom
                                                         24
     P-value (Chi-square)
                                                      0.000
##
##
## Model Test Baseline Model:
##
##
     Test statistic
                                                  16315.763
##
    Degrees of freedom
                                                         45
##
    P-value
                                                      0.000
##
## User Model versus Baseline Model:
##
##
     Comparative Fit Index (CFI)
                                                      0.972
     Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI)
                                                      0.948
##
##
## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria:
##
##
     Loglikelihood user model (HO)
                                                -42555.818
     Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1)
##
                                                -42318.985
##
##
     Akaike (AIC)
                                                  85173.636
##
     Bayesian (BIC)
                                                  85363.420
##
     Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC)
                                                  85264.919
##
## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation:
##
##
    RMSEA
                                                      0.075
##
     90 Percent confidence interval - lower
                                                      0.069
     90 Percent confidence interval - upper
##
                                                      0.081
     P-value RMSEA <= 0.05
##
                                                      0.000
##
## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual:
##
##
     SRMR
                                                      0.031
##
## Parameter Estimates:
##
##
     Standard errors
                                                   Standard
##
     Information
                                                   Expected
##
     Information saturated (h1) model
                                                Structured
##
## Latent Variables:
##
                      Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
##
     G =~
```

```
##
       Q1
                            0.709
                                      0.032
                                               22.375
                                                          0.000
##
       Q2
                            0.600
                                      0.031
                                               19.222
                                                          0.000
       QЗ
                                      0.023
##
                            0.906
                                               39.581
                                                          0.000
##
       Q4
                            0.747
                                      0.018
                                               42.135
                                                          0.000
                                               37.865
       Q5
                                      0.019
##
                            0.719
                                                          0.000
##
       Q6
                            0.514
                                      0.017
                                               31.097
                                                          0.000
       Q7
                                      0.022
                                               31.712
##
                            0.702
                                                          0.000
##
       Q8
                            0.745
                                      0.024
                                               30.485
                                                          0.000
       Q9
                                               24.419
##
                            0.585
                                      0.024
                                                          0.000
       Q10
                            0.599
                                      0.021
                                               28.118
                                                          0.000
##
##
     xi1 =~
##
                            0.042
                                      0.580
                                                0.072
                                                          0.943
       Q1
##
       Q2
                           7.417
                                   102.506
                                                0.072
                                                          0.942
##
       QЗ
                            0.032
                                      0.444
                                                0.072
                                                          0.943
                            0.020
                                                0.072
##
       Q4
                                      0.275
                                                          0.943
##
     xi2 =~
##
       Q5
                            0.339
                                      0.023
                                               14.464
                                                          0.000
                            0.169
                                      0.020
                                                8.531
                                                          0.000
##
       Q6
##
       Q7
                            0.512
                                      0.025
                                               20.682
                                                          0.000
                                      0.027
                                                          0.000
##
       Q8
                            0.597
                                               21.877
##
       Q9
                            0.470
                                      0.026
                                               17.878
                                                          0.000
                                      0.024
                                                          0.000
##
       Q10
                            0.090
                                                3.691
##
##
   Covariances:
                                   Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
##
                        Estimate
##
     G ~~
##
       xi1
                            0.000
##
       xi2
                            0.000
##
     xi1 ~~
##
       xi2
                            0.050
                                      0.696
                                                0.072
                                                          0.943
##
##
   Variances:
##
                        Estimate
                                   Std.Err
                                             z-value
                                                       P(>|z|)
##
      .Q1
                            0.673
                                      0.022
                                               30.757
                                                          0.000
      .Q2
                         -54.224 1520.571
                                               -0.036
                                                          0.972
##
##
      .Q3
                            0.342
                                      0.014
                                               23.661
                                                          0.000
                                               33.251
##
      .Q4
                            0.515
                                      0.015
                                                          0.000
##
      .Q5
                            0.613
                                      0.017
                                               36.728
                                                          0.000
##
      .Q6
                            0.640
                                      0.016
                                               38.876
                                                          0.000
##
      .Q7
                            0.383
                                      0.013
                                               29.834
                                                          0.000
##
      .Q8
                            0.267
                                      0.013
                                               20.706
                                                          0.000
##
                            0.772
                                      0.021
                                               36.838
                                                          0.000
      .Q9
##
      .Q10
                            1.040
                                      0.028
                                               37.806
                                                          0.000
##
       G
                            1.000
##
       xi1
                            1.000
##
                            1.000
       xi2
##
```

## lavaan 0.6-11 ended normally after 42 iterations

##		
##	Estimator	ML
##	Optimization method	NLMINB
##	Number of model parameters	33
##		
##	Number of observations	3368
##		
##	Model Test User Model:	
##		
##	Test statistic	454.085
##	Degrees of freedom	22
##	P-value (Chi-square)	0.000
##		
##	Model Test Baseline Model:	
##		
##		16315.763
	Degrees of freedom	45
	P-value	0.000
##		
	User Model versus Baseline Model:	
##	G (GDT)	0.070
##	,	0.973
##	Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI)	0.946
##	Indibalihand and Information Chitania.	
##	Loglikelihood and Information Criteria:	
##	I amlibalihand ugam madal (IIO)	-42546.028
##	Loglikelihood user model (H0)	
##	Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1)	-42310.903
##	Akaike (AIC)	85158.056
##	Bayesian (BIC)	85360.084
##	Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC)	85255.228
##	20mp-0 2-10 day 22000 20y 02-10-	002001220
	Root Mean Square Error of Approximation:	
##	The second of th	
##	RMSEA	0.076
##	90 Percent confidence interval - lower	0.070
##	90 Percent confidence interval - upper	0.083
	P-value RMSEA <= 0.05	0.000
##		
##	Standardized Root Mean Square Residual:	
##		
##	SRMR	0.029
##		
##	Parameter Estimates:	
##		
##		Standard
##	Information	Expected

```
Information saturated (h1) model
##
                                                  Structured
##
## Latent Variables:
##
                       Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
##
     G =~
##
       Q1
                          0.561
                                       NA
##
       Q2
                          0.411
                                       NA
##
       QЗ
                           0.780
                                       NA
##
       Q4
                          0.671
                                       NA
                          0.689
##
       Q5
                                       NA
##
       Q6
                          0.519
                                       NA
##
       Q7
                          0.603
                                       NA
##
       Q8
                          0.626
                                       NA
##
       Q9
                          0.498
                                       NA
##
                          0.601
                                       NA
       Q10
##
     xi1 =~
##
       Q1
                          0.482
                                       NA
##
                          1.027
                                       NA
       Q2
##
       QЗ
                          0.451
                                       NA
##
       Q4
                          0.314
                                       NA
##
     xi2 =~
##
       Q5
                          0.424
                                       NA
##
                          0.216
                                       NA
       Q6
##
       Q7
                          0.628
                                       NA
##
       Q8
                           0.722
                                       NA
                          0.558
##
       Q9
                                       NA
##
     xi3 =~
##
       Q10
                          0.702
                                       NA
##
## Covariances:
##
                       Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
     G ~~
##
                          0.000
##
       xi1
                          0.000
##
       xi2
##
       xi3
                          0.000
     xi1 ~~
##
##
       xi2
                          0.572
                                       NA
##
                          0.264
                                       NA
       xi3
##
     xi2 ~~
                          0.224
##
       xi3
                                       NA
##
## Variances:
##
                       Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
                          0.630
##
      .Q1
                                       NA
##
      .Q2
                         -0.077
                                       NA
##
      .Q3
                          0.352
                                       NA
##
                          0.525
                                       NA
      .Q4
##
      .Q5
                          0.591
                                       NA
```

```
##
      .Q6
                          0.616
                                       NA
##
                          0.381
      .Q7
                                       NA
      .Q8
                          0.267
                                       NA
##
##
      .Q9
                          0.775
                                       NA
      .Q10
                          0.554
##
                                       NA
##
       G
                          1.000
##
                          1.000
       xi1
##
       xi2
                          1.000
       xi3
                          1.000
##
##
## lavaan 0.6-11 ended normally after 50 iterations
##
##
     Estimator
                                                          ML
                                                     NLMINB
##
     Optimization method
     Number of model parameters
##
                                                          35
##
##
     Number of observations
                                                        3368
##
## Model Test User Model:
##
     Test statistic
                                                     206.078
##
     Degrees of freedom
                                                          20
##
     P-value (Chi-square)
                                                      0.000
##
##
## Model Test Baseline Model:
##
##
     Test statistic
                                                  16315.763
    Degrees of freedom
##
                                                          45
##
     P-value
                                                      0.000
##
## User Model versus Baseline Model:
##
##
     Comparative Fit Index (CFI)
                                                      0.989
     Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI)
##
                                                      0.974
##
## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria:
##
     Loglikelihood user model (HO)
##
                                                 -42422.024
     Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1)
##
                                                 -42318.985
##
##
     Akaike (AIC)
                                                  84914.049
##
     Bayesian (BIC)
                                                  85128.321
     Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC)
##
                                                  85017.110
##
## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation:
##
    RMSEA
##
                                                      0.053
     90 Percent confidence interval - lower
                                                      0.046
##
```

```
##
     90 Percent confidence interval - upper
                                                       0.059
     P-value RMSEA <= 0.05
##
                                                       0.248
##
## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual:
##
##
     SRMR
                                                       0.019
##
## Parameter Estimates:
##
##
     Standard errors
                                                    Standard
##
     Information
                                                    Expected
##
     Information saturated (h1) model
                                                  Structured
##
## Latent Variables:
##
                       Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
##
     G =~
##
       Q1
                          0.322
                                    0.078
                                             4.111
                                                       0.000
##
                          0.196
                                    0.090
                                             2.179
                                                       0.029
       Q2
##
       QЗ
                          0.675
                                    0.067
                                             10.054
                                                       0.000
                                                       0.000
##
       Q4
                          0.595
                                    0.051
                                             11.684
##
       Q5
                          0.570
                                    0.047
                                             12.094
                                                       0.000
##
       Q6
                          0.416
                                    0.034
                                             12.317
                                                       0.000
       Q7
##
                          0.449
                                    0.062
                                             7.268
                                                       0.000
##
       Q8
                          0.454
                                    0.069
                                             6.600
                                                       0.000
##
                          0.351
                                    0.057
                                             6.129
                                                       0.000
       Q9
##
       Q10
                          0.419
                                    0.043
                                             9.672
                                                       0.000
##
     xi1 =~
##
                          0.519
                                    0.038
                                             13.840
                                                       0.000
       Q1
##
       Q2
                          1.018
                                    0.034
                                             29.844
                                                       0.000
##
       QЗ
                          0.640
                                    0.070
                                             9.131
                                                       0.000
##
                                    0.061
                                             7.862
                                                       0.000
       Q4
                          0.476
##
     xi2 =~
##
                          0.577
                                    0.048
                                             12.054
                                                       0.000
       Q5
##
       Q6
                          0.262
                                    0.031
                                             8.332
                                                       0.000
##
                          0.747
                                    0.039
                                             19.267
       Q7
                                                       0.000
##
       Q8
                          0.836
                                    0.038
                                             21.881
                                                       0.000
##
       Q9
                          0.660
                                    0.034
                                             19.400
                                                       0.000
     xi3 =~
##
                                    0.061
##
       Q10
                          0.840
                                             13.857
                                                       0.000
##
       Q6
                          0.201
                                    0.028
                                             7.161
                                                       0.000
##
       Q1
                          0.313
                                    0.037
                                             8.487
                                                       0.000
##
## Covariances:
##
                       Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
     G ~~
##
                          0.000
##
       xi1
##
                          0.000
       xi2
##
                          0.000
       xi3
```

```
##
                     xi1 ~~
##
                              xi2
                                                                                                               0.696
                                                                                                                                                      0.036
                                                                                                                                                                                          19.354
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      0.000
                                                                                                                                                      0.058
                                                                                                                                                                                              7.090
##
                              xi3
                                                                                                               0.410
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      0.000
##
                     xi2 ~~
                                                                                                              0.429
                                                                                                                                                      0.052
                                                                                                                                                                                              8.236
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      0.000
##
                              xi3
##
## Variances:
##
                                                                                                 Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
                                                                                                               0.572
                                                                                                                                                      0.023
##
                           .Q1
                                                                                                                                                                                          24.759
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     0.000
                           .02
                                                                                                               0.073
                                                                                                                                                      0.064
                                                                                                                                                                                             1.129
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      0.259
##
##
                           .Q3
                                                                                                               0.297
                                                                                                                                                      0.016
                                                                                                                                                                                         19.145
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      0.000
##
                           .Q4
                                                                                                               0.492
                                                                                                                                                     0.017
                                                                                                                                                                                          29.527
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     0.000
##
                           .Q5
                                                                                                              0.588
                                                                                                                                                     0.017
                                                                                                                                                                                         33.891
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     0.000
##
                           .Q6
                                                                                                              0.604
                                                                                                                                                    0.017
                                                                                                                                                                                         36.143
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     0.000
##
                                                                                                              0.379
                                                                                                                                                     0.012
                                                                                                                                                                                         30.469
                           .Q7
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     0.000
##
                                                                                                              0.274
                                                                                                                                                     0.012
                                                                                                                                                                                         22.434
                           .Q8
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     0.000
##
                           .Q9
                                                                                                               0.776
                                                                                                                                                      0.021
                                                                                                                                                                                         37.111
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     0.000
##
                                                                                                                                                      0.097
                                                                                                                                                                                         5.405
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      0.000
                           .Q10
                                                                                                               0.527
##
                              G
                                                                                                               1.000
##
                                                                                                               1.000
                              xi1
##
                              xi2
                                                                                                               1.000
                                                                                                               1.000
##
                              xi3
#reliability, unidimensionality
        twofrel = round(semTools::reliability(bifactor_cfa)[-5,],2)
        twofrel = cbind(twofrel,NA)
        twofrel = cbind(twofrel, "two-factor")
        colnames(twofrel) = c("G", "$\\xi_1$","$\\xi_2$","$\\xi_3$","model")
        rownames(twofrel) = c("$\lambda ","$\lambda ",
        threefrel = round(semTools::reliability(bifactor_cfa_4)[-5,],2)
        threefrel = cbind(threefrel, "three-factor")
        colnames(threefrel) = colnames(twofrel)
        rownames(threefrel) = rownames(twofrel)
        write.csv(rbind(twofrel,threefrel),
                                                    file="composite reliability.csv")
        }
#measurement invariance
{
        #fit MI models
        gender_configural = cfa(bifactor_model,
                                                                                                                   data=df_clean[,c(SCS_vars, "gender")],
```

```
group="gender")
gender_weak = cfa(bifactor_model,
                        data=df_clean[,c(SCS_vars, "gender")],
                        group="gender",
                        group.equal=c("loadings") )
gender_strong = cfa(bifactor_model,
                  data=df_clean[,c(SCS_vars, "gender")],
                  group="gender",
                  group.equal=c("loadings","intercepts") )
gender_strict = cfa(bifactor_model,
                    data=df_clean[,c(SCS_vars, "gender")],
                    group="gender",
                    group.equal=c("loadings","intercepts","residuals") )
mi_gender_modelcomp = anova(gender_configural,
                            gender_weak,
                            gender_strong,
                            gender_strict)
mi_gender_compout=data.frame(cbind(DF=mi_gender_modelcomp$Df,
                        AIC=mi_gender_modelcomp$AIC,
                        BIC=mi_gender_modelcomp$BIC,
      Chisq=mi_gender_modelcomp$Chisq,
      Chisq_diff=mi_gender_modelcomp$`Chisq diff`,
      DF_diff=mi_gender_modelcomp$`Df diff`,
      p=mi_gender_modelcomp$`Pr(>Chisq)`))
rownames(mi_gender_compout) = c("configural MI",
                                "weak MI",
                                 "strong MI",
                                "strict MI")
write.csv(mi_gender_compout, "mi_gender_compout.csv")
df_agegroups = df_clean[,c(SCS_vars)]
df_agegroups$age = df_clean$age > median(df_clean$age)
age_configural = cfa(bifactor_model_4,
                        data=df_agegroups[,c(SCS_vars, "age")],
                        group="age")
age_weak = cfa(bifactor_model_4,
                  data=df_agegroups[,c(SCS_vars,"age")],
                  group="age",
                  group.equal=c("loadings") )
age_strong = cfa(bifactor_model_4,
                    data=df_agegroups[,c(SCS_vars, "age")],
```

```
group="age",
                      group.equal=c("loadings","intercepts") )
  age_strict = cfa(bifactor_model_4,
                      data=df_agegroups[,c(SCS_vars, "age")],
                      group="age",
                      group.equal=c("loadings","intercepts","residuals") )
 mi_age_modelcomp = anova(age_configural,
                              age_weak,
                              age_strong,
                              age_strict)
 mi_age_compout=data.frame(cbind(DF=mi_age_modelcomp$Df,
                                     AIC=mi_age_modelcomp$AIC,
                                     BIC=mi_age_modelcomp$BIC,
                                     Chisq=mi_age_modelcomp$Chisq,
                                     Chisq_diff=mi_age_modelcomp$`Chisq diff`,
                                     DF_diff=mi_age_modelcomp$`Df diff`,
                                     p=mi_age_modelcomp$`Pr(>Chisq)`))
  rownames(mi_age_compout) = c("configural MI",
                                  "weak MI",
                                  "strong MI",
                                  "strict MI")
  write.csv(mi_age_compout, "mi_age_compout.csv")
  #factor structure (just a reminder for
  #modification index interpretation):
  \# G = Q1+Q2+Q3+Q4+Q5+Q6+Q7+Q8+Q9+Q10
  # xi1 =~ Q1+Q2+Q3+Q4
  # xi2 =~ Q5+Q6+Q7+Q8+Q9
  # xi3 =~ Q10+Q6+Q1
  #look at mod. indices of strong invariance model
 modindices(gender_weak)
 modindices(age_weak)
}
## Warning in lav_object_post_check(object): lavaan WARNING: some estimated ov
## variances are negative
                                              epc sepc.lv sepc.all sepc.nox
##
       lhs op rhs block group level
                                       \mathtt{mi}
## 1
        G = ~ Q1
                     1
                           1
                                1 2.533 0.187
                                                   0.058
                                                            0.054
                                                                      0.054
## 11 xi1 =~
              Q1
                     1
                           1
                                 1 4.204 0.128
                                                    0.069
                                                             0.065
                                                                      0.065
                            1
                                1 0.308 0.031
                                                   0.018
                                                                      0.016
## 15 xi2 =~ Q5
                     1
                                                            0.016
## 20 xi3 =~ Q10
                     1
                           1
                                1 3.005 -0.329 -0.272 -0.231 -0.231
```

## 23	G ~~	vi1	1	1	1	0 212	0.004	0.022	0.022	0.022
## 24	G ~~		1	1	1		0.001	0.044	0.044	0.044
## 25	G ~~		1	1	1		-0.015	-0.059	-0.059	-0.059
## 57	G =~		2	2	1		-0.187	-0.057	-0.052	-0.052
	xi1 =~	Q1	2	2	1		-0.128	-0.068	-0.062	-0.062
	xi2 =~	Q5	2	2	1	0.308		-0.018	-0.016	-0.016
	xi3 =~	-	2	2	1		0.329	0.289	0.243	0.243
## 70 . ## 79	G ~~	-	2	2	1	0.212		-0.021	-0.021	-0.021
## 79	G ~~		2	2	1		-0.003	-0.021	-0.021	-0.021
## 81	G ~~		2	2	1	0.960	0.014	0.054	0.054	0.054
## 131			1	1	1	1.045	0.054	0.034	0.034	0.034
## 131 :		Q5	1	1	1		-0.024	-0.013	-0.013	-0.013
## 132 :		Q6		1	1		-0.024	-0.013		-0.013
## 134 :		Q7	1 1	1	1		-0.054	-0.029	-0.027 -0.025	-0.027
## 134 :		Q8	1	1	1			0.027	0.025	0.025
## 136 :		Q9	1	1	1		0.147 -0.172	-0.093	-0.079	-0.079
## 130		Q1	1	1	1		0.012	0.007	0.007	0.007
## 137		Q2	1	1	1		-0.072	-0.042	-0.039	-0.039
	xi2 =~		1	1	1	0.971	0.012	0.009	0.008	0.008
## 139 :		Q3 Q4	1	1	1		0.015	0.009	0.008	0.008
## 140 :		-	1	1	1			-0.045	-0.038	-0.038
## 142 :		Q2	1	1	1		0.178	0.147	0.137	0.038
## 143 :		Q3	1	1	1		0.001	0.001	0.001	0.137
## 144 :		Q4	1	1	1		-0.111	-0.092	-0.088	-0.088
## 145 :		Q5	1	1			0.111	0.122	0.110	0.110
## 146 :		Q7	1	1	1			-0.058	-0.054	-0.054
## 147 :		Q8	1	1	1			-0.076	-0.071	-0.071
## 147		Q9	1	1	1		0.114	0.095	0.084	0.084
	Q1 ~~	Q2	1	1	1	1.406	0.029	0.033	0.130	0.130
	Q1 ~~	Q3	1	1		10.168	0.048	0.029	0.130	0.130
## 151	Q1 ~~	Q4	1	1	1		-0.037	-0.037	-0.070	-0.070
## 151	Q1 ~~	Q5	1	1	1		0.010	0.010	0.018	0.018
## 153	Q1 ~~	Q6	1	1	1	4.030	0.039	0.039	0.068	0.068
	Q1 ~~	<b>Q</b> 7	1	1	1			0.003	0.016	0.016
	Q1 ~~	Q8	1	1	1			-0.014	-0.037	-0.037
	Q1 ~~	Q9	1	1	1		-0.032	-0.032	-0.052	-0.052
## 157	Q1 ~~		1	1		12.948		-0.176	-0.326	-0.326
## 158	Q2 ~~	Q3	1	1	1			-0.058	-0.371	-0.371
## 159	Q2 ~~	Q4	1	1	1			-0.008	-0.040	-0.040
## 160	Q2 ~~	Q5	1	1		15.002		0.069	0.305	0.305
## 161	Q2 ~~	Q6	1	1	1			-0.026	-0.110	-0.110
## 162	Q2 ~~	<b>Q</b> 7	1	1	1		-0.020	-0.020	-0.108	-0.108
## 163	Q2 ~~	Q8	1	1	1			-0.026	-0.177	-0.177
## 164	Q2 ~~	Q9	1	1	1			0.033	0.132	0.132
## 165	Q2 ~~		1	1		12.915	0.115	0.115	0.527	0.527
## 166	Q3 ~~	Q4	1	1		10.138	0.073	0.073	0.200	0.200
## 167	Q3 ~~	Q5	1	1		23.476		-0.077	-0.197	-0.197
## 168	Q3 ~~	Q6	1	1	1		0.007	0.007	0.017	0.017
=	٦-	٦,-	_	_	_					

## 1	169	Q3 ~~	Q7	1	1	1	0.064	-0.003	-0.003	-0.010	-0.010
## 1		Q3 ~~		1	1	1		0.010	0.010	0.037	0.037
## 1		Q3 ~~	-	1	1	1	6.855		0.041	0.095	0.095
	172	Q3 ~~	-	1	1	1		-0.035	-0.035	-0.092	-0.092
## 1		Q4 ~~	•	1	1	1	0.344	-0.010	-0.010	-0.019	-0.019
## 1		Q4 ~~	-	1	1	1		-0.038	-0.038	-0.071	-0.071
## 1		Q4 ~~	-	1	1	1	3.333	0.024	0.024	0.058	0.058
## 1		Q4 ~~	-	1	1	1		0.023	0.023	0.067	0.067
## 1		Q4 ~~		1	1	1		-0.039	-0.039	-0.066	-0.066
## 1		Q4 ~~	-	1	1	1		-0.029	-0.029	-0.057	-0.057
## 1		Q5 ~~	-	1	1	1	5.724	0.040	0.040	0.069	0.069
## 1		Q5 ~~	•	1	1	1	0.235	0.007	0.007	0.016	0.016
## 1		Q5 ~~	-	1	1	1		-0.005	-0.005	-0.013	-0.013
## 1		Q5 ~~	-	1	1	1		-0.050	-0.050	-0.080	-0.080
## 1		Q5 ~~	-	1	1	1		0.066	0.066	0.121	0.121
## 1		Q6 ~~	•	1	1	1		-0.019	-0.019	-0.042	-0.042
## 1		Q6 ~~	-	1	1	1		-0.023	-0.023	-0.061	-0.061
## 1		Q6 ~~	-	1	1	1	16.160	0.070	0.070	0.110	0.110
## 1		Q6 ~~	-	1	1	1	5.934		0.078	0.141	0.141
## 1		Q7 ~~	•	1	1	1	1.739	0.022	0.022	0.074	0.074
## 1		Q7 ~~	-	1	1	1		-0.023	-0.023	-0.045	-0.045
## 1		Q7 ~~	-	1	1	1		-0.030	-0.030	-0.068	-0.068
## 1		Q8 ~~	-	1	1	1		0.018	0.018	0.044	0.044
## 1		Q8 ~~	-	1	1	1		-0.031	-0.031	-0.087	-0.087
## 1		Q9 ~~	-	1	1	1		0.040	0.040	0.067	0.067
		xi1 =~		2	2	1	0.918	0.051	0.027	0.024	0.024
		xi1 =~	-	2	2	1		-0.096	-0.051	-0.052	-0.052
		xi1 =~	•	2	2	1		0.044	0.023	0.022	0.022
		xi1 =~	-	2	2	1		-0.030	-0.016	-0.015	-0.015
		xi1 =~		2	2	1		-0.028	-0.015	-0.013	-0.013
		xi1 =~	-	2	2	1		0.411	0.217	0.183	0.183
		xi2 =~	-	2	2	1		-0.061	-0.036	-0.033	-0.033
		xi2 =~	-	2	2	1	2.488	0.118	0.070	0.065	0.065
		xi2 =~		2	2	1		-0.037	-0.022	-0.020	-0.020
		xi2 =~		2	2	1		-0.002	-0.001	-0.001	-0.001
		xi2 =~	-	2	2	1		0.200	0.118	0.099	0.099
		xi3 =~	-	2	2	1		0.019	0.017	0.016	0.016
		xi3 =~	-	2	2	1		-0.005	-0.004	-0.004	-0.004
## 2	207	xi3 =~		2	2	1	0.690	-0.027	-0.024	-0.023	-0.023
		xi3 =~		2	2	1	14.860		0.108	0.096	0.096
## 2	209	xi3 =~		2	2	1	2.194	-0.041	-0.036	-0.034	-0.034
		xi3 =~	•	2	2	1		-0.063	-0.055	-0.051	-0.051
		xi3 =~	•	2	2	1		0.099	0.087	0.073	0.073
## 2		Q1 ~~	-	2	2	1	0.385	0.015	0.015	0.060	0.060
## 2		Q1 ~~		2	2		18.073		-0.065	-0.150	-0.150
## 2		Q1 ~~	-	2	2	1	4.546	0.033	0.033	0.062	0.062
## 2		Q1 ~~		2	2	1	0.366	0.010	0.010	0.017	0.017
## 2		Q1 ~~	-	2	2	1	1.699	0.025	0.025	0.042	0.042

## 217	Q1 ~~ Q7	2	2	1	1.502 0.017	0.017	0.035	0.035
## 218	Q1 ~~ Q8	2	2	1	0.393 0.009	0.009	0.021	0.021
## 219	Q1 ~~ Q9	2	2	1	15.322 -0.072	-0.072	-0.103	-0.103
## 220	Q1 ~~ Q10	2	2	1	6.670 0.129	0.129	0.246	0.246
## 221	Q2 ~~ Q3	2	2	1	5.119 0.044	0.044	0.236	0.236
## 222	Q2 ~~ Q4	2	2	1	1.559 -0.022	-0.022	-0.094	-0.094
## 223	Q2 ~~ Q5	2	2	1	0.003 -0.001	-0.001	-0.004	-0.004
## 224	Q2 ~~ Q6	2	2	1	0.516 -0.012	-0.012	-0.044	-0.044
## 225	Q2 ~~ Q7	2	2	1	0.045 0.003	0.003	0.015	0.015
## 226	Q2 ~~ Q8	2	2	1	1.951 -0.021	-0.021	-0.115	-0.115
## 227	Q2 ~~ Q9	2	2	1	5.733 0.043	0.043	0.143	0.143
## 228	Q2 ~~ Q10	2	2	1	0.387 -0.018	-0.018	-0.080	-0.080
## 229	Q3 ~~ Q4	2	2	1	0.234 0.010	0.010	0.026	0.026
## 230	Q3 ~~ Q5	2	2	1	0.042 0.003	0.003	0.008	0.008
## 231	Q3 ~~ Q6	2	2	1	0.741 0.013	0.013	0.030	0.030
## 232	Q3 ~~ Q7	2	2	1	1.239 -0.014	-0.014	-0.040	-0.040
## 233	Q3 ~~ Q8	2	2	1	0.229 -0.006	-0.006	-0.019	-0.019
## 234	Q3 ~~ Q9	2	2	1	2.274 0.026	0.026	0.049	0.049
## 235	Q3 ~~ Q10	2	2	1	3.517 0.036	0.036	0.092	0.092
## 236	Q4 ~~ Q5	2	2	1	0.889 0.016	0.016	0.029	0.029
## 237	Q4 ~~ Q6	2	2	1	14.131 -0.060	-0.060	-0.110	-0.110
## 238	Q4 ~~ Q7	2	2	1	0.996 0.014	0.014	0.031	0.031
## 239	Q4 ~~ Q8	2	2	1	0.968 0.013	0.013	0.033	0.033
## 240	Q4 ~~ Q9	2	2	1	5.102 -0.041	-0.041	-0.064	-0.064
## 241	Q4 ~~ Q10	2	2	1	0.556 -0.015	-0.015	-0.030	-0.030
## 242	Q5 ~~ Q6	2	2	1	13.149 0.061	0.061	0.100	0.100
## 243	Q5 ~~ Q7	2	2	1	0.581 0.012	0.012	0.024	0.024
## 244	Q5 ~~ Q8	2	2	1	1.793 -0.021	-0.021	-0.049	-0.049
## 245	Q5 ~~ Q9	2	2	1	21.614 -0.091	-0.091	-0.127	-0.127
## 246	Q5 ~~ Q10	2	2	1	8.134 0.057	0.057	0.108	0.108
## 247	Q6 ~~ Q7	2	2	1	0.012 -0.002	-0.002	-0.003	-0.003
## 248	Q6 ~~ Q8	2	2		10.651 -0.046	-0.046	-0.105	-0.105
## 249	Q6 ~~ Q9	2	2		16.568 0.076	0.076	0.106	0.106
## 250	Q6 ~~ Q10	2	2		10.481 -0.103	-0.103	-0.190	-0.190
## 251	Q7 ~~ Q8	2	2		13.549 0.065	0.065	0.186	0.186
## 252	Q7 ~~ Q9	2	2	1	11.459 -0.059	-0.059	-0.102	-0.102
	Q7 ~~ Q10	2	2	1	7.700 -0.049	-0.049	-0.113	-0.113
## 254	Q8 ~~ Q9	2	2	1	3.783 0.035	0.035	0.069	0.069
## 255	Q8 ~~ Q10	2	2	1	2.726 -0.030	-0.030	-0.078	-0.078
## 256	Q9 ~~ Q10	2	2	1	18.440 0.099	0.099	0.157	0.157

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