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_1	ALTER TABLE statement is used to add the columns to a table.	MySQL/DB2 Option 1. ALTER TABLE employee ADD income bigint; Option 2. ALTER TABLE employee ADD COLUMN income bigint;
<u></u> 1 <u></u> 5ET	MySQL: ALTER TABLE MODIFY COLUMN MODIFY COLUMN clause is used with the ALTER TABLE statement to modify the data type of columns. Db2: ALTER TABLE ALTER COLUMN statement is used to modify the data type of columns.	MySQL: ALTER TABLE employee MODIFY COLUMN mobile SET DATA TYPE CHAR(20); DB2: ALTER TABLE employee ALTER COLUMN mobile SET DATA TYPE CHAR(20);
	ALTER TABLE DROP COLUMN statement is used to remove columns from a table.	MySQL/DB2: ALTER TABLE employee DROP COLUMN mobile ;
	MySQL: ALTER TABLE CHANGE COLUMN CHANGE COLUMN clause is used to rename the columns in a table. DB2: ALTER TABLE RENAME COLUMN statement is used to rename the columns in a table.	MySQL: ALTER TABLE employee CHANGE COLUMN first_name name VARCHAR(255); DB2: ALTER TABLE employee RENAME COLUMN first_name TO name;
	MySQL: TRUNCATE TABLE statement is used to delete all of the rows in a table. Db2: The IMMEDIATE specifies to process the statement immediately and that it cannot be undone.	MySQL: TRUNCATE TABLE employee; DB2: TRUNCATE TABLE employee IMMEDIATE;
	Use the DROP TABLE statement to delete a table from a database. If you delete a table that contains data, by default the data will be deleted alongside the table.	MySQL/DB2: DROP TABLE employee ;