## Bias-Variance Tradeoff

Monday, March 6, 2023 5:01 PM

Bias-variance trade-off

$$MSE(n_0) = E(y_0 - \hat{f}(n_0))^2$$

$$= E(f(n_0) + E - \hat{f}(n_0))^2$$

$$= E(f(n_0) - E(\hat{f}(n_0)) + E(\hat{f}(n_0)) - \hat{f}(n_0) + E)^2$$

$$= E(f(n_0) - E(\hat{f}(n_0)) + E(\hat{f}(n_0)) - \hat{f}(n_0))^2$$

$$= E(f(n_0) - E(\hat{f}(n_0)) + E(\hat{f}(n_0)) - \hat{f}(n_0))^2$$
in the pantience
$$+ Z E(E) E(f(n_0) - E(\hat{f}(n_0)) + E(\hat{f}(n_0)) - \hat{f}(n_0)$$
of E and No
$$= E(E^2) Var(E)$$

$$(E(\hat{f}(n_0)) - \hat{f}(n_0)) + E(E(\hat{f}(n_0)) - \hat{f}(n_0))^2 + Var(E)$$

 $E\left[\left(f(n_0)-E\left(\hat{f}(n_0)\right)\right]^2+Z\right]E\left(f(n_0)-E\left(\hat{f}(n_0)\right)\right]$ 

$$= E(f(n_0) - E(\hat{f}(n_0)))^2 + E(\hat{f}(n_0) - E(\hat{f}(n_0)))^2 + Var(E) = Bias(\hat{f}(n_0)) + Var(\hat{f}(n_0)) + Var(E)$$

## Binomial distribution(Exponential Family)

Tuesday, March 7, 2023 4:11 PM

$$f(3) = {n \choose 3} p^{3} (1-p)^{n-3} = exp \left[ log \left( {n \choose 3} p^{3} (1-p)^{n-3} \right) \right]$$

$$= exp \left[ log \left( {n \choose 3} \right) + y log p + |n-y| log (1-p) \right]$$

$$= exp \left[ log \left( {n \choose 3} \right) + y log p - y log (1-p) + n log (1-p) \right]$$

$$= exp \left[ log \left( {n \choose 3} \right) + y log \frac{p}{1-p} + n log (1-p) \right]$$

$$= exp \left[ log \left( {n \choose 3} \right) + y log \frac{p}{1-p} + n log (1-p) \right]$$

$$= exp \left[ log \left( {n \choose 3} \right) + y log \frac{p}{1-p} + n log (1-p) \right]$$

$$= exp \left[ log \left( {n \choose 3} \right) + y log \frac{p}{1-p} + n log (1-p) \right]$$

$$= exp \left[ log \left( {n \choose 3} \right) + y log \frac{p}{1-p} + n log (1-p) \right]$$

$$= exp \left[ log \left( {n \choose 3} \right) + y log \frac{p}{1-p} + n log (1-p) \right]$$

$$= exp \left[ log \left( {n \choose 3} \right) + y log \frac{p}{1-p} + n log (1-p) \right]$$

$$= exp \left[ log \left( {n \choose 3} \right) + y log \frac{p}{1-p} + n log (1-p) \right]$$

$$= exp \left[ log \left( {n \choose 3} \right) + y log \frac{p}{1-p} + n log (1-p) \right]$$

$$= exp \left[ log \left( {n \choose 3} \right) + y log \frac{p}{1-p} + n log (1-p) \right]$$

$$= exp \left[ log \left( {n \choose 3} \right) + y log \frac{p}{1-p} + n log (1-p) \right]$$

$$= exp \left[ log \left( {n \choose 3} \right) + y log \frac{p}{1-p} + n log (1-p) \right]$$

$$= exp \left[ log \left( {n \choose 3} \right) + y log \frac{p}{1-p} + n log (1-p) \right]$$

$$= exp \left[ log \left( {n \choose 3} \right) + y log \frac{p}{1-p} + n log (1-p) \right]$$

$$= exp \left[ log \left( {n \choose 3} \right) + y log \frac{p}{1-p} + n log (1-p) \right]$$

$$= exp \left[ log \left( {n \choose 3} \right) + y log \frac{p}{1-p} + n log (1-p) \right]$$

$$= exp \left[ log \left( {n \choose 3} \right) + y log \frac{p}{1-p} + n log (1-p) \right]$$

$$= exp \left[ log \left( {n \choose 3} \right) + y log \frac{p}{1-p} + n log (1-p) \right]$$

$$= exp \left[ log \left( {n \choose 3} \right) + y log \frac{p}{1-p} + n log (1-p) \right]$$

$$= exp \left[ log \left( {n \choose 3} \right) + y log \frac{p}{1-p} + n log (1-p) \right]$$

$$= exp \left[ log \left( {n \choose 3} \right) + y log \frac{p}{1-p} + n log (1-p) \right]$$

$$= exp \left[ log \left( {n \choose 3} \right) + y log \frac{p}{1-p} + n log (1-p) \right]$$

$$= exp \left[ log \left( {n \choose 3} \right) + y log \frac{p}{1-p} + n log (1-p) \right]$$

$$= exp \left[ log \left( {n \choose 3} \right) + y log \frac{p}{1-p} + n log (1-p) \right]$$

$$= exp \left[ log \left( {n \choose 3} \right) + y log \frac{p}{1-p} + n log (1-p) \right]$$

$$= exp \left[ log \left( {n \choose 3} \right) + y log \frac{p}{1-p} + n log (1-p) \right]$$

$$= exp \left[ log \left( {n \choose 3} \right) + y log \frac{p}{1-p} + n log (1-p) \right]$$

$$= exp \left[ log \left( {n \choose 3} \right) + y log \frac{p}{1-p} + n log (1-p) \right]$$

$$= exp \left[ log \left( {n \choose 3} \right) + y log \frac{p}$$

## Poisson and Weibull Distributions

Tuesday, March 7, 2023 4:11 PM

$$f(n) = \frac{\lambda^{n} e^{-\lambda}}{n!} = \exp\left(\log\left(\frac{\lambda^{n} e^{-\lambda}}{n!}\right)\right)$$

$$= \exp\left(n\log\lambda - \lambda - \log n!\right)$$

$$= \operatorname{canonical}$$

$$= \operatorname{canonical}$$

$$= \operatorname{canonical}$$

$$= \operatorname{canonical}$$

$$= \operatorname{canonical}$$

$$= \operatorname{canonical}$$

Weibull (0, ))

$$f(y) = \frac{\lambda y^{\lambda-1}}{\theta^{\lambda}} \exp\left(-\left(\frac{y}{\theta}\right)^{\lambda}\right)$$

$$= \exp\left(\log\left(\frac{\lambda y^{\lambda-1}}{\theta^{\lambda}} \exp\left(-\left(\frac{y}{\theta}\right)^{\lambda}\right)\right) \exp\left(-\left(\frac{y}{\theta}\right)^{\lambda}\right)$$

$$= \exp\left(\log\lambda + (\lambda-1)\log y - \lambda\log\theta - \left(\frac{y}{\theta}\right)^{\lambda}\right)$$

$$= \exp\left(\sqrt{\chi_{1}} + \chi_{2}\right)$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
X = \begin{pmatrix} X_1 \\ X_2 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \overline{J} = Var(X) = \begin{pmatrix} Var(X_1) & Lov(X_1, X_2) \\ Cov(X_1, x_2) & Var(X_2) \end{pmatrix} \\
\overline{U}^{-1} : \overline{U} = Var(X) = \begin{pmatrix} Var(X_1) & Lov(X_1, X_2) \\ Var(X_2) & Var(X_2) \end{pmatrix} \\
\overline{U}^{-1} : \overline{U} = Var(X) = \begin{pmatrix} Var(X_1) & Lov(X_1, X_2) \\ Var(X_2) & Var(X_2) \end{pmatrix}$$