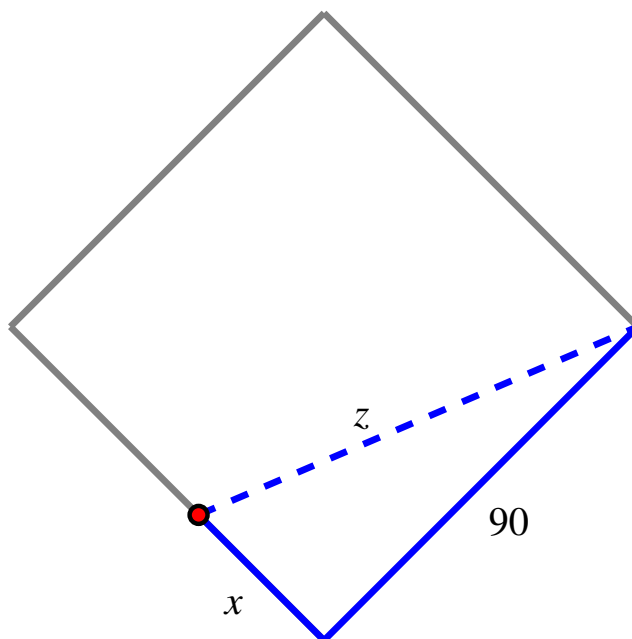


**Activity 3.5.5.** A baseball diamond is 90' square. A batter hits a ball along the third base line and runs to first base. At what rate is the distance between the ball and first base changing when the ball is halfway to third base, if at that instant the ball is traveling 100 feet/sec? At what rate is the distance between the ball and the runner changing at the same instant, if at the same instant the runner is 1/8 of the way to first base running at 30 feet/sec?

**Solution.** We let  $x$  denote the position of the ball at time  $t$  and  $z$  the distance from the ball to first base, as pictured below.



By the Pythagorean Theorem, we know that  $x^2 + 90^2 = z^2$ ; differentiating with respect to  $t$ , we have

$$2x \frac{dx}{dt} = 2z \frac{dz}{dt}.$$

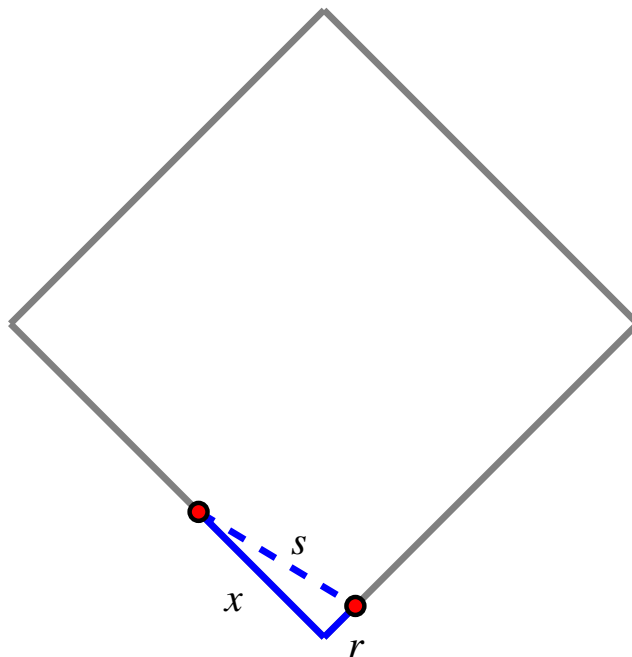
At the instant the ball is halfway to third base, we know  $x = 45$  and  $\left. \frac{dx}{dt} \right|_{x=45} = 100$ . Moreover, by Pythagoras,  $z^2 = 90^2 + 45^2$ , so  $z = 45\sqrt{5}$ . Thus,

$$2 \cdot 45 \cdot 100 = 2 \cdot 45\sqrt{5} \cdot \left. \frac{dz}{dt} \right|_{x=45},$$

so

$$\left. \frac{dz}{dt} \right|_{x=45} = \frac{100}{\sqrt{5}} \approx 44.7214 \text{ feet/sec.}$$

For the second question, we still let  $x$  represent the ball's position at time  $t$ , but now we introduce  $r$  as the runner's position at time  $t$  and let  $s$  be the distance between the runner and the ball. In this setting, as seen in the diagram below,



$x$ ,  $r$ , and  $s$  form the sides of a right triangle, so that

$$x^2 + r^2 = s^2,$$

by the Pythagorean Theorem. Differentiating each side with respect to  $t$ , it follows that the three rates of change are related by the equation

$$2x \frac{dx}{dt} + 2r \frac{dr}{dt} = 2s \frac{ds}{dt}.$$

We are given that at the instant  $x = 45$ ,  $r = \frac{90}{8}$ , so by Pythagoras,  $s = \frac{45}{4}\sqrt{17}$ . In addition, at this same instant we know that  $\frac{dx}{dt}\big|_{x=45} = 100$  and  $\frac{dr}{dt}\big|_{x=45} = 30$ . Applying this information,

$$2 \cdot 45 \cdot 100 + 2 \cdot \frac{45}{4} \cdot 30 = 2 \cdot \frac{45}{4} \sqrt{17} \cdot \frac{ds}{dt}\bigg|_{x=45}$$

and therefore

$$\frac{ds}{dt}\bigg|_{x=45} = \frac{430}{\sqrt{17}} \approx 104.2903 \text{ feet/sec.}$$