Winter 2020

Name:

P2-2 For which of the following situations is it more appropriate to use induction (circle one).

1. For all integers a and b,

$$(a+b)^2 \equiv (a^2 + b^2) \pmod{2}$$
.

2. For each natural number n,

$$1+3+5+\cdots+(2n-1)=n^2$$
.

Explain why you chose that statement to prove by induction.

For the statement you chose, state what your steps would be in a proof by induction.

S1-1 Let $A = \{1, \{2\}, \{3, 4\}, 5\}$. From the list $\in, \notin, =, \neq, \subseteq, \not\subseteq, \subset, \not\subset$, fill in a correct symbol for each of the following:

$$- \{2\}$$
____A

$$-\{1,2,3,4,5\}$$
___A

- S2-1 Let $U = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10\}$ be the universal set. Let $A = \{3, 4, 5, 6, 7\}$ and $B = \{1, 5, 7, 9\}$.
 - 1. Find $A \cap B$
 - 2. Find $A \cup B$
 - 3. Find A^C
 - 4. Find $A \setminus B$ (or A B).