

**NATIONAL TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF UKRAINE
“IGOR SIKORSKY KYIV POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE”**

Faculty of Informatics and Computer Engineering

Department of Computer Engineering

Distributed Information Systems

Lab №1 Java Networking

Through the classes in java.net, Java programs can use TCP or UDP to communicate over the Internet. The URL, URLConnection, Socket, and ServerSocket classes all use TCP to communicate over the network. The DatagramPacket, DatagramSocket, and MulticastSocket classes are for use with UDP.

Student, group IM-14 FIOT

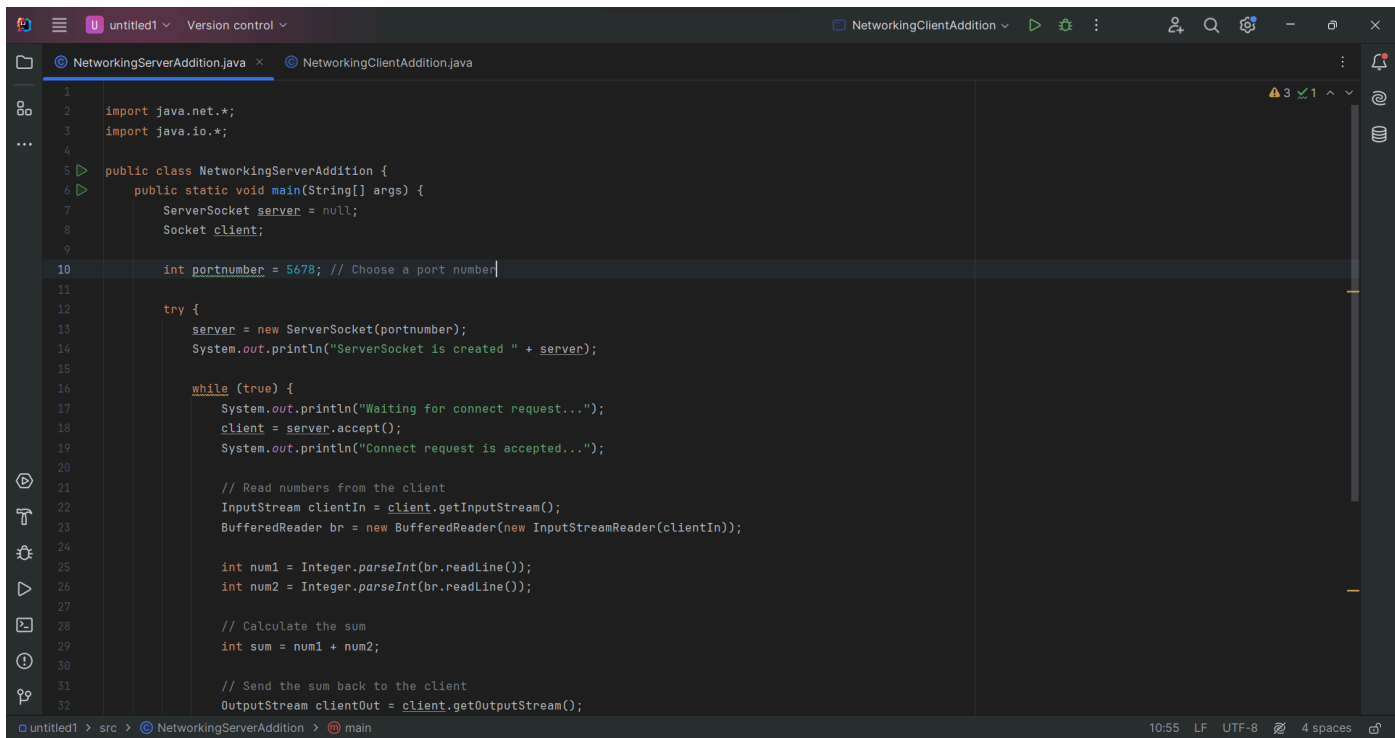
MEHMET KULUBECIOGLU

Reviewer YULIA TIMOFEEVA

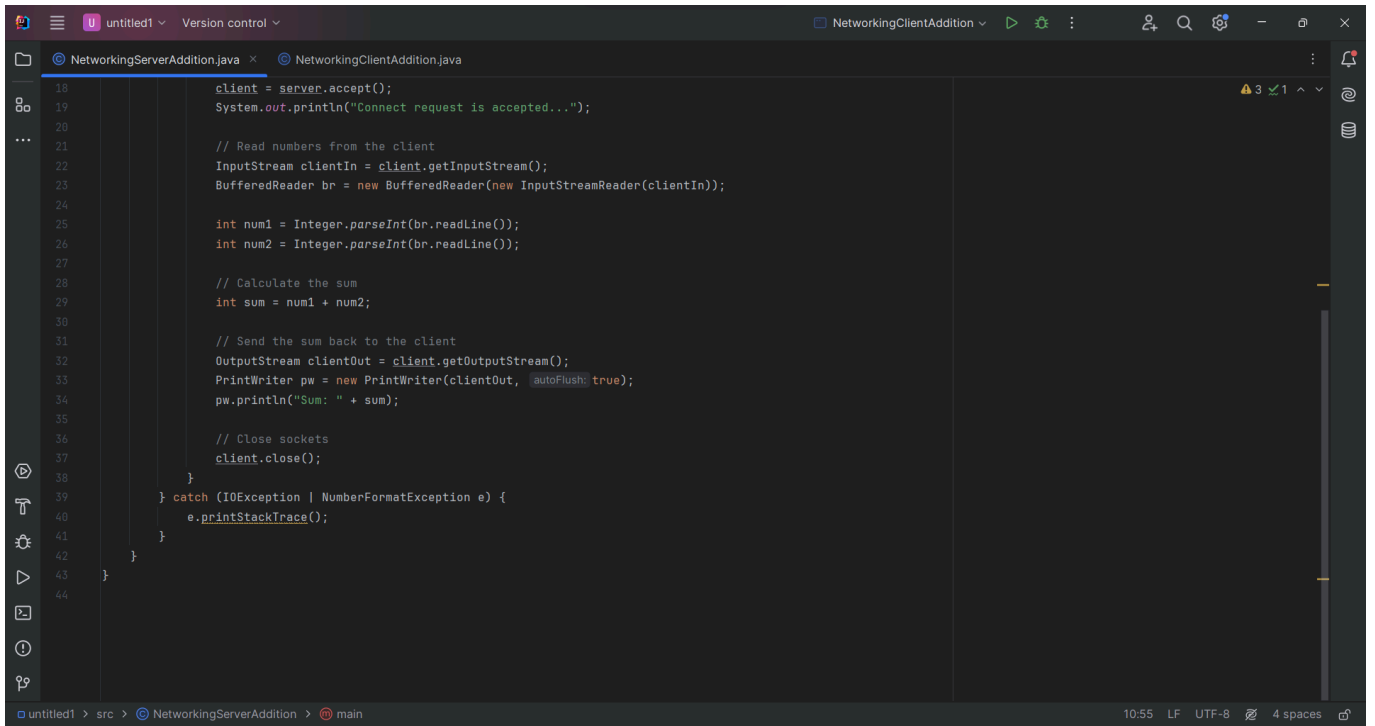
Task

- 1) Write and test Client and Server projects
- 2) Write and test Multicast Client and Server projects
- 3) Create your own NetworkingServer and NetworkingClient applications as following. The client send two numbers and the server sends back addition of the two numbers.
- 4) Write report with screenshots from tasks 1-3 and your code from task 3

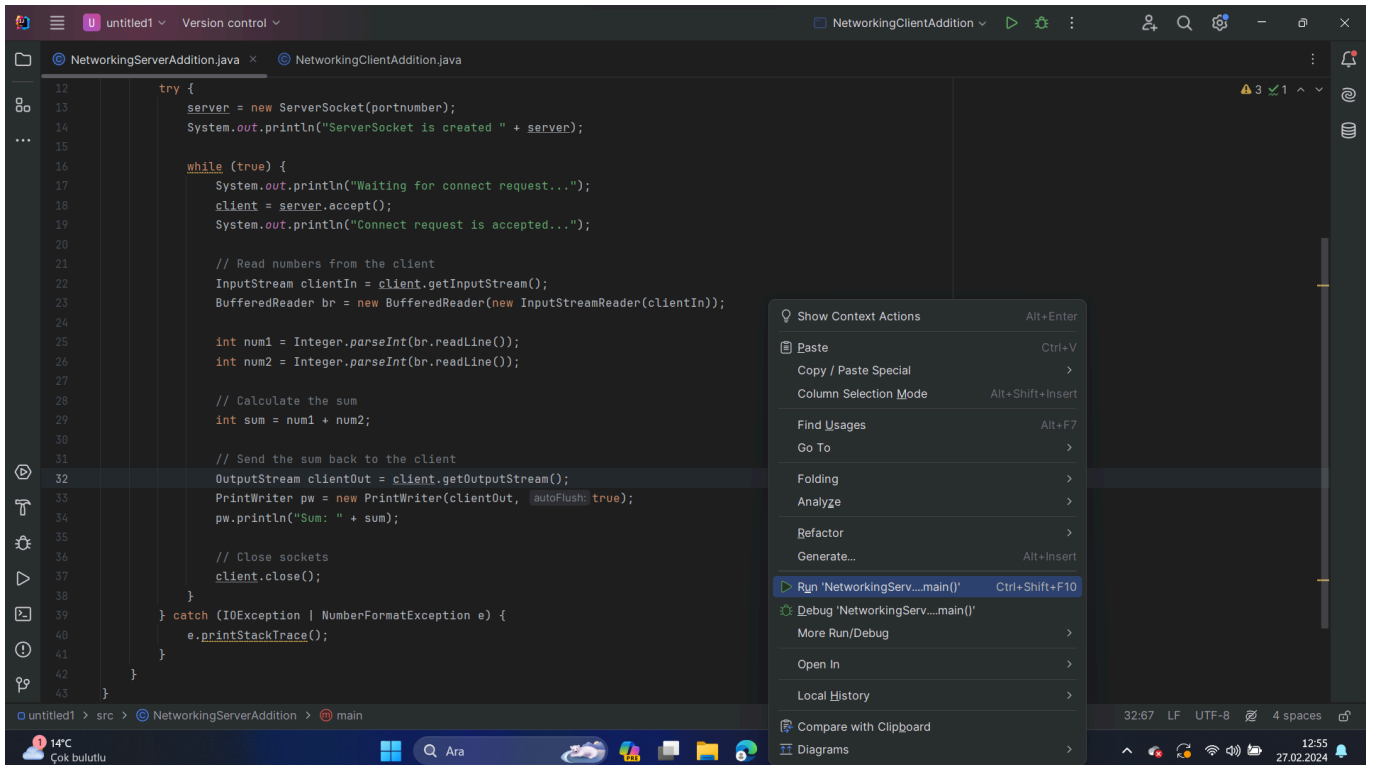
MY FULL CODES:



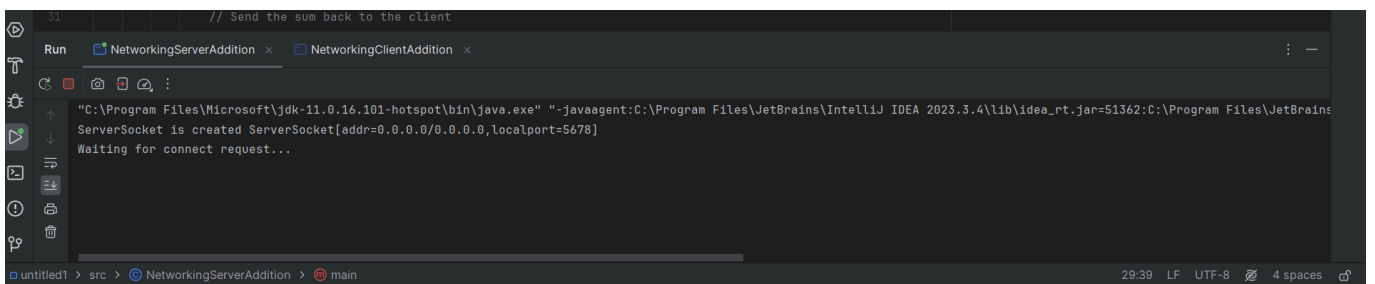
```
1  import java.net.*;
2  import java.io.*;
3
4
5  public class NetworkingServerAddition {
6      public static void main(String[] args) {
7          ServerSocket server = null;
8          Socket client;
9
10         int portnumber = 5678; // Choose a port number;
11
12         try {
13             server = new ServerSocket(portnumber);
14             System.out.println("ServerSocket is created " + server);
15
16             while (true) {
17                 System.out.println("Waiting for connect request...");
18                 client = server.accept();
19                 System.out.println("Connect request is accepted...");
20
21                 // Read numbers from the client
22                 InputStream clientIn = client.getInputStream();
23                 BufferedReader br = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(clientIn));
24
25                 int num1 = Integer.parseInt(br.readLine());
26                 int num2 = Integer.parseInt(br.readLine());
27
28                 // Calculate the sum
29                 int sum = num1 + num2;
30
31                 // Send the sum back to the client
32                 OutputStream clientOut = client.getOutputStream();
```



```
18     client = server.accept();
19     System.out.println("Connect request is accepted...");
20
21     // Read numbers from the client
22     InputStream clientIn = client.getInputStream();
23     BufferedReader br = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(clientIn));
24
25     int num1 = Integer.parseInt(br.readLine());
26     int num2 = Integer.parseInt(br.readLine());
27
28     // Calculate the sum
29     int sum = num1 + num2;
30
31     // Send the sum back to the client
32     OutputStream clientOut = client.getOutputStream();
33     PrintWriter pw = new PrintWriter(clientOut, true);
34     pw.println("Sum: " + sum);
35
36     // Close sockets
37     client.close();
38 }
39 } catch (IOException | NumberFormatException e) {
40     e.printStackTrace();
41 }
42 }
43 }
44 }
```



```
12     try {
13         server = new ServerSocket(portnumber);
14         System.out.println("ServerSocket is created " + server);
15
16         while (true) {
17             System.out.println("Waiting for connect request...");
18             client = server.accept();
19             System.out.println("Connect request is accepted...");
20
21             // Read numbers from the client
22             InputStream clientIn = client.getInputStream();
23             BufferedReader br = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(clientIn));
24
25             int num1 = Integer.parseInt(br.readLine());
26             int num2 = Integer.parseInt(br.readLine());
27
28             // Calculate the sum
29             int sum = num1 + num2;
30
31             // Send the sum back to the client
32             OutputStream clientOut = client.getOutputStream();
33             PrintWriter pw = new PrintWriter(clientOut, true);
34             pw.println("Sum: " + sum);
35
36             // Close sockets
37             client.close();
38         }
39     } catch (IOException | NumberFormatException e) {
40         e.printStackTrace();
41     }
42 }
43 }
```



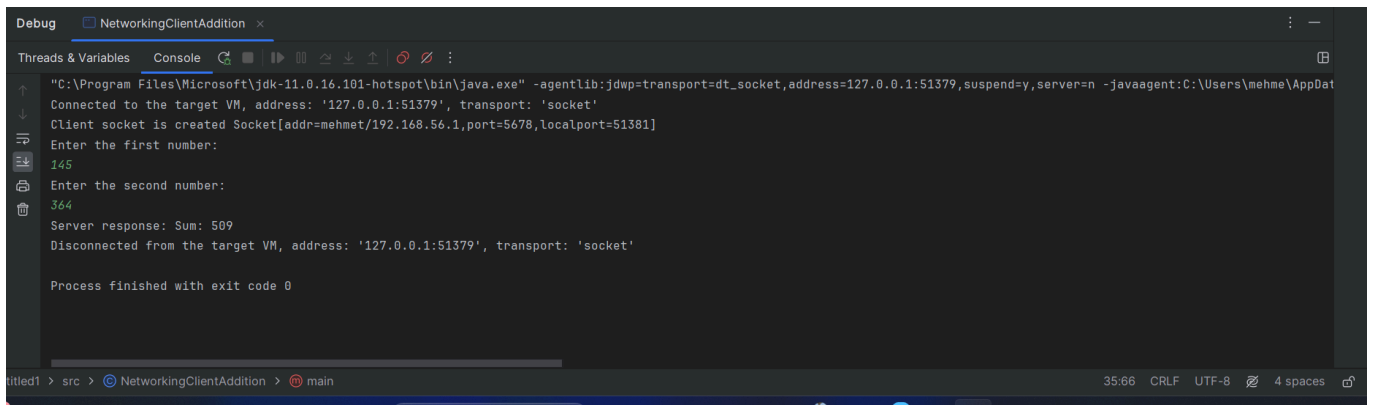
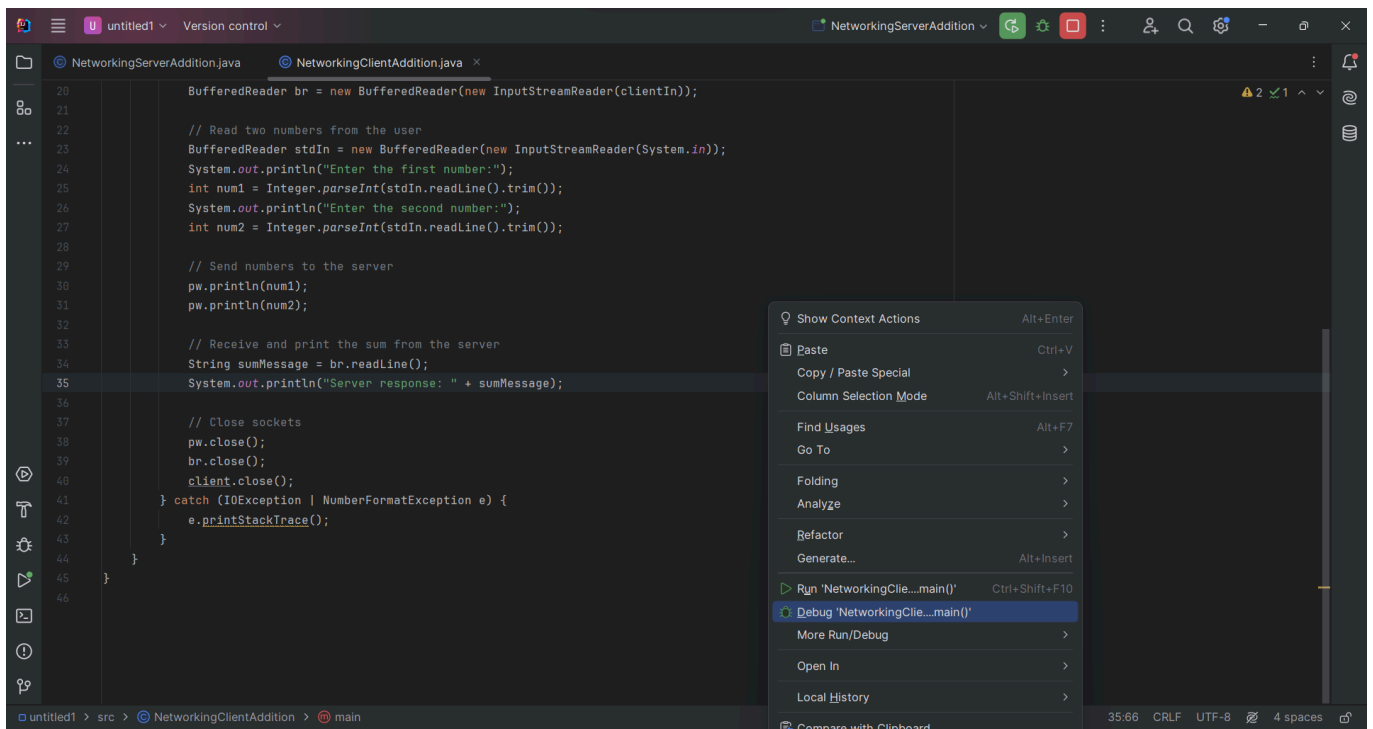
```
Run
C:\Program Files\Microsoft\jdk-11.0.16-hotspot\bin\java.exe -javaagent:C:\Program Files\JetBrains\IntelliJ IDEA 2023.3.4\lib\idea_rt.jar=51362:C:\Program Files\JetBrains\...
ServerSocket is created ServerSocket[addr=0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0,localport=5678]
Waiting for connect request...
```

```
1 import java.io.*;
2 import java.net.*;
3
4 public class NetworkingClientAddition {
5     public static void main(String[] args) {
6         Socket client = null;
7         int portnumber = 5678; // Use the same port number as the server
8
9         try {
10             // Create a client socket
11             client = new Socket(InetAddress.getLocalHost(), portnumber);
12             System.out.println("Client socket is created " + client);
13
14             // Create output stream
15             OutputStream clientOut = client.getOutputStream();
16             PrintWriter pw = new PrintWriter(clientOut, autoFlush true);
17
18             // Create input stream
19             InputStream clientIn = client.getInputStream();
20             BufferedReader br = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(clientIn));
21
22             // Read two numbers from the user
23             BufferedReader stdIn = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(System.in));
24             System.out.println("Enter the first number:");
25             int num1 = Integer.parseInt(stdIn.readLine().trim());
26             System.out.println("Enter the second number:");
27             int num2 = Integer.parseInt(stdIn.readLine().trim());
28
29             // Send numbers to the server
30             pw.println(num1);
31             pw.println(num2);
32         }
33     }
34 }
```

untitled1 > src > NetworkingClientAddition > main 16:63 CRLF UTF-8 4 spaces

```
20 BufferedReader br = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(clientIn));
21
22 // Read two numbers from the user
23 BufferedReader stdIn = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(System.in));
24 System.out.println("Enter the first number:");
25 int num1 = Integer.parseInt(stdIn.readLine().trim());
26 System.out.println("Enter the second number:");
27 int num2 = Integer.parseInt(stdIn.readLine().trim());
28
29 // Send numbers to the server
30 pw.println(num1);
31 pw.println(num2);
32
33 // Receive and print the sum from the server
34 String sumMessage = br.readLine();
35 System.out.println("Server response: " + sumMessage);
36
37 // Close sockets
38 pw.close();
39 br.close();
40 client.close();
41 } catch (IOException | NumberFormatException e) {
42     e.printStackTrace();
43 }
44 }
45 }
46 }
```

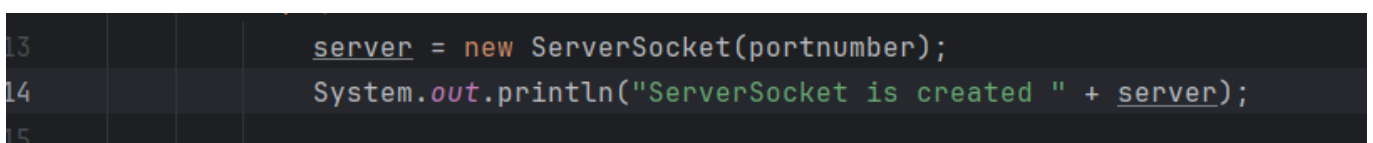
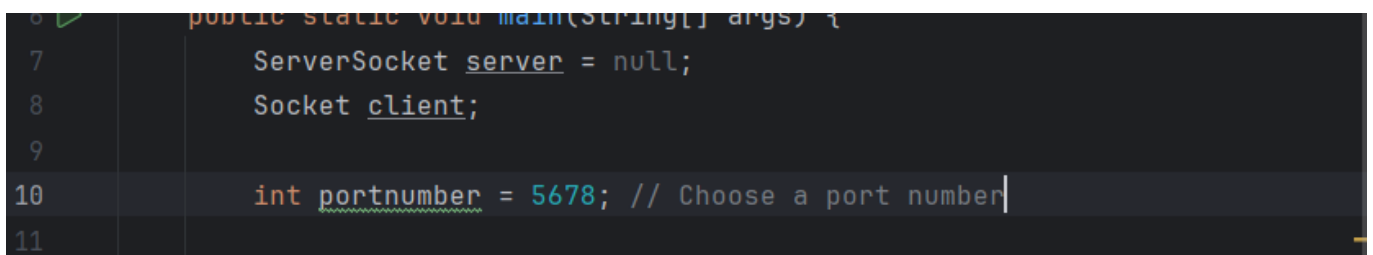
untitled1 > src > NetworkingClientAddition > main 16:63 CRLF UTF-8 4 spaces



NetworkingServerAddition Application:

1- Starting Server and Waiting for Connection:

- A TCP server was created using the ServerSocket and Socket classes.



```
17      System.out.println("waiting for connect request... ");
18      client = server.accept();
```

2- Reading and Adding Numbers from the Client:

- Used BufferedReader and InputStream to read numbers from the client.

```
21      // Read numbers from the client
22      InputStream clientIn = client.getInputStream();
23      BufferedReader br = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(clientIn));
24
25      int num1 = Integer.parseInt(br.readLine());
26      int num2 = Integer.parseInt(br.readLine());|
27
```

```
28      // Calculate the sum
29      int sum = num1 + num2;|
30
```

3- Sending Results and Closing Sockets:

- Used PrintWriter and OutputStream to send the calculated total to the client.

```
31      // Send the sum back to the client
32      OutputStream clientOut = client.getOutputStream();
33      PrintWriter pw = new PrintWriter(clientOut, autoFlush: true);
34      pw.println("Sum: " + sum);
35
```

```
36      // Close sockets
37      client.close();|
```

NetworkingClientAddition Implementation:

1- Creating a Client Socket and Connecting to the Server:

- A TCP client socket was created using the Socket class.

```
6      Socket client = null;
7      int portnumber = 5678; // Use the same port number as the server
8  }
```

```
10     // Create a client socket
11     client = new Socket(InetAddress.getLocalHost(), portnumber);
12     System.out.println("Client socket is created " + client);
13 }
```

2- Sending Numbers and Receiving Response from Server:

- Two numbers received from the user are prepared to be sent to the server.

```
14     // Create output stream
15     OutputStream clientOut = client.getOutputStream();
16     PrintWriter pw = new PrintWriter(clientOut, autoFlush: true);
17 }
```

```
22     // Read two numbers from the user
23     BufferedReader stdIn = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(System.in));
24     System.out.println("Enter the first number:");
25     int num1 = Integer.parseInt(stdIn.readLine().trim());
26     System.out.println("Enter the second number:");
27     int num2 = Integer.parseInt(stdIn.readLine().trim());
28 }
```

- Used PrintWriter and OutputStream to send numbers to the server.

```
29      // Send numbers to the server
30      pw.println(num1);
31      pw.println(num2);
32
```

- The response from the server was received using BufferedReader and InputStream and written to the screen.

```
33      // Receive and print the sum from the server
34      String sumMessage = br.readLine();
35      System.out.println("Server response: " + sumMessage);
36
```

3- Closing Sockets:

- After the client completes the transaction, the sockets are closed.

```
37      // Close sockets
38      pw.close();
39      br.close();
40      client.close();
41      } catch (IOException | NumberFormatException e) {
```

Running the Application and Result:

- The server application is started on the specified port number and goes into connection waiting.
- The client application connected to a server for which it knew the server socket number, received two numbers from the user, and wrote the result to the screen.