

Exercise 1.19



Let A, B be arrays corresponding to two vectors of size n and m , respectively. Construct program graphs for the following operations:

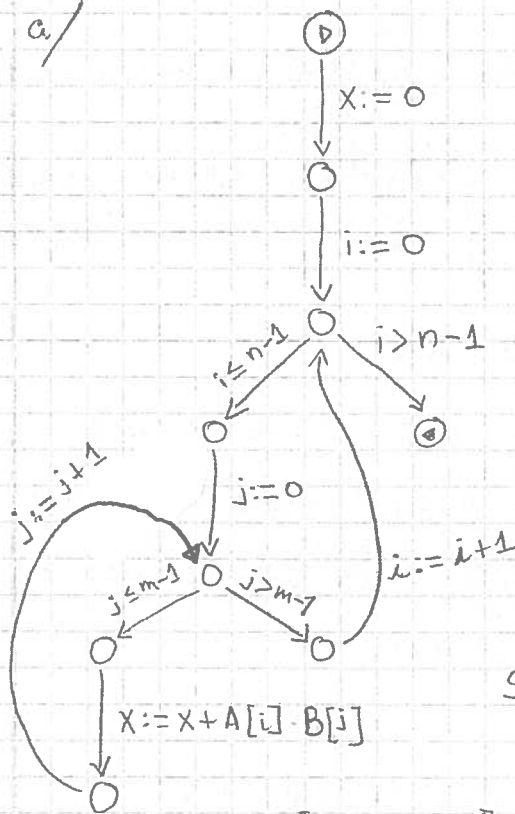
a. The inner product being the number defined by

$$\sum_{i=0}^{n-1} \sum_{j=0}^{m-1} A[i] \cdot B[j]$$

b. The outer product being an $n \times m$ matrix C with (i, j) 'th entry given by $C[i, j] = A[i] \cdot B[j]$.

Define the corresponding semantics

a/



The memory of the semantics will specify the elements of arrays A and B as well as the values of variables x, i and j and the sizes of A and B , denoted by n and m .

We shall define the semantic function $S[\cdot]$ for each of the actions in the PROGRAM GRAPH.

$$\text{Var} = \{x, i, j, n, m\}$$

$$\text{Arr} = \{A, B\}$$

$$\sigma = (\text{Var} \cup \{C[i] \mid C \in \text{Arr}, 0 \leq i \leq \text{size}(C)\}) \rightarrow \text{Val}$$

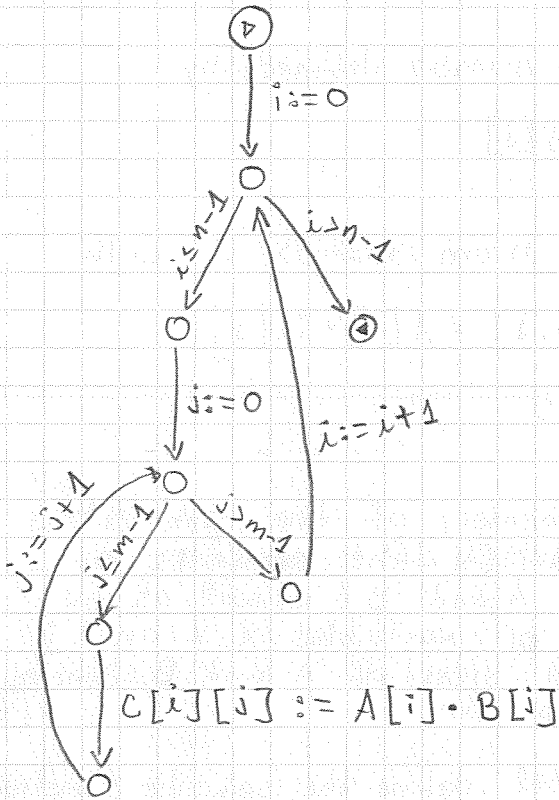
$$S[z = v]\sigma = \begin{cases} \sigma[z \mapsto v] & \text{if } z \in \text{dom}(\sigma) \\ & v \in \text{Val} \\ \text{undefined} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$S[z \leq y - v]\sigma = \begin{cases} \sigma & \text{if } \sigma(z) \leq \sigma(y) - v \wedge \\ & \{z, y\} \subseteq \text{dom}(\sigma) \wedge v \in \text{Val} \\ \text{undefined} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$S[z > y - v]\sigma = \begin{cases} \sigma & \text{if } \sigma(z) > \sigma(y) - v \wedge \{z, y\} \subseteq \text{dom}(\sigma) \\ & v \in \text{Val} \\ \text{undefined} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$S \llbracket z := z + A[i] \cdot B[j] \rrbracket \sigma = \begin{cases} - \sigma[z \mapsto a + (b \times c)] & \text{if } \sigma(i) = I \wedge \sigma(j) = J \\ & \wedge \{z, A[I], B[J]\} \in \text{dom}(\sigma) \\ & \wedge a = \sigma(z) \wedge b = \sigma(A[I]) \\ & \wedge c = \sigma(B[J]) \\ - \text{undefined} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

b. OUR PROGRAM GRAPH:



Apart from the sets of values, variables and arrays defined in point a, now we need to specify a set of matrices, denoted by Mat .

We shall then take a new definition of memory:

$$\sigma: \left(\begin{array}{l} \text{Var } v \{ A[i] \mid A \in \text{Arr}, 0 \leq i \leq \text{size}(A) \} \\ v \{ C[i][j] \mid C \in \text{Mat}, 0 \leq i \leq \text{width}(C), \\ \quad 0 \leq j \leq \text{height}(C) \} \end{array} \right) \rightarrow \text{Val}$$

The semantics will specify the meaning of the actions, and most of these are defined in a fairly straightforward way from the semantics of point a. We will concentrate on the semantics for matrix manipulation

$$S \llbracket C[i][j] := A[i] \cdot B[j] \rrbracket \sigma = \begin{cases} - \sigma[C[i][j] \mapsto v] & \text{if } \sigma(i) = I \wedge \sigma(j) = J \\ & \wedge A[I], B[J], C[I][J] \in \text{dom}(\sigma) \\ & \wedge v_A = \sigma(A[I]) \wedge v_B = \sigma(B[J]) \\ & \wedge v = v_A \times v_B \\ - \text{undefined} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$