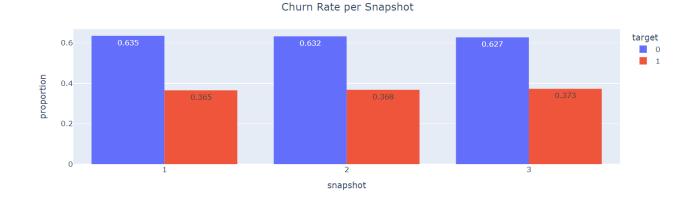
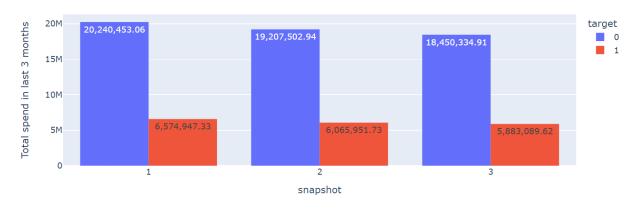


## **High-Level Summary**

- Green Bana Co. has a high churn rate problem. Approximately 36.8% of customers churn from the available data.
- Churned customers are responsible for about 25% of total spending in the last 3 or 6 months, per the data.
- This project has three objectives:
  - ✓ Prove out the **business value** of investing in a churn model
  - ✓ Determine **features contributing** to Customer churn
  - ✓ Develop a preliminary churn model



Total Spend in the last 3 months - Churn vs Not-Chruned



## **Business Value**

#### **Spend Analysis**

- On average, churned customers spend USD 37.83 per shipment.
- Given that the number of active shipments for churned customers is 348,476, the company loses USD 13,182,847.08

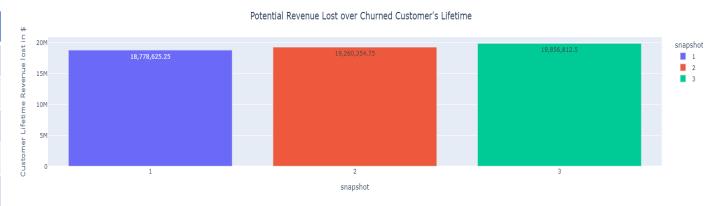
Salvage Perc	Savings	
2.5%	\$ 329,571.18	
5%	\$ 659,142.35	
10%	\$ 1,318,284.71	
12.5%	\$ 1,647,855.89	
<b>15</b> %	\$ 1,977,427.06	

#### **Customer Lifetime Value Analysis**

 As it costs less to retain an existing customer than it does to retain a new one, I computed the CLV using:

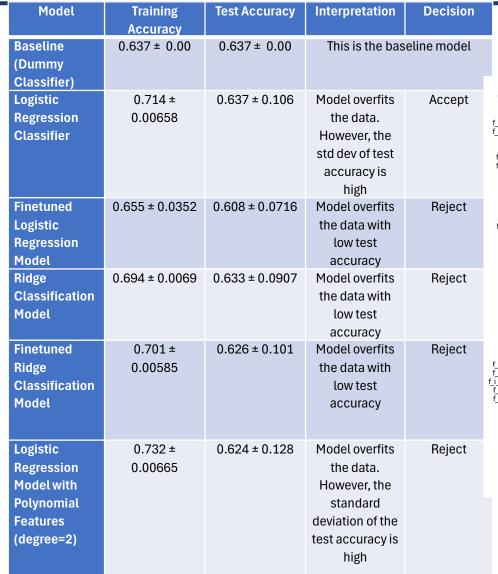
AVG Purchase Freq \* AVG Customer Value \* AVG Customer Lifespan

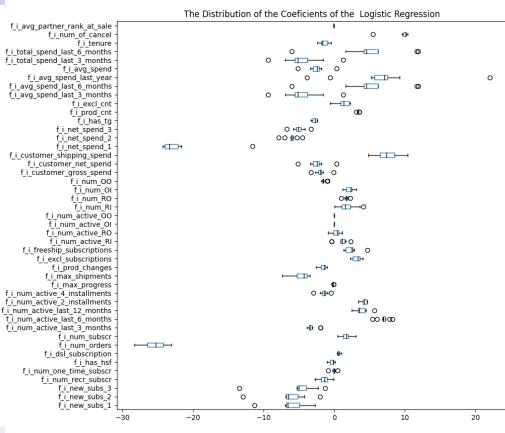
■ From the above, the **average CLV** is **USD 215.25.** The chart below shows the potential revenue lost per snapshot over the lifetime of the churned customer.



## **Churn Model Solution**

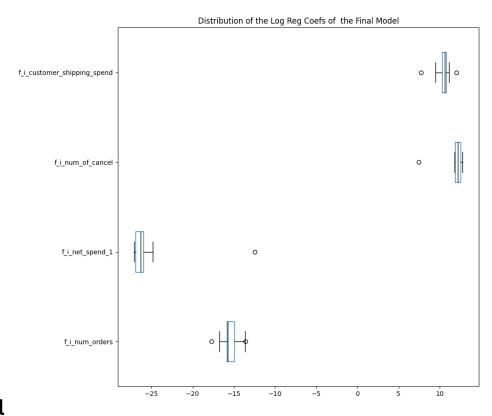
- Three major objectives underpinned model building process:
  - ✓ Determine Factors that contribute to churn
  - ✓ Build an MVP model
  - ✓ Build a business case for the model
- To build the model, the following processes were followed:
  - ✓ All variables were scaled
  - Missing features were removed
  - ✓ K-fold CV was used to ensure generalizable results





## The Final Model and Recommendations

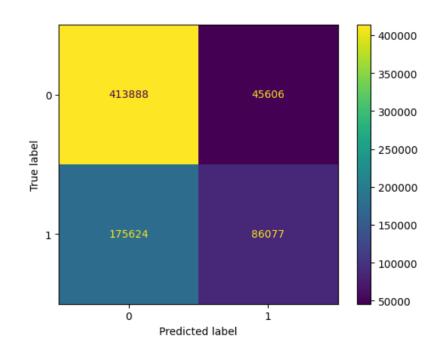
- From the analysis in the previous slide, the final model is a logistic regression classifier with the following features:
  - ✓ Number of orders
  - ✓ Net spend in the last 30-day window
  - Number of order cancellations
  - ✓ Customer total spend on shipping
- Training Accuracy for this model is 0.695 ± 0.00622
- Testing Accuracy for this Model is 0.682 ± 0.0853



- From the final model, my recommendations are:
  - ✓ The firm must critically examine the customer spend on shipping. Higher shipping costs contribute to churn (free shipping options).
  - ✓ The firm must institute policies to reduce cancelled orders (promotions or free shipping).
  - ✓ The firm can increase promotional strategies to increase net spend and total customer orders.

## The Business Case for the Final Model

- The model's sensitivity, i.e. the ability of the model to correctly predict churned customers, is 33%.
- The table shows that for Green Banana Co to profit from the model, the strategies/recommendations outlined earlier should convert/retain at least 4% of potential churn candidates.



Snapshot Analysis		
snapshot no:		3
Number of churned Customers		92,250
Customer Lifetime Value		215.25
	Customer Lifetime Value *	
Potential Revenue lost by firm	Number of churned Customers	19,856,812.50
Sensitivity of the Churn Model		33.00%
	Sensitivity of the Churn Model	
Number of Churned Customer	* Number of churned	20442
Correctly Predicted salvaged after prediction with Churn	Customers  Correctly Predicted *	30443
Model	Customer Lifetime Value	6,552,748.13
Sensitivity analysis		
Salvage Percentage	Potential Savings	Decision
1.00%	\$ 65,527.48	
1.50%	\$ 98,291.22	
2.00%	\$ 131,054.96	Land
2.50%	\$ 163,818.70	Loss
3.00%	\$ 196,582.44	
3.50%	\$ 229,346.18	
4.00%	\$ 262,109.93	
4.50%	\$ 294,873.67	
5.00%	\$ 327,637.41	
5.50%	\$ 360,401.15	Profit
6.00%	\$ 393,164.89	
6.50%	\$ 425,928.63	

7.00% \$

458,692.37

# Thank you

