# Configuring an Agent to Collect Data

**Cloud Insights** 

Tony Lavoie, Dave Grace April 23, 2020

This PDF was generated from https://docs.netapp.com/us-en/cloudinsights/task\_config\_telegraf\_agent.html on May 22, 2020. Always check docs.netapp.com for the latest.



# **Table of Contents**

C	Configuring an Agent to Collect Data		1
	Installing an Agent.		1
	Troubleshooting Agent Installation	1	5

## Configuring an Agent to Collect Data

Cloud Insights uses Telegraf as its agent for collection of integration data. Telegraf is a plugin-driven server agent that can be used to collect and report metrics, events, and logs. Input plugins are used to collect the desired information into the agent by accessing the system/OS directly, by calling third-party APIs, or by listening to configured streams (i.e. Kafka, statsD, etc). Output plugins are used to send the collected metrics, events, and logs from the agent to Cloud Insights.

## **Installing an Agent**

If you are installing a Service data collector and have not yet configured an Agent, you are prompted to first install an Agent for the appropriate Operating System. This topic provides instructions for installing the Telegraf agent on the following Operating Systems:

- Windows
- RHEL and CentOS
- Ubuntu and Debian
- macOS
- Kubernetes

To install an agent, regardless of the platform you are using, you must first do the following:

- 1. Log into the host you will use for your agent.
- 2. Log in to your Cloud Insights site and go to Admin > Data Collectors.
- 3. Click on **+Data Collector** and choose a data collector to install. There are several types of data collectors:
  - Host (Windows, Linux, macOS, etc.)
  - **Service** (integration with a wide variety of agent-collected plugins). Agents are configured and run as a service for RHEL/CentOS, Ubuntu/Debian, macOS, and Windows. For Kubernetes platforms, the agent in configured as a DaemonSet.
  - **Infrastructure** (collects from storage, switch, cloud platform, etc.). Infrastructure collection is done with an Acquisition Unit instead of an Agent.
- 4. Choose the appropriate platform for your host (Windows, Linux, macOS, etc.)
- 5. Follow the remaining steps for each platform below

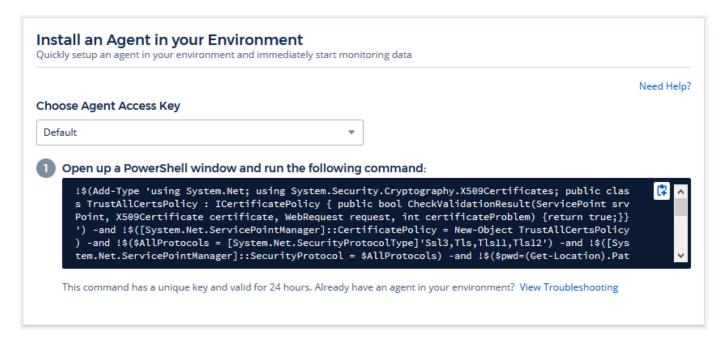


Once you have installed an agent on a host, you do not need to install an agent again on that host.



Once you have installed an agent on a server/VM, Cloud Insights collects metrics from that system in addition to collecting from any data collectors you configure. These metrics are gathered as "Node" metrics.

#### **Windows**



#### *Pre-requisites:*

· PowerShell must be installed

Steps to install agent on Windows:

- 1. Choose an Agent Access Key.
- 2. Copy the command block from the agent installation dialog. You can click the clipboard icon to quickly copy the command to the clipboard.
- 3. Open a PowerShell window
- 4. Paste the command into the PowerShell window and press Enter.
- 5. The command will download the appropriate agent installer, install it, and set a default configuration. When finished, it will restart the agent service. The command has a unique key and is valid for 24 hours.
- 6. Click **Finish** or **Continue**

After the agent is installed, you can use the following commands to start/stop the service:

Start-Service telegraf Stop-Service telegraf

#### **Uninstalling the Agent**

To uninstall the agent on Windows, do the following in a PowerShell window:

1. Stop and delete the Telegraf service:

```
Stop-Service telegraf sc.exe delete telegraf
```

- 2. Delete the *C:\Program Files\telegraf* folder to remove the binary, logs, and configuration files
- 3. Remove the SYSTEM|CurrentControlSet|Services|EventLog|Application|telegraf key from the registry

## **Upgrading the Agent**

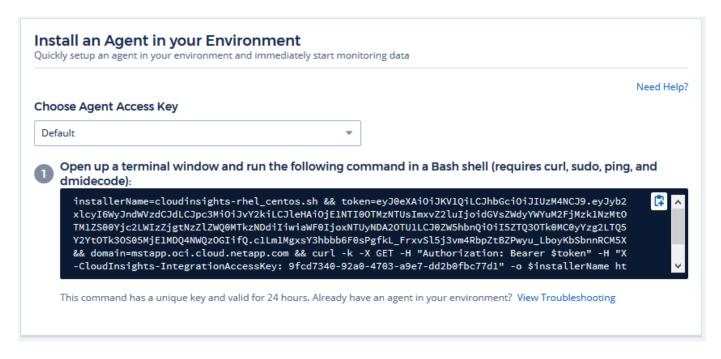
To upgrade the telegraf agent, do the following:

1. Stop and delete the telegraf service:

```
Stop-Service telegraf sc.exe delete telegraf
```

- 2. Delete the *SYSTEM*|*CurrentControlSet*|*Services*|*EventLog*|*Application*|*telegraf* key from the registry
- 3. Delete *C*:\Program Files\telegraf\telegraf.conf
- 4. Delete *C:\Program Files\telegraf\telegraf\telegraf.exe*
- 5. Install the new agent.

## **RHEL and CentOS**



• The following commands must be available: curl, sudo, ping, and dmidecode

Steps to install agent on RHEL/CentOS:

- 1. Choose an Agent Access Key.
- 2. Copy the command block from the agent installation dialog. You can click the clipboard icon to quickly copy the command to the clipboard.
- 3. Open a Bash window
- 4. Paste the command into the Bash window and press Enter.
- 5. The command will download the appropriate agent installer, install it, and set a default configuration. When finished, it will restart the agent service. The command has a unique key and is valid for 24 hours.
- 6. Click Finish or Continue

After the agent is installed, you can use the following commands to start/stop the service:

If your operating system is using systemd (CentOS 7+ and RHEL 7+):

```
sudo systemctl start telegraf
sudo systemctl stop telegraf
```

If your operating system is not using systemd (CentOS 7+ and RHEL 7+):

```
sudo service telegraf start
sudo service telegraf stop
```

#### **Uninstalling the Agent**

To uninstall the agent on RHEL/CentOS, in a Bash terminal, do the following:

1. Stop the Telegraf service:

```
systemctl stop telegraf (If your operating system is using systemd (CentOS 7+ and RHEL 7+)
/etc/init.d/telegraf stop (for systems without systemd support)
```

2. Remove the Telegraf agent:

```
yum remove telegraf
```

3. Remove any configuration or log files that may be left behind:

```
rm -rf /etc/telegraf*
rm -rf /var/log/telegraf*
```

## **Upgrading the Agent**

To upgrade the telegraf agent, do the following:

1. Stop the telegraf service:

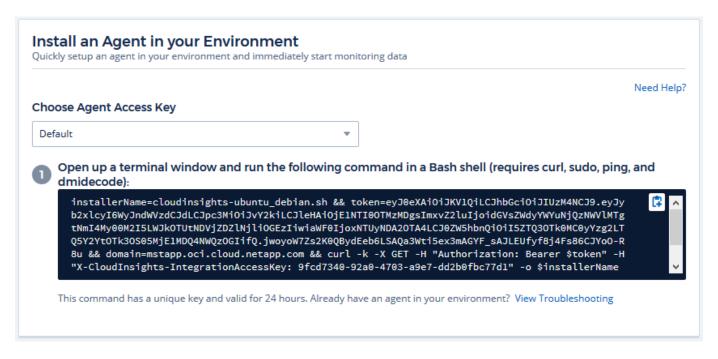
```
systemctl stop telegraf (If your operating system is using systemd (CentOS 7+ and RHEL
7+)
/etc/init.d/telegraf stop (for systems without systemd support)
```

2. Remove the previous telegraf agent:

```
yum remove telegraf
```

3. Install the new agent.

## **Ubuntu and Debian**



• The following commands must be available: curl, sudo, ping, and dmidecode

Steps to install agent on Debian or Ubuntu:

- 1. Choose an Agent Access Key.
- 2. Copy the command block from the agent installation dialog. You can click the clipboard icon to quickly copy the command to the clipboard.
- 3. Open a Bash window
- 4. Paste the command into the Bash window and press Enter.
- 5. The command will download the appropriate agent installer, install it, and set a default configuration. When finished, it will restart the agent service. The command has a unique key and is valid for 24 hours.
- 6. Click Finish or Continue

After the agent is installed, you can use the following commands to start/stop the service:

If your operating system is using systemd:

```
sudo systemctl start telegraf
sudo systemctl stop telegraf
```

If your operating system is not using systemd:

```
sudo service telegraf start
sudo service telegraf stop
```

#### **Uninstalling the Agent**

To uninstall the agent on Ubuntu/Debian, in a Bash terminal, run the following:

1. Stop the Telegraf service:

```
systemctl stop telegraf (If your operating system is using systemd)
/etc/init.d/telegraf stop (for systems without systemd support)
```

2. Remove the Telegraf agent:

```
dpkg -r telegraf
```

3. Remove any configuration or log files that may be left behind:

```
rm -rf /etc/telegraf*
rm -rf /var/log/telegraf*
```

## **Upgrading the Agent**

To upgrade the telegraf agent, do the following:

1. Stop the telegraf service:

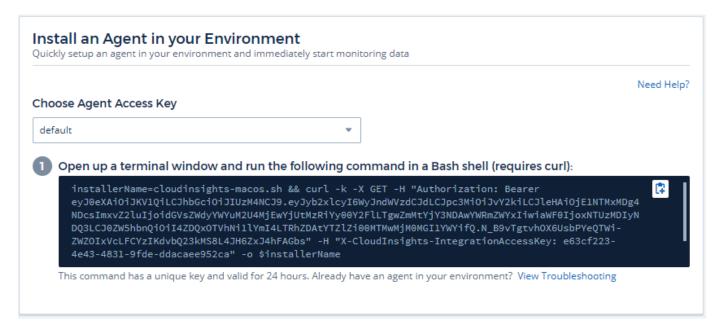
```
systemctl stop telegraf (If your operating system is using systemd)
/etc/init.d/telegraf stop (for systems without systemd support)
```

2. Remove the previous telegraf agent:

```
dpkg -r telegraf
```

3. Install the new agent.

#### macOS



• The "curl" command must be available

Steps to install agent on macOS:

- 1. Choose an Agent Access Key.
- 2. Copy the command block from the agent installation dialog. You can click the clipboard icon to quickly copy the command to the clipboard.
- 3. Open a Bash window
- 4. Paste the command into the Bash window and press Enter.
- 5. The command will download the appropriate agent installer, install it, and set a default configuration. When finished, it will restart the agent service. The command has a unique key and is valid for 24 hours.
- 6. If you previously installed a Telegraf agent using Homebrew, you will be prompted to uninstall it. Once the previously installed Telegraf agent is uninstalled, re-run the command in step 5 above.
- 7. Click Finish or Continue

After the agent is installed, you can use the following commands to start/stop the service:

```
sudo launchctl start telegraf
sudo launchctl stop telegraf
```

### **Uninstalling the Agent**

To uninstall the agent on macOS, in a Bash terminal, run the following:

1. Stop the Telegraf service:

```
sudo launchctl stop telegraf
```

2. Uninstall the telegraf agent:

```
cp /Applications/telegraf.app/scripts/uninstall /tmp
sudo /tmp/uninstall
```

3. Remove any configuration or log files that may be left behind:

```
rm -rf /usr/local/etc/telegraf*
rm -rf /usr/local/var/log/telegraf.*
```

## **Upgrading the Agent**

To upgrade the telegraf agent, do the following:

1. Stop the telegraf service:

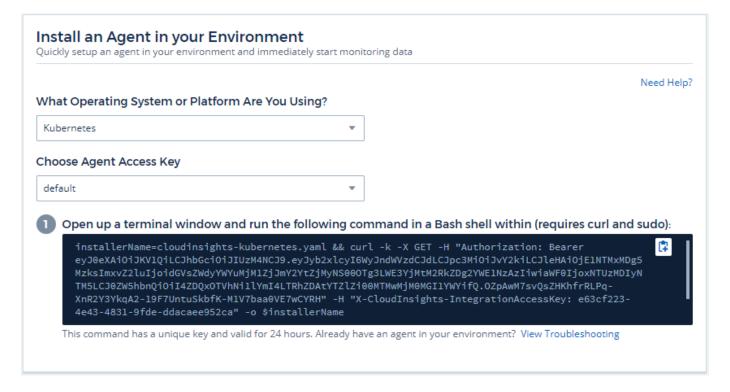
```
sudo launchctl stop telegraf
```

2. Uninstall the previous telegraf agent:

```
cp /Applications/telegraf.app/scripts/uninstall /tmp
sudo /tmp/uninstall
```

3. Install the new agent.

## **Kubernetes**



• The following commands must be available: curl and sudo

Steps to install agent on Kubernetes:

- 1. Choose an Agent Access Key.
- 2. Copy the command block from the agent installation dialog. You can click the clipboard icon to quickly copy the command to the clipboard.
- 3. Open a Bash window
- 4. Paste the command into the Bash window and press Enter.
- 5. The command will download the appropriate agent installer, install it, and set a default configuration. When finished, it will restart the agent service. The command has a unique key and is valid for 24 hours.
- 6. Click Finish or Continue

After the agent is installed, generate the Telegraf DaemonSet YAML and ReplicaSet YAML:

```
kubectl --namespace monitoring get ds telegraf-ds -o yaml > /tmp/telegraf-ds.yaml
kubectl --namespace monitoring get rs telegraf-rs -o yaml > /tmp/telegraf-rs.yaml
```

You can use the following commands to stop and start the Telegraf service:

```
kubectl --namespace monitoring delete ds telegraf-ds
kubectl --namespace monitoring delete ds telegraf-rs
```

```
kubectl --namespace monitoring apply -f /tmp/telegraf-ds.yaml
kubectl --namespace monitoring apply -f /tmp/telegraf-rs.yaml
```

## Configuring the Agent to Collect Data from Kubernetes

For Kubernetes environments, Cloud Insights deploys the Telegraf agent as a DaemonSet and a ReplicaSet. The pods in which the agents run need to have access to the following:

- hostPath
- configMap
- secrets

These Kubernetes objects are automatically created as part of the Kubernetes agent install command provided in the Cloud Insights UI. Some variants of Kubernetes, such as OpenShift, implement an added level of security that may block access to these components. The *SecurityContextConstraint* is not created as part of the Kubernetes agent install command provided in the Cloud Insights UI, and must be created manually. Once created, restart the Telegraf pod(s).

```
apiVersion: v1
   kind: SecurityContextConstraints
   metadata:
      name: telegraf-hostaccess
      creationTimestamp:
      annotations:
       kubernetes.io/description: telegraf-hostaccess allows hostpath volume mounts for
restricted SAs.
     labels:
       app: ci-telegraf
    priority: 10
   allowPrivilegedContainer: false
    defaultAddCapabilities: []
   requiredDropCapabilities: []
   allowedCapabilities: []
   allowedFlexVolumes: []
   allowHostDirVolumePlugin: true
   volumes:
    - hostPath
   - configMap
    - secret
   allowHostNetwork: false
   allowHostPorts: false
   allowHostPID: false
   allowHostIPC: false
   seLinuxContext:
      type: MustRunAs
   runAsUser:
      type: RunAsAny
   supplementalGroups:
      type: RunAsAny
   fsGroup:
      type: RunAsAny
   readOnlyRootFilesystem: false
   users:
    system:serviceaccount:monitoring:telegraf-user
    groups: []
```

#### Installing the kube-state-metrics server

When you install the kube-state-metrics server you can enable collection of the following Kubernetes objects: StatefulSet, DaemonSet, Deployment, PV, PVC, ReplicaSet, Service, Namespace, Secret, ConfigMap, Pod Volume, and Ingress.

Use the following steps to install the kube-state-metrics server:

#### Steps

- 1. Create a temporary folder (for example, /tmp/kube-state-yaml-files/) and copy the .yaml files from https://github.com/kubernetes/kube-state-metrics/tree/master/examples/standard to this folder.
- 2. Run the following command to apply the .yaml files needed for installing kube-state-metrics:

```
kubectl apply -f /tmp/kube-state-yaml-files/
```

#### **kube-state-metrics Counters**

Use the following links to access information for the kube state metrics counters:

- 1. Cronjob Metrics
- 2. DaemonSet Metrics
- 3. Deployment Metrics
- 4. Endpoint Metrics
- 5. Horizontal Pod Autoscaler Metrics
- 6. Ingress Metrics
- 7. Job Metrics
- 8. LimitRange Metrics
- 9. Namespace Metrics
- 10. Node Metrics
- 11. Persistent Volume Metrics
- 12. Persistant Volume Claim Metrics
- 13. Pod Metrics
- 14. Pod Disruption Budget Metrics
- 15. ReplicaSet metrics
- 16. ReplicationController Metrics

#### **Uninstalling the Agent**

To uninstall the agent on Kubernetes, do the following:

1. If the monitoring namespace is being used solely for Telegraf:

kubectl delete ns monitoring

If the monitoring namespace is being used for other purposes in addition to Telegraf:

1. Stop and delete the Telegraf service:

```
kubectl --namespace monitoring delete ds telegraf-ds
kubectl --namespace monitoring delete rs telegraf-rs
```

2. Delete the Telegraf ConfigMap and ServiceAccount:

```
kubectl --namespace monitoring delete cm telegraf-conf
kubectl --namespace monitoring delete cm telegraf-conf-rs
kubectl --namespace monitoring delete sa telegraf-user
```

3. Delete the Telegraf ClusterRole and ClusterRolebinding:

```
kubectl --namespace monitoring delete clusterrole endpoint-access
kubectl --namespace monitoring delete clusterrolebinding endpoint-access
```

## **Upgrading the Agent**

To upgrade the telegraf agent, do the following:

1. Remove the current the telegraf deployments:

```
kubectl --namespace monitoring delete ds telegraf-ds
kubectl --namespace monitoring delete rs telegraf-rs
```

2. Back up the existing configurations:

```
kubectl --namespace monitoring get cm telegraf-conf -o yaml > /tmp/telegraf-conf.yaml
kubectl --namespace monitoring get cm telegraf-conf-rs -o yaml > /tmp/telegraf-conf-
rs.yaml
```

- 3. Install the new agent.
- 4. Re-apply the configurations:

```
kubectl --namespace monitoring apply -f /tmp/telegraf-conf.yaml --force
kubectl --namespace monitoring apply -f /tmp/telegraf-conf-rs.yaml --force
```

5. Restart all telegraf pods. Run the following command for each telegraf pod:

## **Troubleshooting Agent Installation**

Some things to try if you encounter problems setting up an agent:

Problem:	Try this:
I already installed an agent using Cloud Insights	If you have already installed an agent on your host/VM, you do not need to install the agent again. In this case, simply choose the appropriate Platform and Key in the Agent Installation screen, and click on <b>Continue</b> or <b>Finish</b> .
I already have an agent installed but not by using the Cloud Insights installer	Remove the previous agent and run the Cloud Insights Agent installation, to ensure proper default configuration file settings. When complete, click on <b>Continue</b> or <b>Finish</b> .

Additional information may be found from the Support page or in the Data Collector Support Matrix.

## **Copyright Information**

Copyright © 2020 NetApp, Inc. All rights reserved. Printed in the U.S. No part of this document covered by copyright may be reproduced in any form or by any means-graphic, electronic, or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, taping, or storage in an electronic retrieval systemwithout prior written permission of the copyright owner.

Software derived from copyrighted NetApp material is subject to the following license and disclaimer:

THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY NETAPP "AS IS" AND WITHOUT ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WHICH ARE HEREBY DISCLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL NETAPP BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS; OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION) HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.

NetApp reserves the right to change any products described herein at any time, and without notice. NetApp assumes no responsibility or liability arising from the use of products described herein, except as expressly agreed to in writing by NetApp. The use or purchase of this product does not convey a license under any patent rights, trademark rights, or any other intellectual property rights of NetApp.

The product described in this manual may be protected by one or more U.S. patents, foreign patents, or pending applications.

RESTRICTED RIGHTS LEGEND: Use, duplication, or disclosure by the government is subject to restrictions as set forth in subparagraph (c)(1)(ii) of the Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software clause at DFARS 252.277-7103 (October 1988) and FAR 52-227-19 (June 1987).

#### **Trademark Information**

NETAPP, the NETAPP logo, and the marks listed at http://www.netapp.com/TM are trademarks of NetApp, Inc. Other company and product names may be trademarks of their respective owners.