```
In [1]: pip install tabulate
```

Requirement already satisfied: tabulate in c:\users\kariu\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (0.8.10)

Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.

In [2]: pip install xgboost

Requirement already satisfied: xgboost in c:\users\kariu\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (2. 0.2)

Requirement already satisfied: numpy in c:\users\kariu\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from xgboost) (1.24.3)

Requirement already satisfied: scipy in c:\users\kariu\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from xgboost) (1.11.1)

Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.

In [3]: pip install lightgbm

Requirement already satisfied: lightgbm in c:\users\kariu\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (4.1.0)

Requirement already satisfied: numpy in c:\users\kariu\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from lightgbm) (1.24.3)

Requirement already satisfied: scipy in c:\users\kariu\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from lightgbm) (1.11.1)

Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.

In [4]: pip install tensorflow

Requirement already satisfied: tensorflow in c:\users\kariu\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (2.15.0)

Requirement already satisfied: tensorflow-intel==2.15.0 in c:\users\kariu\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from tensorflow) (2.15.0)

Requirement already satisfied: absl-py>=1.0.0 in c:\users\kariu\anaconda3\lib\site-packa ges (from tensorflow-intel==2.15.0->tensorflow) (2.0.0)

Requirement already satisfied: astunparse>=1.6.0 in c:\users\kariu\anaconda3\lib\site-pa ckages (from tensorflow-intel==2.15.0->tensorflow) (1.6.3)

Requirement already satisfied: flatbuffers>=23.5.26 in c:\users\kariu\anaconda3\lib\site -packages (from tensorflow-intel==2.15.0->tensorflow) (23.5.26)

Requirement already satisfied: gast!=0.5.0,!=0.5.1,!=0.5.2,>=0.2.1 in c:\users\kariu\ana conda3\lib\site-packages (from tensorflow-intel==2.15.0->tensorflow) (0.5.4)

Requirement already satisfied: google-pasta>=0.1.1 in c:\users\kariu\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from tensorflow-intel==2.15.0->tensorflow) (0.2.0)

Requirement already satisfied: h5py>=2.9.0 in c:\users\kariu\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from tensorflow-intel==2.15.0->tensorflow) (3.9.0)

Requirement already satisfied: libclang>=13.0.0 in c:\users\kariu\anaconda3\lib\site-pac kages (from tensorflow-intel==2.15.0->tensorflow) (16.0.6)

Requirement already satisfied: $ml-dtypes\sim=0.2.0$ in c:\users\kariu\anaconda3\lib\site-pac kages (from tensorflow-intel==2.15.0->tensorflow) (0.2.0)

Requirement already satisfied: numpy<2.0.0,>=1.23.5 in c:\users\kariu\anaconda3\lib\site -packages (from tensorflow-intel==2.15.0->tensorflow) (1.24.3)

Requirement already satisfied: opt-einsum>=2.3.2 in c:\users\kariu\anaconda3\lib\site-pa ckages (from tensorflow-intel==2.15.0->tensorflow) (3.3.0)

Requirement already satisfied: packaging in c:\users\kariu\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from tensorflow-intel==2.15.0->tensorflow) (23.1)

Requirement already satisfied: protobuf!=4.21.0,!=4.21.1,!=4.21.2,!=4.21.3,!=4.21.4,!=4.21.5,<5.0.0dev,>=3.20.3 in c:\users\kariu\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from tensorflow-intel==2.15.0->tensorflow) (4.23.4)

Requirement already satisfied: setuptools in c:\users\kariu\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from tensorflow-intel==2.15.0->tensorflow) (68.0.0)

Requirement already satisfied: six >= 1.12.0 in c:\users\kariu\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from tensorflow-intel==2.15.0->tensorflow) (1.16.0)

Requirement already satisfied: termcolor>=1.1.0 in c:\users\kariu\anaconda3\lib\site-pac kages (from tensorflow-intel==2.15.0->tensorflow) (2.4.0)

Requirement already satisfied: typing-extensions>=3.6.6 in c:\users\kariu\anaconda3\lib \site-packages (from tensorflow-intel==2.15.0->tensorflow) (4.7.1)

```
Requirement already satisfied: wrapt<1.15,>=1.11.0 in c:\users\kariu\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from tensorflow-intel==2.15.0->tensorflow) (1.14.1)
```

Requirement already satisfied: tensorflow-io-gcs-filesystem>=0.23.1 in c:\users\kariu\an aconda3\lib\site-packages (from tensorflow-intel==2.15.0->tensorflow) (0.31.0)

Requirement already satisfied: grpcio<2.0,>=1.24.3 in c:\users\kariu\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from tensorflow-intel==2.15.0->tensorflow) (1.60.0)

Requirement already satisfied: tensorboard<2.16,>=2.15 in c:\users\kariu\anaconda3\lib\s ite-packages (from tensorflow-intel==2.15.0->tensorflow) (2.15.1)

Requirement already satisfied: tensorflow-estimator<2.16,>=2.15.0 in c:\users\kariu\anac onda3\lib\site-packages (from tensorflow-intel==2.15.0->tensorflow) (2.15.0)

Requirement already satisfied: keras<2.16,>=2.15.0 in c:\users\kariu\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from tensorflow-intel==2.15.0->tensorflow) (2.15.0)

Requirement already satisfied: wheel<1.0,>=0.23.0 in c:\users\kariu\anaconda3\lib\site-p ackages (from astunparse>=1.6.0->tensorflow-intel==2.15.0->tensorflow) (0.38.4)

Requirement already satisfied: google-auth<3,>=1.6.3 in c:\users\kariu\anaconda3\lib\sit e-packages (from tensorboard<2.16,>=2.15->tensorflow-intel==2.15.0->tensorflow) (2.25.2) Requirement already satisfied: google-auth-oauthlib<2,>=0.5 in c:\users\kariu\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from tensorboard<2.16,>=2.15->tensorflow-intel==2.15.0->tensorflow) (1.2.0)

Requirement already satisfied: markdown>=2.6.8 in c:\users\kariu\anaconda3\lib\site-pack ages (from tensorboard<2.16,>=2.15->tensorflow-intel==2.15.0->tensorflow) (3.4.1)

Requirement already satisfied: requests <3, >=2.21.0 in c:\users\kariu\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from tensorboard <2.16, >=2.15->tensorflow-intel==2.15.0->tensorflow) (2.31.0)

Requirement already satisfied: tensorboard-data-server<0.8.0,>=0.7.0 in c:\users\kariu\a naconda3\lib\site-packages (from tensorboard<2.16,>=2.15->tensorflow-intel==2.15.0->tensorflow) (0.7.2)

Requirement already satisfied: werkzeug>=1.0.1 in c:\users\kariu\anaconda3\lib\site-pack ages (from tensorboard<2.16,>=2.15->tensorflow-intel==2.15.0->tensorflow) (2.2.3)

Requirement already satisfied: cachetools<6.0,>=2.0.0 in c:\users\kariu\anaconda3\lib\si te-packages (from google-auth<3,>=1.6.3->tensorboard<2.16,>=2.15->tensorflow-intel==2.1 5.0->tensorflow) (5.3.2)

Requirement already satisfied: pyasn1-modules>=0.2.1 in c:\users\kariu\anaconda3\lib\sit e-packages (from google-auth<3,>=1.6.3->tensorboard<2.16,>=2.15->tensorflow-intel==2.15. 0->tensorflow) (0.2.8)

Requirement already satisfied: rsa<5,>=3.1.4 in c:\users\kariu\anaconda3\lib\site-packag es (from google-auth<3,>=1.6.3->tensorboard<2.16,>=2.15->tensorflow-intel==2.15.0->tensorflow) (4.9)

Requirement already satisfied: requests-oauthlib>=0.7.0 in c:\users\kariu\anaconda3\lib \site-packages (from google-auth-oauthlib<2,>=0.5->tensorboard<2.16,>=2.15->tensorflow-i ntel==2.15.0->tensorflow) (1.3.1)

Requirement already satisfied: charset-normalizer<4,>=2 in c:\users\kariu\anaconda3\lib \site-packages (from requests<3,>=2.21.0->tensorboard<2.16,>=2.15->tensorflow-intel==2.1 5.0->tensorflow) (2.0.4)

Requirement already satisfied: idna<4,>=2.5 in c:\users\kariu\anaconda3\lib\site-package s (from requests<3,>=2.21.0->tensorboard<2.16,>=2.15->tensorflow-intel==2.15.0->tensorflow) (3.4)

Requirement already satisfied: urllib3<3,>=1.21.1 in c:\users\kariu\anaconda3\lib\site-p ackages (from requests<3,>=2.21.0->tensorboard<2.16,>=2.15->tensorflow-intel==2.15.0->tensorflow) (1.26.16)

Requirement already satisfied: certifi>=2017.4.17 in c:\users\kariu\anaconda3\lib\site-p ackages (from requests<3,>=2.21.0->tensorboard<2.16,>=2.15->tensorflow-intel==2.15.0->tensorflow) (2023.7.22)

Requirement already satisfied: MarkupSafe>=2.1.1 in c:\users\kariu\anaconda3\lib\site-pa ckages (from werkzeug>=1.0.1->tensorboard<2.16,>=2.15->tensorflow-intel==2.15.0->tensorflow) (2.1.1)

Requirement already satisfied: pyasn1<0.5.0,>=0.4.6 in c:\users\kariu\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from pyasn1-modules>=0.2.1->google-auth<3,>=1.6.3->tensorboard<2.16,>=2.15->tensorflow-intel==2.15.0->tensorflow) (0.4.8)

Requirement already satisfied: oauthlib>=3.0.0 in c:\users\kariu\anaconda3\lib\site-pack ages (from requests-oauthlib>=0.7.0->google-auth-oauthlib<2,>=0.5->tensorboard<2.16,>=2. 15->tensorflow-intel==2.15.0->tensorflow) (3.2.2)

Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.

```
from tqdm.auto import tqdm
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
from scipy.stats import chi2 contingency
from sklearn.model selection import train test split, GridSearchCV
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
from sklearn.naive bayes import GaussianNB
from sklearn.ensemble import GradientBoostingClassifier
from xgboost import XGBClassifier
from sklearn.svm import SVC
from lightgbm import LGBMClassifier
from sklearn.ensemble import AdaBoostClassifier
from sklearn.neural network import MLPClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.linear model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.metrics import classification report, confusion matrix, accuracy score
from sklearn.feature selection import RFE
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense, Flatten, Reshape, SimpleRNN, Conv2D, MaxPooli
from tensorflow.keras.utils import to categorical
from tabulate import tabulate
file path = 'H1N1 Flu Vaccines - Clean.csv'
data = pd.read csv(file path)
```

In [223... # Load the dataset
file_path = 'H1N1_Flu_Vaccines - Clean.csv'
data = pd.read_csv(file_path)

Show the head of the dataframe
data_head = data.head()

Display the head of the dataframe
data_head

Out[223]:		id	respondent_id	h1n1_concern	h1n1_knowledge	$behavioral_antiviral_meds$	behavioral_avoidance	behavioral
	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	
	1	2	1	3	2	0	1	
	2	3	2	1	1	0	1	
	3	4	3	1	1	0	1	
	4	5	4	2	1	0	1	

5 rows × 36 columns

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'> RangeIndex: 26707 entries, 0 to 26706 Data columns (total 36 columns): Column Non-Null Count Dtype _____ \cap id 26707 non-null int64 1 respondent id h1n1 concern 2 3 h1n1 knowledge

26707 non-null int64 26707 non-null int64 26707 non-null int64 4 behavioral_antiviral_meds 26707 non-null int64 5 behavioral_avoidance 26707 non-null int64 behavioral face mask 26707 non-null int64 6 behavioral wash hands 26707 non-null int64 7 behavioral large gatherings 26707 non-null int64 8 behavioral_outside_home 26707 non-null int64 behavioral_touch_face 26707 non-null int64 9 10 behavioral_touch_face 11 doctor recc h1n1 26707 non-null int64 12 doctor recc seasonal 26707 non-null int64 13 chronic_med_condition 14 child_under_6_months 26707 non-null int64 26707 non-null int64 15 health worker 26707 non-null int64 16 health insurance 26707 non-null int64 17 opinion h1n1 vacc effective 26707 non-null int64 18 opinion hln1 risk 26707 non-null int64 19 opinion_hln1_sick_from_vacc 26707 non-null int64 20 opinion seas vacc effective 26707 non-null int64 21 opinion seas risk 26707 non-null int64 22 opinion seas sick from vacc 26707 non-null int64 23 age group 26707 non-null object 26707 non-null object 24 education 25 race 26707 non-null object 26 sex 26707 non-null object 27 income poverty 26707 non-null object 26707 non-null object 28 marital status 29 rent or own 26707 non-null object 30 employment status 26707 non-null object 31 census msa 26707 non-null object 32 household adults 26707 non-null int64 33 household children 26707 non-null int64 34 hln1 vaccine 26707 non-null int64 35 seasonal vaccine 26707 non-null int64

dtypes: int64(27), object(9)

memory usage: 7.3+ MB

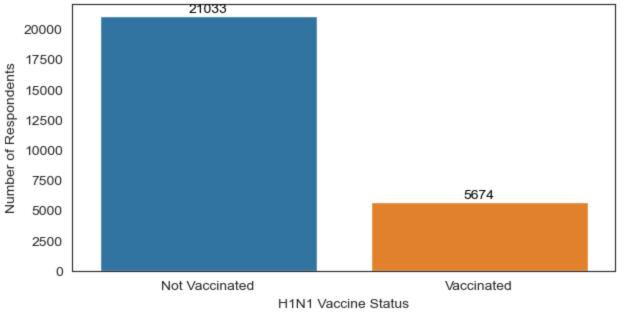
data.describe() In [20]:

Out[20]:		id	respondent_id	h1n1_concern	h1n1_knowledge	$behavioral_antiviral_meds$	behavioral_avoidar
	count	26707.000000	26707.000000	26707.000000	26707.000000	26707.000000	26707.0000
	mean	13354.000000	13353.000000	1.612910	1.257049	0.048714	0.7199
	std	7709.791156	7709.791156	0.913676	0.622368	0.215273	0.4490
	min	1.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.0000
	25%	6677.500000	6676.500000	1.000000	1.000000	0.000000	0.0000
	50%	13354.000000	13353.000000	2.000000	1.000000	0.000000	1.0000
	75%	20030.500000	20029.500000	2.000000	2.000000	0.000000	1.0000
	max	26707.000000	26706.000000	3.000000	2.000000	1.000000	1.0000

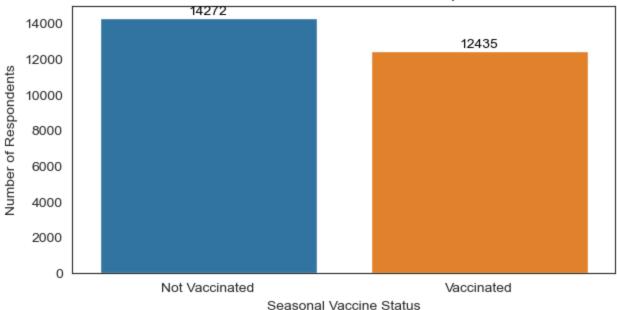
8 rows × 27 columns

```
In [21]: data.isnull().sum()
Out[21]:
                                         0
        respondent id
        h1n1 concern
        h1n1 knowledge
                                         0
        behavioral antiviral meds
                                         0
        behavioral avoidance
                                         0
        behavioral face mask
                                         0
        behavioral wash hands
                                         0
                                         0
        behavioral large gatherings
        behavioral outside home
        behavioral touch face
                                         0
         doctor recc h1n1
                                         0
                                         0
         doctor recc seasonal
         chronic med condition
         child under 6 months
                                         0
         health worker
                                         0
         health insurance
         opinion h1n1 vacc effective
                                         0
         opinion h1n1 risk
                                         0
         opinion h1n1 sick from vacc
                                         0
         opinion seas vacc effective
         opinion seas risk
                                         0
                                         0
         opinion seas sick from vacc
                                         0
         age group
         education
                                         0
         race
         sex
                                         0
        income poverty
                                         0
        marital status
                                         0
         rent or own
                                         0
                                         0
         employment status
         census msa
                                         0
                                         0
         household adults
        household_children
                                         0
         h1n1 vaccine
                                         0
         seasonal vaccine
         dtype: int64
In [22]:
         data.shape
         (26707, 36)
Out[22]:
In [23]:
         # Set the aesthetic style of the plots
         sns.set style('white')
         # Plot the distribution of H1N1 vaccine uptake
         plt.figure(figsize=(7, 3)) # Adjusted figsize
         h1n1 vaccine dist = sns.countplot(x='h1n1 vaccine', data=data)
         # Add data labels without decimal points
         for p in h1n1 vaccine dist.patches:
            hln1 vaccine dist.annotate(f'{int(p.get height())}', (p.get x() + p.get width() / 2.
                                         ha='center', va='center', fontsize=10, color='black', xy
                                          textcoords='offset points')
         plt.title('Distribution of H1N1 Vaccine Uptake')
         plt.xlabel('H1N1 Vaccine Status')
         plt.ylabel('Number of Respondents')
         plt.xticks([0, 1], ['Not Vaccinated', 'Vaccinated'])
         plt.subplots adjust(top=1)
         plt.show()
         # Plot the distribution of Seasonal vaccine uptake
```



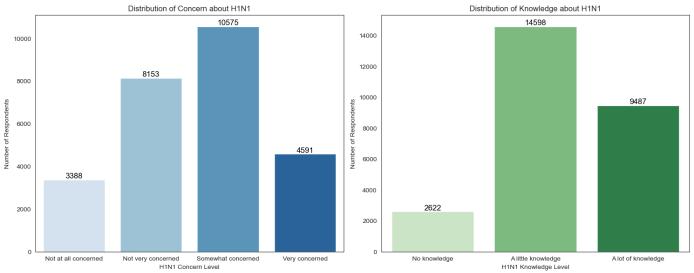


Distribution of Seasonal Vaccine Uptake



- The first chart shows the number of respondents who have been vaccinated for H1N1.
- The second chart displays the number of respondents who have been vaccinated for the Seasonal flu.

```
In [24]: # Set the aesthetic style of the plots
         sns.set style('white')
         # Create subplots
         fig, axes = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize=(15, 6))
         # Plot the distribution of concern about H1N1 with color fade and data labels
         sns.countplot(x='h1n1 concern', data=data, palette='Blues', ax=axes[0])
         for p in axes[0].patches:
             axes[0].annotate(f'{int(p.get height())}', (p.get x() + p.get width() / 2., p.get he
                              ha='center', va='center', fontsize=12, color='black', xytext=(0, 5)
                              textcoords='offset points')
         axes[0].set title('Distribution of Concern about H1N1')
         axes[0].set xlabel('H1N1 Concern Level')
         axes[0].set_ylabel('Number of Respondents')
         axes[0].set xticks([0, 1, 2, 3])
         axes[0].set xticklabels(['Not at all concerned', 'Not very concerned', 'Somewhat concern
         # Plot the distribution of knowledge about H1N1 with color fade and data labels
         sns.countplot(x='h1n1 knowledge', data=data, palette='Greens', ax=axes[1])
         for p in axes[1].patches:
             axes[1].annotate(f'{int(p.get height())}', (p.get x() + p.get width() / 2., p.get he
                              ha='center', va='center', fontsize=12, color='black', xytext=(0, 5)
                              textcoords='offset points')
         axes[1].set title('Distribution of Knowledge about H1N1')
         axes[1].set xlabel('H1N1 Knowledge Level')
         axes[1].set ylabel('Number of Respondents')
         axes[1].set xticks([0, 1, 2])
         axes[1].set xticklabels(['No knowledge', 'A little knowledge', 'A lot of knowledge'])
         # Adjust layout
         plt.tight layout()
         # Show the plots
         plt.show()
```

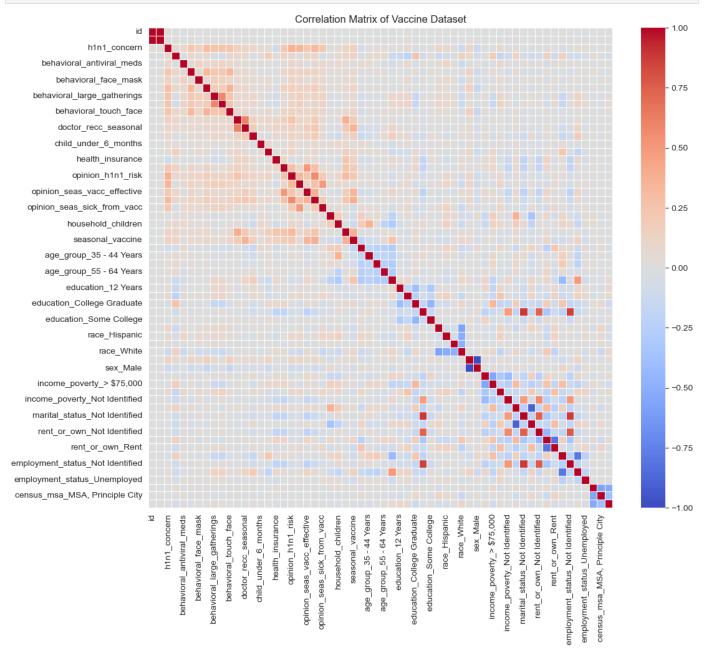


In [25]: # I have calculated the correlation matrix for the dataset and visualized it using a hea
 label_encoders = {}

Encode categorical variables using one-hot encoding
 for column in data.select_dtypes(include=['object']).columns:
 data = pd.get_dummies(data, columns=[column], prefix=[column])

Calculate the correlation matrix
 correlation_matrix = data.corr()

```
# Plot the correlation matrix using a heatmap
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 10))
sns.heatmap(correlation_matrix, cmap='coolwarm', fmt='.2f', linewidths=.5, annot_kws={'s
plt.title('Correlation Matrix of Vaccine Dataset')
plt.show()
```



 This visualization can help us understand which factors are most strongly associated with the uptake of H1N1 and Seasonal vaccines.

Strong correlations with H1N1 and Seasonal vaccine uptake

```
In [26]: # Select correlations related to 'hln1_vaccine' and 'seasonal_vaccine' and sort them
hln1_corr = correlation_matrix['hln1_vaccine'].sort_values(ascending=False)
seasonal_corr = correlation_matrix['seasonal_vaccine'].sort_values(ascending=False)

# Filter out strong correlations (greater than 0.1 or less than -0.1)
strong_hln1_corr = hln1_corr[np.abs(hln1_corr) > 0.1]
strong_seasonal_corr = seasonal_corr[np.abs(seasonal_corr) > 0.1]

# Display the strong correlations for H1N1 vaccine
print('Strong correlations with H1N1 vaccine uptake:')
```

```
print(strong_hln1_corr)

# Display the strong correlations for Seasonal vaccine
print('\nStrong correlations with Seasonal vaccine uptake:')
print(strong_seasonal_corr)

Strong correlations with HlN1 vaccine uptake:
```

```
opinion_hlnl_vacc_effective 0.254815
opinion_seas_risk 0.253290
health_insurance 0.244975
doctor_recc_seasonal 0.218976
opinion_seas_vacc_effective 0.168425
health_worker 0.168056
hln1_concern 0.121664
hln1_knowledge 0.117153
Name: h1n1 vaccine, dtype: float64
Strong correlations with Seasonal vaccine uptake:
seasonal vaccine
                                                1.000000
opinion_seas_risk
h1n1 vaccine
                                                 0.384359
                                                 0.377143
hln1 vaccine
doctor_recc_seasonal
opinion_seas_vacc_effective
age_group_65+ Years
opinion_hln1_risk
                                                 0.360696
                                               0.344458
                                                0.244830
                                                0.216036

      opinion_hln1_vacc_effective
      0.199518

      doctor_recc_hln1
      0.198560

      chronic_med_condition
      0.169465

      hln1_concern
      0.153838

employment_status_Not in Labor Force 0.145819
                        0.138161
health insurance
                                                 0.126977
health worker
behavioral_touch_face
h1n1_knowledge
                                                 0.119078
                                                0.118515
behavioral_wash_hands
rent_or_own_Own
                                                0.112164
                                                 0.108002
                                                 0.100314
race White
rent_or_own_Rent
household_children
age_group_18 - 34 Years
                                               -0.101796
                                               -0.111680
                                                 -0.178786
Name: seasonal vaccine, dtype: float64
```

I have identified strong correlations with H1N1 and Seasonal vaccine uptake:

- For the H1N1 vaccine, the strongest correlations are with:
- Doctor's recommendation for H1N1 vaccine
- Uptake of the Seasonal vaccine
- Respondent's opinion on the risk of H1N1

For the Seasonal vaccine, the strongest correlations are with:

- Respondent's opinion on the risk of the Seasonal flu
- Uptake of the H1N1 vaccine
- Doctor's recommendation for the Seasonal vaccine

Demographic factors (like age, race, sex, income) that influence vaccine uptake

```
file_path = 'H1N1_Flu_Vaccines - Clean.csv'
data = pd.read_csv(file_path)
```

```
In [29]: # Investigate demographic factors influencing vaccine uptake
         # Calculate the mean vaccine uptake for different demographic groups
         # Age group
        age vaccine uptake = data.groupby('age group')[['h1n1 vaccine', 'seasonal vaccine']].mea
         # Race
        group race vaccine uptake = data.groupby('race')[['hln1 vaccine', 'seasonal vaccine']].m
         # Sex
        group sex vaccine uptake = data.groupby('sex')[['h1n1 vaccine', 'seasonal vaccine']].mea
         # Income
        group income vaccine uptake = data.groupby('income poverty')[['hln1 vaccine', 'seasonal
         # Convert the results to a DataFrame for better formatting
         age df = pd.DataFrame(age vaccine uptake).reset index()
        race df = pd.DataFrame(group race vaccine uptake).reset index()
         sex df = pd.DataFrame(group sex vaccine uptake).reset index()
         income df = pd.DataFrame(group income vaccine uptake).reset index()
         # Display the tables
        print('Vaccine uptake by age group:')
        print(tabulate(age df, headers='keys', tablefmt='fancy grid', showindex=False))
        print('\nVaccine uptake by race:')
        print(tabulate(race df, headers='keys', tablefmt='fancy grid', showindex=False))
        print('\nVaccine uptake by sex:')
        print(tabulate(sex df, headers='keys', tablefmt='fancy grid', showindex=False))
        print('\nVaccine uptake by income:')
        print(tabulate(income df, headers='keys', tablefmt='fancy grid', showindex=False))
```

Vaccine uptake by age group:

age_group	h1n1_vaccine	seasonal_vaccine
18 - 34 Years	0.190029	0.284564
35 - 44 Years	0.197765	0.362526
45 - 54 Years	0.194731	0.401298
55 - 64 Years	0.242855	0.511235
65+ Years	0.226655	0.673681

Vaccine uptake by race:

race	hln1_vaccine	seasonal_vaccine
Black	0.148725	0.349858
Hispanic	0.207977	0.339601
Other or Multiple	0.216501	0.419975
White	0.218877	0.491047

Vaccine uptake by sex:

sex	h1n1_vaccine	seasonal_vaccine

Female	0.219448	0.497415
Male	0.202231	0.419117

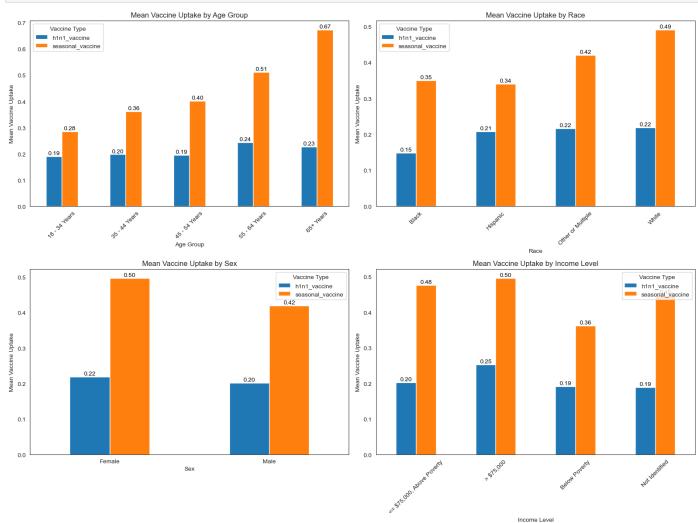
Vaccine uptake by income:

income_poverty	h1n1_vaccine	seasonal_vaccine
<= \$75,000, Above Poverty	0.203412	0.476716
> \$75,000	0.25301	0.496769
Below Poverty	0.191324	0.362625
Not Identified	0.189012	0.448338

Let's visualize this

```
# Visualize the mean vaccine uptake for different demographic groups using bar plots
In [30]:
         fig, axes = plt.subplots(2, 2, figsize=(16, 12))
         # Age group
         age vaccine uptake.plot(kind='bar', ax=axes[0, 0])
         axes[0, 0].set title('Mean Vaccine Uptake by Age Group')
        axes[0, 0].set xlabel('Age Group')
        axes[0, 0].set ylabel('Mean Vaccine Uptake')
         axes[0, 0].tick_params(axis='x', rotation=45)
         axes[0, 0].legend(title='Vaccine Type')
         # Add data labels for Age group
         for p in axes[0, 0].patches:
             axes[0, 0].annotate(f'{p.get height():.2f}', (p.get x() + p.get width() / 2., p.get
                                ha='center', va='center', fontsize=10, color='black', xytext=(0,
                                textcoords='offset points')
         # Race
        group race vaccine uptake.plot(kind='bar', ax=axes[0, 1])
         axes[0, 1].set title('Mean Vaccine Uptake by Race')
        axes[0, 1].set xlabel('Race')
        axes[0, 1].set ylabel('Mean Vaccine Uptake')
         axes[0, 1].tick params(axis='x', rotation=45)
         axes[0, 1].legend(title='Vaccine Type')
         # Add data labels for Race
         for p in axes[0, 1].patches:
             axes[0, 1].annotate(f'{p.get height():.2f}', (p.get x() + p.get width() / 2., p.get
                                ha='center', va='center', fontsize=10, color='black', xytext=(0,
                                textcoords='offset points')
         # Sex
         group sex vaccine uptake.plot(kind='bar', ax=axes[1, 0])
        axes[1, 0].set title('Mean Vaccine Uptake by Sex')
         axes[1, 0].set xlabel('Sex')
         axes[1, 0].set ylabel('Mean Vaccine Uptake')
        axes[1, 0].tick params(axis='x', rotation=0)
         axes[1, 0].legend(title='Vaccine Type')
         # Add data labels for Sex
         for p in axes[1, 0].patches:
             axes[1, 0].annotate(f'{p.get height():.2f}', (p.get x() + p.get width() / 2., p.get
                                ha='center', va='center', fontsize=10, color='black', xytext=(0,
                                textcoords='offset points')
```

```
# Income
group income vaccine uptake.plot(kind='bar', ax=axes[1, 1])
axes[1, 1].set title('Mean Vaccine Uptake by Income Level')
axes[1, 1].set xlabel('Income Level')
axes[1, 1].set ylabel('Mean Vaccine Uptake')
axes[1, 1].tick params(axis='x', rotation=45)
axes[1, 1].legend(title='Vaccine Type')
# Add data labels for Income
for p in axes[1, 1].patches:
    axes[1, 1].annotate(f'{p.get height():.2f}', (p.get x() + p.get width() / 2., p.get
                          ha='center', va='center', fontsize=10, color='black', xytext=(0,
                          textcoords='offset points')
plt.tight layout()
plt.show()
                 Mean Vaccine Uptake by Age Group
                                                                      Mean Vaccine Uptake by Race
                                              0.67
                                                                                                0.49
     Vaccine Type
                                                         Vaccine Type
     h1n1_vaccine
                                                       h1n1_vaccine
      seasonal vaccine
                                                         seasonal vaccine
```



Impact of behavioral factors (like hand washing, avoiding close contact) on the likelihood of getting vaccinated.

```
In [36]: # Analyze the impact of behavioral factors on the likelihood of getting vaccinated

# Calculate the mean vaccine uptake for behavioral factors
behavioral_factors = ['behavioral_avoidance', 'behavioral_face_mask', 'behavioral_wash_h
behavior_vaccine_uptake = data[behavioral_factors + ['hln1_vaccine', 'seasonal_vaccine']

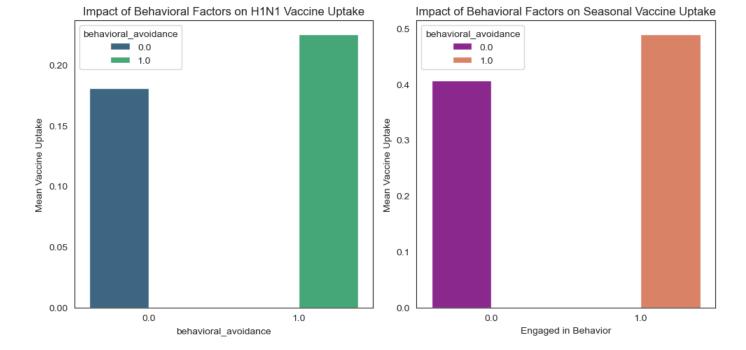
# Display the head of the dataframe to show the impact of behavioral factors
print(behavior_vaccine_uptake.head())

behavioral avoidance behavioral face mask behavioral wash hands \
```

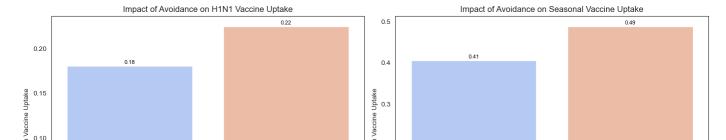
```
0
                                                                    0
                      0
                                             0
                                                                    0
1
                      0
                                             0
2
                      0
                                             0
                                                                    0
3
                      0
                                                                    0
                                             0
4
                                                                    0
                      0
                                             0
   behavioral large gatherings behavioral outside home
0
1
                             0
                                                       0
2
                             0
                                                       1
3
                             0
                                                       1
4
                             1
                                                       0
   behavioral touch face hln1 vaccine seasonal vaccine
                              0.120771
0
                                               0.293233
                       0
                              0.176301
1
                       1
                                                0.416185
2
                       0
                             0.156863
                                                0.470588
3
                       1
                              0.171429
                                                0.542857
4
                              0.162500
                       ()
                                                 0.362500
```

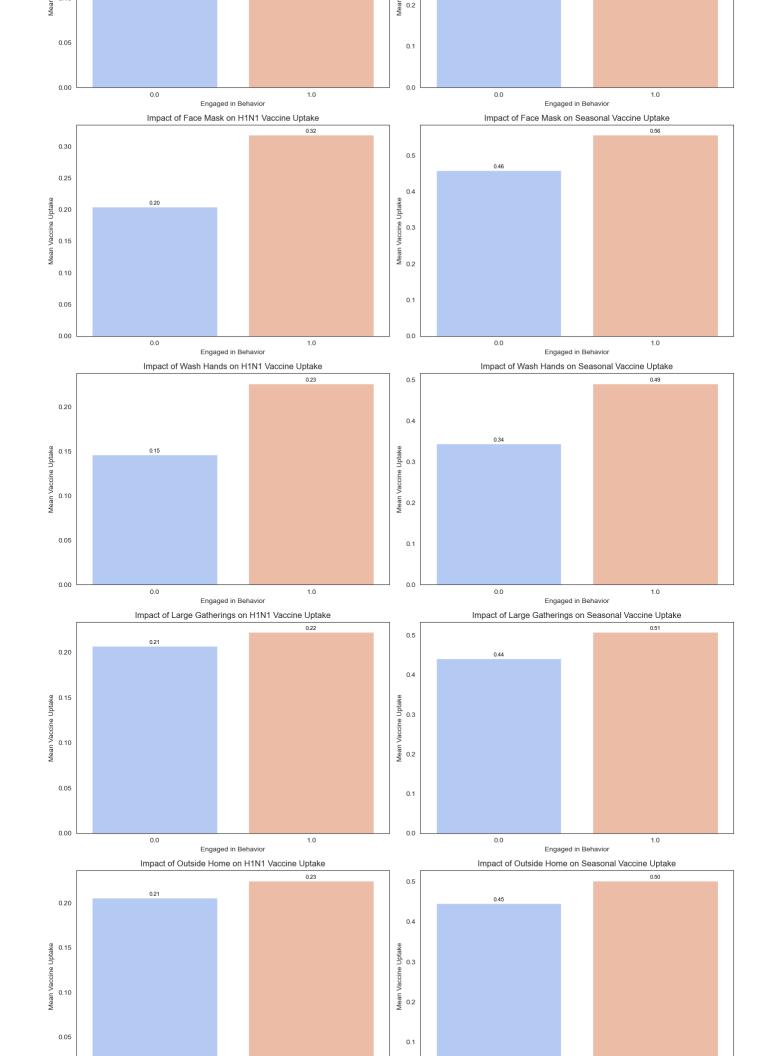
The table above shows the mean vaccine uptake for H1N1 and Seasonal flu across different behavioral factors such as avoidance of certain situations, wearing face masks, hand washing, attending large gatherings, going out of home, and touching one's face. Each row represents a combination of behavioral responses, with the corresponding mean vaccine uptake rates. This data can help understand how individual behaviors may correlate with the likelihood of getting vaccinated.

```
In [37]: # Visualize the impact of behavioral factors on the likelihood of getting vaccinated usi
         # Create a new dataframe to store results
         behavioral impact stacked = pd.DataFrame()
         for factor in behavioral factors:
             # Calculate the vaccine uptake for each behavior
            uptake = data.groupby(factor)[['h1n1 vaccine', 'seasonal vaccine']].mean().reset ind
             uptake.rename(columns={'h1n1 vaccine': factor + ' h1n1', 'seasonal vaccine': factor
            behavioral impact stacked = pd.concat([behavioral impact stacked, uptake], axis=0)
         # Plotting
         fig, axes = plt.subplots(nrows=1, ncols=2, figsize=(10, 5), sharex=True)
         # Stacked bar plot for H1N1 vaccine
         sns.barplot(x=behavioral impact stacked[behavioral impact stacked.columns[0]], y=behavio
         axes[0].set title('Impact of Behavioral Factors on H1N1 Vaccine Uptake')
         axes[0].set ylabel('Mean Vaccine Uptake')
         # Stacked bar plot for Seasonal vaccine
         sns.barplot(x=behavioral impact stacked[behavioral impact stacked.columns[0]], y=behavio
         axes[1].set title('Impact of Behavioral Factors on Seasonal Vaccine Uptake')
         axes[1].set xlabel('Engaged in Behavior')
         axes[1].set ylabel('Mean Vaccine Uptake')
         plt.tight layout()
         plt.show()
```



```
# Visualize the impact of each behavioral factor on the likelihood of getting vaccinated
In [38]:
         fig, axes = plt.subplots(nrows=len(behavioral factors), ncols=2, figsize=(14, 5 * len(be
         # Adjust spacing between subplots
         plt.subplots adjust(wspace=0.4, hspace=0.5)
         for i, factor in enumerate (behavioral factors):
             # Bar plot for H1N1 vaccine with coolwarm gradient color
             sns.barplot(x=factor, y=factor + ' hlnl', data=behavioral impact stacked, ax=axes[i,
             axes[i, 0].set title('Impact of ' + factor.replace('behavioral ', '').replace(' ', '
             axes[i, 0].set ylabel('Mean Vaccine Uptake')
             axes[i, 0].set xlabel('Engaged in Behavior')
             # Add data labels for H1N1 vaccine
             for p in axes[i, 0].patches:
                 axes[i, 0].annotate(f'{p.get height():.2f}', (p.get x() + p.get width() / 2., p.
                                     ha='center', va='center', fontsize=8, color='black', xytext=
                                     textcoords='offset points')
             # Bar plot for Seasonal vaccine with coolwarm gradient color
             sns.barplot(x=factor, y=factor + ' seasonal', data=behavioral impact stacked, ax=axe
             axes[i, 1].set title('Impact of ' + factor.replace('behavioral ', '').replace(' ', '
             axes[i, 1].set ylabel('Mean Vaccine Uptake')
             axes[i, 1].set xlabel('Engaged in Behavior')
             # Add data labels for Seasonal vaccine
             for p in axes[i, 1].patches:
                 axes[i, 1].annotate(f'{p.get height():.2f}', (p.get x() + p.get width() / 2., p.
                                     ha='center', va='center', fontsize=8, color='black', xytext=
                                     textcoords='offset points')
         plt.tight layout()
         plt.show()
```



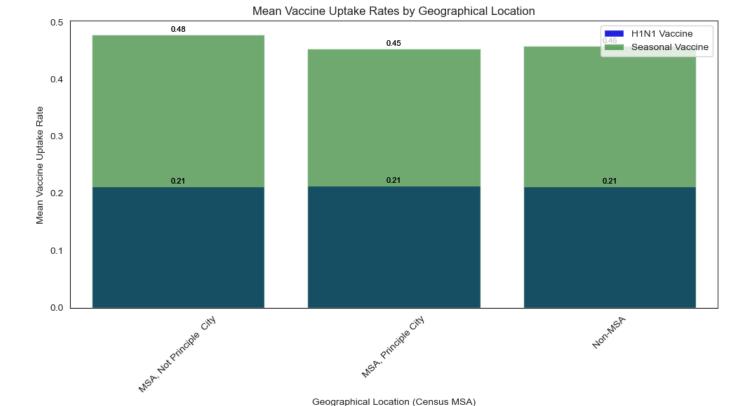




Role of geographical location on vaccine uptake rates.

reload the data then run the code below

```
In [43]: vaccine uptake by location = data.groupby('census msa')[['hln1 vaccine', 'seasonal vacci
         # Display the head of the resulting dataframe
         print(vaccine uptake by location.head())
                          census msa h1n1 vaccine
                                                    seasonal vaccine
           MSA, Not Principle City
                                         0.211851
                                                            0.478231
         1
                MSA, Principle City
                                          0.213759
                                                            0.453713
                             Non-MSA
                                          0.212003
                                                            0.458183
In [44]: plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
         # Plotting the H1N1 vaccine uptake
         h1n1 plot = sns.barplot(x='census msa', y='h1n1 vaccine', data=vaccine uptake by locatio
         # Plotting the seasonal vaccine uptake
         seasonal plot = sns.barplot(x='census msa', y='seasonal vaccine', data=vaccine uptake by
         plt.title('Mean Vaccine Uptake Rates by Geographical Location')
         plt.xlabel('Geographical Location (Census MSA)')
         plt.ylabel('Mean Vaccine Uptake Rate')
         plt.legend()
         # Adding data labels for H1N1 vaccine
         for p in h1n1 plot.patches:
             plt.annotate(f'{p.get height():.2f}', (p.get x() + p.get width() / 2., p.get height()
                          ha='center', va='center', fontsize=8, color='black', xytext=(0, 5),
                          textcoords='offset points')
         # Adding data labels for seasonal vaccine
         for p in seasonal plot.patches:
             plt.annotate(f'{p.get height():.2f}', (p.get x() + p.get width() / 2., p.get height(
                          ha='center', va='center', fontsize=8, color='black', xytext=(0, 5),
                          textcoords='offset points')
         plt.xticks(rotation=45)
         plt.tight layout()
         plt.show()
```



Relationship between respondents' employment status and their vaccination status

Not Identified

Unemployed

Not in Labor Force

1192

1216

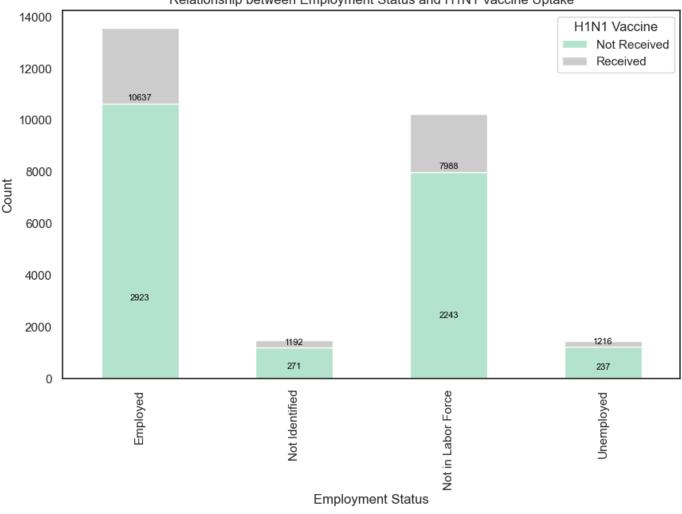
7988 2243

271

237

```
contingency table = pd.crosstab(data['employment status'], data['h1n1 vaccine'])
In [45]:
         # Display the contingency table
         print(contingency table)
         # Create a stacked bar plot with a gradient color
         sns.set(style="white")
         ax = contingency table.plot(kind='bar', stacked=True, colormap='Pastel2', figsize=(10, 6
         plt.title('Relationship between Employment Status and H1N1 Vaccine Uptake')
        plt.xlabel('Employment Status')
         plt.ylabel('Count')
         plt.legend(title='H1N1 Vaccine', labels=['Not Received', 'Received'])
         for p in ax.patches:
            height = p.get height()
             if height != 0: # Exclude bars with zero height
                 ax.annotate(f'{int(height)}', (p.get x() + p.get width() / 2., height),
                             ha='center', va='center', fontsize=8, color='black', xytext=(0, 5),
                             textcoords='offset points')
         plt.show()
        h1n1 vaccine
                                 0
                                       1
        employment status
                             10637 2923
        Employed
```

Relationship between Employment Status and H1N1 Vaccine Uptake



Determine if there's a significant difference in vaccine uptake between people with different chronic health conditions.

Perform Chi-Square Test:

```
In [48]: chi2_1, p1, _, _ = chi2_contingency(hln1_contingency_table)
    chi2_2, p2, _, _ = chi2_contingency(seasonal_contingency_table)
    print(f"H1N1 Chi-Square Value: {chi2_1}")
    print(f"P-Value: {p1}")

    print(f"Seasonal Chi-Square Value: {chi2_2}")
    print(f"P-Value: {p2}")
```

H1N1 Chi-Square Value: 237.2776362003578

```
P-Value: 1.5428233060113362e-53
Seasonal Chi-Square Value: 766.2201795832589
P-Value: 1.1928898604662591e-168

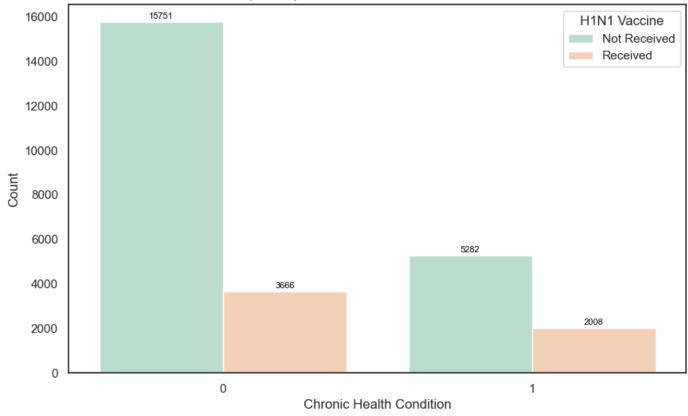
In [49]: alpha = 0.05
if pl < alpha:
    print("There is a significant difference in H1N1 vaccine uptake between people with else:
    print("There is no significant difference in H1N1 vaccine uptake between people with There is a significant difference in H1N1 vaccine uptake between people with the orich health conditions.

In [50]: if p2 < alpha:
    print("There is a significant difference in Seasonal vaccine uptake between people welse:
    print("There is no significant difference in Seasonal vaccine uptake between people welse:
    print("There is no significant difference in Seasonal vaccine uptake between people with difference is a significant difference in Seasonal vaccine uptake between people with difference uptake between people uptake uptake uptake
```

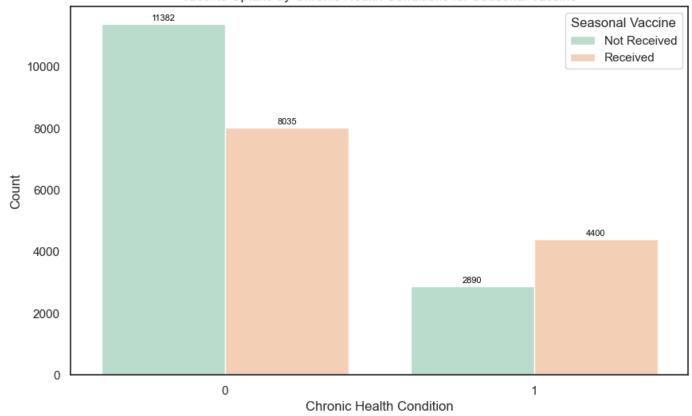
There is a significant difference in Seasonal vaccine uptake between people with different chronic health conditions.

```
# Function to add data labels
In [51]:
        def add data labels(ax):
            for p in ax.patches:
                height = p.get height()
                ax.annotate(f'{int(height)}', (p.get x() + p.get width() / 2., height),
                              ha='center', va='center', fontsize=8, color='black', xytext=(0, 5),
                              textcoords='offset points')
         # Stacked bar plot for H1N1 vaccine
        plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
        ax1 = sns.countplot(x='chronic med condition', hue='hln1 vaccine', data=data, palette='P
         # Add data labels for H1N1 vaccine
         add data labels(ax1)
        plt.title('Vaccine Uptake by Chronic Health Conditions for H1N1 Vaccine')
        plt.xlabel('Chronic Health Condition')
        plt.ylabel('Count')
        plt.legend(title='H1N1 Vaccine', labels=['Not Received', 'Received'])
        plt.show()
         # Stacked bar plot for seasonal vaccine
        plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
        ax2 = sns.countplot(x='chronic med condition', hue='seasonal vaccine', data=data, palett
         # Add data labels for seasonal vaccine
        add data labels(ax2)
        plt.title('Vaccine Uptake by Chronic Health Conditions for Seasonal Vaccine')
        plt.xlabel('Chronic Health Condition')
        plt.ylabel('Count')
        plt.legend(title='Seasonal Vaccine', labels=['Not Received', 'Received'])
        plt.show()
```

Vaccine Uptake by Chronic Health Conditions for H1N1 Vaccine



Vaccine Uptake by Chronic Health Conditions for Seasonal Vaccine

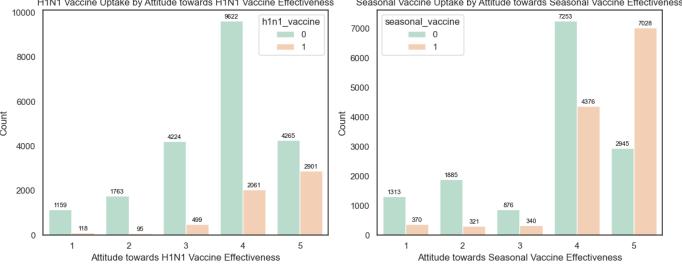


Assess the effect of respondents' attitudes towards vaccines in general on their decision to get the H1N1 and Seasonal flu vaccines.

```
In [52]: # Assuming 'opinion_hln1_vacc_effective' and 'opinion_seas_vacc_effective' are columns r
    contingency_table_hln1_attitude = pd.crosstab(data['opinion_hln1_vacc_effective'], data[
    contingency_table_seasonal_attitude = pd.crosstab(data['opinion_seas_vacc_effective'], d
```

In [53]: chi2_hln1, p_hln1, _, _ = chi2_contingency(contingency_table_hln1_attitude)

```
chi2 seasonal, p seasonal, , = chi2 contingency(contingency table seasonal attitude)
         print(f"H1N1 Vaccine - Chi-Square Value: {chi2 h1n1}, P-Value: {p h1n1}")
         print(f"Seasonal Vaccine - Chi-Square Value: {chi2 seasonal}, P-Value: {p seasonal}")
         H1N1 Vaccine - Chi-Square Value: 2396.6965315459356, P-Value: 0.0
         Seasonal Vaccine - Chi-Square Value: 4150.120326928804, P-Value: 0.0
In [54]: plt.figure(figsize=(12, 5))
         plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
         ax1 = sns.countplot(x='opinion h1n1 vacc effective', hue='h1n1 vaccine', data=data, pale
         # Add Data Labels for H1N1 Vaccine
         for p in ax1.patches:
             height = p.get height()
             ax1.annotate(f'{int(height)}', (p.get x() + p.get width() / 2., height),
                           ha='center', va='center', fontsize=8, color='black', xytext=(0, 5),
                           textcoords='offset points')
         plt.title('H1N1 Vaccine Uptake by Attitude towards H1N1 Vaccine Effectiveness')
         plt.xlabel('Attitude towards H1N1 Vaccine Effectiveness')
         plt.ylabel('Count')
         # Plot Grouped Bar Plot for Seasonal Vaccine
         plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
         ax2 = sns.countplot(x='opinion seas vacc effective', hue='seasonal vaccine', data=data,
         # Add Data Labels for Seasonal Vaccine
         for p in ax2.patches:
             height = p.get height()
             ax2.annotate(f'{int(height)}', (p.get x() + p.get width() / 2., height),
                           ha='center', va='center', fontsize=8, color='black', xytext=(0, 5),
                           textcoords='offset points')
         plt.title('Seasonal Vaccine Uptake by Attitude towards Seasonal Vaccine Effectiveness')
         plt.xlabel('Attitude towards Seasonal Vaccine Effectiveness')
         plt.ylabel('Count')
         plt.tight layout()
         plt.show()
              H1N1 Vaccine Uptake by Attitude towards H1N1 Vaccine Effectiveness
                                                         Seasonal Vaccine Uptake by Attitude towards Seasonal Vaccine Effectiveness
           10000
```



Build a Machine learning model to predict the likelihood of receiving a H1N1 Vaccine and/or a Seasonal Vaccine

```
In [56]: # Select relevant columns for the model
features = ['hln1_concern', 'hln1_knowledge', 'behavioral_antiviral_meds', 'behavioral_a
```

```
'behavioral outside home', 'behavioral touch face', 'doctor recc h1n1', 'chr
                     'child under 6 months', 'health worker', 'opinion h1n1 vacc effective', 'opi
In [57]: # Separate features and target variables for H1N1 vaccine
         X h1n1 = data[features]
         y h1n1 = data['h1n1 vaccine']
         # Separate features and target variables for seasonal vaccine
         X seasonal = data[features]
         y seasonal = data['seasonal vaccine']
In [58]: # Split the data into training and testing sets
         X train hln1, X test hln1, y train hln1, y test hln1 = train test split(X hln1, y hln1,
        X train seasonal, X test seasonal, y train seasonal, y test seasonal = train test split(
In [59]: | # Standardize the features
         scaler = StandardScaler()
         X train h1n1 = scaler.fit transform(X train h1n1)
         X test h1n1 = scaler.transform(X test h1n1)
         X train seasonal = scaler.fit transform(X train seasonal)
         X test seasonal = scaler.transform(X test seasonal)
        Logistic Regression
In [60]: # Create and train the logistic regression model for H1N1 vaccine
         model h1n1 = LogisticRegression(random state=42)
         model hln1.fit(X train hln1, y train hln1)
Out[60]:
                 LogisticRegression
        LogisticRegression(random_state=42)
In [61]: | # Create and train the logistic regression model for seasonal vaccine
         model seasonal = LogisticRegression(random state=42)
        model seasonal.fit(X train seasonal, y train seasonal)
Out[61]:
                 LogisticRegression
        LogisticRegression(random_state=42)
In [62]: # Make predictions for H1N1 vaccine
         predictions_h1n1 = model_h1n1.predict(X test h1n1)
In [63]: # Make predictions for seasonal vaccine
         predictions seasonal = model seasonal.predict(X test seasonal)
In [64]: | # Evaluate the model for H1N1 vaccine
         print("H1N1 Vaccine Model Evaluation:")
        print(confusion matrix(y test h1n1, predictions h1n1))
         print(classification_report(y_test_hln1, predictions_hln1))
         print(f"Accuracy: {accuracy score(y test hln1, predictions hln1)}\n")
        H1N1 Vaccine Model Evaluation:
         [[4012 200]
          [ 684 446]]
                      precision recall f1-score support
                                                       4212
                   \cap
                          0.85 0.95 0.90
                           0.69
                                    0.39
                                              0.50
                                                         1130
```

'behavioral face mask', 'behavioral wash hands', 'behavioral large gathering

```
accuracy
                              0.83
                                     5342
  macro avq
             0.77 0.67
                             0.70
                                    5342
             0.82
                     0.83
                            0.82
weighted avg
                                    5342
```

Accuracy: 0.8345189067764882

```
In [66]: # Create confusion matrix for H1N1 vaccine
         confusionmatrix hln1 = confusion matrix(y test hln1, predictions hln1)
In [68]:
         # Plot confusion matrix for H1N1 vaccine
         plt.figure(figsize=(4, 2))
         sns.heatmap(confusionmatrix h1n1, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Blues', cbar=False,
                     xticklabels=['Not Vaccinated', 'Vaccinated'],
                     yticklabels=['Not Vaccinated', 'Vaccinated'])
         plt.title('Logistic Regression Confusion Matrix - H1N1 Vaccine')
         plt.xlabel('Predicted')
         plt.ylabel('True')
         plt.show()
```

Logistic Regression Confusion Matrix - H1N1 Vaccine



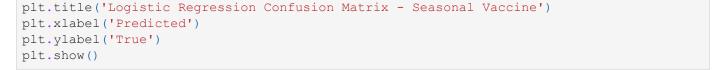
Predicted

```
In [69]: # Evaluate the model for seasonal vaccine
        print("Seasonal Vaccine Model Evaluation:")
        print(confusion matrix(y test seasonal, predictions seasonal))
        print(classification report(y test seasonal, predictions seasonal))
        print(f"Accuracy: {accuracy score(y test seasonal, predictions seasonal)}")
        Seasonal Vaccine Model Evaluation:
        [[2182 709]
         [1114 1337]]
                    precision recall f1-score support
                        0.66
                                 0.75 0.71
                                                    2891
                        0.65
                                   0.55
                                           0.59
                                                    2451
           accuracy
                                           0.66
                                                   5342
          macro avg
                        0.66
                                 0.65
                                          0.65
                                                    5342
                        0.66
                                   0.66
                                           0.65
        weighted avg
                                                    5342
```

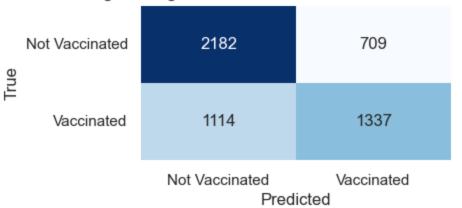
Accuracy: 0.6587420441782104

```
In [70]: # Create confusion matrix for seasonal vaccine
         confusionmatrix seasonal = confusion matrix(y test seasonal, predictions seasonal)
```

```
# Plot confusion matrix for seasonal vaccine
In [71]:
         plt.figure(figsize=(4, 2))
         sns.heatmap(confusionmatrix seasonal, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Blues', cbar=False,
                     xticklabels=['Not Vaccinated', 'Vaccinated'],
                     yticklabels=['Not Vaccinated', 'Vaccinated'])
```



Logistic Regression Confusion Matrix - Seasonal Vaccine



Random Tree Forest

In [77]: # Make predictions for H1N1 vaccine

In [79]:

In [78]: # Make predictions for seasonal vaccine

Evaluate the model for H1N1 vaccine

print("H1N1 Vaccine Model Evaluation:")

rf predictions h1n1 = best rf h1n1.predict(X test h1n1)

print(confusion matrix(y test h1n1, rf predictions h1n1))

rf_predictions_seasonal = best_rf_seasonal.predict(X test seasonal)

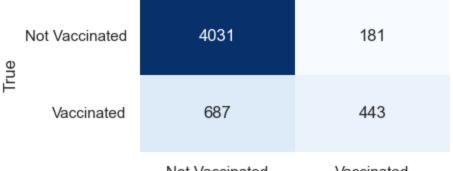
```
In [72]: # Create and train Random Forest models for H1N1 and seasonal vaccines
         rf h1n1 = RandomForestClassifier(random state=42)
         rf seasonal = RandomForestClassifier(random state=42)
In [73]: # Hyperparameter tuning using GridSearchCV
         param grid = {
            'n estimators': [50, 100, 150],
             'max depth': [None, 10, 20, 30],
             'min samples split': [2, 5, 10],
             'min samples leaf': [1, 2, 4]
In [74]: grid_search_h1n1 = GridSearchCV(rf_h1n1, param grid, cv=5, scoring='accuracy')
         grid search seasonal = GridSearchCV(rf seasonal, param grid, cv=5, scoring='accuracy')
        grid search h1n1.fit(X train h1n1, y train h1n1)
         grid search seasonal.fit(X train seasonal, y train seasonal)
                      GridSearchCV
Out[75]:
         estimator: RandomForestClassifier
                ► RandomForestClassifier
In [76]:
         # Get the best models from the grid search
         best rf hln1 = grid search hln1.best estimator
         best rf seasonal = grid search seasonal.best estimator
```

```
print(classification_report(y_test_hln1, rf_predictions hln1))
print(f"Accuracy: {accuracy score(y test hln1, rf predictions hln1)}\n")
H1N1 Vaccine Model Evaluation:
[[4031 181]
[ 687 443]]
            precision recall f1-score support
         0
               0.85
                        0.96 0.90 4212
0.39 0.51 1130
               0.71
                                  0.84 5342
   accuracy
  macro avg
               0.78
                        0.67
                                 0.70
                                          5342
                                         5342
               0.82
                              0.82
weighted avg
                         0.84
```

Accuracy: 0.8375140396855111

Accuracy: 0.6568700861100711

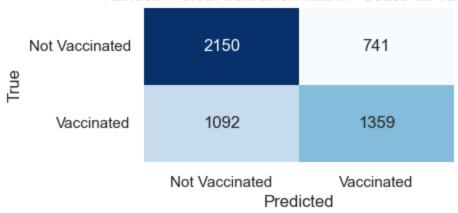
Random Forest Confusion Matrix - H1N1 Vaccine



Not Vaccinated Vaccinated Predicted

```
In [82]: # Evaluate the model for seasonal vaccine
        print("Seasonal Vaccine Model Evaluation:")
        print(confusion matrix(y test seasonal, rf predictions seasonal))
        print(classification report(y test seasonal, rf predictions seasonal))
        print(f"Accuracy: {accuracy score(y test seasonal, rf predictions seasonal)}")
        Seasonal Vaccine Model Evaluation:
        [[2150 741]
        [1092 1359]]
                    precision recall f1-score support
                        0.66
                                0.74
                                          0.70
                                                    2891
                        0.65
                                0.55
                                          0.60
                                                   2451
                                          0.66 5342
           accuracy
                       0.66
                                0.65
                                          0.65
                                                   5342
          macro avg
                                       0.65
                       0.66
        weighted avg
                               0.66
                                                   5342
```

Random Forest Confusion Matrix - Seasonal Vaccine



Support Vector Machines (SVM)

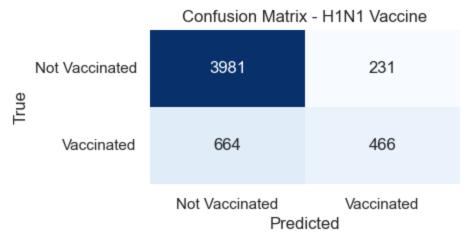
```
In [85]: # Create an SVM model for H1N1 vaccine
         svm h1n1 = SVC(random state=42)
         # Create an SVM model for H1N1 vaccine
In [86]:
         svm seasonal = SVC(random state=42)
         # Hyperparameter tuning using GridSearchCV for H1N1 vaccine
In [87]:
         param grid h1n1 = {
             'C': [0.1, 1, 10],
             'kernel': ['linear', 'rbf', 'poly'],
             'gamma': ['scale', 'auto']
         # Hyperparameter tuning using GridSearchCV for Seasonal vaccine
In [88]:
         param grid seasonal = {
            'C': [0.1, 1, 10],
             'kernel': ['linear', 'rbf', 'poly'],
             'gamma': ['scale', 'auto']
         svm grid search hln1 = GridSearchCV(svm hln1, param grid hln1, cv=5, scoring='accuracy')
In [89]:
         svm_grid_search_hln1.fit(X_train_hln1, y train hln1)
         GridSearchCV
Out[89]:
         ▶ estimator: SVC
                ▶ SVC
```

```
In [90]: svm_grid_search_seasonal = GridSearchCV(svm_seasonal, param grid seasonal, cv=5, scoring
         svm grid search seasonal.fit(X train seasonal, y train seasonal)
Out[90]:
         GridSearchCV
          ▶ estimator: SVC
                ▶ SVC
In [91]: # Get the best model from the grid search for H1N1 vaccine
         best svm h1n1 = svm grid search h1n1.best estimator
In [92]: # Get the best model from the grid search for seasonal vaccine
         best svm seasonal = svm grid search seasonal.best estimator
In [93]: # Make predictions for H1N1 vaccine
         svm predictions h1n1 = best svm h1n1.predict(X test h1n1)
         # Make predictions for seasonal vaccine
         svm predictions seasonal = best svm seasonal.predict(X test seasonal)
In [94]: # Evaluate the model for H1N1 vaccine
         print("H1N1 Vaccine Model Evaluation:")
         print(confusion matrix(y test h1n1, svm predictions h1n1))
         print(classification report(y test hln1, svm predictions hln1))
         print(f"Accuracy: {accuracy score(y test hln1, svm predictions hln1)}\n")
         H1N1 Vaccine Model Evaluation:
         [[3981 231]
          [ 664 466]]
                       precision recall f1-score support
                          0.86 0.95 0.90 4212
                    0
                          0.67
                                     0.41
                                               0.51
                                                         1130

      0.76
      0.68
      0.70
      5342

      0.82
      0.83
      0.82
      5342

            accuracy
           macro avg
        weighted avg 0.82
         Accuracy: 0.832459752901535
In [95]: # Create confusion matrix for H1N1 vaccine
         svm cm h1n1 = confusion matrix(y test h1n1, svm predictions h1n1)
In [96]: # Plot confusion matrix for H1N1 vaccine
         plt.figure(figsize=(4, 2))
         sns.heatmap(svm cm h1n1, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Blues', cbar=False,
                     xticklabels=['Not Vaccinated', 'Vaccinated'],
                     yticklabels=['Not Vaccinated', 'Vaccinated'])
         plt.title('Confusion Matrix - H1N1 Vaccine')
         plt.xlabel('Predicted')
         plt.ylabel('True')
         plt.show()
```

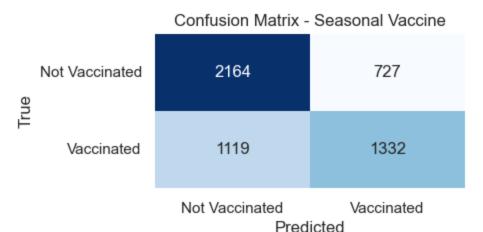


```
In [97]: # Evaluate the model for seasonal vaccine
print("Seasonal Vaccine Model Evaluation:")
```

```
Seasonal Vaccine Model Evaluation:
[[2164 727]
[1119 1332]]
           precision recall f1-score support
              0.66
                       0.75 0.70
                                        2891
               0.65
                        0.54
                                0.59
                                         2451
   accuracy
                                0.65
                                        5342
              0.65
                        0.65
                                0.65
                                        5342
  macro avg
weighted avg
               0.65
                        0.65
                                 0.65
                                         5342
```

Accuracy: 0.65443654062149

```
In [98]: # Create confusion matrix for seasonal vaccine
    svm_cm_seasonal = confusion_matrix(y_test_seasonal, svm_predictions_seasonal)
```



K-NN

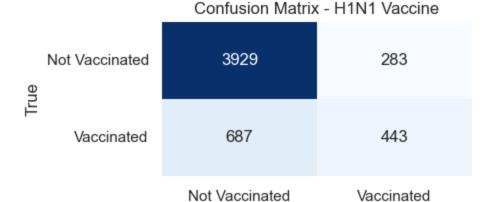
```
In [100... | # Create a k-NN model for H1N1 vaccine
         knn h1n1 = KNeighborsClassifier()
In [101... | # Create a k-NN model for seasonal vaccine
         knn seasonal = KNeighborsClassifier()
In [102... | # Hyperparameter tuning using GridSearchCV for H1N1 vaccine
         param_grid_h1n1 = {
              'n neighbors': [3, 5, 7, 9],
              'weights': ['uniform', 'distance'],
             'p': [1, 2] # 1 for Manhattan distance, 2 for Euclidean distance
         # Hyperparameter tuning using GridSearchCV for seasonal vaccine
In [103...
         param grid seasonal = {
             'n neighbors': [3, 5, 7, 9],
             'weights': ['uniform', 'distance'],
              'p': [1, 2] # 1 for Manhattan distance, 2 for Euclidean distance
         knn grid search h1n1 = GridSearchCV(knn h1n1, param grid h1n1, cv=5, scoring='accuracy')
In [104...
         knn_grid_search_hln1.fit(X_train_hln1, y_train_hln1)
Out[104]:
                     GridSearchCV
          estimator: KNeighborsClassifier
                 ► KNeighborsClassifier
         knn grid search seasonal = GridSearchCV(knn seasonal, param grid seasonal, cv=5, scoring
In [105...
         knn grid search seasonal.fit(X train seasonal, y train seasonal)
                      GridSearchCV
Out[105]:
          ▶ estimator: KNeighborsClassifier
                ► KNeighborsClassifier
In [106... | # Get the best model from the grid search for H1N1 vaccine
         best knn h1n1 = knn grid search h1n1.best estimator
In [107... | # Get the best model from the grid search for seasonal vaccine
         best_knn_seasonal = knn_grid_search_seasonal.best estimator
In [108... # Make predictions for H1N1 vaccine
         knn predictions h1n1 = best knn h1n1.predict(X test h1n1)
In [109... # Make predictions for seasonal vaccine
         knn predictions seasonal = best knn seasonal.predict(X test seasonal)
In [110... | # Evaluate the model for H1N1 vaccine
         print("H1N1 Vaccine Model Evaluation:")
         print(confusion matrix(y test h1n1, knn predictions h1n1))
         print(classification report(y test h1n1, knn predictions h1n1))
         print(f"Accuracy: {accuracy score(y test hln1, knn predictions hln1)}\n")
```

H1N1 Vaccine Model Evaluation:

Accuracy: 0.8184200673904904

```
In [111... # Create confusion matrix for H1N1 vaccine
    knn_cm_h1n1 = confusion_matrix(y_test_h1n1, knn_predictions_h1n1)

# Create confusion matrix for seasonal vaccine
    knn_cm_seasonal = confusion_matrix(y_test_seasonal, knn_predictions_seasonal)
```



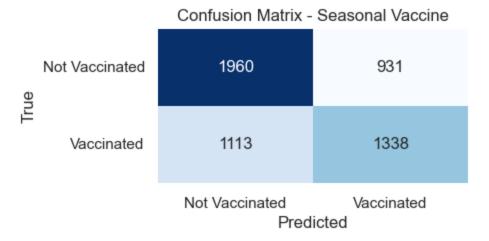
```
In [113... # Evaluate the model for seasonal vaccine
    print("Seasonal Vaccine Model Evaluation:")
    print(confusion_matrix(y_test_seasonal, predictions_seasonal))
    print(classification_report(y_test_seasonal, predictions_seasonal))
    print(f"Accuracy: {accuracy_score(y_test_seasonal, predictions_seasonal)}")
```

Predicted

[[2182 709] [1114 1337]] precision recall f1-score support 0.66 0.75 0.71 2891 0.65 0.55 0.59 2451 0.66 5342 accuracy 0.66 0.65 0.65 0.66 0.65 5342 macro avg 0.65 weighted avg 0.66 5342

Accuracy: 0.6587420441782104

Seasonal Vaccine Model Evaluation:



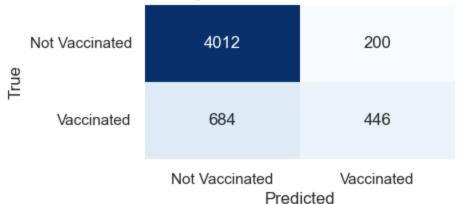
Naive Bayes

```
In [115...  # Create a Gaussian Naive Bayes model for H1N1 vaccine
          nb h1n1 = GaussianNB()
In [116... | # Create a Gaussian Naive Bayes model for seasonal vaccine
          nb seasonal = GaussianNB()
In [117...
          # Fit the model for H1N1 vaccine
          nb h1n1.fit(X train h1n1, y train h1n1)
Out[117]:
          ▼ GaussianNB
         GaussianNB()
          # Fit the model for seasonal vaccine
In [118...
          nb seasonal.fit(X train seasonal, y train seasonal)
          ▼ GaussianNB
Out[118]:
         GaussianNB()
          # Make predictions for H1N1 vaccine
In [119...
          nb predictions h1n1 = nb h1n1.predict(X test h1n1)
In [120... # Make predictions for seasonal vaccine
          nb predictions seasonal = nb seasonal.predict(X test seasonal)
In [121...  # Evaluate the model for H1N1 vaccine
          print("H1N1 Vaccine Model Evaluation:")
          print(confusion matrix(y test h1n1, nb predictions h1n1))
          print(classification_report(y_test_h1n1, nb predictions h1n1))
          print(f"Accuracy: {accuracy score(y test hln1, nb predictions hln1)}\n")
         H1N1 Vaccine Model Evaluation:
```

```
[[3496 716]
[ 481 649]]
           precision recall f1-score support
            0.88 0.83 0.85
                                        4212
              0.48
         1
                        0.57
                               0.52
                                       1130
   accuracy
                                0.78
                                       5342
                        0.70
                               0.69
                                        5342
  macro avg
               0.68
weighted avg
              0.79
                        0.78
                               0.78
                                       5342
```

Accuracy: 0.775926619243729

Naive Bayes Confusion Matrix - H1N1 Vaccine



```
In [124... # Evaluate the model for seasonal vaccine
    print("Seasonal Vaccine Model Evaluation:")
    print(confusion_matrix(y_test_seasonal, predictions_seasonal))
    print(classification_report(y_test_seasonal, predictions_seasonal))
    print(f"Accuracy: {accuracy_score(y_test_seasonal, predictions_seasonal)}")
```

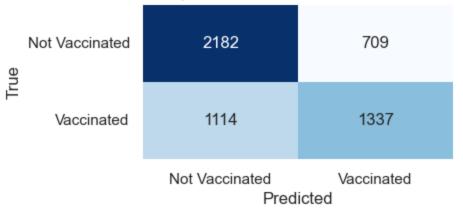
```
Seasonal Vaccine Model Evaluation:
[[2182 709]
[1114 1337]]
            precision
                      recall f1-score support
                0.66
         0
                        0.75
                                  0.71
                                           2891
                0.65
                                  0.59
         1
                         0.55
                                           2451
                                        5342
                                  0.66
   accuracy
               0.66
                        0.65
                                 0.65
                                          5342
  macro avg
weighted avg
               0.66
                        0.66
                                 0.65
                                          5342
```

Accuracy: 0.6587420441782104

```
In [125... # Create confusion matrix for seasonal vaccine
    nb_cm_seasonal = confusion_matrix(y_test_seasonal, predictions_seasonal)
```

```
# Plot confusion matrix for seasonal vaccine
In [126...
         plt.figure(figsize=(4, 2))
         sns.heatmap(nb cm seasonal, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Blues', cbar=False,
                     xticklabels=['Not Vaccinated', 'Vaccinated'],
                     yticklabels=['Not Vaccinated', 'Vaccinated'])
         plt.title('Naive Bayes Confusion Matrix - Seasonal Vaccine')
         plt.xlabel('Predicted')
         plt.ylabel('True')
         plt.show()
```

Naive Bayes Confusion Matrix - Seasonal Vaccine



Create a Gradient Boosting Classifier for H1N1 vaccine

gbm grid search hln1.fit(X train hln1, y train hln1)

Ensemble Models

Gradient Boosting

In [131...

Gradient Boosting Machine (GBM)

```
In [127...
         gbm h1n1 = GradientBoostingClassifier(random state=42)
         # Create a Gradient Boosting Classifier for H1N1 vaccine
In [128...
         gbm seasonal = GradientBoostingClassifier(random state=42)
         # Hyperparameter tuning using GridSearchCV for H1N1 vaccine
In [129...
         param grid hln1 = {
             'n estimators': [50, 100, 150],
             'learning rate': [0.01, 0.1, 0.2],
             'max depth': [3, 4, 5],
             'subsample': [0.8, 0.9, 1.0],
             'min samples split': [2, 5, 10],
             'min samples leaf': [1, 2, 4]
         # Hyperparameter tuning using GridSearchCV for H1N1 vaccine
In [130...
         param grid seasonal = {
             'n_estimators': [50, 100, 150],
             'learning rate': [0.01, 0.1, 0.2],
             'max depth': [3, 4, 5],
             'subsample': [0.8, 0.9, 1.0],
             'min samples split': [2, 5, 10],
             'min samples leaf': [1, 2, 4]
```

gbm grid search hln1 = GridSearchCV(gbm hln1, param grid hln1, cv=5, scoring='accuracy')

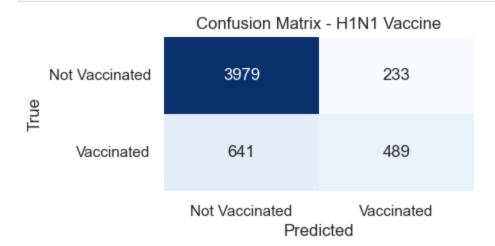
```
Out[131]: •
                 GridSearchCV
          ▶ estimator: GradientBoostingClassifier
                 GradientBoostingClassifier
In [132... gbm grid search seasonal = GridSearchCV(gbm seasonal, param grid seasonal, cv=5, scoring
          gbm grid search seasonal.fit(X train seasonal, y train seasonal)
Out[132]:
                           GridSearchCV
           ▶ estimator: GradientBoostingClassifier
                 ▶ GradientBoostingClassifier
In [133...  # Get the best model from the grid search for H1N1 vaccine
         best gbm h1n1 = gbm grid search h1n1.best estimator
In [134... | # Get the best model from the grid search for seasonal vaccine
         best gbm seasonal = gbm grid search seasonal.best estimator
In [135...  # Make predictions for H1N1 vaccine
          gbm_predictions_h1n1 = best_gbm_h1n1.predict(X test h1n1)
In [137... # Make predictions for seasonal vaccine
         gbm predictions seasonal = best gbm seasonal.predict(X test seasonal)
In [138...  # Evaluate the model for H1N1 vaccine
         print("H1N1 Vaccine Model Evaluation:")
         print(confusion matrix(y test h1n1, gbm predictions h1n1))
          print(classification_report(y_test_hln1, gbm_predictions_hln1))
          print(f"Accuracy: {accuracy score(y test hln1, gbm predictions hln1)}\n")
         H1N1 Vaccine Model Evaluation:
          [[3979 233]
           [ 641 489]]
                       precision recall f1-score support
                            0.86 0.94 0.90 4212
                                      0.43
                                                           1130
                            0.68
                                                 0.53

      accuracy
      0.84
      5342

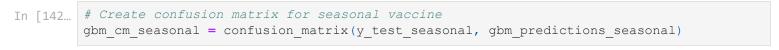
      macro avg
      0.77
      0.69
      0.71
      5342

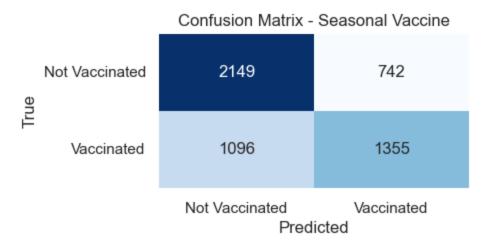
      weighted avg
      0.82
      0.84
      0.82
      5342

         Accuracy: 0.8363908648446274
In [139...  # Create confusion matrix for H1N1 vaccine
          gbm cm hln1 = confusion matrix(y test hln1, gbm predictions hln1)
In [140...  # Plot confusion matrix for H1N1 vaccine
          plt.figure(figsize=(4, 2))
          sns.heatmap(gbm cm h1n1, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Blues', cbar=False,
                      xticklabels=['Not Vaccinated', 'Vaccinated'],
                      yticklabels=['Not Vaccinated', 'Vaccinated'])
          plt.title('Confusion Matrix - H1N1 Vaccine')
          plt.xlabel('Predicted')
          plt.ylabel('True')
          plt.show()
```



```
In [141...  # Evaluate the model for seasonal vaccine
        print("Seasonal Vaccine Model Evaluation:")
        print(confusion matrix(y test seasonal, predictions seasonal))
        print(classification_report(y_test_seasonal, predictions_seasonal))
        print(f"Accuracy: {accuracy score(y test seasonal, predictions seasonal)}")
        Seasonal Vaccine Model Evaluation:
        [[2182 709]
         [1114 1337]]
                     precision recall f1-score
                                                   support
                   0
                         0.66
                                  0.75
                                            0.71
                                                      2891
                          0.65
                                    0.55
                                             0.59
                                                      2451
                                             0.66
            accuracy
                                                      5342
                         0.66
                                    0.65
                                            0.65
           macro avg
                                                      5342
                                         0.65
        weighted avg
                         0.66
                                    0.66
                                                      5342
        Accuracy: 0.6587420441782104
```





XGBoost (Extreme Gradient Boosting)

In [155... # Evaluate the model for H1N1 vaccine

```
In [144... | # Create a Gradient Boosting Classifier for H1N1 vaccine
          xgb h1n1 = XGBClassifier(random state=42)
In [145... | # Create a Gradient Boosting Classifier for seasonal vaccine
          xgb seasonal = XGBClassifier(random state=42)
          # Hyperparameter tuning using GridSearchCV for H1N1 vaccine
In [146...
          param grid h1n1 = {
              'n estimators': [100, 150, 200],
              'learning rate': [0.05, 0.1, 0.2],
              'max depth': [3, 4, 5],
              'subsample': [0.8, 0.9, 1.0],
              'colsample bytree': [0.8, 0.9, 1.0],
              'gamma': [0, 1, 5]
In [147...  # Hyperparameter tuning using GridSearchCV for H1N1 vaccine
         param grid seasonal = {
             'n estimators': [100, 150, 200],
              'learning rate': [0.05, 0.1, 0.2],
              'max depth': [3, 4, 5],
              'subsample': [0.8, 0.9, 1.0],
              'colsample bytree': [0.8, 0.9, 1.0],
              'gamma': [0, 1, 5]
         xgb grid search h1n1 = GridSearchCV(xgb h1n1, param grid h1n1, cv=5, scoring='accuracy')
         xgb_grid_search_hln1.fit(X_train_hln1, y_train_hln1)
                   GridSearchCV
Out[149]:
          ▶ estimator: XGBClassifier
                 ► XGBClassifier
         xgb grid search seasonal = GridSearchCV(xgb seasonal, param grid seasonal, cv=5, scoring
In [150...
          xgb grid search seasonal.fit(X train seasonal, y train seasonal)
                   GridSearchCV
Out[150]:
          ▶ estimator: XGBClassifier
                 ► XGBClassifier
In [151... | # Get the best model from the grid search for H1N1 vaccine
         best xgb h1n1 = xgb grid search h1n1.best estimator
In [152... | # Get the best model from the grid search for seasonal vaccine
         best xgb seasonal = xgb grid search seasonal.best estimator
In [153... # Make predictions for H1N1 vaccine
         xgb predictions h1n1 = best xgb h1n1.predict(X test h1n1)
In [154...  # Make predictions for seasonal vaccine
         xgb predictions seasonal = best xgb seasonal.predict(X test seasonal)
```

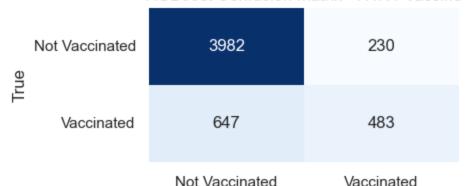
```
print("H1N1 Vaccine Model Evaluation:")
         print(confusion matrix(y test h1n1, xgb predictions h1n1))
         print(classification report(y test hln1, xgb predictions hln1))
         print(f"Accuracy: {accuracy score(y test hln1, xgb predictions hln1)}\n")
         H1N1 Vaccine Model Evaluation:
         [[3982 230]
          [ 647 483]]
                       precision recall f1-score support
                            0.86 0.95
                                                0.90
                                                        4212
                           0.68
                                       0.43
                                                           1130
                                                 0.52
             accuracy
                                                 0.84
                                                           5342

      0.69
      0.71
      5342

      0.84
      0.82
      5342

            macro avg
                           0.77
                           0.82
         weighted avg
         Accuracy: 0.8358292774241857
In [156... # Create confusion matrix for H1N1 vaccine
         xgb cm hln1 = confusion matrix(y test hln1, xgb predictions hln1)
In [157... | # Plot confusion matrix for H1N1 vaccine
         plt.figure(figsize=(4, 2))
         sns.heatmap(xgb cm h1n1, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Blues', cbar=False,
                     xticklabels=['Not Vaccinated', 'Vaccinated'],
                      yticklabels=['Not Vaccinated', 'Vaccinated'])
         plt.title('XGBoost Confusion Matrix - H1N1 Vaccine')
         plt.xlabel('Predicted')
```

XGBoost Confusion Matrix - H1N1 Vaccine



plt.ylabel('True')

plt.show()

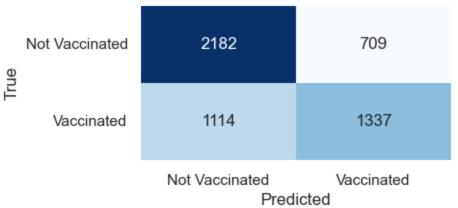
```
In [158... # Evaluate the model for seasonal vaccine
    print("Seasonal Vaccine Model Evaluation:")
    print(confusion_matrix(y_test_seasonal, predictions_seasonal))
    print(classification_report(y_test_seasonal, predictions_seasonal))
    print(f"Accuracy: {accuracy_score(y_test_seasonal, predictions_seasonal)}")
```

Predicted

[[2182 709] [1114 1337]] precision recall f1-score support 0.66 0.75 0 0.71 2891 1 0.65 0.55 0.59 2451 0.66 accuracy 5342 5342 0.66 0.65 0.65 0.66 0.66 0.65 macro avg weighted avg 0.66 0.66 0.65 5342

Seasonal Vaccine Model Evaluation:

XGBoost Confusion Matrix - Seasonal Vaccine



Light GBM

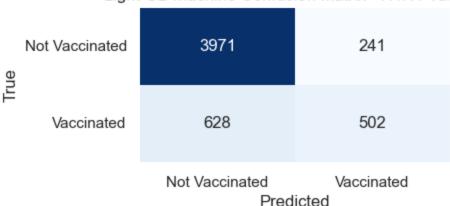
```
In [161... # Create a LightGBM classifier for H1N1 vaccine
         lgbm h1n1 = LGBMClassifier(random state=42)
          # Create a LightGBM classifier for seasonal vaccine
         lgbm seasonal = LGBMClassifier(random state=42)
In [162...  # Fit the model to your training data for H1N1 vaccine
         lgbm h1n1.fit(X train h1n1, y train h1n1)
         [LightGBM] [Info] Number of positive: 4544, number of negative: 16821
         [LightGBM] [Info] Auto-choosing row-wise multi-threading, the overhead of testing was 0.
         001098 seconds.
         You can set `force row wise=true` to remove the overhead.
         And if memory is not enough, you can set `force col wise=true`.
         [LightGBM] [Info] Total Bins 54
         [LightGBM] [Info] Number of data points in the train set: 21365, number of used feature
         [LightGBM] [Info] [binary:BoostFromScore]: pavg=0.212684 -> initscore=-1.308820
         [LightGBM] [Info] Start training from score -1.308820
Out[162]:
                  LGBMClassifier
         LGBMClassifier(random_state=42)
```

[LightGBM] [Info] Auto-choosing row-wise multi-threading, the overhead of testing was 0. 000744 seconds.

You can set `force_row_wise=true` to remove the overhead.

```
And if memory is not enough, you can set `force_col_wise=true`.
         [LightGBM] [Info] Total Bins 54
         [LightGBM] [Info] Number of data points in the train set: 21365, number of used feature
         [LightGBM] [Info] [binary:BoostFromScore]: pavg=0.467306 -> initscore=-0.130961
         [LightGBM] [Info] Start training from score -0.130961
Out[163]:
                 LGBMClassifier
         LGBMClassifier(random_state=42)
In [164... # Make predictions for H1N1 vaccine
         lgbm predictions h1n1 = lgbm h1n1.predict(X test h1n1)
In [165... # Make predictions for seasonal vaccine
         lgbm predictions seasonal = lgbm seasonal.predict(X test seasonal)
In [166... # Evaluate the model for H1N1 vaccine
         print("H1N1 Vaccine Model Evaluation:")
         print(confusion matrix(y test hln1, lgbm predictions hln1))
         print(classification report(y test h1n1, lgbm predictions h1n1))
         print(f"Accuracy: {accuracy score(y test hln1, lgbm predictions hln1)}\n")
         H1N1 Vaccine Model Evaluation:
         [[3971 241]
          [ 628 502]]
                      precision recall f1-score support
                          0.86
                                   0.94 0.90
                                                       4212
                                                       1130
                          0.68
                                    0.44
                                              0.54
                                              0.84 5342
            accuracy
                                            0.72
0.82
                          0.77
                                    0.69
                                                        5342
            macro avg
                                                     5342
         weighted avg
                          0.82
                                     0.84
         Accuracy: 0.8373268438786972
In [167...  # Create confusion matrix for H1N1 vaccine
         lgbm cm h1n1 = confusion matrix(y test h1n1, lgbm predictions h1n1)
In [168...  # Plot confusion matrix for H1N1 vaccine
         plt.figure(figsize=(4, 2))
         sns.heatmap(lgbm cm h1n1, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Blues', cbar=False,
                     xticklabels=['Not Vaccinated', 'Vaccinated'],
                     yticklabels=['Not Vaccinated', 'Vaccinated'])
         plt.title('Light GB Machine Confusion Matrix - H1N1 Vaccine')
         plt.xlabel('Predicted')
         plt.ylabel('True')
         plt.show()
```

Light GB Machine Confusion Matrix - H1N1 Vaccine

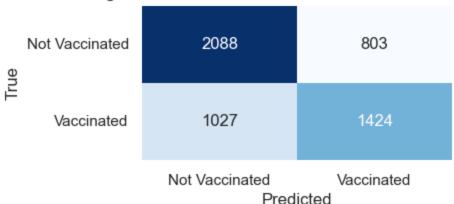


```
In [169...  # Evaluate the model for seasonal vaccine
        print("Seasonal Vaccine Model Evaluation:")
        print(confusion matrix(y test seasonal, lgbm predictions seasonal))
        print(classification report(y test seasonal, lgbm predictions seasonal))
        print(f"Accuracy: {accuracy score(y test seasonal, lgbm predictions seasonal)}")
        Seasonal Vaccine Model Evaluation:
        [[2088 803]
         [1027 1424]]
                      precision recall f1-score support
                         0.67
                                   0.72
                                             0.70
                                                        2891
                          0.64
                                    0.58
                                             0.61
                                                       2451
            accuracy
                                              0.66
                                                     5342
           macro avg
                         0.65
                                    0.65
                                             0.65
                                                       5342
        weighted avg
                         0.66
                                    0.66
                                              0.66
                                                       5342
        Accuracy: 0.6574316735305129
In [170...
        # Create confusion matrix for H1N1 vaccine
        lgbm cm seasonal = confusion matrix(y test seasonal, lgbm predictions seasonal)
        # Plot confusion matrix for seasonal vaccine
In [171...
        plt.figure(figsize=(4, 2))
```

Light GB Machine Confusion Matrix - Seasonal Vaccine

sns.heatmap(lgbm cm seasonal, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Blues', cbar=False,

xticklabels=['Not Vaccinated', 'Vaccinated'],
 yticklabels=['Not Vaccinated', 'Vaccinated'])
plt.title('Light GB Machine Confusion Matrix - Seasonal Vaccine')



plt.xlabel('Predicted')
plt.ylabel('True')

plt.show()

Ada Boost

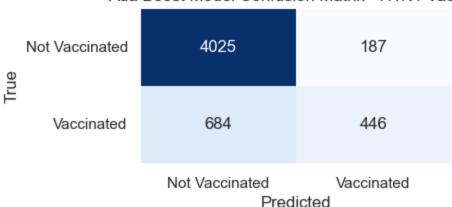
```
In [172...  # Create an AdaBoost classifier for H1N1 vaccine
          adaboost h1n1 = AdaBoostClassifier(random state=42)
          # Create an AdaBoost classifier for seasonal vaccine
          adaboost seasonal = AdaBoostClassifier(random state=42)
In [173... | # Fit the model to your training data for H1N1 vaccine
          adaboost h1n1.fit(X train h1n1, y train h1n1)
Out[173]: ▼
                  AdaBoostClassifier
         AdaBoostClassifier(random_state=42)
In [174... | # Fit the model to your training data for seasonal vaccine
          adaboost seasonal.fit(X train seasonal, y train seasonal)
Out[174]:
                  AdaBoostClassifier
         AdaBoostClassifier(random_state=42)
In [175... # Make predictions for H1N1 vaccine
          adaboost predictions hln1 = adaboost hln1.predict(X test hln1)
          # Make predictions for seasonal vaccine
          adaboost_predictions_seasonal = adaboost_seasonal.predict(X test seasonal)
In [179... | # Evaluate the model for H1N1 vaccine
         print("H1N1 Vaccine Model Evaluation:")
          print(confusion matrix(y test h1n1, adaboost predictions h1n1))
          print(classification report(y test h1n1, adaboost predictions h1n1))
          print(f"Accuracy: {accuracy score(y test h1n1, adaboost predictions h1n1)}\n")
         H1N1 Vaccine Model Evaluation:
          [[4025 187]
           [ 684 446]]
                        precision recall f1-score support
                            0.85
0.70
                                      0.96
                     0
                                                 0.90
                                                            4212
                                      0.39
                                                 0.51 1130
                                                 0.84 5342
             accuracy

      0.78
      0.68
      0.70
      5342

      0.82
      0.84
      0.82
      5342

            macro avg
         weighted avg
         Accuracy: 0.8369524522650693
In [180... | # Create confusion matrix for H1N1 vaccine
          adaboost_cm_h1n1 = confusion_matrix(y_test_h1n1, adaboost_predictions_h1n1)
In [181... | # Plot confusion matrix for H1N1 vaccine
          plt.figure(figsize=(4, 2))
          sns.heatmap(adaboost cm h1n1, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Blues', cbar=False,
                      xticklabels=['Not Vaccinated', 'Vaccinated'],
                      yticklabels=['Not Vaccinated', 'Vaccinated'])
          plt.title('Ada Boost Model Confusion Matrix - H1N1 Vaccine')
          plt.xlabel('Predicted')
          plt.ylabel('True')
          plt.show()
```

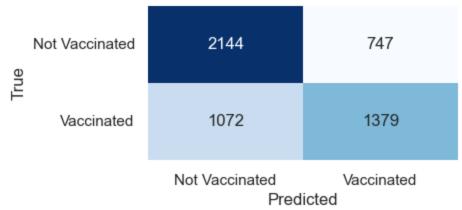
Ada Boost Model Confusion Matrix - H1N1 Vaccine



```
# Evaluate the model for seasonal vaccine
In [182...
        print("Seasonal Vaccine Model Evaluation:")
        print(confusion matrix(y test seasonal, adaboost predictions seasonal))
        print(classification report(y test seasonal, adaboost predictions seasonal))
        print(f"Accuracy: {accuracy score(y test seasonal, adaboost predictions seasonal)}")
        Seasonal Vaccine Model Evaluation:
        [[2144 747]
         [1072 1379]]
                      precision recall f1-score support
                          0.67
                                   0.74
                                            0.70
                                                         2891
                           0.65
                                     0.56
                                               0.60
                                                         2451
            accuracy
                                               0.66
                                                       5342
                          0.66
                                     0.65
                                              0.65
                                                        5342
           macro avg
        weighted avg
                           0.66
                                     0.66
                                               0.66
                                                         5342
        Accuracy: 0.6594908274054662
In [183... | # Create confusion matrix for seasonal vaccine
        adaboost cm seasonal = confusion matrix(y test seasonal, adaboost predictions seasonal)
        # Plot confusion matrix for seasonal vaccine
In [184...
        plt.figure(figsize=(4, 2))
        sns.heatmap(adaboost cm seasonal, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Blues', cbar=False,
                    xticklabels=['Not Vaccinated', 'Vaccinated'],
```

Ada Boost Model Confusion Matrix - Seasonal Vaccine

yticklabels=['Not Vaccinated', 'Vaccinated'])
plt.title('Ada Boost Model Confusion Matrix - Seasonal Vaccine')



plt.xlabel('Predicted')
plt.ylabel('True')

plt.show()

Neural Network

Multi-layer Perception

```
In [185... # Create an MLP classifier for H1N1 vaccine
          mlp h1n1 = MLPClassifier(random state=42, max iter=5000, early stopping=True,)
          # Create an MLP classifier for seasonal vaccine
          mlp seasonal = MLPClassifier(random state=42, max iter=5000, early stopping=True,)
In [186... # Fit the model to your training data for H1N1 vaccine
          mlp hln1.fit(X train hln1, y train hln1)
Out[186]: ▼
                                     MLPClassifier
         MLPClassifier(early_stopping=True, max_iter=5000, random_state=42)
In [187... # Fit the model to your training data for seasonal vaccine
          mlp seasonal.fit(X train seasonal, y train seasonal)
Out[187]:
                                     MLPClassifier
         MLPClassifier(early_stopping=True, max_iter=5000, random_state=42)
In [188... # Make predictions for H1N1 vaccine
         mlp predictions h1n1 = mlp h1n1.predict(X test h1n1)
          # Make predictions for seasonal vaccine
         mlp_predictions_seasonal = mlp_seasonal.predict(X test seasonal)
In [189... # Evaluate the model for H1N1 vaccine
          print("H1N1 Vaccine Model Evaluation:")
         print(confusion matrix(y test h1n1, mlp predictions h1n1))
          print(classification report(y test h1n1, mlp predictions h1n1))
          print(f"Accuracy: {accuracy score(y test hln1, mlp predictions hln1)}\n")
         H1N1 Vaccine Model Evaluation:
          [[3993 219]
          [ 651 479]]
                        precision recall f1-score support
                           0.86 0.95 0.90
                                                          4212
                            0.69 0.42
                                                0.52 1130

      0.77
      0.69
      0.71
      5342

      0.82
      0.84
      0.82
      5342

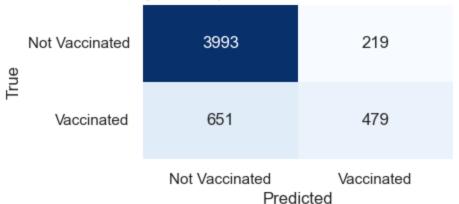
             accuracy
            macro avg
         weighted avg
         Accuracy: 0.8371396480718832
In [190... # Create confusion matrix for H1N1 vaccine
         mlp cm h1n1 = confusion matrix(y test h1n1, mlp predictions h1n1)
In [191... # Plot confusion matrix for H1N1 vaccine
          plt.figure(figsize=(4, 2))
          sns.heatmap(mlp cm h1n1, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Blues', cbar=False,
                      xticklabels=['Not Vaccinated', 'Vaccinated'],
                      yticklabels=['Not Vaccinated', 'Vaccinated'])
```

plt.title('Multi-layer Perception Confusion Matrix - H1N1 Vaccine')

plt.xlabel('Predicted')

```
plt.ylabel('True')
plt.show()
```

Multi-layer Perception Confusion Matrix - H1N1 Vaccine



0.67 0.64 0 0.71 0.69 2891 0.59 0.61 2451 5342 0.66 accuracy 0.66

 0.65
 0.65
 5342

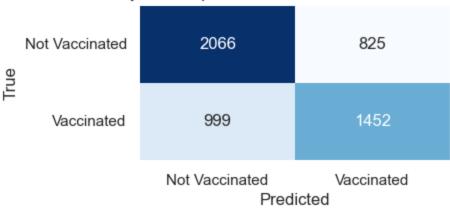
 0.66
 0.66
 5342

 0.65 macro avg 0.66 weighted avg

Accuracy: 0.6585548483713964

```
In [193... # Create confusion matrix for seasonal vaccine
mlp_cm_seasonal = confusion_matrix(y_test_seasonal, mlp_predictions_seasonal)
```

Multi-layer Perception Confusion Matrix - Seasonal Vaccine



Convolutional Neural Network (CNN)

```
# Reshape the data into 2D grid (number of features, 1)
In [195...
         cnn X train h1n1 = X train h1n1.reshape(X train h1n1.shape[0], X train h1n1.shape[1], 1)
         cnn X test h1n1 = X test h1n1.reshape(X test h1n1.shape[0], X test h1n1.shape[1], 1)
         cnn X train seasonal = X train seasonal.reshape(X train seasonal.shape[0], X train seaso
         cnn X test seasonal = X test seasonal.reshape(X test seasonal.shape[0], X test seasonal.
In [202... # Build a simple CNN model for H1N1 vaccine
         cnn model h1n1 = Sequential([
             Reshape((cnn X train hln1.shape[1], 1), input shape=(cnn X train hln1.shape[1],)),
            Dense (64, activation='relu'),
            Flatten(),
             Dense(1, activation='sigmoid')
         ])
         # Build a simple CNN model for seasonal vaccine
         cnn model seasonal = Sequential([
             Reshape((cnn X train seasonal.shape[1], 1), input shape=(cnn X train seasonal.shape[
             Dense(64, activation='relu'),
            Flatten(),
             Dense(1, activation='sigmoid')
         ])
         # Compile the model
In [204...
         cnn model h1n1.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='binary crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'
        WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\Users\kariu\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\keras\src\optimizers
         \ init .py:309: The name tf.train.Optimizer is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.tra
        in.Optimizer instead.
In [205...
         # Compile the model
         cnn model seasonal.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='binary crossentropy', metrics=['accur
```

cnn model h1n1.fit(cnn X train h1n1, y train h1n1, epochs=10, batch size=32, validation

Fit the model to your training data for H1N1 vaccine

Epoch 1/10

In [207...

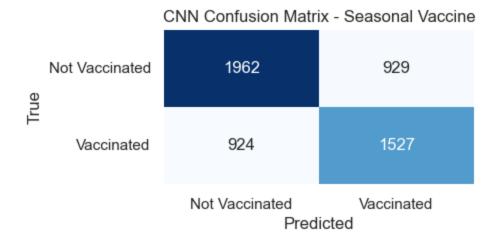
WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\Users\kariu\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\keras\src\utils\tf ut ils.py:492: The name tf.ragged.RaggedTensorValue is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1. ragged.RaggedTensorValue instead.

WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\Users\kariu\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\keras\src\engine\base layer utils.py:384: The name tf.executing eagerly outside functions is deprecated. Plea se use tf.compat.v1.executing eagerly outside functions instead.

```
- val loss: 0.3904 - val accuracy: 0.8376
    Epoch 2/10
    91 - val loss: 0.3881 - val accuracy: 0.8381
    Epoch 3/10
    82 - val loss: 0.3905 - val accuracy: 0.8372
    Epoch 4/10
    87 - val loss: 0.3893 - val accuracy: 0.8348
    Epoch 5/10
    79 - val loss: 0.3890 - val accuracy: 0.8381
    Epoch 6/10
    86 - val loss: 0.3980 - val accuracy: 0.8306
    Epoch 7/10
    94 - val loss: 0.3898 - val accuracy: 0.8358
    Epoch 8/10
    83 - val loss: 0.3914 - val accuracy: 0.8362
    Epoch 9/10
    78 - val loss: 0.3887 - val accuracy: 0.8358
    Epoch 10/10
    85 - val loss: 0.3892 - val accuracy: 0.8372
    <keras.src.callbacks.History at 0x27a318e3a90>
Out[207]:
    # Fit the model to your training data for seasonal vaccine
In [208...
    cnn_model_seasonal.fit(cnn_X_train_seasonal, y_train_seasonal, epochs=10, batch size=32,
    Epoch 1/10
    99 - val loss: 0.6249 - val accuracy: 0.6584
    Epoch 2/10
    91 - val loss: 0.6309 - val accuracy: 0.6500
    Epoch 3/10
    08 - val loss: 0.6228 - val accuracy: 0.6607
    Epoch 4/10
    98 - val loss: 0.6237 - val accuracy: 0.6589
    Epoch 5/10
    90 - val loss: 0.6236 - val accuracy: 0.6626
    Epoch 6/10
    00 - val loss: 0.6223 - val accuracy: 0.6626
    Epoch 7/10
    20 - val loss: 0.6237 - val accuracy: 0.6598
    Epoch 8/10
    25 - val loss: 0.6260 - val accuracy: 0.6570
    Epoch 9/10
    23 - val loss: 0.6230 - val accuracy: 0.6631
    Epoch 10/10
```

08 - val loss: 0.6307 - val accuracy: 0.6547

```
Out[208]: <keras.src.callbacks.History at 0x27a340e7990>
         # Make predictions for H1N1 vaccine
In [209...
         cnn predictions h1n1 = (cnn model h1n1.predict(cnn X test h1n1) > 0.5).astype(int)
         167/167 [=========== ] - Os 742us/step
In [210...  # Make predictions for seasonal vaccine
         cnn predictions seasonal = (cnn model seasonal.predict(cnn X test seasonal) > 0.5).astyp
         167/167 [============ ] - 0s 737us/step
         # Evaluate the model for H1N1 vaccine
In [211...
         cnn accuracy hln1 = accuracy score(y test hln1, cnn predictions hln1)
         print(f"H1N1 Vaccine Accuracy: {cnn accuracy h1n1}")
         H1N1 Vaccine Accuracy: 0.8371396480718832
In [215... | # Create a confusion matrix for H1N1 vaccine
         cnn cm hln1 = confusion matrix(y test hln1, cnn predictions hln1)
In [216... | # Plot confusion matrix for H1N1 vaccine
         plt.figure(figsize=(4, 2))
         sns.heatmap(cnn cm h1n1, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Blues', cbar=False,
                     xticklabels=['Not Vaccinated', 'Vaccinated'],
                     yticklabels=['Not Vaccinated', 'Vaccinated'])
         plt.title('CNN Confusion Matrix - H1N1 Vaccine')
         plt.xlabel('Predicted')
         plt.ylabel('True')
         plt.show()
                             CNN Confusion Matrix - H1N1 Vaccine
                                                        165
            Not Vaccinated
                                   4047
                                    705
                                                        425
                Vaccinated
                               Not Vaccinated
                                                     Vaccinated
                                           Predicted
In [214...  # Evaluate the model for seasonal vaccine
         cnn accuracy seasonal = accuracy score(y test seasonal, cnn predictions seasonal)
         print(f"Seasonal Vaccine Accuracy: {cnn accuracy seasonal}")
         Seasonal Vaccine Accuracy: 0.6531261699737926
In [217... | # Create a confusion matrix for seasonal vaccine
         cnn cm seasonal = confusion matrix(y test seasonal, cnn predictions seasonal)
In [218... # Plot confusion matrix for seasonal vaccine
         plt.figure(figsize=(4, 2))
         sns.heatmap(cnn cm seasonal, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Blues', cbar=False,
                     xticklabels=['Not Vaccinated', 'Vaccinated'],
                     yticklabels=['Not Vaccinated', 'Vaccinated'])
         plt.title('CNN Confusion Matrix - Seasonal Vaccine')
         plt.xlabel('Predicted')
         plt.ylabel('True')
         plt.show()
```



Recurrent Neural Network (RNN)

```
In [219...
        # Reshape the data into 3D tensor (number of samples, number of timesteps, number of fea
        rnn X train hln1 = X train hln1.reshape(X train hln1.shape[0], 1, X train hln1.shape[1])
        rnn X test hln1 = X test hln1.reshape(X test hln1.shape[0], 1, X test hln1.shape[1])
        # # Build a simple RNN model for H1N1 vaccine
        # model h1n1 = Sequential([
              SimpleRNN(32, input shape=(X train h1n1.shape[1], X train h1n1.shape[2])),
              Dense(1, activation='sigmoid')
        # ])
        rnn X train seasonal = X train seasonal.reshape(X train seasonal.shape[0], 1, X train se
In [220...
        rnn X test seasonal = X test seasonal.reshape(X test seasonal.shape[0], 1, X test season
        # # Build a simple RNN model for seasonal vaccine
        # model seasonal = Sequential([
              SimpleRNN(32, input shape=(X train seasonal.shape[1], X train seasonal.shape[2])),
              Dense(1, activation='sigmoid')
        # ])
        # Build a simple LSTM model for H1N1 vaccine
In [225...
        rnn model h1n1 = Sequential([
           LSTM(64, activation='relu', input shape=(rnn X train hln1.shape[1], rnn X train hln1
            Dense(1, activation='sigmoid')
        ])
        # Build a simple LSTM model for seasonal vaccine
In [226...
        rnn model seasonal = Sequential([
            LSTM(64, activation='relu', input shape=(rnn X train seasonal.shape[1], rnn X train
            Dense(1, activation='sigmoid')
        # Compile the model
In [227...
        rnn model h1n1.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='binary crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'
        # Compile the model
In [228...
        rnn model seasonal.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='binary crossentropy', metrics=['accur
        # Fit the model to your training data for H1N1 vaccine
In [230...
        rnn model h1n1.fit(rnn X train h1n1, y train h1n1, epochs=10, batch size=32, validation
        Epoch 1/10
```

```
Epoch 2/10
    - val loss: 0.3855 - val accuracy: 0.8423
    Epoch 3/10
    12 - val loss: 0.3855 - val accuracy: 0.8418
    Epoch 4/10
    10 - val loss: 0.3852 - val accuracy: 0.8442
    Epoch 5/10
    - val loss: 0.3835 - val accuracy: 0.8446
    Epoch 6/10
    - val loss: 0.3830 - val accuracy: 0.8446
    Epoch 7/10
    - val loss: 0.3842 - val accuracy: 0.8404
    Epoch 8/10
    26 - val loss: 0.3819 - val accuracy: 0.8409
    45 - val loss: 0.3828 - val accuracy: 0.8418
    Epoch 10/10
    44 - val loss: 0.3834 - val accuracy: 0.8400
    <keras.src.callbacks.History at 0x27a338a5d90>
Out[230]:
    # Fit the model to your training data for seasonal vaccine
In [231...
    rnn model seasonal.fit(rnn X train seasonal, y train seasonal, epochs=10, batch size=32,
    Epoch 1/10
    - val loss: 0.6202 - val accuracy: 0.6645
    Epoch 2/10
    23 - val loss: 0.6188 - val accuracy: 0.6598
    - val loss: 0.6184 - val accuracy: 0.6640
    Epoch 4/10
    - val loss: 0.6176 - val accuracy: 0.6612
    Epoch 5/10
    - val loss: 0.6187 - val accuracy: 0.6664
    - val loss: 0.6160 - val accuracy: 0.6617
    Epoch 7/10
    - val loss: 0.6171 - val accuracy: 0.6593
    Epoch 8/10
    - val loss: 0.6165 - val accuracy: 0.6607
    Epoch 9/10
    - val loss: 0.6157 - val accuracy: 0.6640
    Epoch 10/10
    - val loss: 0.6179 - val accuracy: 0.6607
    <keras.src.callbacks.History at 0x27a2ffe0190>
Out[231]:
```

- val loss: 0.3915 - val accuracy: 0.8390

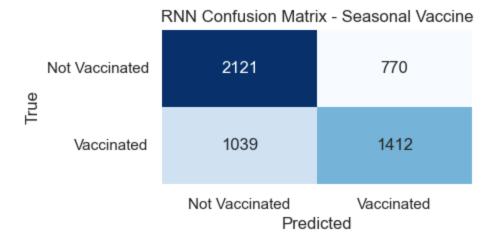
```
In [232...  # Make predictions for H1N1 vaccine
         rnn predictions hln1 = (rnn model hln1.predict(rnn X test hln1) > 0.5).astype(int)
        167/167 [========== ] - 0s 800us/step
In [233...  # Make predictions for seasonal vaccine
         rnn predictions seasonal = (rnn model seasonal.predict(rnn X test seasonal) > 0.5).astyp
        167/167 [=========== ] - 0s 761us/step
In [234...  # Evaluate the model for H1N1 vaccine
         rnn accuracy h1n1 = accuracy_score(y_test_h1n1, rnn_predictions_h1n1)
         print(f"H1N1 Vaccine Accuracy: {rnn accuracy h1n1}")
        H1N1 Vaccine Accuracy: 0.8388244103332085
In [235... # Create a confusion matrix for H1N1 vaccine
         rnn cm hln1 = confusion matrix(y test hln1, rnn predictions hln1)
In [236... | # Plot confusion matrix for H1N1 vaccine
        plt.figure(figsize=(4, 2))
         sns.heatmap(rnn cm h1n1, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Blues', cbar=False,
                     xticklabels=['Not Vaccinated', 'Vaccinated'],
                     yticklabels=['Not Vaccinated', 'Vaccinated'])
         plt.title('RNN Confusion Matrix - H1N1 Vaccine')
         plt.xlabel('Predicted')
         plt.ylabel('True')
         plt.show()
                            RNN Confusion Matrix - H1N1 Vaccine
                                                       217
            Not Vaccinated
                                  3995
                                   644
                                                       486
               Vaccinated
                              Not Vaccinated
                                                    Vaccinated
                                          Predicted
In [237... # Evaluate the model for seasonal vaccine
         rnn accuracy seasonal = accuracy score(y test seasonal, rnn predictions seasonal)
         print(f"Seasonal Vaccine Accuracy: {rnn accuracy seasonal}")
        Seasonal Vaccine Accuracy: 0.6613627854736054
In [238... # Create a confusion matrix for seasonal vaccine
         rnn cm seasonal = confusion matrix(y test seasonal, rnn predictions seasonal)
In [240...  # Plot confusion matrix for seasonal vaccine
         plt.figure(figsize=(4, 2))
         sns.heatmap(rnn cm seasonal, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Blues', cbar=False,
                     xticklabels=['Not Vaccinated', 'Vaccinated'],
```

yticklabels=['Not Vaccinated', 'Vaccinated'])

plt.title('RNN Confusion Matrix - Seasonal Vaccine')

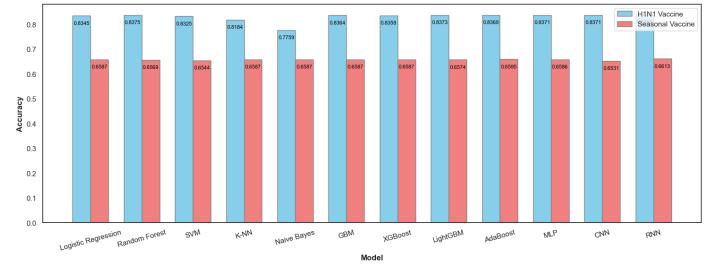
plt.xlabel('Predicted')
plt.ylabel('True')

plt.show()



Best Performing Model

```
# Model names
In [269...
         models = ['Logistic Regression', 'Random Forest', 'SVM', 'K-NN', 'Naive Bayes', 'GBM',
         # Corresponding accuracy scores
         accuracy h1n1 = [0.8345, 0.8375, 0.8325, 0.8184, 0.7759, 0.8364, 0.8358, 0.8373, 0.8369,
         accuracy seasonal = [0.6587, 0.6569, 0.6544, 0.6587, 0.6587, 0.6587, 0.6587, 0.6574, 0.6
        bar width = 0.35
         # Set positions for the bars
         r1 = np.arange(len(models))
         r2 = [x + bar width for x in r1]
         # Plotting
         plt.figure(figsize=(18, 6))
         # Bar chart for both vaccines
         bars1 = plt.bar(r1, accuracy h1n1, color='skyblue', width=bar width, edgecolor='grey', 1
        bars2 = plt.bar(r2, accuracy seasonal, color='lightcoral', width=bar width, edgecolor='g
         # Add labels
         plt.xlabel('Model', fontweight='bold')
         plt.xticks([r + bar width/2 for r in range(len(models))], models, rotation=15)
        plt.ylabel('Accuracy', fontweight='bold')
         # Add data labels
         for bar, label in zip(bars1, accuracy h1n1):
            plt.text(bar.get x() + bar.get width() / 2, bar.get height() - 0.02, f'{label:.4f}',
         for bar, label in zip(bars2, accuracy seasonal):
            plt.text(bar.get x() + bar.get width() / 2, bar.get height() - 0.02, f'{label:.4f}',
         plt.legend()
         plt.show()
```



In []:	
In []:	
L 1	
Tn []	
In []:	
In []: In []:	
In []:	
In []:	
In []: In []: In []:	
In []: In []: In []:	
In []: In []: In []: In []:	
In []:	

In]:	
In	[]:	
In			
In	Ĺ]:	