

Ming Kong  
Extended CS Bridge-Winter 2021  
Homework 6

Question 5:

a)  $5n^3 + 2n^2 + 3n = \Theta(n^3)$

Let  $f(n) = 5n^3 + 2n^2 + 3n$ , by definition,  $f(n) = \Theta(g(n))$  if there exists positive real constants  $c_1, c_2$  and a positive integer constant  $n_0$  such that

$$c_2 g(n) \leq f(n) \leq c_1 g(n) \text{ for all } n \geq n_0$$

We can pick  $c_1 = 7$

Since:

$$5n^3 + 2n^2 + 3n \leq 5n^3 + 2n^3$$

$$5n^3 + 2n^2 + 3n \leq 7n^3$$

We can pick  $c_2 = 5$

Since

$$5n^3 + 2n^2 + 3n \geq 5n^3$$

To pick  $n_0$  we set  $2n^2 + 3n \geq 0$

$$n(2n + 3) \geq 0$$

$$n \geq 0$$

We can pick  $n_0 = 0$

For  $n \geq 0$  we can safely say:

$$5n^3 \leq 5n^3 + 2n^2 + 3n \leq 7n^3$$

Therefore  $5n^3 + 2n^2 + 3n = \Theta(n^3)$

b)  $\sqrt{7n^2 + 2n - 8} = \Theta(n)$

Let  $f(n) = \sqrt{7n^2 + 2n - 8}$ , by definition,  $f(n) = \Theta(g(n))$  if there exists positive real constants  $c_1, c_2$  and a positive integer constant  $n_0$  such that

$$c_2 g(n) \leq f(n) \leq c_1 g(n) \text{ for all } n \geq n_0$$

We can pick  $c_1 = 9$

$$\text{Since } \sqrt{7n^2 + 2n - 8} \leq 9n$$

We can pick  $c_2 = 2$

$$\text{Since } \sqrt{7n^2 + 2n - 8} \geq 2n$$

To pick  $n_0$  we set  $7n^2 + 2n - 8 \geq 4n^2$

$$3n^2 + 2n - 8 \geq 0$$

$$n \geq 1.7$$

We pick  $n_0 = 2$

$$\text{For } n \geq 2, 2n \leq \sqrt{7n^2 + 2n - 8} \leq 9n$$

Therefore  $\sqrt{7n^2 + 2n - 8} = \Theta(n)$