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Lab 2: Martin Kousal

Link to your Digital-electronics-2 GitHub repository:

https://github.com/mkousal/Digital-electronics-2

Active-low and active-high LEDs

1. Complete tables according to the AVR manual.

DDRB	Description	
0	Input pin	
1	Output pin	
PORTB	Description	
PORTB 0	Description Output low value	

DDRB	PORTB	Direction	Internal pull-up resistor	Description
0	0	input	no	Tri-state, high-impedance
0	1	input	yes	Port will source current if externally pulled low
1	0	output	no	Output low (sink)
1	1	output	no	Output high (source)

2. Part of the C code listing with syntax highlighting, which blinks alternately with a pair of LEDs; let one LED is connected to port B and the other to port C:

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```
_delay_ms(BLINK_DELAY);
PORTC ^= (1<<LED_SECOND);
PORTB ^= (1<<LED_GREEN);
_delay_ms(BLINK_DELAY);
PORTC ^= (1<<LED_SECOND);
PORTB ^= (1<<LED_GREEN);
}

// Will never reach this
return 0;
}</pre>
```

Push button

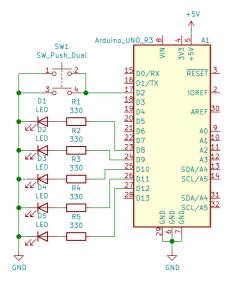
1. Part of the C code listing with syntax highlighting, which toggles LEDs only if push button is pressed. Otherwise, the value of the LEDs does not change. Let the push button is connected to port D:

```
// Configure Push button at port D and enable internal pull-up resistor
DDRD &= ~(0<<BUTTON);
PORTD |= (1<<BUTTON);

// Infinite loop
while (1)
{
   if (bit_is_clear(PIND, BUTTON)){
      PORTC ^= (1<<LED_SECOND);
      PORTB ^= (1<<LED_GREEN);
   }
}</pre>
```

Knight Rider

1. Scheme of Knight Rider application, i.e. connection of AVR device, five LEDs, resistors, one push button, and supply voltage. The image can be drawn on a computer or by hand. Always name all components and their values!



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