Linux in Embedded Systems

Lab guide

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1 Prerequisites

Prepare 2 terminals:

- In one of them go to your Buildroot directory we will refer to this one as your local terminal.
- In the other one run the following:

```
minicom -D /dev/ttyUSBO -b 115200 -o
```

This will allow you to interact with the Raspberry Pi, so that's how we will call it.

2 Building Linux

Do this in your local terminal

2.1 If you're building for the first time

• make raspberrypi4_64_defconfig

This will set up the default congiration for the Raspberry Pi.

• make menuconfig

This command opens interactive menu, where you can change all the configuration properties; use it to change all the properties mentioned in the laboratory guide.

2.2 Next steps (and any consequent build)

- If you want to make any changes: make menuconfig
- If you want to build the image with your changes:

 make

3 Flashing the needed files

3.1 Prerequisites

• Boot your raspberry pi into the rescue system (hold SW4 while powering it up)

3.2 Flashing the rootfs [TBD]

(If Initial RAM filesystem was selected during configuration, then this is optional)

3.3 Flashing the system image

3.3.1 In your local terminal

- ip a take note of your IP address 192.168.145.xxx
- cd output/images
- python3 -m http-server

3.3.2 On the raspberry

- log into the system
- mkdir /tmp/d create a temporary directory
- mount /dev/mmcblkOp1 /tmp/d mount first partition of SD card on that directory
- wget 192.168.145.xxx:8000/Image copy the Image
- wget 192.168.145.xxx:8000/.dtb-copy the DTB

3.3.3 Reboot the raspberry