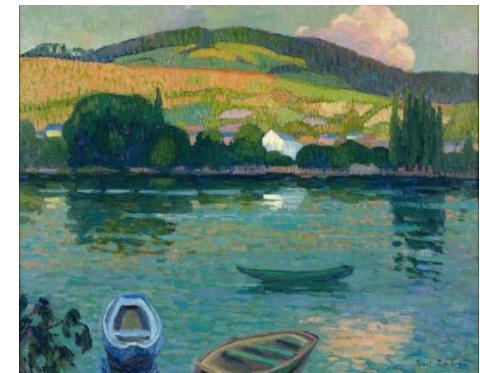


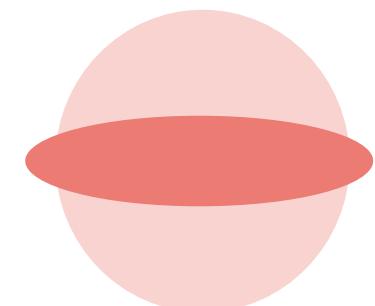
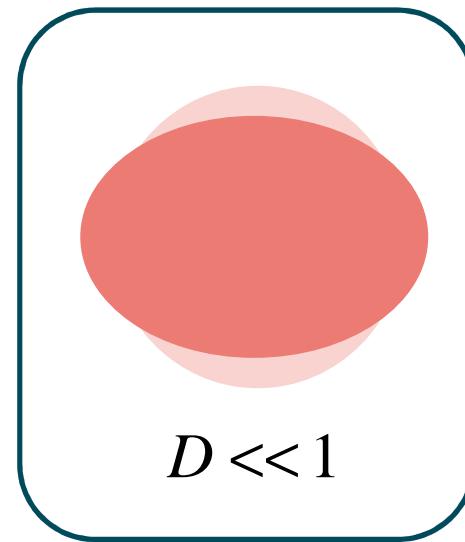
SMALL REDUCED VELOCITY, SMALL MOTION



SMALL MOTION

Displacement number

$$D = \frac{\xi_0}{L}$$

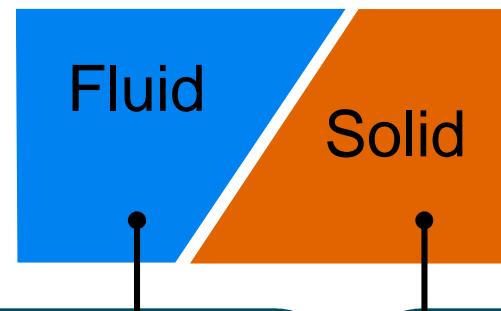


$$D = O(1)$$

(-) noted ()

EXPANSION OF ALL VARIABLES

$$D \ll 1$$

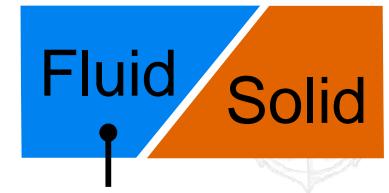


$$P = P_0 + D p + D^2 \dots$$

$$\underline{U} = 0 + D \underline{u} + D^2 \dots$$

$$\xi = 0 + D q \underline{\varphi}$$

EQUATIONS AT THE ORDER ZERO IN D



$$\operatorname{div} \underline{U} = 0$$

$$\frac{d\underline{U}}{dt} = -\frac{1}{F_D^2} \underline{e}_z - \underline{\nabla} P + \frac{1}{S_T} \Delta \underline{U}$$

$$P = P_0 + D p + \dots$$

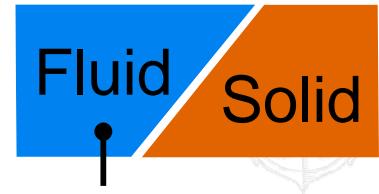
$$\underline{U} = 0 + D \underline{u} + \dots$$

$$\operatorname{div} 0 = 0$$

$$0 = -\frac{1}{F_D^2} \underline{e}_z - \underline{\nabla} P_0 + 0$$

Hydrostatics !

EQUATIONS AT THE ORDER ONE IN D



$$\operatorname{div} \underline{U} = 0$$

$$\frac{d\underline{U}}{dt} = -\frac{1}{F_D^2} \underline{e}_z - \underline{\nabla} P + \frac{1}{S_T} \Delta \underline{U}$$

$$P = P_0 + \underline{D} p + \dots$$

$$\underline{U} = \underline{0} + \underline{D} \underline{u} + \dots$$

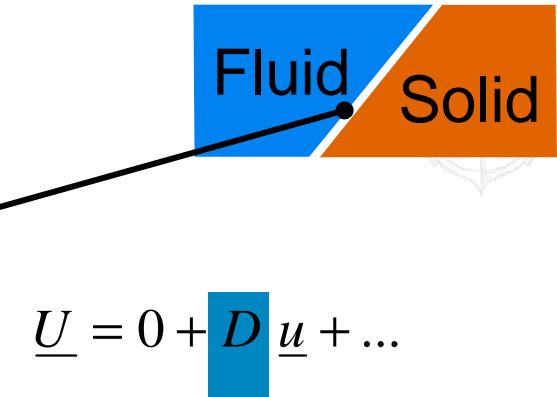
$$\operatorname{div} \underline{u} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial \underline{u}}{\partial t} = -\underline{\nabla} p + \frac{1}{S_T} \Delta \underline{u}$$

EQUATIONS AT THE INTERFACE

Kinematic condition

$$\underline{U} = D \frac{dq}{dt} \underline{\varphi}$$



$$\underline{U} = 0 + D \underline{u} + \dots$$

$$\underline{u} = \frac{dq}{dt} \underline{\varphi}$$

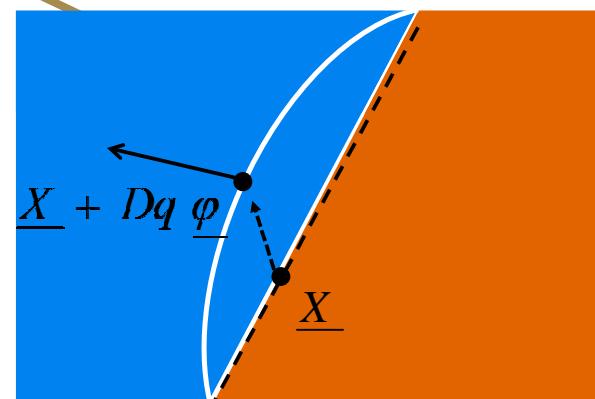
Dynamic condition

$$\int_{Interface} \left\{ M \left[-P \underline{I} + \frac{1}{S_T} (\nabla \underline{U} + \nabla^t \underline{U}) \right] \cdot \underline{n} \right\} \cdot \underline{\varphi} dS = Df$$

EQUATIONS AT THE INTERFACE

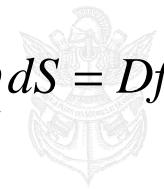


$$\int_{Interface} \left\{ M \left[-P \underline{I} + \frac{1}{S_T} (\nabla \underline{U} + \nabla^t \underline{U}) \right] \cdot \underline{n} \right\} \cdot \underline{\varphi} dS = Df$$

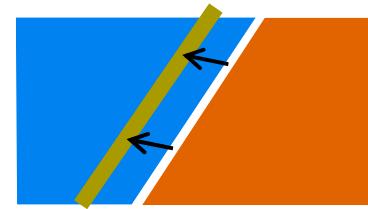


EQUATIONS AT THE INTERFACE

$$\int_{Interface} \left\{ M \left[-P \underline{\underline{I}} + \frac{1}{S_T} (\nabla \underline{\underline{U}} + \nabla^t \underline{\underline{U}}) \right] \cdot \underline{\underline{n}} \right\} \cdot \underline{\varphi} dS = Df$$



Pure translation



$$M \underline{\varphi} \cdot \int_{Interface} \left[-P \underline{\underline{I}} + \frac{1}{S_T} (\nabla \underline{\underline{U}} + \nabla^t \underline{\underline{U}}) \right] \cdot \underline{\underline{n}} dS = Df$$

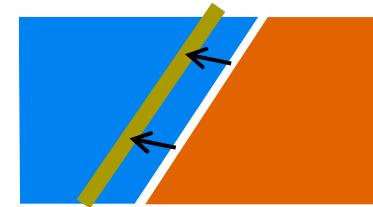
$$P(\underline{X} + Dq\underline{\varphi}) = P_0(\underline{X} + Dq\underline{\varphi}) + D p(\underline{X} + Dq\underline{\varphi}) + \dots$$

$$= P_0(\underline{X}) + Dq\underline{\varphi} \cdot \nabla P_0 + D p(\underline{X}) + \dots$$

$$\underline{U}(\underline{X} + Dq\underline{\varphi}) = 0 + D \underline{u}(\underline{X}) + \dots$$

EQUATIONS AT THE INTERFACE

Pure translation



$$M \underline{\varphi} \cdot \int_{Interface} \left[- P \underline{I} + \frac{1}{S_T} (\nabla \underline{U} + \nabla^t \underline{U}) \right] \underline{n} dS = Df$$

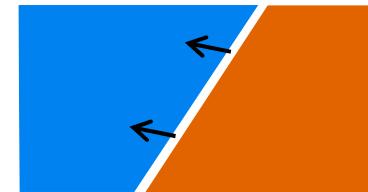
$$P = P_0(\underline{X}) + Dq \underline{\varphi} \cdot \nabla P_0 + D p(\underline{X}) + \dots$$

$$\underline{U} = 0 + D \underline{u}(\underline{X}) + \dots$$

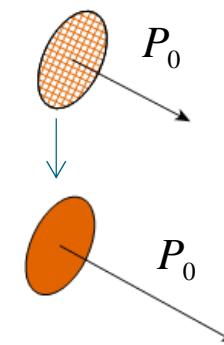
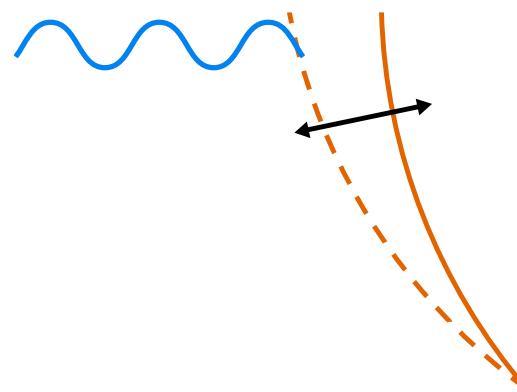


$$DM \underline{\varphi} \cdot \int_{Interface} \underline{n} dS = Df$$

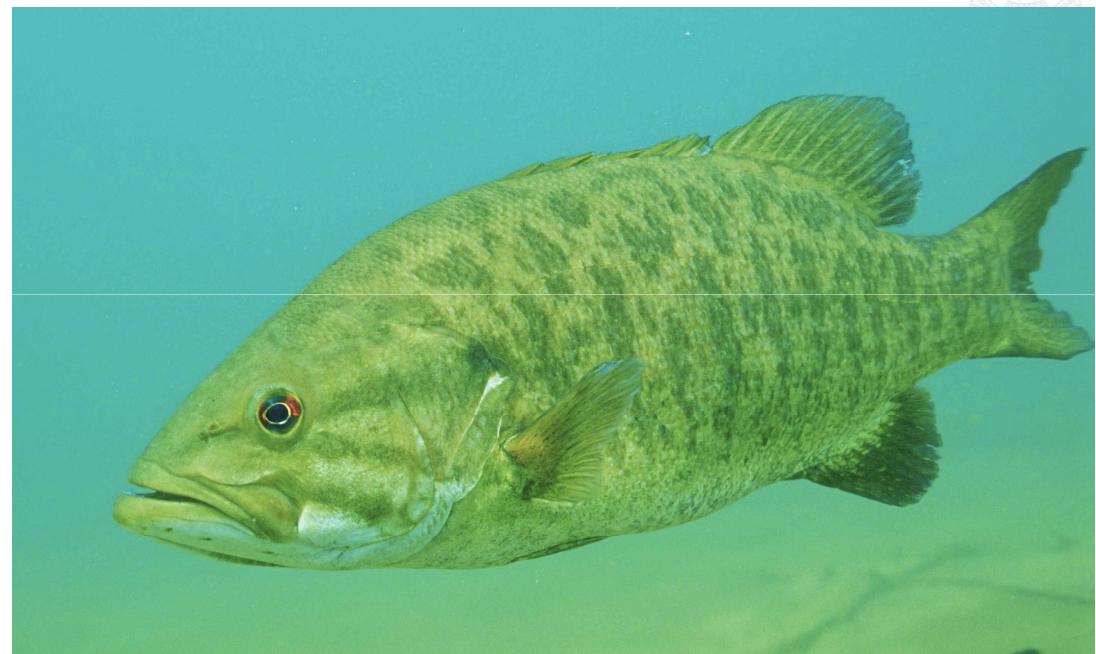
EQUATIONS AT THE INTERFACE



$$M \underline{\varphi} \cdot \int_{Interface} \left[-p \underline{I} + \frac{1}{S_T} (\nabla \underline{u} + \nabla^t \underline{u}) \right] \cdot \underline{n} dS - Mq \underline{\varphi} \cdot \int_{Interface} (\nabla P_0 \cdot \underline{\varphi}) \cdot \underline{n} dS = f$$

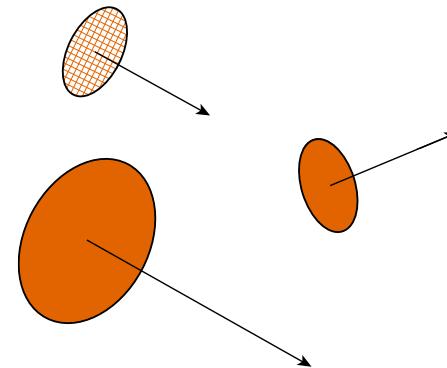


TWO KINDS OF FORCES



TWO KINDS OF FORCES

$$Mq\varphi \cdot \int_{Interface} (\nabla P_0 \cdot \underline{\varphi}) \underline{n} dS$$



$$-Mq \int_{Interface} (\nabla P_0 \cdot \underline{\varphi}) (\underline{\varphi} \cdot \underline{n}) dS$$

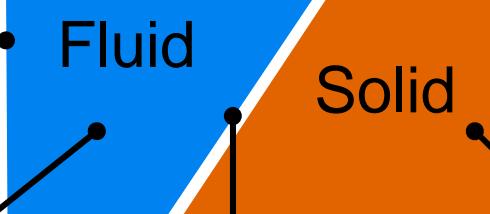
FLUID AND SOLID

Fluid boundary
conditions

$$\begin{aligned} \operatorname{div} \underline{u} &= 0 \\ \frac{\partial \underline{u}}{\partial t} &= -\nabla p + \frac{1}{S_T} \Delta \underline{u} \end{aligned}$$

Solid boundary
conditions

$$\frac{d^2 q}{dt^2} + q = f$$



$$\underline{u} = \frac{dq}{dt} \underline{\varphi}$$

$$M \int_{Interface} \underline{\varphi} \cdot \left[-p \underline{I} + \frac{1}{S_T} (\nabla \underline{u} + \nabla^t \underline{u}) \right] \cdot \underline{n} dS - Mq \int_{Interface} (\nabla P_0 \cdot \underline{\varphi}) (\underline{\varphi} \cdot \underline{n}) dS = f$$

SMALL REDUCED VELOCITY, SMALL MOTION

