3/3/14 - Initial CRS Meeting

People

- John (deputy head of Guatemala programs; with CRS 5 years)
- Karen
- Luis (works with the most impoverished/malnourished in the western part of the country)
- Karla
- Dan McQuillan (CRS Guatemala Ag program manager)

Agenda Notes

- 3/3
- this afternoon will meet with Shanilá and Laila of Lula's Oven at CRS offices (made the snacks we had); been in business ~1 year
- Erik Janowski USAID (need IDs, no cell phones)
- 3/4
- AGEXPORT to learn how they link small farmers to export markets
- Purchase for Progress; purchasing food from small farmers for World Food Program aid (instead of importing); have worked with corn/beans already
- 3/5
- Ash Wednesday Mass 8:00 a.m.
- Chicakh nutritional/commercialization of amaranth
- afternoon is free; to research corn value chain
- 3/6 Rabinal
- co-op with diversified business plan; produce/sell amaranth (one source that Chicakh uses), eco lodge, etc.;
- 3/7 Rabinal
- o with the co-op
- 3/8 Aticlan
- 3/9
- Group 1 leaves for San Marcos (90 min drive)
- 3/10
- Group 2 leaves for Nebaj (50 min drive) source of amaranth
- 3/11
- 3/12 Back to Guatemala City
- 3/13 presentation to CRS
- 3/14 Panama
- 3/15 ND

Discussion Notes

- Units (from Luis)
- \circ 1 manzana = 0.7 hectares

- avg. adult eats 4 quintals of corn/year quintale = 100 lb
- Q&A discussion after agenda follows:
- Are SM farmers our first priority (Jess)? We would like to know, in a
 difficult community such as this, can we reach them for local
 consumption. Food security applies to the western highlands:
 availability, income, behavior change/consumer choices. Export
 markets only to the extend that it increases income. What is
 faster/more probable?: local market/consumption vs. export
 (similar to quinoa). If they're never going to eat it here, is there the
 export potential?
- They want recommendations that can be taken to scale.
- Well-developed private sector in GC, run by about a dozen families. There is a movement in the private sector to deal with malnutrition --> how can we take advantage of this? Recently signed a pact with the gov't saying they want to be part of the solution. Not legally binding but very strong commitment: about 16 companies/families have claimed their project. Have a national monitoring system to coordinate.
- "three governments ago"
- Does CRS work with the government? Works more on the local level. Communicate to department/states. Try to keep all involvement as politically neutral as possible.
- Who is Quiche funded by: a foundation. Grow enough for local consumption, and sell less than they used to
- Organization of co-ops is complicated; can be the broken link in an otherwise functioning value chain
- Farmers do not currently sell much into markets, correct? Poorest/most vulnerable, most don't sell much (apart from coffee producers). Everyone needs income of some sort (even if just local markets). Business is very informal apart from coffee markets --> zero business skills.

Overview presentation - John

- Program areas
- Food Security and Nutrition
- Ag & Natural Resource Management
- Education
- Emergency Response & Disaster Risk Reduction
- HIV Programming
- Priority Policies (Migration)
- bulk of programming is in the western region (as well as USAID, etc.)
- Segamil food security in western highlands focused on the first 1,000 days
- USDA food for education focus on literacy

- Disaster family, local, and organizational levels
- Ag programs in the east
- Bridges diversify income, savings groups
- Green Coffee response to Coffee Rust crisis, technical assistance
- Human rights/migration transit point for north-bound migrants
- HIV focus on key transit areas; mostly training

Security - Anne

- don't walk around in public places with anything of value exposed
- leave passport at hotel
- don't walk around anywhere with a computer
- walk in pairs/groups, especially at night
- don't talk on phones in public

SEGAMIL - Karen

- San Marcos (Comitancillo) and Totonicapan, four municipalities each
- ECADI Escuala de Campo para el Desarrollo Integral (Farmer field school for integrated development)
- agricultura
- o manejo de especies pecuarias
- o salud, nutrición e higiene
- o manejo de recursos naturales
- o model made in the last year; operational in the last 4-5 months
- ECADI objectives
- mejoramiento de desponibilidad de alimentos (food availability)
- reducción de la desnutrición crónica (reducing chronic malnutrition)
- mejoramiento de sistemas locales y municipales de resiliencia (local organizations)
- Organization: Familia --> ECADI --> Comunidad --> Municipio
- ECADI: agricultura, recursos naturales, salud/nutricion, auto ahorro, (would provide seeds, etc.)
- Comunidad:
- cocosan cocode commission for food security
- colred cocode commission for disaster response;
- cocode legally mandated structure, local community council for development; leaders elected by community for 2-yr terms; contains different committees/commissions
- 10,500 families with children under 2vo
- national secretariat for food security (also departmental)

Lula's Oven

- Laila nutritionist; lifestyle center in the US
- Shaila in charge of clients/design
- wanted to make something healthy and tasty
- May is 1 year anniversary
- chose amaranth because it's just beginning again
- nutrition: pseudo-cereal; gluten free (no GMO required), and mostly organically produced in Guatemala; high protein (15-18%); high lysine (like legumes); has methunine (legumes are deficient here); corn 9-10% protein; Calcium 153 mg amaranth vs. 3 mg rice and 7 mg corn (connection with what our driver told us yesterday...?); also higher in iron (tabulate notes from others)
- can use the leaves also --> what for (soups, etc.)? have we considered this?
- has an "earthy" taste
- customer focus on protein, fiber, low calories/fat; like the design
- started with homemade recipes
- started with oats, wanted something different, suggested quinoa, but don't have in Guatemala, so they chose amaranth
- have 7 different tastes; use fruits from Guatemala (bananas, figs, other didn't catch name, etc.)
- bought an oven and run near their house
- design: colors go with the fruit
- don't necessarily encourage people to snack between meals, but provide this since it's healthier than alternatives; wanted something different than granola bars so went with squares
- lasts about 7 months if packed in the bag; no preservatives
- customer: started at yoga center (wanted health), fresco, fresh vegetables/fruits, gyms, etc.
- prices: amaranth is more expensive than oats; price is between; same price as an individual nature valley bar; some granolas at fresco are much more expensive than theirs
- 2 weeks credit to stores that sell
- supply: from Chicakh (big bags), from Super (1 lb bags),
- future ideas: snacks without amaranth or oats; sauces/spreads (problem now is how to preserve with out additives); looking toward south america exports
- products from the US are really expensive, allows them to compete
- they think people would really appreciate the historical aspects of amaranth, but they just don't really know at all about that
- Chicakh and Artisanos are the only other amaranth producers they know of
- moms say that their children like it; also pets
- 50-100 pounds amaranth/month

Synthesis

- pretty on target for 2 prongs: behavior change, and value chain mapping
- how communities in Guatemala operate: we need to strengthen this in implementation of our recommendations
- go through the community leadership structure: how can we include community leaders in our interviews in community?
- surprised that Guatemala imports the majority of its corn
- from yesterday: surprised by the corn field when we watched the volcano erupting
- from Jess and Christian Aid person: all ag programs are for diversification; also what Dan told us today about coffee rust, we need to be diversified

•

•

_

 \bigcirc

- Takeaways from CRS
- how the private sector is becoming involved in malnutrition
 understanding the local community organization
- o amaranth needs to be integrated into their overall program
- Takeaways from Lula's Oven
- difference in cost of inputs for Lula's oven
- earthy taste
- what is the impact of the leaves/husks of amaranth? additional value?
- niche market
 - Mayan story could be a benefit
- Takeaways from Restaurant/Store
 - 7th day adventists (tie into niche markets)
- o prices from Carolyn
- Takeaways from USAID
- magnitude of the malnutrition issues --> "nutrition dense value chain"
- private companies

• From Karla

- importance of explaining to rural farmers who we are, what we want from them, and what we can offer them
- need to start thinking about financing

• From the Moringa 1/2 lb popped is 38Q 1/4 lb popped is 20Q 0 1/2 lb granola is 38Q 0 3 little bars are 150 List of websites Lula's oven Moringa 0 • For AGEXPORT Tomorrow can you take us through a small scale example of how this works? 0 how small scale do they get? what's the supply/demand balance? will people really buy 0 whatever can be produced? who are they buying from? 0 get at the intermediaries 0 do they help provide the small producers with financing? \cap do they help with marketing? 0 do they help with connecting to domestic markets? 0 who are the exporters? the customers? 0

Actions

- remind Dan to send us UC Berkeley study
- get Karen to forward the price list from Lula's oven
- remind USAID to send us nutrition website
- Can we see the pact that private companies made with the gov't?