





presented by Digital Ocean and DEV



Welcome

Hacktoberfest

What is Hacktoberfest? How to participate?

Open-source

What is open source? How can you get involved?

Guest Talk

Pawel Wilk - Senior Backend Developer at Nodes

Open mic

Share your open source projects

Networking

Share your experiences





Is a month long global event about encouraging meaningful contributions to the open source ecosystem, for beginners and veterans alike.



Hacktoberfest

You can help drive growth of open source and make positive contributions to an ever-growing community.

All backgrounds and skill levels are encouraged to complete the challenge.





How to participate?

- Sign up to participate at <u>hacktoberfest.digitalocean.com</u>
- 2. Make 4 pull requests (PRs) between October 1-31 in any GitHub-hosted repositories/projects

PRs can be made to any public repo on GitHub, not only the ones with issues labeled Hacktoberfest. You can login with your Github account at hacktoberfest.digitalocean.com to check your progress and stats.

This year, the first 50,000 participants who successfully complete the challenge will earn a limited edition T-shirt.

Make sure to checkout the website for more resources and guides.

Please remember to read the code of conduct.







Open-source software is software that is freely available to use, redistribute, and modify.

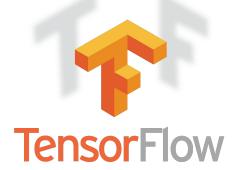
















Contributing to Open-source projects

Open-source projects that are hosted in public repositories benefit from contributions made by the broader developer community, and are typically managed through **Git**.

The best way to begin to contribute to open-source projects is to start by contributing to software that you already use.

If you're just starting out with contributing to open-source software, it is a good idea to start with something small — each contribution is valuable. You may want to start with fixing typos, adding comments, or writing clearer documentation.



Getting started with Git

try.github.io

Resources to learn Git

Learn by reading

Git Handbook

Git, GitHub, DVCS, oh my! Learn all the lingo and the basics of Git.

Cheat Sheets

Keep these handy! Reference sheets covering Git commands, features, SVN migrations, and bash. Available in a multiple languages.

Learn by doing

Learn Git branching

Try Git commands right from your web browser. Featuring some of your soon-to-be favorites: branch, add, commit, merge, revert, cherry-pick, rebase!

Visualizing Git

Look under the hood! Explore how Git commands affect the structure of a repository within your web browser with a free explore mode, and some constructed scenarios.

Git-It

You've downloaded Git, now what? Download Git-It to your machine and you'll get a hands-on tutorial that teaches you to use Git right from your local environment, using commands on real repositories.

Looking for GitHub Training?

GitHub Learning Lab

Get the skills you need without leaving GitHub. GitHub Learning Lab takes you through a series of fun and practical projects, sharing helpful feedback along the way.

Professional training

Whether you're just getting started or you use GitHub every day, the GitHub Professional Services Team can provide you with the skills your organization needs to work smarter.



Where to find open-source projects to work on?

Github



You can use the Explore section to browse collections and trending repositories

Search for repositories using Topics like React, Javascript or Android

Search for repositories using Labels like good first issue or hacktoberfest

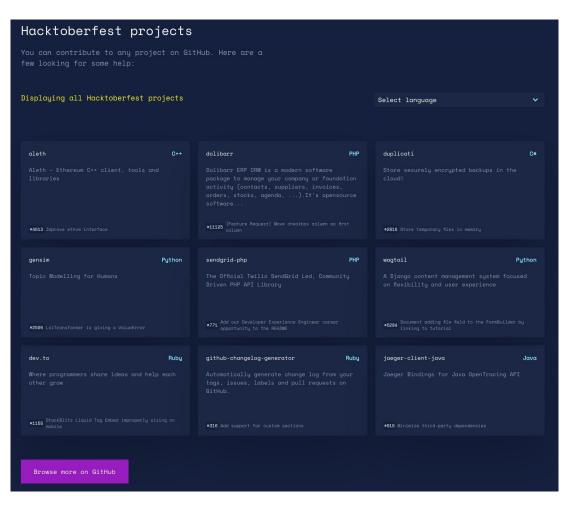






Where to find open-source projects to work on?

Hacktoberfest website





Nodes iOS Open Source Projects

Rye - A framework for displaying non intrusive alerts to your users of both "Toast" and "Snack Bar" type

<u>Drawer</u> - A framework that enables you to easily embed a UIViewController in a drawer and display it on top of another UIViewController

<u>KeyboardHelper</u> - No more checking for keyboard notifications and parsing keyboard appearance info manually!

Spinner - Makes using UIActivityIndicatorView even easier.

NStack - NStackSDK is the companion software development kit to the NStack backend.

Serpent - A protocol to serialize Swift structs and classes for encoding and decoding.



Nodes Android Open Source Projects

Nstack - NStackSDK is the companion software development kit to the NStack backend

Template - Kotlin-template clean architecture

Filepicker - File picker / acquire photo library for Android

Locksmith - Nodes Encryption library using the Android KeyStore

Form-Validator - Library to handle validation of input fields



Nodes Vapor Open Source Projects

Admin Panel - Build easy customizable admin features for your app

<u>JWTKeyChain</u> - Easily scaffold a keychain using JWT for Vapor

Paginator - Offset pagination for Vapor

Reset - Makes resetting a password a breeze

Bugsnag - Report errors with Bugsnag



How to create a PR on Github

Before you get started

- 1. Get a Github account (github.com)
- 2. Make sure to have Github installed
- 3. Find a project you want to contribute to





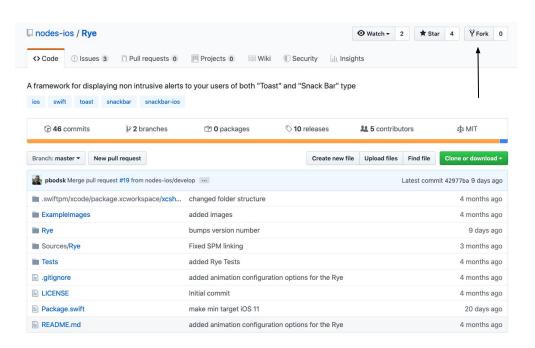
Create a copy of the repository

Fork the open-source repository you want to contribute to by navigating with your browser to the Github URL.

When you click on the button, the forking process will start.

Once that is done you will be redirected to your own copy of the project.







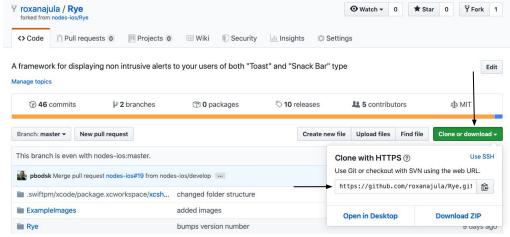
Clone the forked project to your local machine

- Click on the Clone or download button from your repository page that you just forked
- 2. Copy the Repository URL
- Open your terminal and do git clone <Repository URL>

For example:

git clone https://github.com/roxanajula/Rye.git

4. Now you should have a local copy of the code that you can start working on





Create a new branch

Best practice whenever working on a project is to start by making a new branch.

This should be branched out of the main branch of the project (usually called master).

To create a new branch:

- 1. In the terminal, navigate to the location of the local repository cd repository
- 2. Create a new branch git branch new-branch
- 3. Change your active branch to the newly created one git checkout new-branch

Tip: You can combine step 2 and 3 into a single one by doing git checkout -b new-branch

```
    → Rye git:(master) git branch feature/hacktoberfest-demo
    → Rye git:(master) git checkout feature/hacktoberfest-demo
    Switched to branch 'feature/hacktoberfest-demo'
    → Rye git:(feature/hacktoberfest-demo)
```



Make changes locally

- Once you modified existing files or added new ones you can add them to your local repository with git add -A (the -A flag is for adding all)
- 2. Next, we have to record the changes using git commit -m "Fixed a bug"
- 3. You can use git status to verify what will be committed
- 4. When you have all changes ready you can push your branch like so git push --set-upstream origin new-branch
- 5. You should see a progress of your code being pushed

```
→ Rye git:(feature/hacktoberfest-demo) x git add -A
→ Rye git:(feature/hacktoberfest-demo) x git commit -m "Update in README file"
[feature/hacktoberfest-demo 1bc60f9] Update in README file
1 file changed, 11 insertions(+), 11 deletions(-)
→ Rye git:(feature/hacktoberfest-demo) git push --set-upstream origin feature/hacktoberfest-demo
Enumerating objects: 5, done.
Counting objects: 100% (5/5), done.
Delta compression using up to 8 threads
Compressing objects: 100% (3/3), done.
Writing objects: 100% (3/3), 361 bytes | 180.00 KiB/s, done.
Total 3 (delta 2), reused 0 (delta 0)
remote: Resolving deltas: 100% (2/2), completed with 2 local objects.
remote:
remote: Create a pull request for 'feature/hacktoberfest-demo' on GitHub by visiting:
             https://qithub.com/roxanajula/Rye/pull/new/feature/hacktoberfest-demo
remote:
To github.com:roxanajula/Rye.git
                     feature/hacktoberfest-demo -> feature/hacktoberfest-demo
Branch 'feature/hacktoberfest-demo' set up to track remote branch 'feature/hacktoberfest-demo' from 'origin'
```



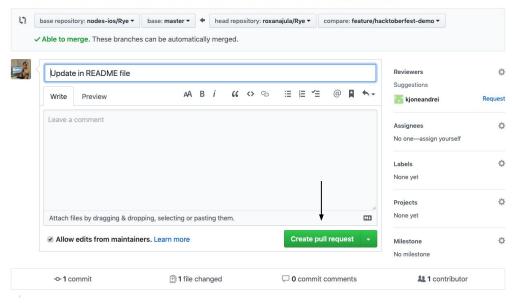
Create a pull request

Now that you have pushed your changes you can create a pull request from the Github page:



Open a pull request

Create a new pull request by comparing changes across two branches. If you need to, you can also compare across forks.



At this point, the maintainers of the original repository will decide whether or not to accept your pull request. They may ask for you to edit or revise your code prior to accepting the pull request.



Resources

https://hacktoberfest.digitalocean.com/

https://www.digitalocean.com/community/tutorials/how-to-create-a-pull-request-on-github

https://help.github.com/en/articles/creating-a-pull-request

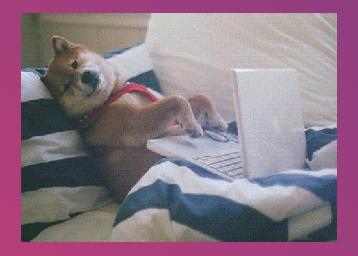
https://help.github.com/en/articles/finding-open-source-projects-on-github

https://hacktoberfest.digitalocean.com/eventkit/#resources

https://hacktoberfest.digitalocean.com/#projects

https://www.technotification.com/2019/03/top-open-source-projects-github.html





Happy coding! #hacktoberfest



