

Decentralized materials research data **management, curation & dissemination** for accelerated discovery

Dr Matthew Evans

<https://ml-evs.science>



Broadening impact via decentralized platforms

OPTIMADE

Federated access to
crystal structure
data with universal
search for materials
discovery & design

datalab

An open source data
management platform
for experimental
materials chemistry
and beyond

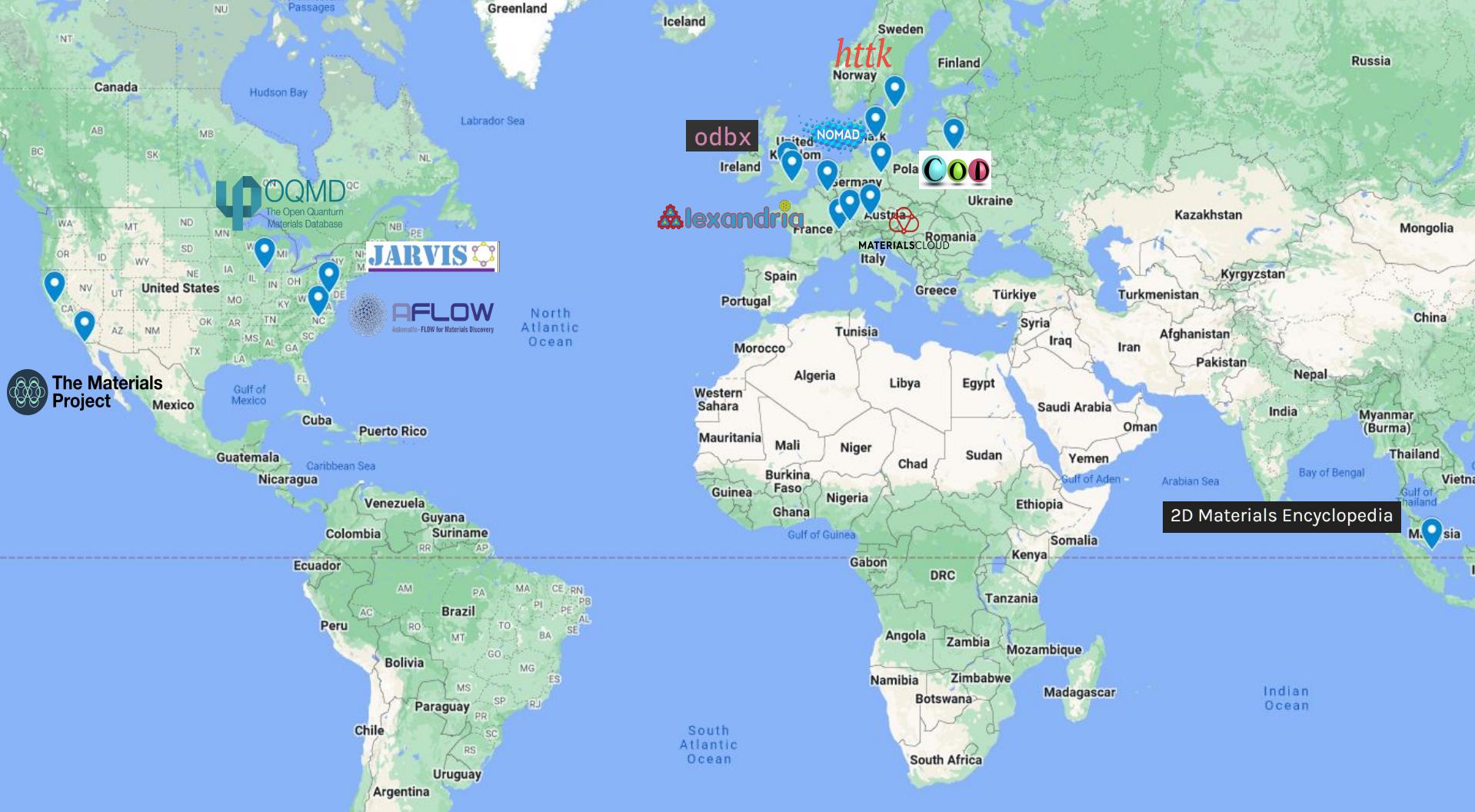
What is OPTIMADE?

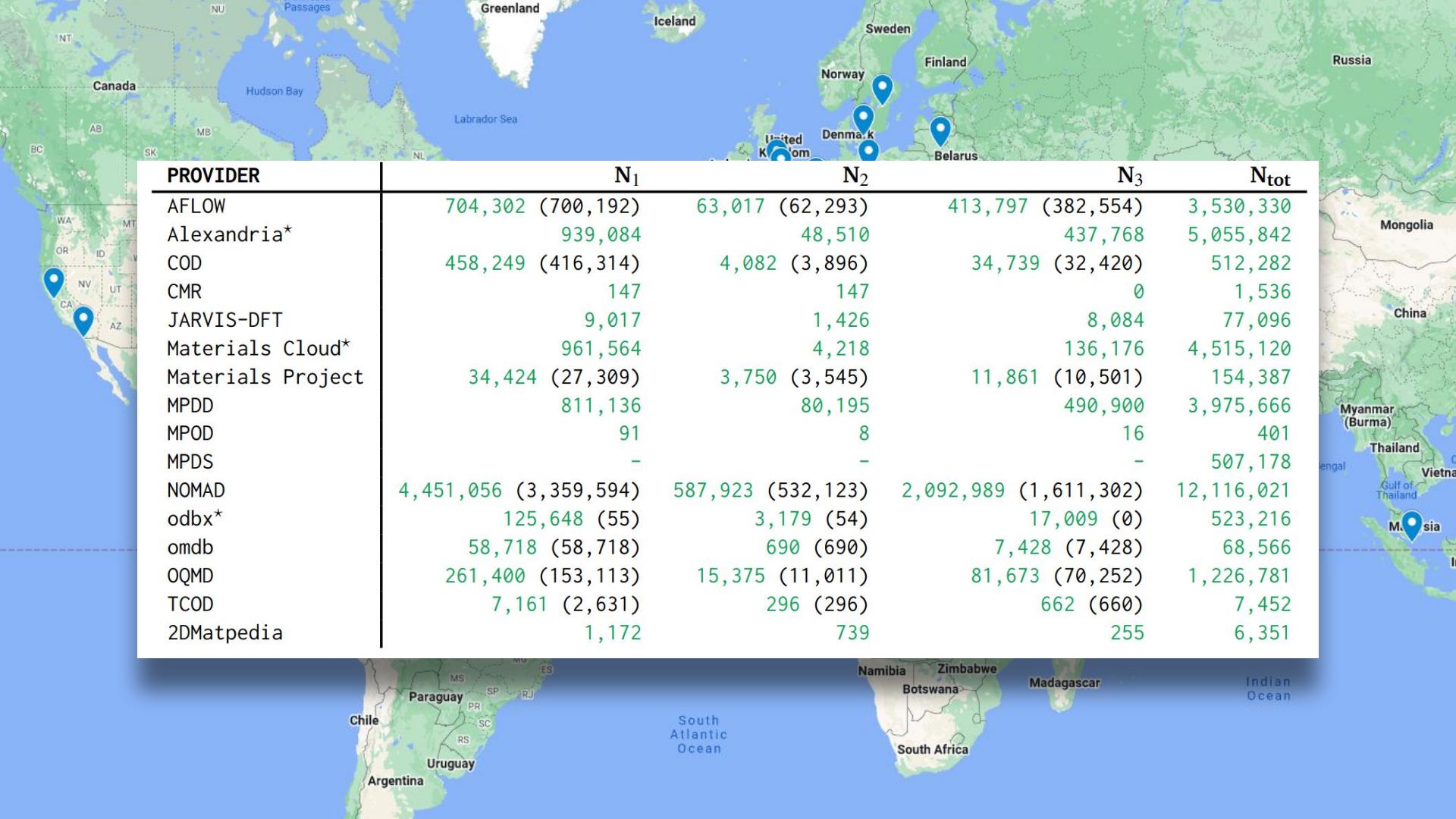


“The Open Databases Integration for Materials Design (OPTIMADE) consortium aims to make materials databases interoperational by developing a common REST API.”

- ❖ 7 annual workshops (est. 2016)
- ❖ 70+ authors/attendees
- ❖ 35,671 words
- ❖ 25 registered providers, 60M+ crystal structures

<https://www.optimade.org/providers-dashboard>





Article | Open

OPTIMADE

Casper W. An

Abhijith Gopa

Markus Sche

Curtarolo, Da

Hautier, Vinay

Kumbhar, Mo

Francesco Ri

Chris Wolverton

Scientific Dat

Developments and applications of the OPTIMADE API for materials discovery, design, and data exchange†

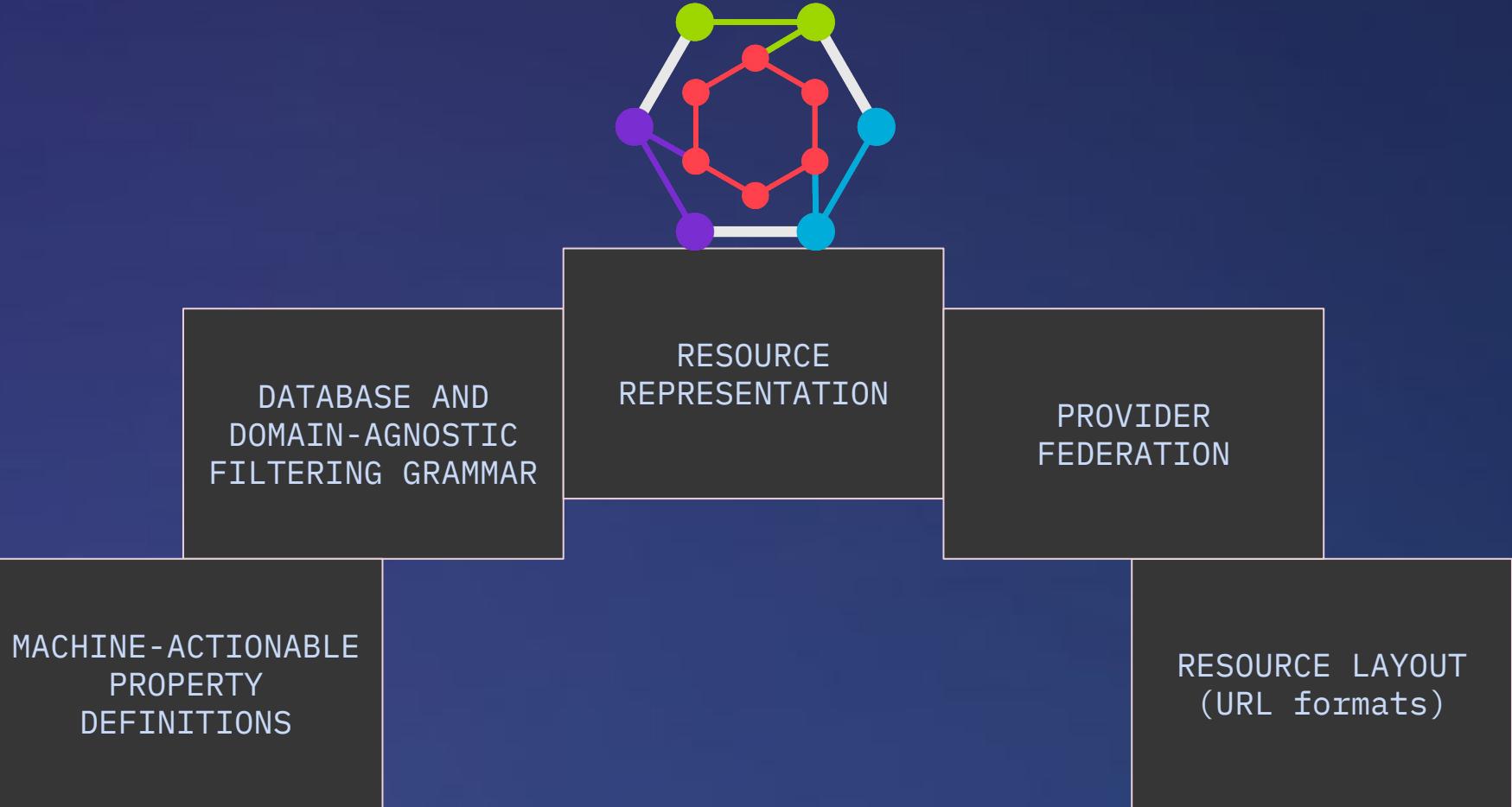
Cite this: *Digital Discovery*, 2024, 3, 1509

DOI: 10.1039/d4dd00039k

Matthew L. Evans,  ^{a,b} Johan Bergsma,  ^{f,c} Andrius Merkys,  ^d Casper W. Andersen,  ^e Oskar B. Andersson,  ^f Daniel Beltrán, ^g Evgeny Blokhin,  ^{hi} Tara M. Boland, ^j Rubén Castañeda Balderas, ^k Kamal Choudhary, ^l Alberto Díaz Díaz, ^k Rodrigo Domínguez García, ^k Hagen Eckert, ^{mn} Kristjan Eimre, ^o María Elena Fuentes Montero, ^p Adam M. Krajewski, ^q Jens Jørgen Mortensen, ^j José Manuel Nápoles Duarte, ^p Jacob Pietryga, ^r Ji Qi, ^s Felipe de Jesús Trejo Carrillo, ^k Antanas Vaitkus, ^d Jusong Yu, ^{ah} Adam Zettel, ^{mn} Pedro Baptista de Castro, ^t Johan Carlsson, ^u Tiago F. T. Cerqueira, ^v Simon Divilov, ^{mn} Hamidreza Hajiyani, [§] Felix Hanke, ^w Kevin Jose, ^x Corey Oses, ^y Janosh Riebesell, ^{xz} Jonathan Schmidt, ^{aa} Donald Winston, ^{ab} Christen Xie, ^s Xiaoyu Yang, ^{ac ad ae} Sara Bonella, ^c Silvana Botti, ^{af} Stefano Curtarolo, ^{mn} Claudia Draxl, ^{ag} Luis Edmundo Fuentes Cobas, ^k Adam Hospital, ^g Zi-Kui Liu, ^q Miguel A. L. Marques, ^{af} Nicola Marzari, ^{oh} Andrew J. Morris, ^{ai} Shyue Ping Ong, ^s Modesto Orozco, ^g Kristin A. Persson, ^{zaj} Kristian S. Thygesen, ^j Chris Wolverton, ^r Markus Scheidgen, ^{ag} Cormac Toher, ^{nak} Gareth J. Conduit, ^{xan} Giovanni Pizzi, ^{o ah} Saulius Gražulis, ^{dal} Gian-Marco Rignanese ^{* ab am} and Rickard Armiento ^{* f}

Fekete,
se ,
tefano
ni, Geoffroy
nehal
cell,
Faroquier,

Indian
Ocean



RESOURCE REPRESENTATION

FILTERING GRAMMAR

PROPERTY DEFINITIONS

RESOURCE LAYOUT

PROVIDER FEDERATION

```
{  
  "data": [  
    {  
      "id": "mp-7000",  
      "type": "structures",  
      "attributes": {  
        "immutable_id": "645d2ba4bcd30f748b475981",  
        "last_modified": "2023-03-11T14:56:30Z",  
        "elements": ["O", "Si"],  
        "nelements": 2,  
        "elements_ratios": [0.3333333333333333, 0.6666666666666666],  
        "chemical_formula_descriptive": "O6Si3",  
        "chemical_formula_reduced": "O2Si",  
        "chemical_formula_hill": "O6Si3",  
        "chemical_formula_anonymous": "A2B",  
        "dimension_types": [1, 1, 1],  
        "nperiodic_dimensions": 3,  
        "lattice_vectors": [  
          [4.914966, -1e-8, 0],  
          [-2.45748252, 4.2564861, 0],  
          [0, 0, 5.43130114]  
        ],  
        "nsites": 9,  
        "species_at_sites": ["Si", "Si", "Si", "O", "O", "O", "O", "O", "O"]  
      }  
    }  
  ]  
}
```





```
/v1/structures?filter=elements HAS ANY "C",
"Si", "Ge", "Sn", "Pb"

/v1/structures?filter=elements HAS ANY "C",
"Si", "Ge", "Sn", "Pb" AND nelements=2

/v1/structures?filter=elements HAS ANY "C",
"Si", "Ge", "Sn" AND NOT elements HAS "Pb" AND
elements LENGTH 3
```

RESOURCE REPRESENTATION

FILTERING GRAMMAR

PROPERTY DEFINITIONS

RESOURCE LAYOUT

PROVIDER FEDERATION

```
{  
    "$id": "https://schemas.optimade.org/defs/v1.2/properties/optimade_nsites",  
    "$schema": "https://schemas.optimade.org/meta/v1.2/optimade_property_definition.json",  
    "title": "number of sites",  
    "x-optimade-type": "integer",  
    "x-optimade-definition": {  
        "label": "nsites_optimade_structures",  
        "kind": "property",  
        "version": "1.2.0",  
        "format": "1.2",  
        "name": "nsites"  
    },  
    "type": [  
        "integer",  
        "null"  
    ],  
    "description": "An integer specifying the length of the  
    `cartesian_site_positions`  
    property.\n\n**Requirements/Conventions:**  
    - MUST be equal to  
    the lengths of the list properties elements and elements_ratios,  
    if they are provided.  
    **Query examples:**  
    - Match only structures with exactly 4 sites: `nsites=4`  
    - Match structures that have between 2 and 7 sites: `nsites>=2 AND nsites<=7`",  
    "examples": [  
        42  
    ],  
    "x-optimade-unit": "dimensionless"  
}
```





RESOURCE REPRESENTATION

FILTERING GRAMMAR

PROPERTY DEFINITIONS

RESOURCE LAYOUT

PROVIDER
FEDERATION

base URL **endpoint**
`https://optimade.materialsproject.org/v1/structures`
`?filter=chemical_formula_reduced="O2Si"`
OPTIMADE filter

RESOURCE REPRESENTATION

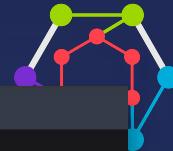
FILTERING GRAMMAR

PROPERTY DEFINITIONS

RESOURCE LAYOUT

PROVIDER FEDERATION

```
▼ 10:
  type:          "links"
  id:           "mcloudarchive"
  ▼ attributes:
    name:        "Materials Cloud Archive"
    ▼ description:
      base_url:  "https://www.materialscloud.org/optimade/archive"
      homepage:   "https://archive.materialscloud.org"
      link_type:  "external"
  ▼ 11:
  type:          "links"
  id:           "mp"
  ▼ attributes:
    name:        "The Materials Project"
    ▼ description:
      "An open database of computed materials properties to accelerate materials
       discovery and design"
      base_url:  "https://providers.optimade.org/index-metadbs/mp"
      homepage:   "https://www.materialsproject.org"
      link_type:  "external"
```



optimade-python-tools

An open source Python package for consuming
and implementing OPTIMADE APIs.



Evans, M. L., Andersen, C. W. A. et al.,
Journal of Open Source Software, 6(65), 3458, 2021
[10.21105/joss.03458](https://doi.org/10.21105/joss.03458)



[Materials-Consortia/optimade-python-tools](https://github.com/Materials-Consortia/optimade-python-tools)

- ❖ Spin-up OPTIMADE API with “no code”
 - Built with pydantic and FastAPI
 - Annotated data models with data validation
 - Auto-generated OpenAPI 3.0 and JSONSchema
 - EBNF grammar implementation with filter transformers for MongoDB & Elasticsearch
 - Mappers between existing formats (ASE, pymatgen, CIF) and OPTIMADE, supporting aliases etc.
- ❖ Client for asynchronously querying multiple databases
- ❖ Used by Materials Project, NOMAD, `odbx`, 2DMatPedia and Materials Cloud
- ❖ Provides tools for validating remote implementations

~ ➜ optimade_optimade-python-tools_exercise ➜ 05:54:25 ✘ 24s

\$

How can we screen the
burgeoning number of
hypothetical (inorganic)
compounds for real
applications?

ML-accelerated high-throughput workflows for optical materials discovery & design: *re2fractive*

*with Victor Trinquet, Cameron Hargreaves, Pierre-Paul De
Breuck & Gian-Marco Rignanese (MODL-IMCN UCLouvain)*

MODL-IMCN, UCLouvain



[modl-uclouvain/re2fractive](https://github.com/modl-uclouvain/re2fractive)

Finding materials with the largest refractive index for a given band gap: *re2fractive*

Leveraging open source tools -- broaden impact by investing in maintenance



60M+
Hypothetical
inorganic crystal
structures*



Property
prediction from
small datasets
with kitchen sink
featurisation and
ensemble
uncertainties

ATOMATE2

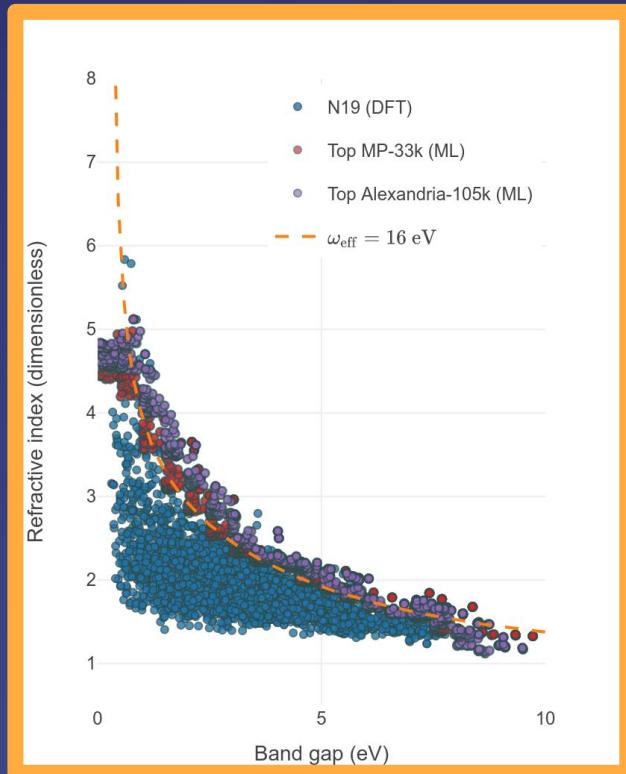
Robust
automated
DFT+beyond
workflows



Automated
submission and
job handling

Publish repeatable workflows

Finding materials with the largest refractive index for a given band gap: *re2fractive*

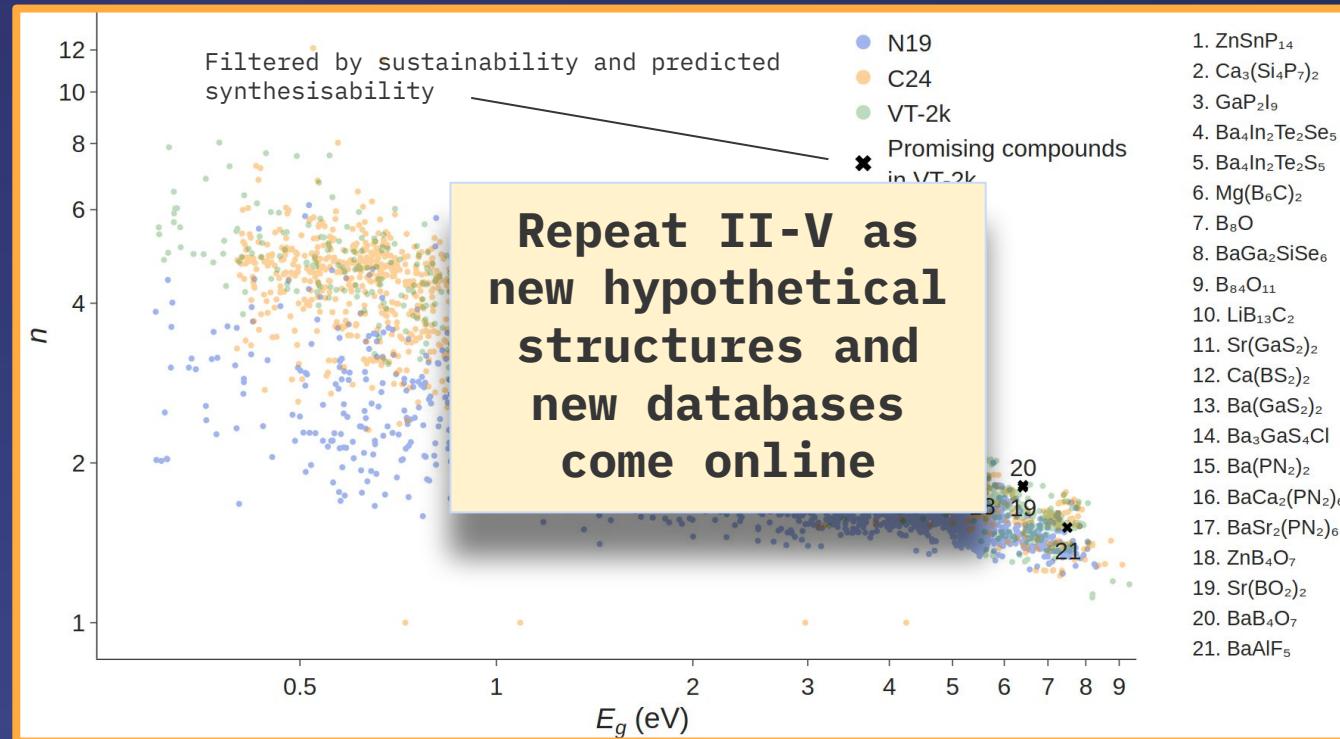


Active learning loop

- I. Starting from ~4000 materials (Naccarato et al, Phys. Rev. Mat. 2019), train MODnet model for refractive index
- II. Screen databases with appropriate annotations in OPTIMADE (4.2m structures)
- III. Filter OPTIMADE entries for stable materials with non-zero band gap (~150k structures), featurize and predict
- IV. Select a mix of a) most promising and b) highest uncertainty predictions, compute them with DFT
- V. Retrain model with the new data and repeat until Pareto front is sufficiently explored

"Optical materials discovery and design via federated databases and machine learning", Trinquet, Evans et al, Faraday Discussions (2024) [10.1039/D4FD00092G](https://doi.org/10.1039/D4FD00092G)

Finding materials with the largest refractive index for a given band gap: *re2fractive*



Why stop at refractive index?

- Decentralised AL workflows scanning OPTIMADE databases daily for potential new compounds
- Created datasets themselves are then hosted via OPTIMADE, tracking provenance of initial structures
- Self-reinforcing loops for multi-fidelity property prediction can help prioritise new compounds for synthesis
- AL especially necessary when properties are rare + expensive to compute
- Therefore, we initialised a new campaign for non-linear optical response

Data Descriptor | [Open access](#) | Published: 11 July 2024

Second-harmonic generation tensors from high-throughput density-functional perturbation theory

[Victor Trinquet](#) , [Francesco Naccarato](#), [Guillaume Brunin](#), [Guido Petretto](#), [Ludger Wirtz](#), [Geoffroy Hautier](#) & [Gian-Marco Rignanese](#) 

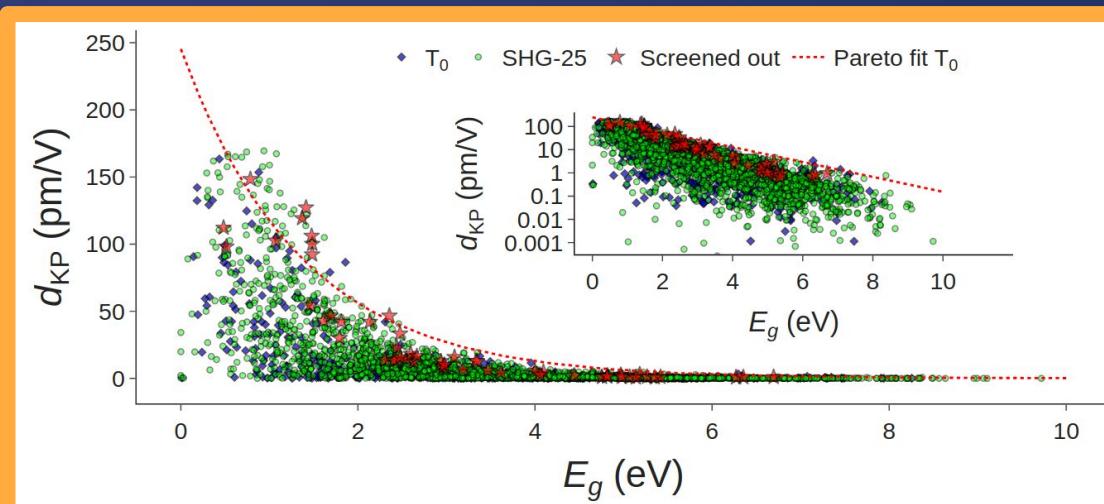
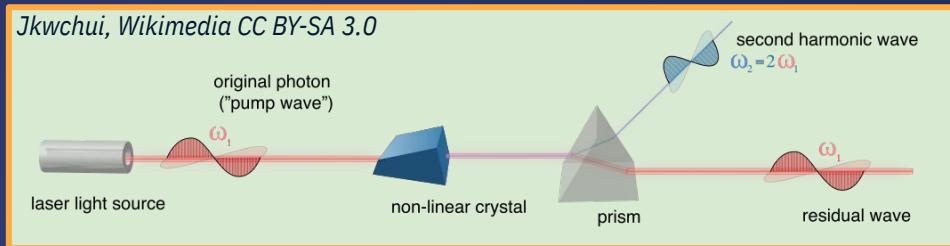
[Scientific Data](#) 11, Article number: 757 (2024) | [Cite this article](#)

Accelerating the discovery of high-performance nonlinear optical materials using active learning and high-throughput screening

Victor Trinquet, Matthew Evans & Gian-Marco Rignanese

[10.48550/arXiv.2504.01526](https://arxiv.org/abs/2504.01526)

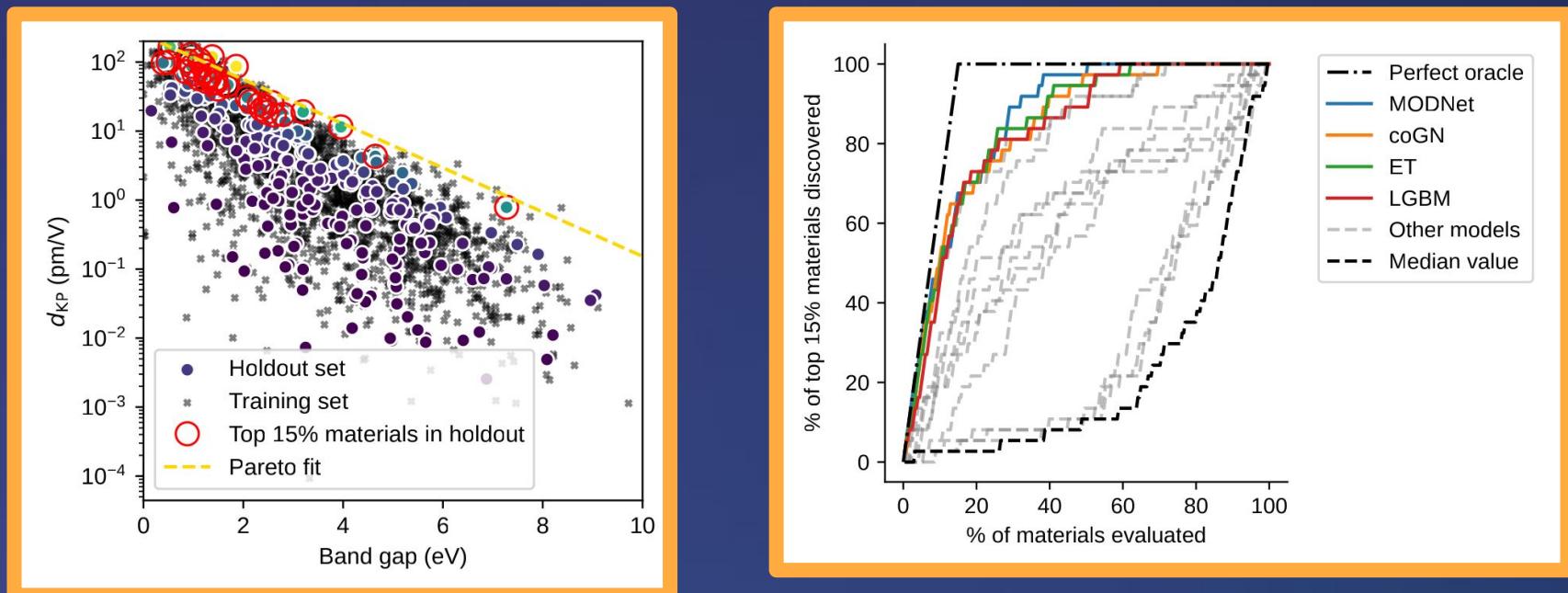
- Starting dataset of ~600 compounds with GGA SHG tensors using Abinit workflows from Trinquet et al, Sci Data
- Use MODNet + AL to explore the most promising, most uncertain and most compatible materials accessible via OPTIMADE
- Expand dataset to around ~2200 SHG tensors, compute HSE tensors for a subset and then fit/learn the scissor correction on the SHG coefficient



Accelerating the discovery of high-performance nonlinear optical materials using active learning and high-throughput screening

Victor Trinquet, Matthew Evans & Gian-Marco Rignanese

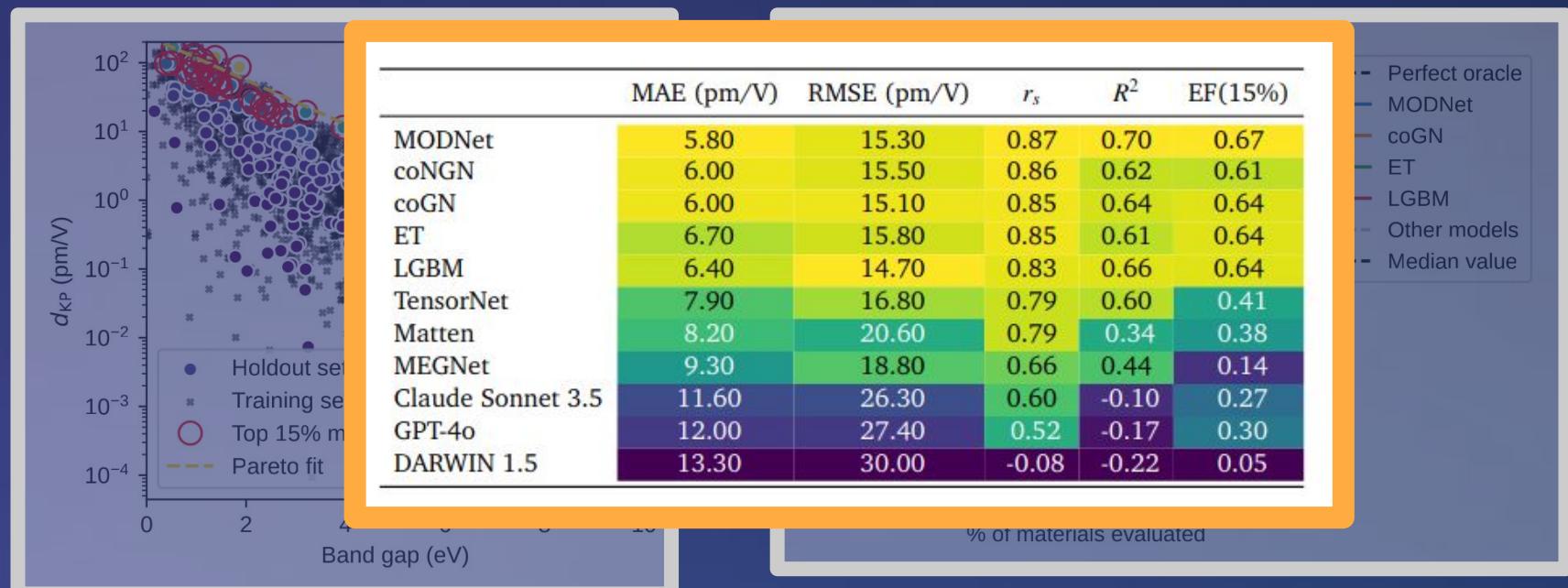
[10.48550/arXiv.2504.01526](https://arxiv.org/abs/2504.01526)



Accelerating the discovery of high-performance nonlinear optical materials using active learning and high-throughput screening

Victor Trinquet, Matthew Evans & Gian-Marco Rignanese

[10.48550/arXiv.2504.01526](https://arxiv.org/abs/2504.01526)



Accelerating the discovery of high-performance nonlinear optical materials using active learning and high-throughput screening

Victor Trinquet, Matthew Evans & Gian-Marco Rignanese

[10.48550/arXiv.2504.01526](https://arxiv.org/abs/2504.01526)

Identifier	Formula	E_g^{HSE} (eV)	d_{HSE} (pm/V)	Δn_{HSE}	Spacegroup	Wang et al. ^[13]	Chu et al. ^[13]
mp-966800	InP	1.261	27.499	0.108	$P6_3mc$	-	-
mp-1215429	ZnSnP ₂	1.325	49.348	0.092	$\bar{P}4m2$	-	-
agm003450028	Mg(InTe ₂) ₂	1.461	63.528	0.038	$\bar{P}42m$	-	-
mp-35777	Mg(InTe ₂) ₂	1.464	49.854	0.055	Cm	-	-
mp-571195	ZnTe	1.938	46.356	0.035	$P3_1$	-	-
mp-1222182	Mg(InTe ₂) ₂	1.960	51.373	0.041	$\bar{I}\bar{4}$	-	-
agm002160623	Mg(GaTe ₂) ₂	2.140	61.522	0.076	$\bar{I}\bar{4}$	-	-
agm002088965	InTel	2.158	55.801	0.385	$P2_1$	-	-
agm002156796	Li ₂ SiSnSe ₄	2.306	30.451	0.257	Cm	-	-
agm005605697	GaTel	2.314	44.027	0.411	$Pmn2_1$	-	-
agm002790067	AllnP ₂	2.399	27.310	0.039	$\bar{I}\bar{4}2d$	-	-
agm005056337	MgInGaSe ₄	2.497	21.144	0.052	$\bar{I}\bar{4}$	-	-
agm002283412	Li ₂ SnGeS ₄	2.647	16.802	0.239	Cm	-	-
agm002160619	Mg(GaSe ₂) ₂	2.748	21.159	0.064	$\bar{I}\bar{4}$	-	-
agm002160138	Mg(AlTe ₂) ₂	2.872	23.966	0.041	$\bar{I}\bar{4}$	-	-
agm2000111340	GaTeCl	3.128	8.074	0.536	$Pmn2_1$	-	-
mp-4586	LiAlTe ₂	3.156	15.120	0.058	$\bar{I}\bar{4}2d$	-	✓
mp-27529	PI ₃	3.199	8.224	0.265	$P6_3$	-	-
agm002793928	NaBSe ₂	3.361	9.264	0.058	$\bar{I}\bar{4}2d$	-	-
mp-690	PaS ₅	3.413	6.937	0.164	$P2_1$	✓	-
agm2000135800	GaTeCl	3.499	7.012	0.507	$Pca2_1$	-	-
agm006047631	Ga ₄ SnS ₇	3.527	8.098	0.099	$Pmn2_1$	-	-
mp-20790	InPS ₄	3.538	18.361	0.057	$\bar{I}\bar{4}$	-	✓
mp-30294	Sr ₂ SnS ₄	3.630	7.997	0.076	$Ama2$	✓	✓
agm005605595	GaSeCl	3.653	9.915	0.384	$Pmn2_1$	-	-

mp-1227993	BaGa ₂ SiS ₆	3.909	10.020	0.063	$P1$	-	✓
agm002157245	LiAlSe ₂	3.962	5.415	0.041	$\bar{I}\bar{4}2d$	-	-
mp-2646995	Li ₃ PS ₄	3.991	4.472	0.039	$\bar{I}\bar{4}2m$	-	-
agm002158826	LiGaS ₂	4.078	7.071	0.060	$\bar{I}\bar{4}2d$	-	-
agm005605654	GaS _{Cl}	4.264	5.416	0.260	$Pmn2_1$	-	-
mp-559065	Nal ₃ O ₈	4.474	4.325	0.149	$\bar{P}\bar{4}$	-	-
agm002157243	LiAlS ₂	4.620	2.641	0.031	$\bar{I}\bar{4}2d$	-	-
mp-561104	Ga(IO ₃) ₃	4.699	8.119	0.098	$P6_3$	-	-
mp-555903	Al(IO ₃) ₃	4.747	7.942	0.082	$P6_3$	-	-
mp-559545	SeO ₂	4.835	3.674	0.299	$Pmc2_1$	-	-
mp-27367	SeOf ₂	5.537	2.830	0.051	$Pca2_1$	✓	-
agm002163269	CaSiN ₂	5.561	3.424	0.034	$\bar{I}\bar{4}2d$	-	-
mp-22909	ZnCl ₂	5.574	1.373	0.031	$\bar{I}\bar{4}2d$	-	-
agm005604809	AlS _{Cl}	5.743	1.164	0.179	$Pca2_1$	-	-
agm002137165	CaAl ₂ B ₂ O ₇	6.405	0.713	0.066	$R32$	-	-
mp-5730	Ba(BO ₂) ₂	6.418	1.365	0.115	$R3c$	-	-
mp-5853	LiSi ₂ N ₃	6.518	0.821	0.037	$Cmc2_1$	✓	-
mp-557391	Na ₂ Ca ₂ (CO ₃) ₃	6.533	0.631	0.034	$Amn2$	-	-
mp-753671	PNO	6.705	1.844	0.121	$I2_1\bar{2}_1\bar{2}_1$	✓	-
mp-36066	PNO	6.736	1.612	0.151	Cc	✓	-
agm005607967	SiNF	6.737	0.471	0.188	$Pmn2_1$	-	-
mp-6524	CaMg ₃ (CO ₃) ₄	6.898	0.800	0.154	$R32$	-	-
mp-1195844	Ba ₃ B ₆ O ₁₁ F ₂	6.940	0.761	0.046	$P2_1$	-	-
mp-1202821	Sr ₃ B ₆ O ₁₁ F ₂	7.143	0.624	0.041	$P2_1$	-	-
mp-1020019	Li ₂ PNO ₂	7.271	0.449	0.103	$Cmc2_1$	-	-
mp-1200209	Li ₂ B ₆ O ₉ F ₂	7.993	0.485	0.061	Cc	-	-
mp-3660	LiB ₃ O ₅	8.166	0.561	0.042	$Pna2_1$	-	-
mp-1019509	B ₂ S ₂ O ₉	9.158	0.656	0.034	$C2$	-	-

<10 meV/atom away from hull, HSE gap > 1 eV, elemental availability, birefringence, dKP criteria threshold

optimade-maker

with Kristjan Eimre, Gian-Marco Rignanese & Giovanni Pizzi

From static data to an API

- Enhancing discoverability, explorability and expressiveness of structural data on the MCloud
- User annotates their MCloud entry with a simple config file
- Additional services watch for such entries and run a processing pipeline to convert to our OPTIMADE JSONL format
- Container launches to expose the structural data and properties as public OPTIMADE APIs

```
database_description: >-
  This database contains some example CIFs.

data_paths:
  - structures.zip
  - data.tar.gz

entries:
  - entry_type: structures
    entry_paths:
      - structures/cifs/*.cif
    property_paths:
      - data/data.csv
      - data/data2.csv
    property_definitions:
      - name: energy
        title: Total energy per atom
        description: The total energy per atom as computed by DFT
        unit: eV/atom
        type: float
      - name: property_b
        title: Property B
        description: Alias for some more complicated property_b
        maps_to: https://schemas.optimade.org/v1.1/dft/dft_hull_distance
      - name: description
        title: Entry description
        description: Provides a human-readable description for this particular entry_type
        type: str
    # - entry_type: references
    #entry_paths:
    #  - refs.bib
```



materialscloud.org/optimade-maker

optimade-maker

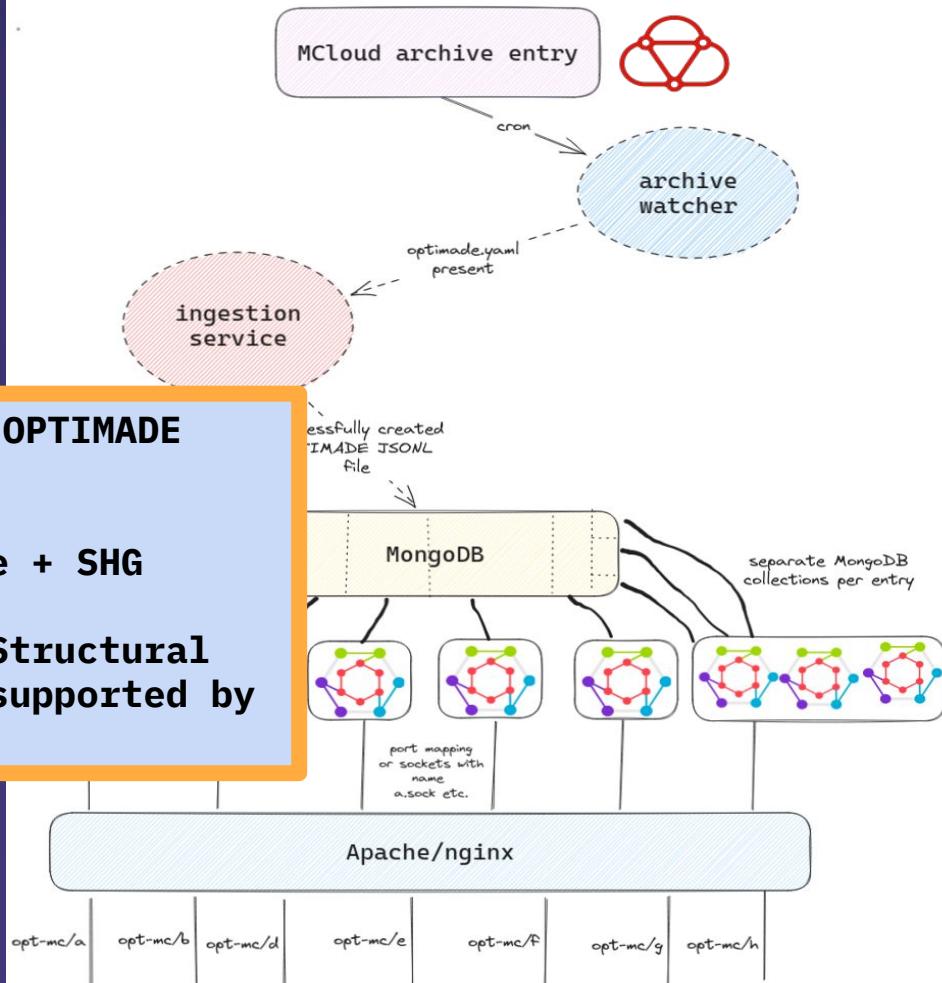
with Kristjan Eimre, Gian-Marco Rignanese & Giovanni Pizzi

From static data to an API

- Enhancing discoverability, explorability and expressiveness of structural data in the MCCloud
- User annotates their MCCloud data with a simple config file
- Additional services watch for changes and run a processing pipeline to our OPTIMADE JSONL format
- Container launches to expose the structural data and properties as public OPTIMADE APIs

Used to create OPTIMADE APIs for:

- **Alexandria**
- **re2fractive + SHG**
- **GNome**
- **Cambridge Structural Database (supported by PSDI)**



materialscloud.org/optimade-maker

**Well-defined
abstraction: crystal
structure**

**Flat(ish) data
structure**

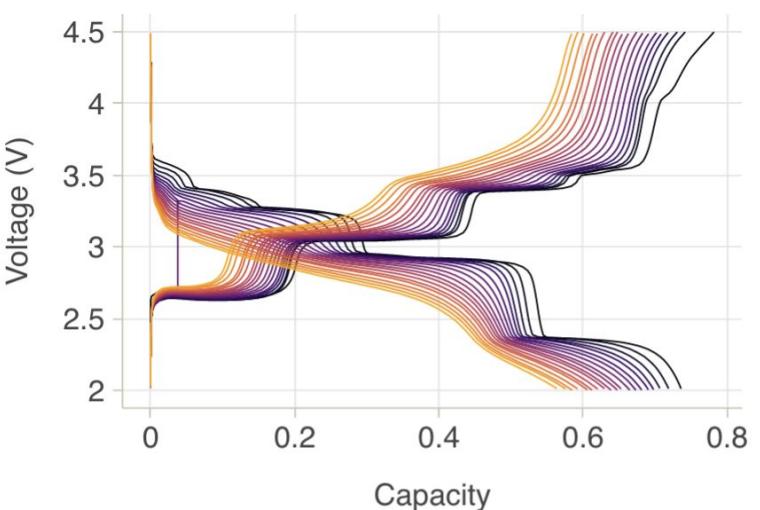
**Extensible property
definitions**

Well-defined search

Tools for federation

What about
experimental
data?

Managing experimental lab data



What information would need to be recorded to make this information useful after the student leaves?

What information would need to be recorded to make this useful to a machine learning algorithm?

What type of cell is this? What are the electrodes? What batch are they from? Active mass? Where was it cycled? What instrument? Cycling parameters? Surface area? When was it made? Who made it? When? What batch of electrolyte? Was it made in a glovebox? Which one? Have other measurements been made on this cell? Has this result been repeated with other cells? Is there any characterization on the electrodes? On the active material? On the electrolyte? What was the temperature of the room? Were there any spikes? What does the dV/dQ look like? Who "owns" this data?

Experimental data is only useful in its context

Na₂O₂ from ECO glovebox

NiO (from collaborator)

Jmas-1-4a

Jmas-1-4b

Jmas-1-4c

Jmas-1-4d

Super P

PVDF

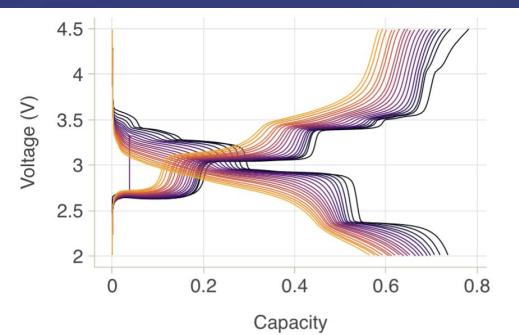
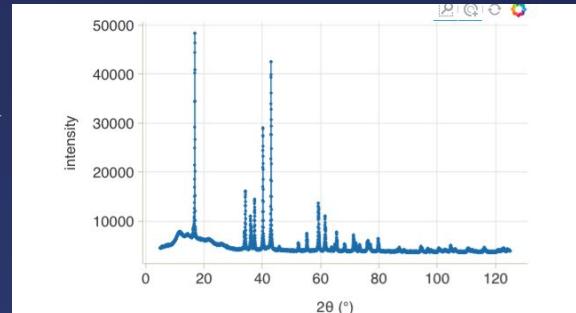
NMP

Jmas-1-4a_e1

NaPF6

PC

electrolyte



Jmas1-4a-e1-c1

Jmas1-4a-e1-c2

Jmas1-4a-e1-c3

Na metal

Initial motivations: *datalab*



[datalab-org/datalab](https://github.com/datalab-org/datalab)

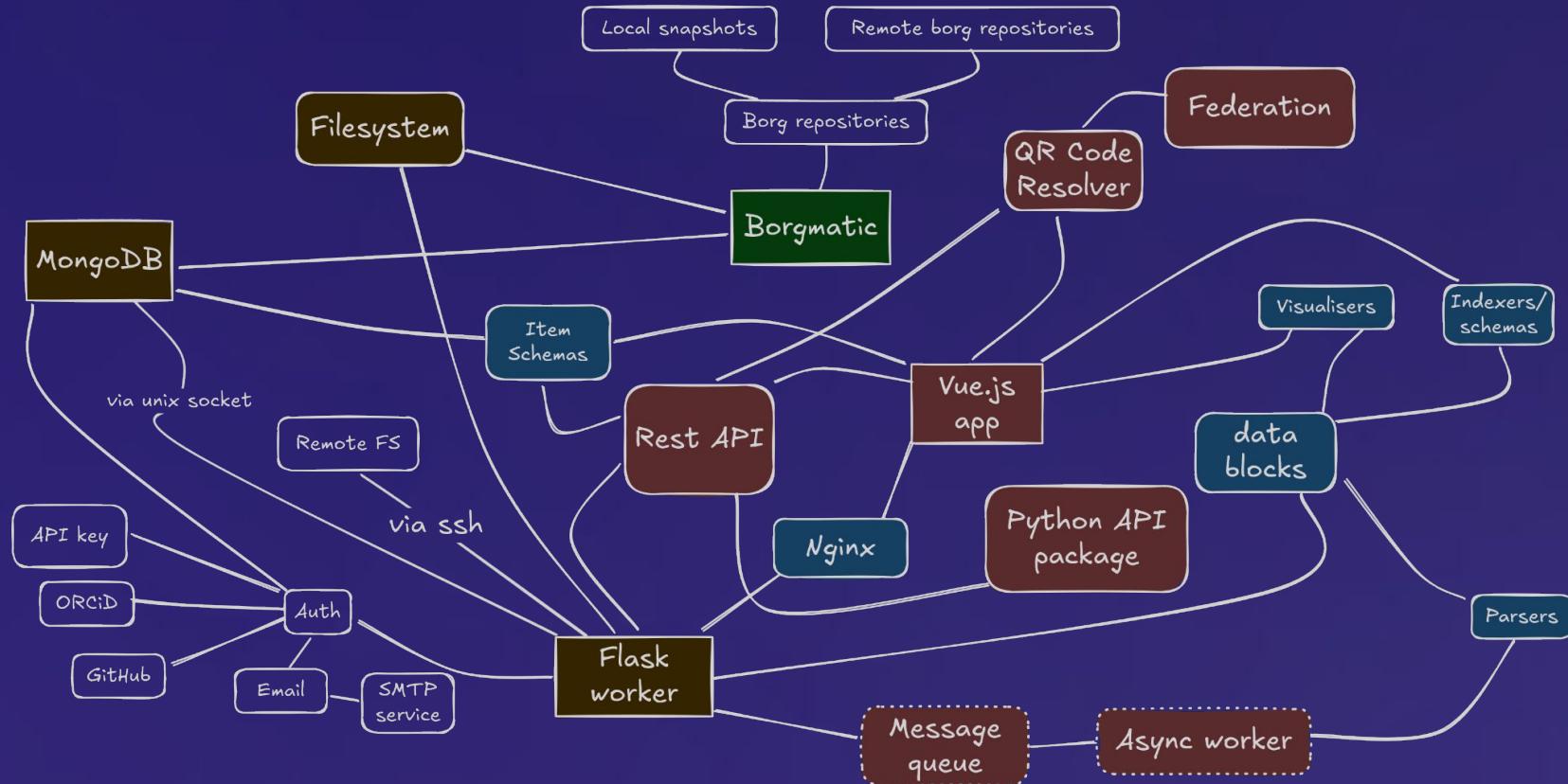
- **Automating tedious data handling processes**
- **Reproducible, robust science**
- **Enhanced dissemination (internal and public)**
- **Putting the FUN in data management**
- **Decentralized data unification**

Prof Joshua
Bocarsly
(Cambridge ✈
UHouston)



Dame Prof Clare
Grey FRS
(Cambridge)

datalab Architecture Spaghetti



What is *datalab*?

Samples

ID	Type	Sample name	Formula	Date	Collections	Creator
JUAWHS	samples			2025-02-26		
PZCMFK	samples	250113 VJC1P36-2 T...		2025-01-13	Feb26-2025-Import	
ELCAVJ	samples	250113 TMAOH/H-F...		2025-01-13	Feb26-2025-Import	
UZMDW	samples	PFA500 OH (UF)		2025-01-10	Feb26-2025-Import	
BYXLJU	samples	D290-HPO42- EXC...		2025-01-09	Feb26-2025-Import	
LNKTYI	samples	YKTH-102-HT STAB...		2025-01-08	Feb26-2025-Import	
BQEOFV	samples	D290(Y)-PO4 EXCH...		2025-01-07	Feb26-2025-Import	
BBGWM	samples	D296-OH-RE		2025-01-06	Feb26-2025-Import	
IGYHPG	samples	PFA500 OH (UF)		2025-01-03	Feb26-2025-Import	
TJPFVO	samples	250102 PFA500-O...		2025-01-02	Feb26-2025-Import	
SSEIWR	samples			2025-01-02	Feb26-2025-Import	
AZHJML	samples			2025-01-02	Feb26-2025-Import	
FYVIBP	samples	250102 PFA500-O...		2025-01-02	Feb26-2025-Import	
PHOTOG	samples	250102 PFA500-O...		2025-01-02	Feb26-2025-Import	
QTHPLV	samples			2024-12-31	Feb26-2025-Import	

The diagram illustrates the architecture of the datalab system. At the top, 'External actors' (User and Machine) interact with 'Raw instrument data, annotations, connections' via 'User data I/O' and 'Machine data I/O'. This central data layer feeds into 'Client interfaces' (Browser app and Python API). The Client interfaces interact with the 'datalab core backend' via 'HTTP (Data exchange)' and 'API calls (Data exchange)'. The 'datalab core backend' contains a 'JSON REST API' which manages 'Annotations, connections' and 'Raw and structured characterisation data'. These data types are stored in a 'MongoDB Database' and a 'Data Lake'.

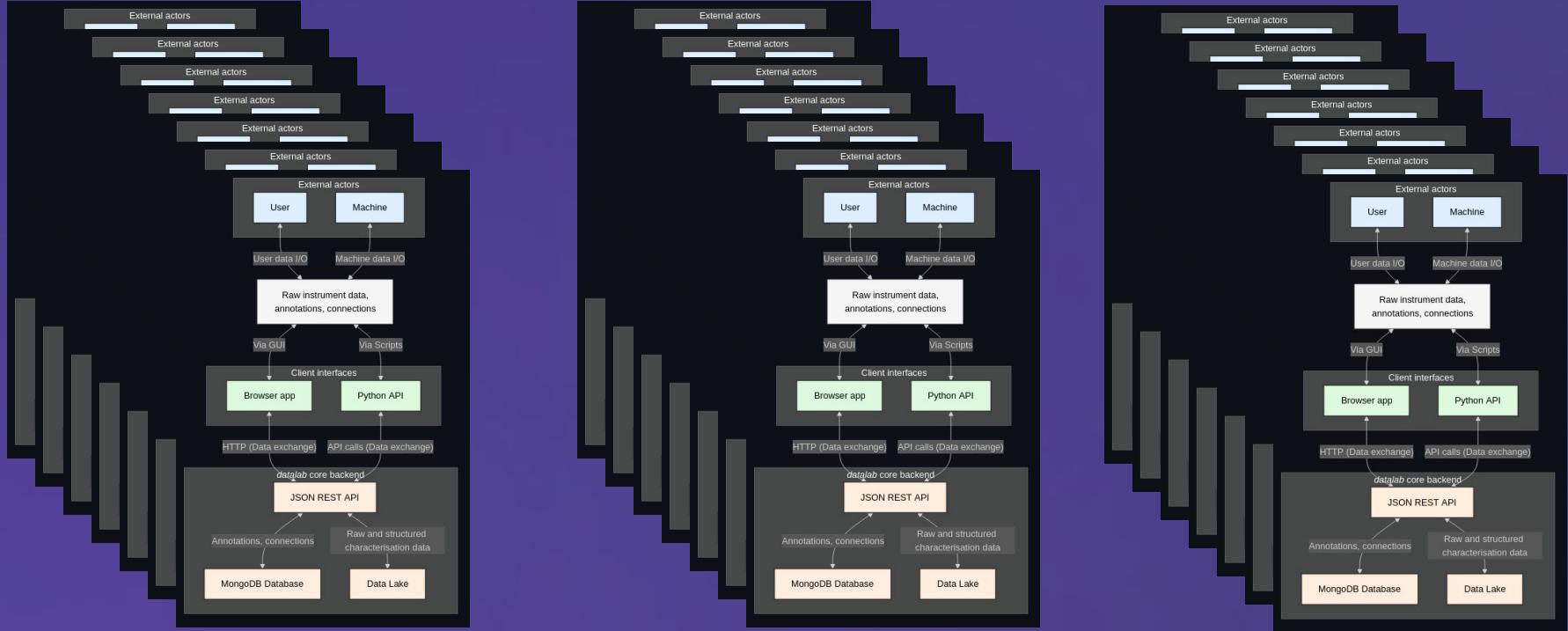
```
[6]: items = client.search_items("test", display=True);
```

type	ID	refcode	name
S	test	pub:HOHZJD	test
S	my_test_sample	pub:IGCYOI	Test Sample
S	test-claudie	pub:JM6OTA	
S	test_sample	pub:JTNEWW	G1500
S	JPN01	pub:AIMCHP	Siloxane Reaction
S	jdb102	pub:WRIZSB	Sodium cobalt oxide
C	jdb2_e1_c1	pub:TBBADR	NaCoO ₂ coin cell
S	jdb1	pub:VRSMCI	sodium cobalt oxide made by s...
S	jdb2	pub:NPPPKI	sodium cobalt oxide made by s...
C	NMC811_e1_c1	pub:EA3B3B	NMC-811 coin cell

datalab-org/datalab

datalab-org/datalab-api

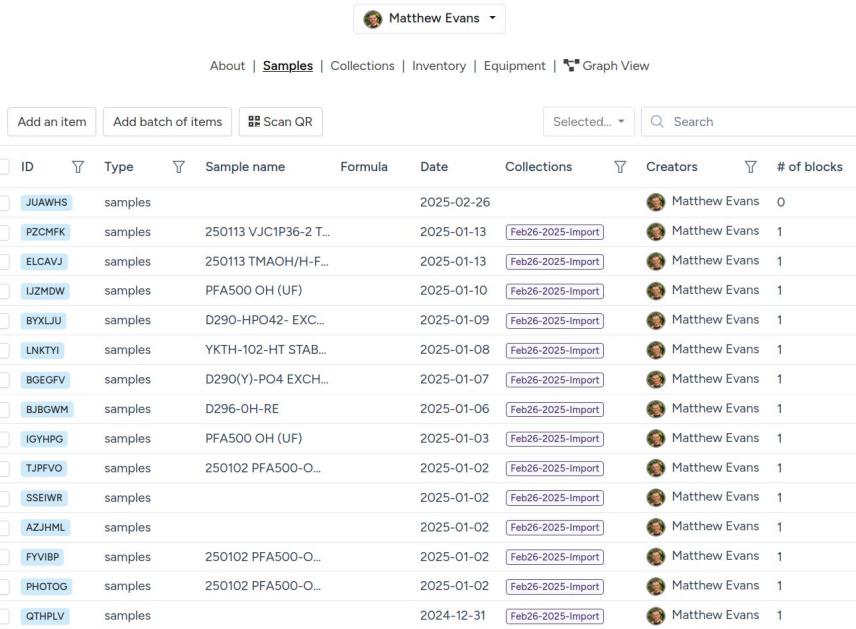
What is *datalab*?



datalab-org/datalab-federation

*data*lab: data management for batteries & materials characterisation data

- Open source ELN/LIMS, with development funded by academic work and consultancy
- Deployed specifically for a given company, lab or research group
- Runs in the cloud or on-prem on your existing hardware
- Accessible from anywhere (the lab, at home etc)



The screenshot shows a web-based application interface for managing laboratory samples. At the top right, there is a user profile for "Matthew Evans". Below the header, there are navigation links: About, Samples (which is the active page), Collections, Inventory, Equipment, and Graph View. A search bar is also present.

The main content area displays a table of sample data. The columns are: ID, Type, Sample name, Formula, Date, Collections, Creators, and # of blocks. The table lists 15 entries, each with a checkbox, a blue button for "Add an item", and a "Scan QR" button. The "Collections" column contains a link labeled "Feb26-2025-Import". The "Creators" column shows a small profile picture of Matthew Evans next to the name. The "# of blocks" column shows the number 1 for all entries.

<input type="checkbox"/>	ID	Type	Sample name	Formula	Date	Collections	Creators	# of blocks
	JUAWHS	samples			2025-02-26	Feb26-2025-Import	Matthew Evans	0
	PZCMFK	samples	250113 VJC1P36-2 T...		2025-01-13	Feb26-2025-Import	Matthew Evans	1
	ELCAVJ	samples	250113 TMAOH-H-F...		2025-01-13	Feb26-2025-Import	Matthew Evans	1
	LIZMDW	samples	PFA500 OH (UF)		2025-01-10	Feb26-2025-Import	Matthew Evans	1
	BYXLJU	samples	D290-HPO42- EXC...		2025-01-09	Feb26-2025-Import	Matthew Evans	1
	LNKTYI	samples	YKTH-102-HT STAB...		2025-01-08	Feb26-2025-Import	Matthew Evans	1
	BGEGFV	samples	D290(Y)-PO4 EXCH...		2025-01-07	Feb26-2025-Import	Matthew Evans	1
	BJBGWM	samples	D296-OH-RE		2025-01-06	Feb26-2025-Import	Matthew Evans	1
	IGYHPG	samples	PFA500 OH (UF)		2025-01-03	Feb26-2025-Import	Matthew Evans	1
	TJPVFO	samples	250102 PFA500-O...		2025-01-02	Feb26-2025-Import	Matthew Evans	1
	SSEIWR	samples			2025-01-02	Feb26-2025-Import	Matthew Evans	1
	AZJHML	samples			2025-01-02	Feb26-2025-Import	Matthew Evans	1
	FYVIBP	samples	250102 PFA500-O...		2025-01-02	Feb26-2025-Import	Matthew Evans	1
	PHOTOG	samples	250102 PFA500-O...		2025-01-02	Feb26-2025-Import	Matthew Evans	1
	QTHPLV	samples			2024-12-31	Feb26-2025-Import	Matthew Evans	1



Josh Bocarsly  Logout

About | [Samples](#) | Collections | Inventory |  Graph View

Add an item 

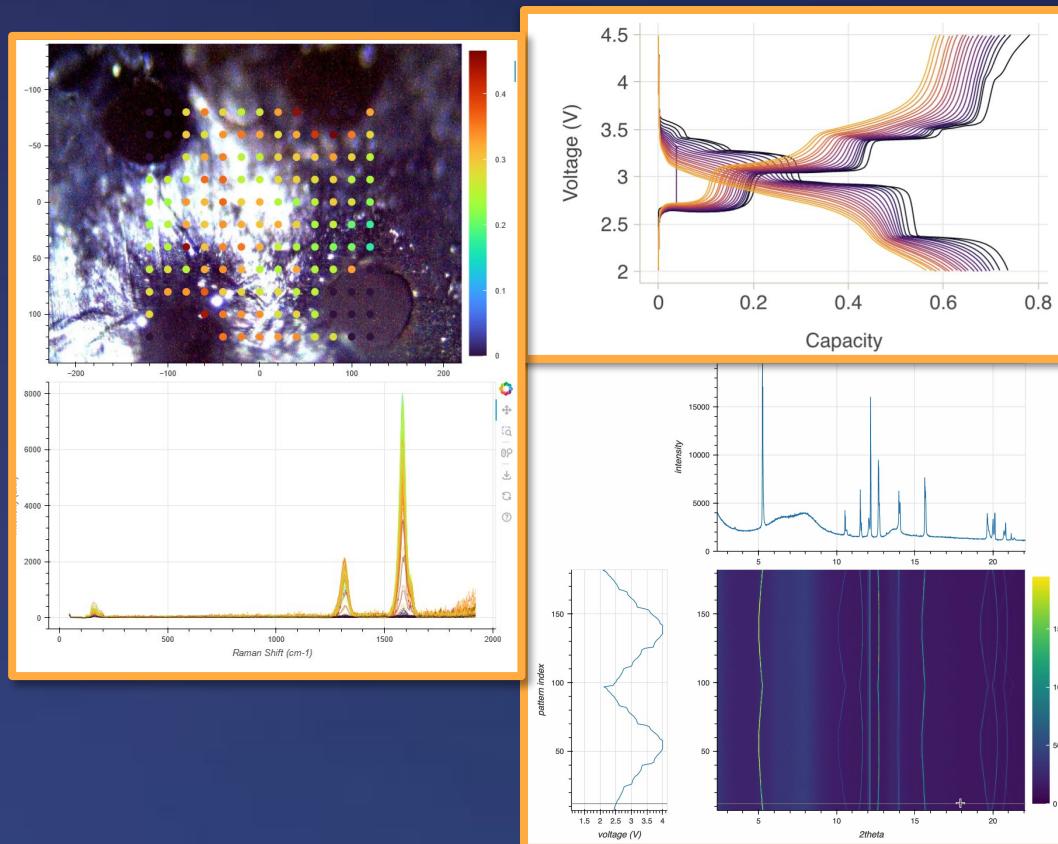
Add batch of samples

ID	Type	Sample name	Formula	Date	Collections	Creators	# of blocks
cell_13b	sample			2023-09-12			1 
test-02	cell	test cell		2023-09-08			2 
test-01	sample	test		2023-09-08			1 
jdb1003	sample	a sample of sodium solution		2023-09-07			1 
Ni3Al_1	sample	solid state sample of Ni-Al		2023-09-05			1 
jdb_test1	sample	NaCoO2 made from solid state synthesis		2023-09-05			1 
mp2028_T15	cell	Titration SEI 15 cell		2023-09-05			1 
mp2028_T14	cell	Titration SEI T14 cell		2023-09-05			1 
mp2028_T13	cell	Titration SEI T13 cell		2023-09-05			1 
Umi-33_PTFE_SP_38-14-48_SSF-OC1	cell	Umi-33_PTFE_SP_38-14-48_SSF-OC1		2023-09-03			0 
Umi-34_PTFE_SP_38-14-48_SSF-cell1	cell	Umi-34_PTFE_SP_38-14-48_SSF-cell1		2023-09-03			0 
Umi-33_PTFE_SP_38-14-48_SSF-cell1	cell	Umi-33_PTFE_SP_38-14-48_SSF-cell1		2023-09-03			0 

Modular “Data block” approach

Currently, we support:

- Electrochemical cycling
- EIS
- Materials synthesis
- Cell preparation
- Images (common + raw)
- Videos
- Powder X-ray diffraction
- Raman (1D + 2D maps)
- NMR
- Mass spectrometry/TGA
- Your method: extensible via plugins

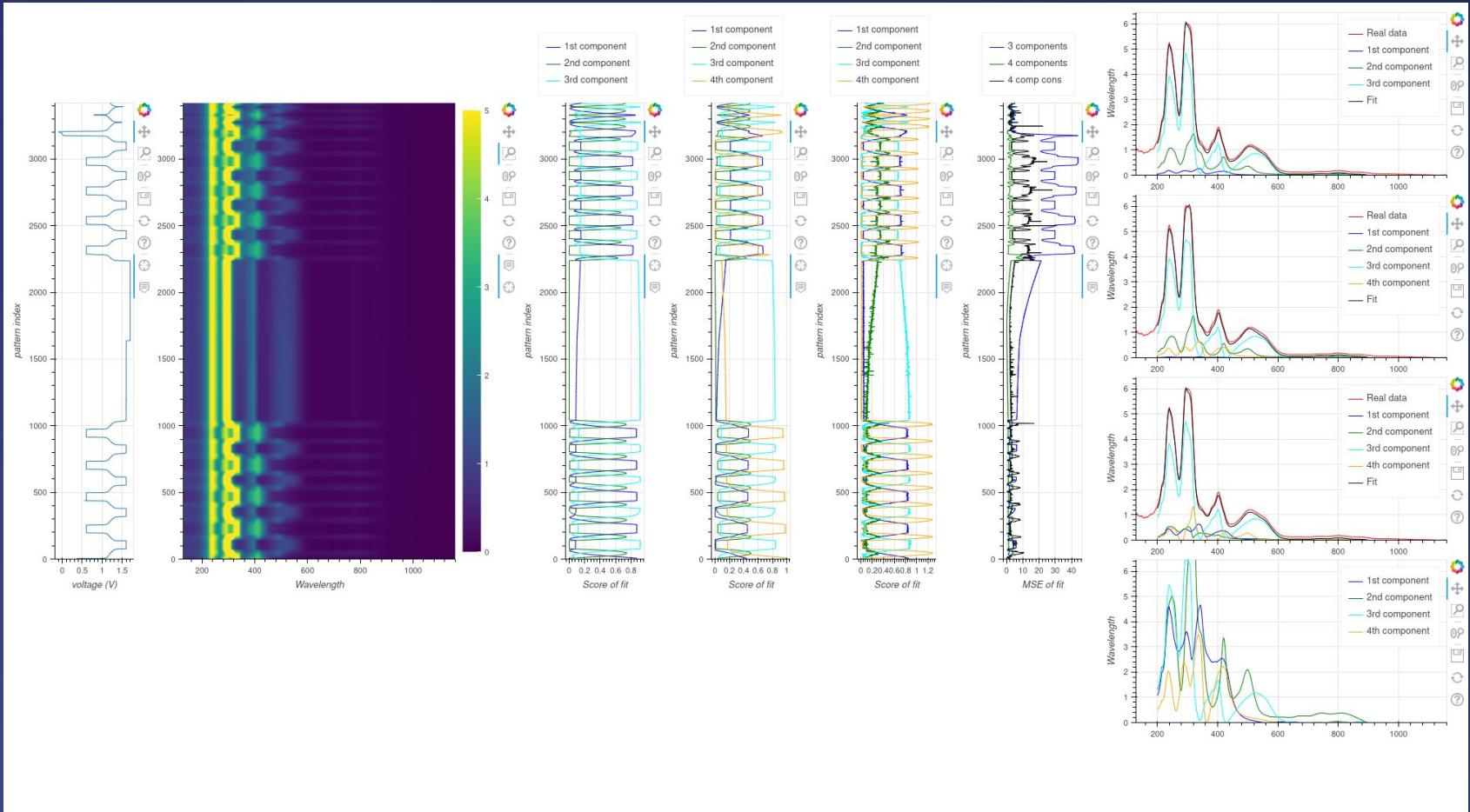


Purposefully simple to add new “blocks”:

- File loader
- Interactive plot (Bokeh)
- Baseline corrections, background subtraction, schemas, models, validation, search, QC, comparative analysis...

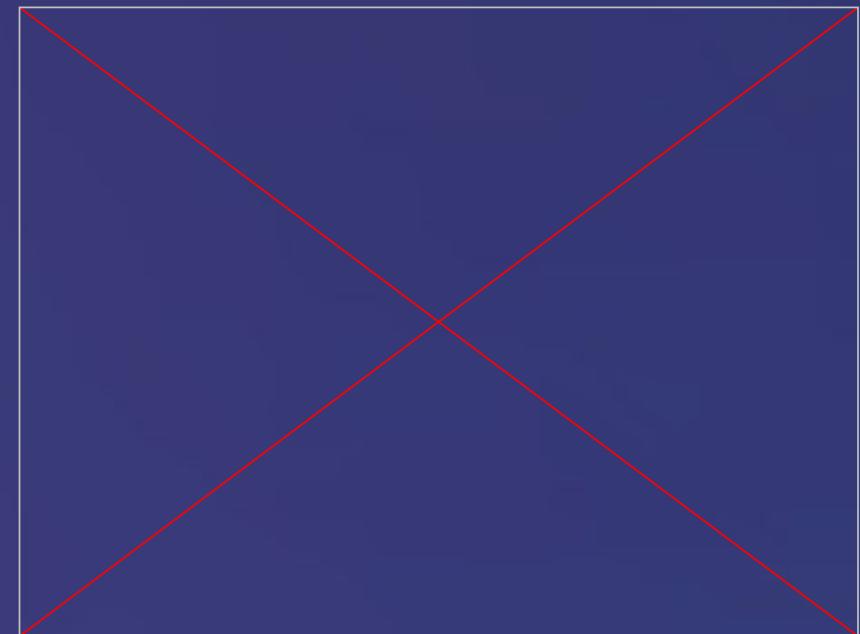
in situ UV-Vis data block

Ben Smith, Dominic Hey, Clare Grey (submitted)



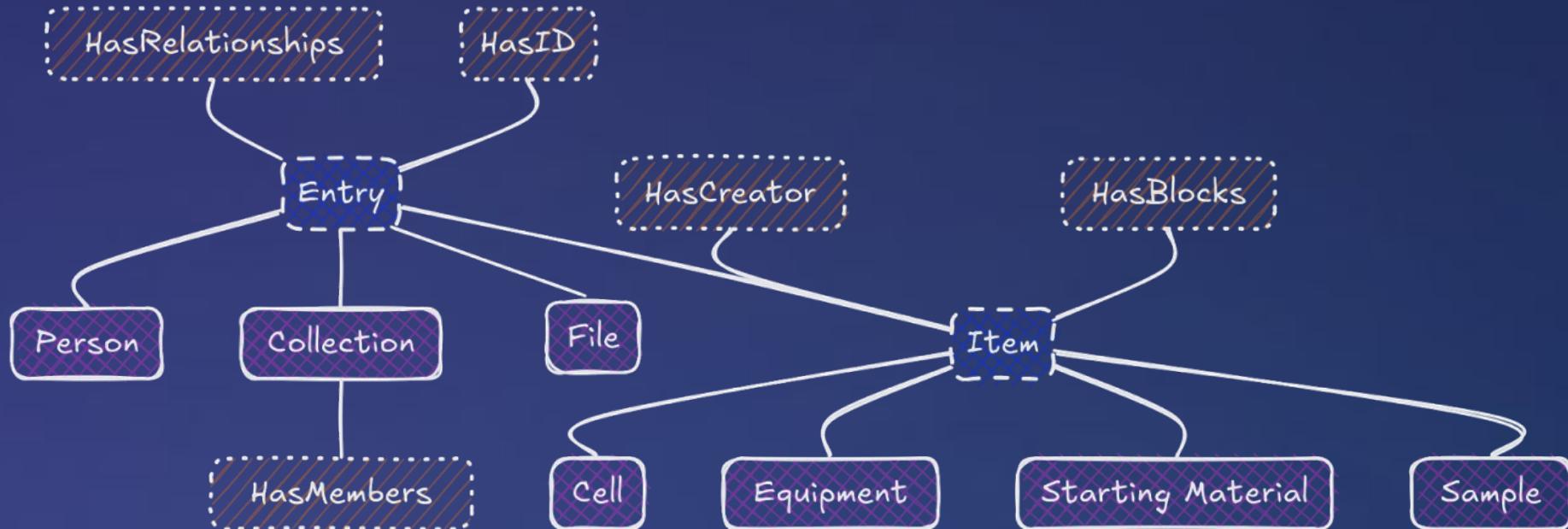
***datalab* is open-source software (MIT)**

- Collaborative development is performed on GitHub using modern best practices for open source software development.
 - ◆ ~30,000 lines of code
 - ◆ 650+ merged PRs
- Automated CI with testing of server and GUI
- Simplified deployment via Docker
- Automated cloud deployments with Ansible & Terraform
- Decentralizing maintenance costs via the community
- Option to fund via consultancy

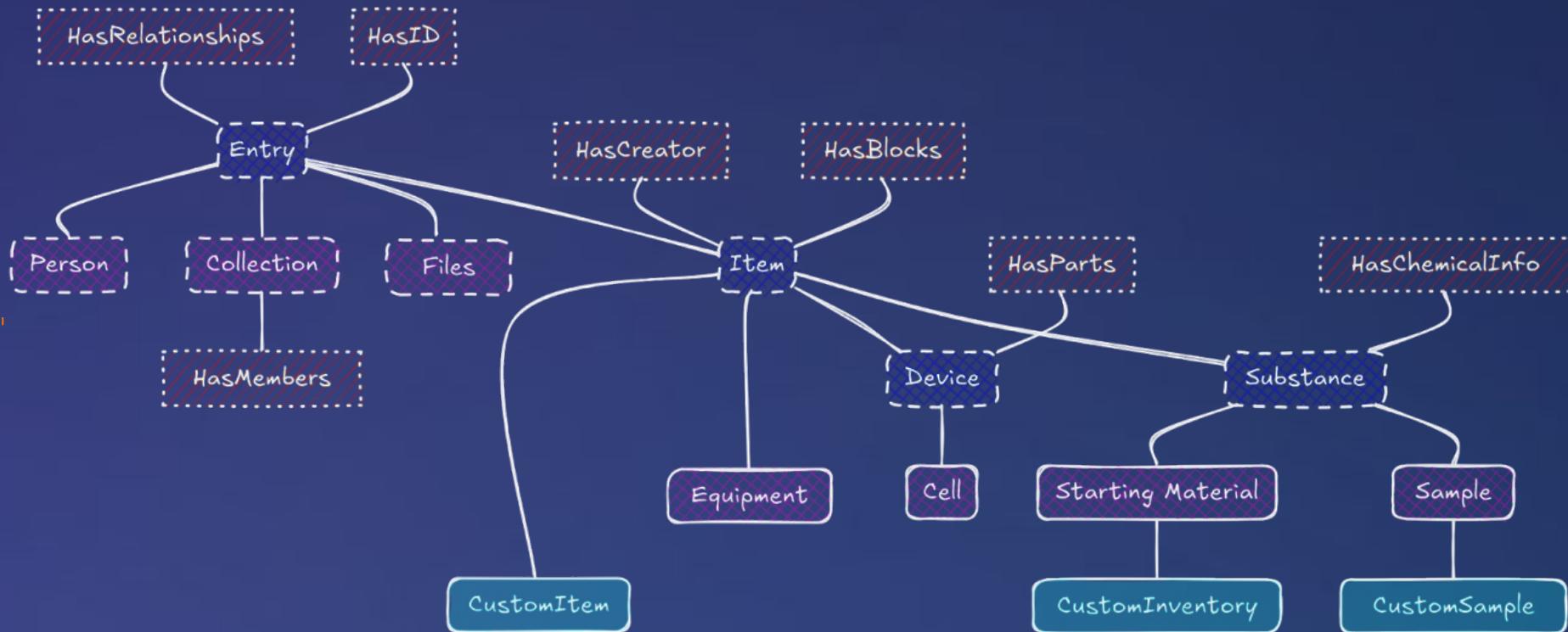


github.com/datalab-org/datalab

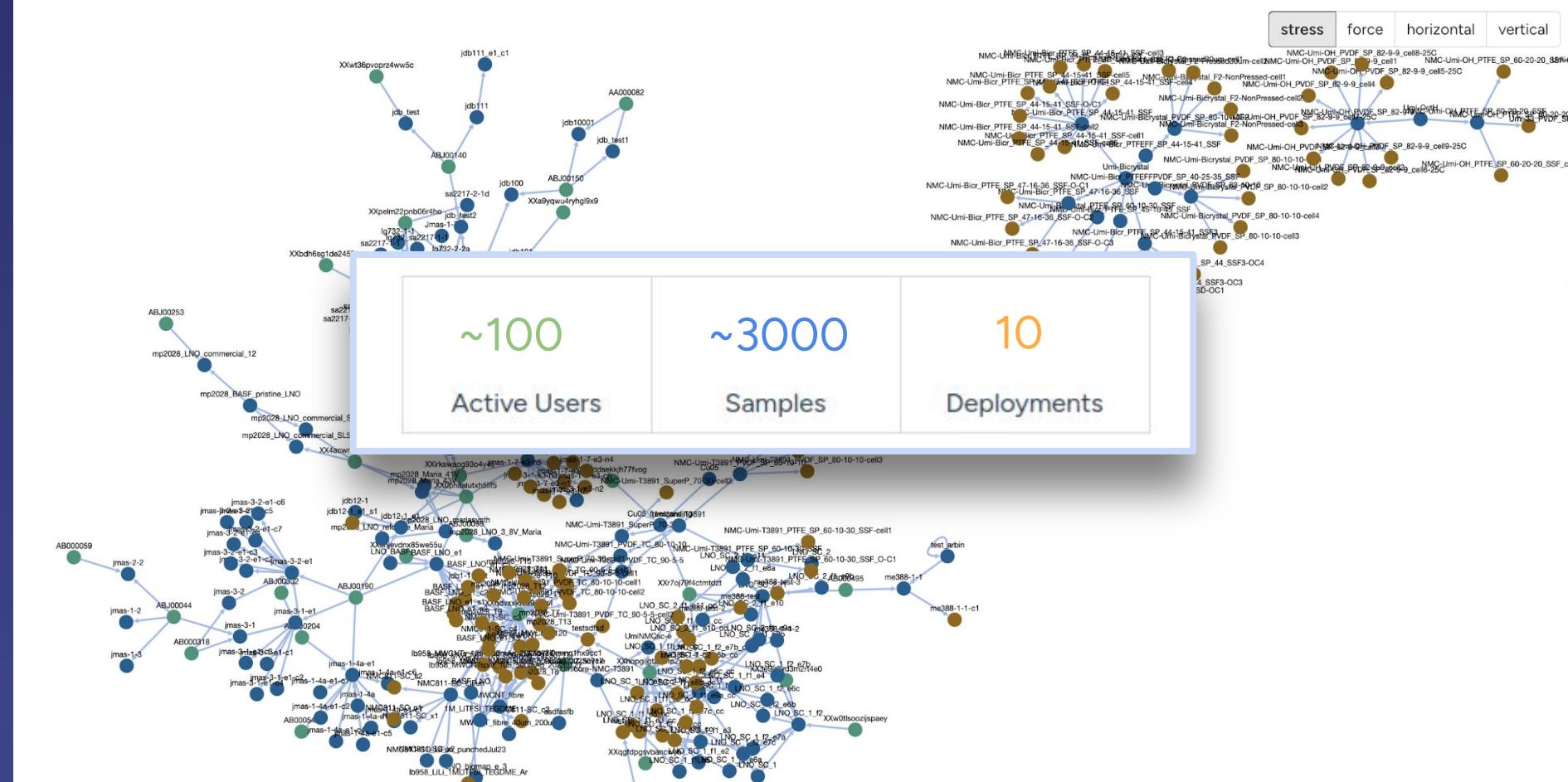
datalab data model: traits-based



datalab data model: custom schemas



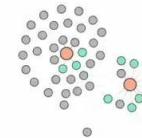
Grey Group Datalab pilot: connected, contextualised data from ~5 users in ~3 months



Growth of the Bocarsly group data

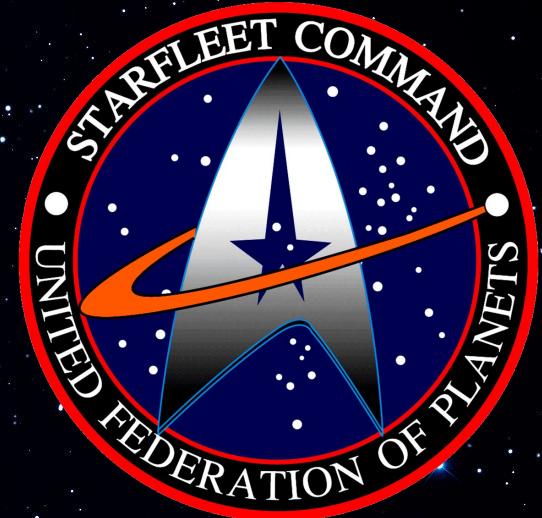
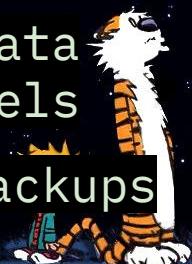


Prof Joshua
Bocarsly
(Cambridge  UHouston)



datalab Federation

- Share and discover data between collaborators
- Share analysis workflows & schemas
- Share infrastructure: QR codes and persistent labelling
 - Decentralize & preserve safety information
- Private machine learning
 - opt-in with automatic data credit to train new models
- Robust offsite encrypted backups



- Grey group (Cambridge)
- Bocarsly group (UHouston)
- Cliffe group (Nottingham)
- AIChemistry & DigiBat (Imperial)
- ConCat lab (TUBerlin)
- PSDI Polymers (UK)
- 20+ person startup (USA)
- 100+ person scale-up (UK)
- Menkin group (Cambridge)
- Solid state chemistry group (Edinburgh)
- Materials Research Lab (UCSB)

A framework for evaluating the chemical knowledge and reasoning abilities of large language models against the expertise of chemists

Received: 1 April 2024

A list of authors and their affiliations appears at the end of the paper

Accepted: 26 March 2025

Large language models (LLMs) have gained widespread interest owing

Published online: 20 May 2025

Whinchat

- Chat interface to *datalab* (LLM hackathon 2023)
 - Stuff structured data from a collection of samples into context window of an LLM, then interrogate



Jablonka et al, Digital Discovery, 2023, 2

Model: Claude-3-5-socket-20241032

Current conversation token count: 22299/2000000
est. cost for next message: \$0.079

temperature:

system prompt:
 You are **whetcharhat** (Downescale w), a virtual data management assistant that helps materials chemists manage their experimental data and plan experiments. You are deployed in the group of Professor Clare Grey in the Department of Chemistry at the University of Cambridge. You are embedded within the program distalab, where you have access to JSON describing an item, or a collection of items, with connections to other items. These items may include experimental samples, starting materials, and devices (e.g. battery cells made out of experimental samples and starting materials). Answer questions in markdown. Specify the language for all markdown code blocks. You can make diagrams by writing a `mermaid` code block or an `svg` code block. When writing `mermaid` code, you must use quotations around each of the labels (e.g. `graph TD; A["label1"] --> B["label2"]`) as concise as possible. When saying your name, type a bird emoji right after **whetcharhat**.

Here is the JSON data for the current item, KPI-1. If the item is in a collection, the data for the rest of the items in the collection are also given. [!collections=1][immutable_id=1] and

[OCPL-10C-2V-4V-mfd; K01-3-clt-lcl/cyclist-prog;
Export; data20040709111236.xls]; K01-3-clt-wiring;
250021-5-4; 2815048686.xls; 2815048686.xls@1; .cell_format; .cell_preparation; description; .vnr; <-->Cell assembled inside an Argon purged glovebox. <--> The cell was prepared in the following order: Bottom cap -> Spacer -> Cathode -> Separator (Glass fiber) -> Anode -> Spacer -> Ceramic spring -> Top cap <--> A metal tweezers was used to handle all the pieces upto the separator and the rest was placed using a plastic tweezers. <--> The weight of the cathode (Cathode) was measured using the bottom cap as a weigh boat. <--> The electrolyte was added dropwise on to the separator using a micro pipette. <--> The assembled battery was sealed using a force of 0.4 Tonnes using a sunset press that is placed inside the glovebox. <--> Excess electrolyte which had come out of the cell upon applying pressure, was wiped using Kimwipes. <--> It was made sure that the two sides of the cell can never be connected by a metal surface or any other electrically conductive material, as it would happen to get short circuits. <--> Jultime->Weight of Aluminum sheet: 3.5 mg/g-p; .characteristic_mass: 8.21; .characteristic_chemical_formula: Na0.74Co0.26

Whinchat

- Chat interface to *datalab* (LLM hackathon 2023)
- Stuff structured data from a collection of samples into context window of an LLM, then interrogate



Hello! I'm whinchat 🦜, your virtual data management assistant. It looks like you've provided a comprehensive JSON dataset for a series of sodium cobalt oxide (NaCoO_2) coin cells and related samples, all made to test their electrochemical performance.

[raw](#) | [formatted](#)

In these experiments, is there a relationship between the battery performance and the synthesis or processing conditions?

[raw](#) | [formatted](#)

whinchat 🦜 here. Let me analyze the relationships between synthesis and performance:

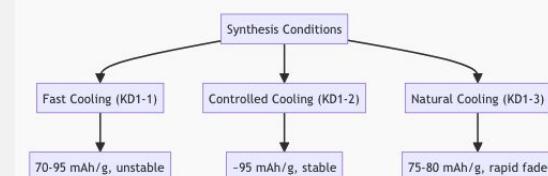
The samples (KD1-1, KD1-2, KD1-3) were all synthesized similarly at 850°C under O_2 , but with some key differences:

- KD1-1: 20 hours dwell, fast cooling (4 hours)
- KD1-2: 24 hours dwell, controlled cooling (5°C/min)
- KD1-3: 24 hours dwell, natural cooling (15 hours)

Looking at cell performance:

- KD1-1 cells: ~70-95 mAh/g, significant degradation
- KD1-2 cells: Best performer with cell KD1-2_e1_c3 showing ~95 mAh/g with "reasonably stable cycling"
- KD1-3 cells: 75-80 mAh/g, all showing rapid capacity fade

The trend suggests that the controlled cooling rate (KD1-2) produced the most stable material, while both fast cooling (KD1-1) and very slow cooling (KD1-3) resulted in materials with poorer cycling stability. This could be related to the formation of optimal crystal structure or sodium content during the cooling process.



[raw](#) | [formatted](#)

YeLlowhaMMer

datalab.org/yellowhammer (with Josh Bocarsly & Yue Wu)

- Agentic interface to *datalab* -- still chat driven, but now uses our Python API directly (LLM hackathon 2024)
- Can automate complicated (not complex) data analysis tasks, e.g.
 - Search/RAG
 - Writing tools that we don't have time for
 - Multimodal/historic data input from spreadsheets, physical lab notebooks or even video
- Saves us writing UI workflows for complicated features!

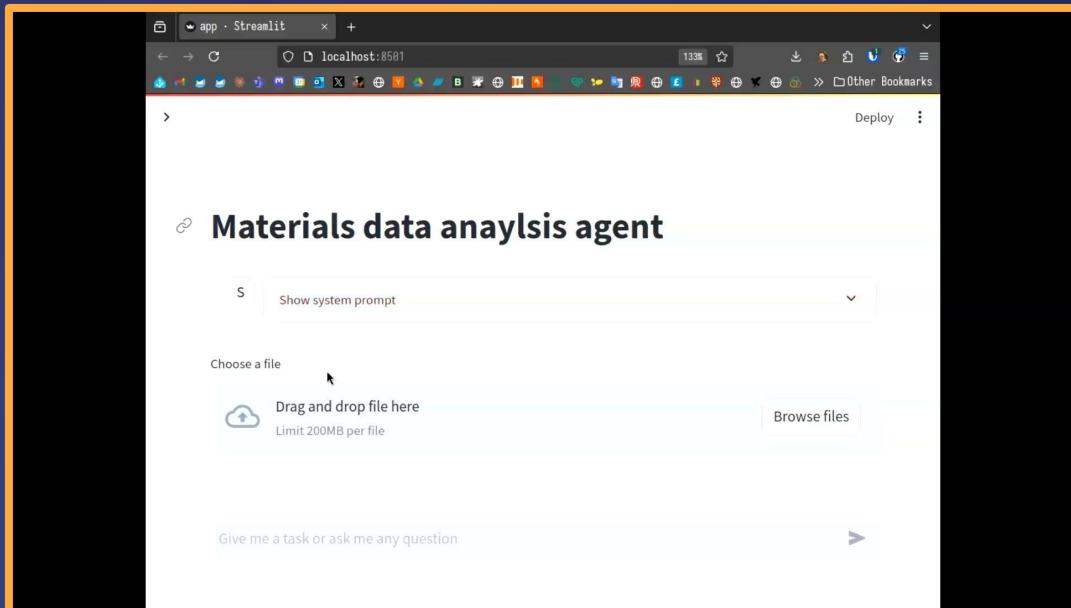


Zimmerman *et al* [arXiv:2411.15221](https://arxiv.org/abs/2411.15221) (2024)

YeLlowhaMMer

[datalab-org/yellowhammer](https://datalab-org.github.io/yellowhammer) (with Josh Bocarsly & Yue Wu)

- Agentic interface to *datalab* - still chat driven, but now uses our Python API directly (LLM hackathon 2024)
- Can automate complicated (not complex) data analysis tasks, e.g.
 - Search/RAG
 - Writing tools that we don't have time for
 - Multimodal/historic data input from spreadsheets, physical lab notebooks or even video
- Jupyter "magic" `%%llm` interface reduces complexity
- Saves us writing UI workflows for complicated features!



<https://yellowhammer.streamlit.app>

Zimmerman et al [arXiv:2411.15221](https://arxiv.org/abs/2411.15221) (2024)

AI + datalab

Chem Soc Rev

REVIEW ARTICLE



[View Article Online](#)
[View Journal](#)



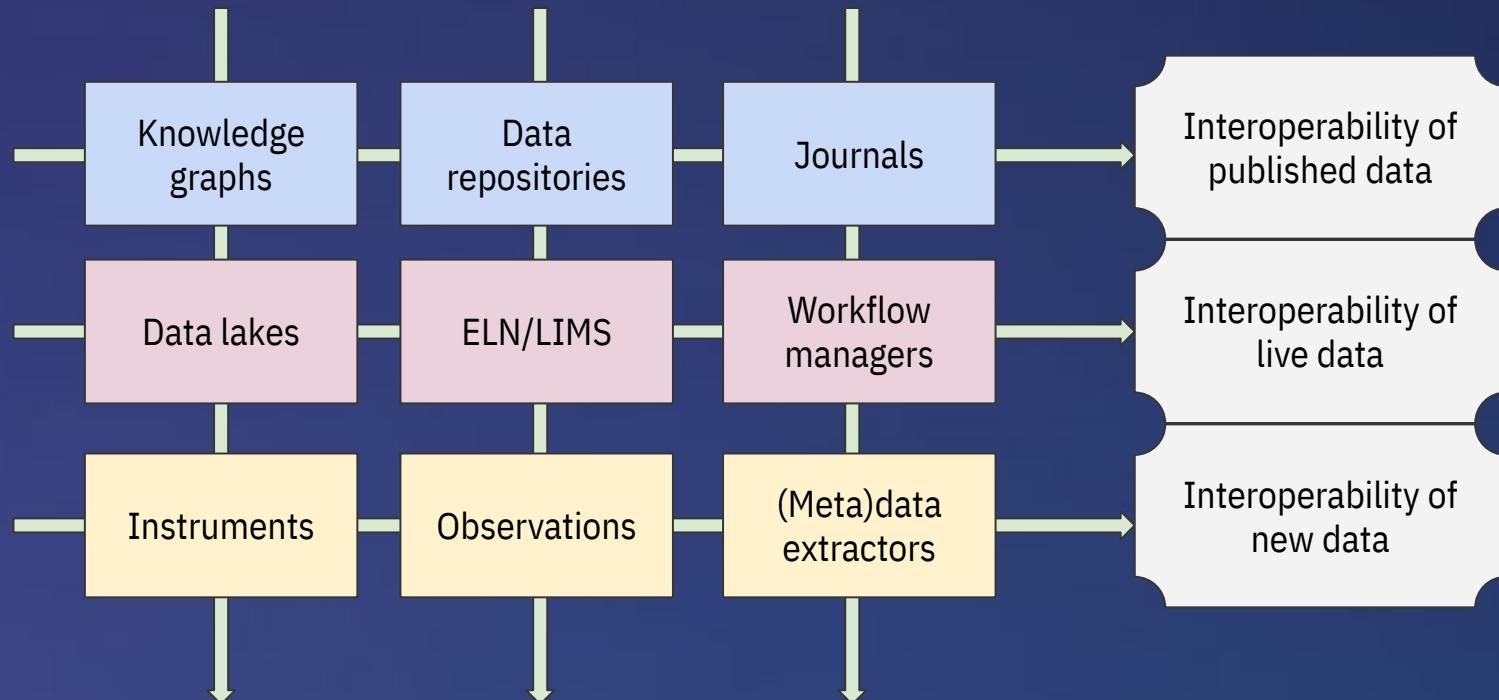
Cite this: DOI: 10.1039/d5cs00146c

Cross-disciplinary perspectives on the potential for artificial intelligence across chemistry

Austin M. Mroz,^{ab} Annabel R. Basford,^a Friedrich Hastedt,^{cd} Isuru Shavindra Jayasekera,^d Irea Mosquera-Lois,^{de} Ruby Sedgwick,^f Pedro J. Ballester,^g Joshua D. Bocarsly,^h Ehecatl Antonio del Río Chanona,^c Matthew L. Evans,^{ijk} Jarvist M. Frost,^a Alex M. Ganose,^{id} Rebecca L. Greenaway,^{ip} King Kuok (Mimi) Hii,^{id} Yingzhen Li,^f Ruth Misener,^f Aron Walsh,^{de} Dandan Zhang,^{bg} and Kim F. Jelfs,^{id,*a}

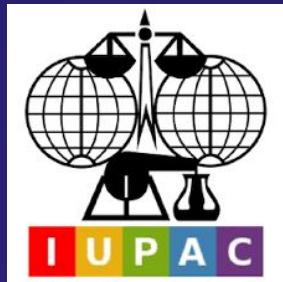
- Access across other platforms, ELNs, autonomous labs etc.
- Now technically feasible, but limited fit with current scientific problems

Interoperability hierarchy



Machine-Actionable Data Interoperability for Chemical Sciences (MADICES)

- CECAM workshop series: 2022 and 2024, upcoming in Oct 2025
- Practicable standards for interoperability across:



NFDI₄Chem
ENHANCE
YOUR
DATA.



NFDI₄Cat



NIST



NCCR
Catalysis



MARVEL



NATIONAL CENTRE OF COMPETENCE IN RESEARCH



Kadi₄Mat



eLabFTW

Datatractor (MaRDA extractors working group)

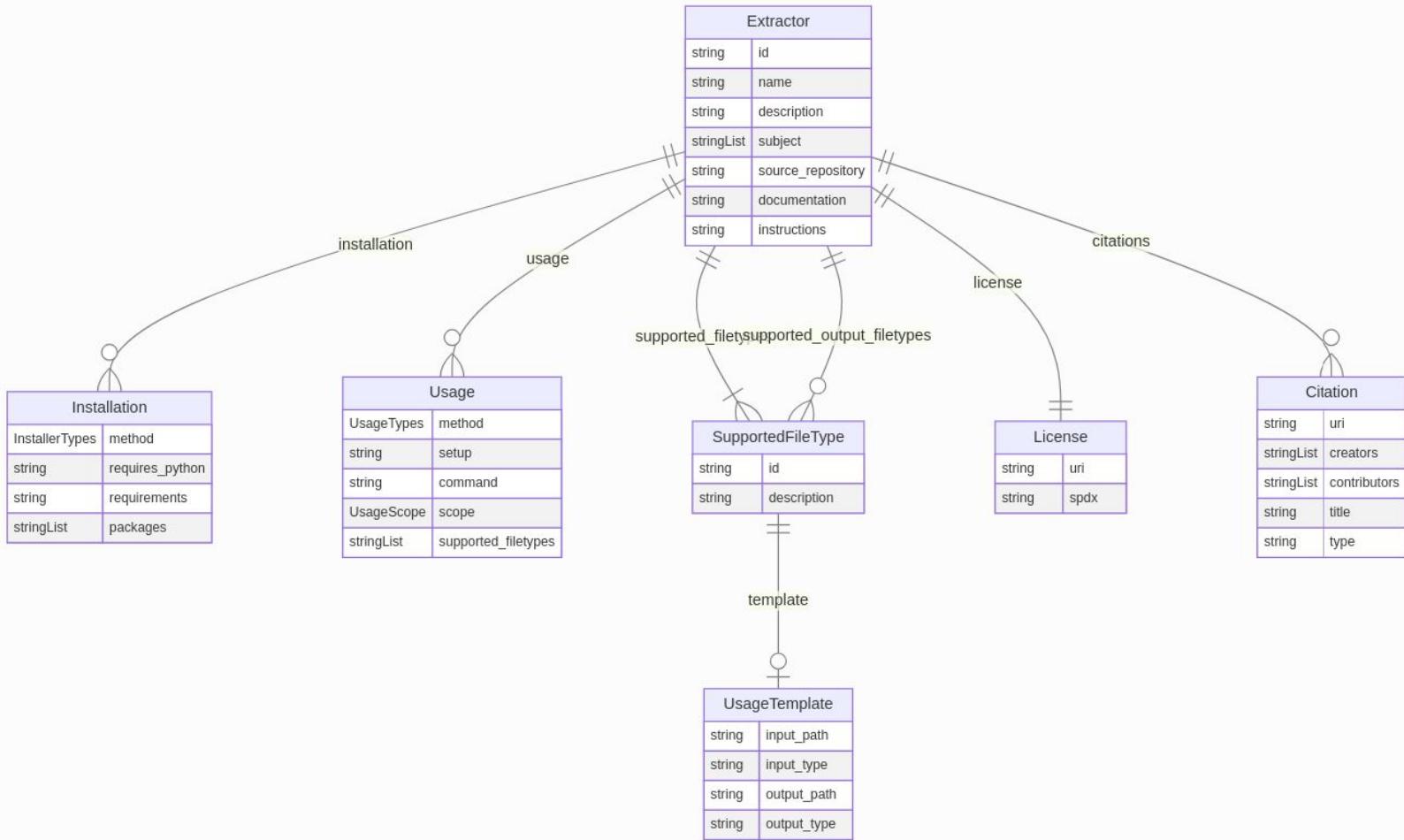
w/*Peter Kraus (TUBerlin)* & *David Elbert (JHU)*

Supporting all possible instrument file format types in a single platform/framework is not possible

How can we communalize or decentralize this work?



- Common schema for describing file types and extractor code
- Machine-actionable definitions for extractor installation & usage
- Online registry of such file types and extractors
- API package that can automatically install and extract



Datatractor (MaRDA extractors working group)

w/Peter Kraus (TUBerlin) & David Elbert (JHU)

The screenshot shows the datatractor website interface. At the top, there's a navigation bar with links for 'About', 'JSON API', 'GitHub', 'File types', and 'Extractors'. Below this, there are two main sections:

- agilent-ch (Agilent ChemStation export file)**: Described as a binary data file created by Agilent ChemStation OpenLab software, for liquid chromatographs. It notes that files contain the limits of the retention time as well as the signal data. A 'More details' link is provided.
- agilent-dx (Agilent OpenLab file)**: Described as a raw data export file for Agilent OpenLab, actually a zipped archive containing other data file formats.

The screenshot shows the yadg JSON editor interface. The 'data' schema is displayed, which includes the following fields:

- id**: "yadg"
- name**: "yet another datagram"
- description**: "yadg is a set of tools to use raw instrument data."
- subject**: [..]
- citations**: [..]
- license**: {..}
- supported_filetypes**: [..]
- supported_output_filetypes**: null
- source_repository**: "<https://github.com/dgbowl/yadg>"
- documentation**: "<https://dgbowl.github.io/yadg>"
- usage**:
 - 0:**
 - method**: "cli"
 - setup**: null
 - command**: "yadg extract {{ input_type }} {{ input_path }} {{ output_path }}"
 - scope**: "meta+data"
 - supported_filetypes**: null
 - 1:**
 - {..}
 - 2:**
 - {..}
- installation**:
 - 0:**
 - method**: "pip"
 - requires_python**: " ≥ 3.10 "
 - requirements**: null

yet another datagram)
beta-only
github.com/dgbowl/yadg
[/dgbowl.github.io/yadg](https://dgbowl.github.io/yadg)
set of tools to extract and parse raw instrument data
ns:
e package into a Python 3.9+ environment with `pip dg`. After activating the environment, the `extract` command will be available at the command-line.
file types:
agic-mpr
Note: Several fields in file headers are not translated into meaningful parameters.
agic-mpt
ent-ch
ent-dx
Note: Only .ch files contained in the .dx archive are parsed.
spe
analytical-xrdm1
:
le: P. Kraus, N. Vetsch, C. Battaglia, *yadg: yet another datagram*

Datatractor (MaRDA extractors working group)

w/Peter Kraus (TUBerlin) & David Elbert (JHU)

```
from beam import extract

# extract(<input_type>, <input_path>
data = extract("./example.mpr", "biologic-mpr")
```

Follows installation and usage instructions then installs in container, piping resulting data back

```
data>>> data
<xarray.Dataset> Size: 196kB
Dimensions:                                (uts: 721)
Coordinates:
  * uts                                     (uts) float64 6kB 1.557e+09 ... 1.557e+09
Data variables: (12/31)
  Ns                                         (uts) int64 6kB 0 0 0 0 0 0 ... 0 0 0 0 0 0
  time                                       (uts) float64 6kB 1.089e+05 ... 1.521e+05
  time_std_err                               (uts) float64 6kB 5e-05 5e-05 ... 5e-05 5e-05
  control_V                                  (uts) float64 6kB 0.3 0.3 0.3 ... 0.3 0.3 0.3
  control_V_std_err                         (uts) float64 6kB 2e-05 2e-05 ... 2e-05 2e-05
  Ewe                                         (uts) float64 6kB 0.1464 0.2987 ... 0.2986
  ...
  mode                                        (uts) int64 6kB 2 2 2 2 2 2 ... 2 2 2 2 2 2
  ox or red                                  (uts) int64 6kB 1 1 1 1 1 1 ... 1 1 1 1 1 1
  error                                       (uts) int64 6kB 0 0 0 0 0 0 ... 0 0 0 0 0 0
  control changes                           (uts) int64 6kB 1 1 1 1 1 1 ... 1 1 1 1 1 1
  Ns changes                                 (uts) int64 6kB 0 0 0 0 0 0 ... 0 0 0 0 0 0
  counter inc.                             (uts) int64 6kB 0 0 0 0 0 0 ... 0 0 0 0 0 0
Attributes:
  provenance:      yadg extract
  date:            2024-02-21 16:36:20
  datagram_version: 5.0.2
  yadg_extract_filename: /tmp/tmpo276u26f
  yadg_extract_filetype: filetype='marda:biologic-mpr' timezone='Europe/Lo...
```

Call to arms

- **Dealing with tricky interconnected data?**
- **Interested groups/companies**
- **Individual researchers doing this work already, plugin or schema development?**

- + Monthly *datalab* meetings
- + Communal Slack (see invite link on GitHub)
- + Demo server demo.datalab-org.io
- + [datalab-org](https://github.com/datalab-org) and [datatractor](https://github.com/datatractor) on GitHub
- + MADICES workshop October 2025 at Paul Scherrer Institut, Switzerland
(<https://madices.github.io>)

Future

- (Just!) funded for 3 years in Cambridge starting October, focusing on roadmap for *datalab* v1:
 - OPTIMADE for search and shared JSON-LD context
 - Schema customisation and extension
 - Easy publishing into repositories with full context
 - Broader and narrower plugins
- Continued commercial support from <https://datalab.industries> and <https://matgenix.com>

Acknowledgements

datalab development team:



Prof Josh Bocarsly
(UHouston)



Ben Charmes



Dr Yue Wu



Dr Ben Smith
(artist's impression)



Current funding with:

- Prof Gian-Marco Rignanese (UCLouvain)
- Dr David Waroquiers (Matgenix)

Plus close collaborators:

- Prof Clare Grey & the Grey Group (Cambridge)
- Prof Matt Cliffe (Nottingham)
- Dr Peter Kraus (TUBerlin)
- *datalab* federation
- PSDI
- Faraday Institution (CATMAT)

